

Q/Match jobs with places of work *زواج المهين مع اماكن العمل*

1- IT programmer(d) <i>ميرمج حاسوب</i>	a – roads <i>طرق</i>
2- Farmer(c) <i>فلاح</i>	b – hospital <i>مستشفى</i>
3- bus driver(a) <i>سائق الباص</i>	c – farm <i>مزرعة</i>
4- house wife(e) <i>ربة بيت</i>	d- office <i>مكتب</i>
5- doctor / nurse(b) <i>طبيب/ممرضة</i>	e – home <i>بيت</i>
6- engineer(g) <i>مهندس</i>	f- building site <i>مكان العمل</i>
7- builder (f) <i>بناء</i>	g- oil refinery <i>مصفى النفط</i>

1-How old is your sister ? (c)	a – she works in a primary school.
2-Where does a waiter work ? (b)	b – he works in a restaurant
3-What's your dad's job ?(d)	c – she is 12 years old .
4-My mother is a teacher .(a)	d – he is a bus driver .
5-What do you want to be? (e)	e-I want to be a teacher

اهم تمارين المفردات للوحدة الاولىMatch jobs with places of work *زواج المهين مع اماكن العمل/ممكن ان ياتي ضمن المفردات*

1- IT programmer(e) <i>ميرمج حاسوب</i>	a – roads <i>طرق</i>
2- Farmer(c) <i>فلاح</i>	b – hospital <i>مستشفى</i>
3- bus driver(a) <i>سائق الباص</i>	c – farm <i>مزرعة</i>
4- house wife(f) <i>ربة بيت</i>	e- office <i>مكتب</i>
5- doctor / nurse(b) <i>طبيب/ممرضة</i>	f – home <i>بيت</i>
6- engineer(h) <i>مهندس</i>	g- building site <i>مكان العمل</i>
7- builder (g) <i>بناء</i>	h- oil refinery <i>مصفى النفط</i>

Match the family words for men and women . *زواج مفردات العائلة .*

1-mother(e)	a-grandfather
2-aunt (c)	b-sister
3-cousin (d)	c-uncle
4-grandfather (a)	d-cousin
5-brother (b)	e-father

اهم النقاط المختارة من الوحدة الاولى للمفردات

- 1-Han's grandparent were ..... (farmers )
- 2-Han's family grow ..... In paddy field. (rice)
- 3-Farah's father is a ..... (pilot)
- 4-..... helps people when they ill. (doctor)
- 5-..... to use computer and make programs. (IT programmer)
- 6- .....usually works outside and drives tractor. (farmer)

- 1-Father , mother , brother , ----- ( sister )
- 2-Mother , mum , father , ----- . ( dad )
- 3-Father , daddy , aunt , ----- . ( auntie )
- 4-Wait , waiter , teach , ----- ( teacher )
- 5-bus drive , bus driver , farm ----- . ( farmer )
- 6-farm , farmer , IT programmer ----- . ( office )
- 7-IT programmer ,office; housewife..... (home)
- 8-Teacher, school, engineer..... (oil refinery)
- 9-Engineer, oil refinery , waiter ..... (restaurant)
- 10-bus driver, roads, nurse ..... (hospital)
- 11-doct—(doctor), engineer, nur—, nurse
- 12- Shop assist—(shop assistant), IT programm—(IT programmer)
- 13- --unt (aunt), --ister (sister) / docter,(doctor), houswife (housewife)

الإملاء عليه (10 درجات في الامتحان الوزاري)

انشاء الوحدة الاولى اكتب عن نفسك وعن عائلتك

Q/Write about yourself and your family

My name is Karrar and I'm Iraqi. I'm 12.I live with my family in Babylon. I have two sisters and a brother. My dad is an engineer. My mum is a nurse. When I grow up, I want to be an IT Programmer because I love this job.

اسمي هو كرار وانا عراقي. عمري 12. انا اعيش مع عائلتي في بابل. لدي اختان و اخ. ابي مهندس. امي ممرضة. عندما اكبر اريد ان اكون مبرمج حاسوب لانني احب هذه المهنة.

## قواعد الخط والتنقيط للصف السادس الابتدائي

- 1- بداية كل جملة حرف كبير اين كانت الكلمة اسم علم , اداة سؤال أو اسم دولة ..... الخ
- 2- اسماء العلم Proper nouns : تبدأ بحرف كبير أينما وجدت مثل Ahmed , Ali , Wissam . ولا يجوز ان تكتبها هكذا اطلاقاً ( ali , bassim , wissam , ahmed )
- 3- اسماء الدول والعواصم تبدأ بحرف كبير مثل : ( Iraq , Baghdad , London , India , Paris )
- 4- ايام الاسبوع تبدأ بحرف كبير مثل : Sunday , Monday ....
- 5- الضمير ( i ) يكتب بحرف كبير أينما وجد .
- 6- نضع في نهاية الجملة نقطة ( . ) full stop امثلة وزارية :

ania calls wissam to get a plaster  
Dania calls Wissam to get a plaster .

i work in a small primary school  
I work in a small primary school.

- 7- الجملة الاستفهامية :- وهي تبدأ بأداة سؤال Wh- question مثل :  
Where , What , Who ..... الخ فتبدأ بحرف كبير ونضع في نهاية الجملة علامة استفهام ... أمثلة وزارية

1. who works on a farm  
Who works on a farm ?

2. who works in an office  
Who works in an office ?

3. where does a waiter work  
Where does a waiter work ?

- 8- الافعال المساعدة: مثل .... do , does, is, are, can... اذا جاءت في الجملة تبدأ بحرف كبير وفي النهاية نضع علامة استفهام مثل

1. does rubber come from tree  
Does rubber come from tree ?

2. can we make pizza  
Can we make pizza ?

9- الفاصلة العليا apostrophe : تستخدم الفاصلة العليا في الاختصار للجمع بين الاسم والفعل او الضمير

والفعل المساعد تحل الفاصلة محل الحرف المحذوف مثل He is, He's, She is, she's, its, it's مثل وزارية: .

1. its saturday and we are at the mall  
It's Saturday and we are at the mall .

Teacher of English: Karrar Al-Sultani

## A Monthly Examination in English

Q1/ A - Read the passage then answer the questions by ( True ) or ( False ) : ( 5 only ) ( 5M)

Hello, my name is Han and I'm Chinese. I live with my mum and dad on our farm. Both are farmers and my grandparents were farmers, too. I have an older cousin. He lives with us and work on the farm. He is very funny. We grow rice and lots of vegetables like cucumbers. Rice grows in paddy field. Hello, I'm Farah I live with my family in Baghdad my father is a pilot and he flies planes for Iraqi Airlines. My mother is a housewife now, but she was a nurse. My family having lunch, My mum and dad, my two younger sisters and my big sister. My dad's sits in the cockpit of plane. He and the co-pilot are getting ready to leave Dubai.

- |                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 1-Han is from China.        | 4-Farah's mother is a nurse                 |
| 2-Farah is Han's cousin.    | 5-A pilot sits in the cockpit of a plane    |
| 3-Han's family are farmers. | 6-There are four children in Farah's family |

B – Text – book: Read the following sentences and write the correct answer : ( 5M )

- 1-What is another word for a cook in restaurant? ( chef/ waiter )
- 2- What time does the breakfast start? ( 6.00 / 6.30 )
- 3-Which service does Ahmad prefer? ( breakfast/ lunch )
- 4- Ahmad works in a ( office/ restaurant)
- 5-What is his uniform? ( black trousers and a white shirt/ white trousers and a black shirt)

Q2 /A- Choose the correct answer between the brackets : ( 5 only ) ( 10M)

- 1-I live in Basra.(it / she) is in the south of Iraq.
- 2- (How old / How many) is your brother?
- 3- I want to be (a / an) IT programmer.
- 4-A bus driver works (in / on) the roads.
- 5-School (starts / start) at 8 o'clock.
- 6-I (has / have) breakfast at 7 o'clock.

Q2/B- Match jobs with places of work : ( 5 only ) ( 10 M)

- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1-IT programmer | a-restaurant   |
| 2-farmer        | b-hospital     |
| 3-housewife     | c-office       |
| 4-nurse         | d-oil refinery |
| 5-waiter        | e-farm         |
| 6-engineer      | f-home         |

Q3/a- Vocabulary: Match the family words for men and women. ( 5 M)

- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1-mother      | a-grandmother |
| 2-aunt        | b-sister      |
| 3-cousin      | c-uncle       |
| 4-grandfather | d-cousin      |
| 5-brother     | e-father      |

B-Use the words in the box to complete the sentences. (5 M) (5 only)

[tray, farmer, hard hat, IT programmer, doctor, hard]

- 1-An engineer usually wears .....
- 2- A waiter carries food and drink on .....
- 3-Most people think that a doctor's job is .....
- 4-..... helps people when they ill.
- 5-..... to use computer and make programs.
- 6- .....usually works outside and drives tractor.

Q4 / A – Fill in the blanks with the missing words or letters . (5 only )(5M)

- |                                     |                                    |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1- wait , waiter; teach -----       | 4-aunt, auntie, grandfather-----   |
| 2-mother, mum; father-----          | 5-She is, she's ; he is -----      |
| 3-nurs, nurse , shop assist ----- . | 6-interesting, boring ; easy ----- |

B – Re-write the sentence using capital letters and punctuation marks (5 M)

i work in a small primary school

Q5 / Composition : Write about yourself and your family (10M)



Good luck

Teacher of English  
Karrar .M. Al-Sultani

القطع المرئية للوحدة الثانية: وزارية تمهيدية 2019

Wood comes from trees. Some houses are made from wood so is a lot of furniture. Paper is made from wood too. Rubber comes a tree called the rubber tree. Car tyres are made from rubber. Cotton comes from a planet. The English word "cotton" comes from Arabic word "kutun". Leather is used for many things such as shoes, boots, jackets and bags. Today most leather comes from cows. Wool is a very warm and cool material too. Cashmere goats. These come from many countries including Iraq.

1-The word "cotton" comes from the Arabic word "kutun" (T)

كلمة Cotton تأتي من الكلمة العربية قطن

2-Paper is usually made from cotton. (F) الورق عادةً يأتي من القطن

3-All furniture is made from wood. (F) كل الأثاث مصنوعة من الخشب

4-Wool comes from sheep, goats and even rabbits. (T)

الصوف يأتي من الاغنام والماعز وحتى الارانب

5-Rubber comes from a tree. (T) المطاط يأتي من الأشجار

6-Most leather comes from cows. (T) معظم الجلود تأتي من الأبقار

القطعة المرئية الثانية للوحدة الثانية وزارية الثاني 2019

I'm a doctor. I'm a heart doctor (or surgeon). I work in a hospital. I wear a uniform. I look after my patients, and I try to make them better. I get up very early because I usually do operations in the mornings. Today is Saturday and it's my weekend. I'm not working in the hospital. I'm spending time with my family. We are shopping in the mall. My daughter is buying a thick sweater. I'm buying comfortable shoes for work.

1-A surgeon is a doctor who does operations. T

الجراح هو الطبيب الذي يقوم بالعمليات

2-She always does operations in the morning. F

هي دائما تعمل العمليات في الصباح

3-She wears uniform at work. T

انها ترتدي الزي الرسمي في العمل

4- Today she is shopping with her friends. F

اليوم هي تتسوق مع اصدقائها

5-She is shopping for a white coat for work. F

انها تتسوق لمعطف أبيض للعمل

6-Her daughter is buying a thick sweater. T

ابنتها تشتري سترة سميكة

7-They go to the shopping mall everyday. F

هم يذهبون الى مركز التسوق كل يوم

8-She sometimes plays tennis at the weekends. T

احيانا هي تلعب التنس في عطلة نهاية الاسبوع

قطعة نصوص الكتاب للوحدة الثانية

History of paper تاريخ الورقة الوحدة الثانية صفحة (32) من النشاط

1-Paper is all around us at home and in the classroom (T,F) جميع الورق حولنا في البيت والمدرسة

2-The first paper was made in China (T/F) الورقة الأولى صنعت في الصين

3-The ancient Egyptian didn't know how to make paper (T/F) المصريون القدامى لم يعرفوا كيف تصنع الورقة

4-only three things are made from paper.(T/F) ثلاثة أشياء فقط مصنوعة من الورق

5-I'm using paper now.(T /F) أنا استخدم ورقة الآن

6-Paper can be made from many different things.(T/F) الورق يمكن صناعته من

أشياء مختلفة

7-Conserve means to look after.(T/F) المحافظة تعني الاهتمام

8-We can't use old paper to make new paper.(T/F) نحن لا نستطيع أن نستخدم الورق القديم في صناعه الورق

الجديد



Q/Match the questions in list (A) with their answers in list (B)

1-How old is your sister ? (c)	a – she works in a primary school.
2-Where does a waiter work ? (b)	b – he works in a restaurant
3-What's your dad's job ?(d)	c – she is 12 years old .
4-My mother is a teacher .(a)	d – he is a bus driver .
5-What do you want to be? (e)	e-I want to be a teacher

1-What's the jug made of ?(d)	a – they are made of denim
2-What phone would you like ?(c)	b – yes, please I'm looking for some boots .
3-Can I help you ? (b)	c – I'd like a banana phone .
4-Where's the watch shop?(e)	d – It's made of glass .
5-What are the jeans made of ? (a)	e - It's on the first floor next to the pharmacy

### اهم تعاريف المفردات للوحدة الثانية

الوحدة الثانية اختر الكلمة الصحيحة من بين الأقواس وايضا ممكن ان يأتي بنعط (correct and incorrect)

1-A jug is made of (glass/ metal)	الإبريق مصنوع من الزجاج
2-A spoon is made of (leather/wood)	المعلقة مصنوعة من الخشب
3-Bands are made of (wood/ rubber)	الاطواق مصنوعة من المطاط
2-A saucepan is made of (metal/ glass)	القدر مصنوع من المعدن
5-Jeans are made of (wool/ denim)	بنطال مصنوع من دنم(دنم هو نوع من انواع القطن)
6-gloves are made of (cotton/ wool)	القفازات مصنوعة من الصوف(وايضا تصنع من مطاط)
7-T.shirt is made of (wool/ cotton)	تي شيرت مصنوع من القطن
8-Keys are made from (glass/ metal)	المفاتيح مصنوعة من المعدن
9-Towel is made of (wool /cotton)	المنشفة مصنوعة من القطن
10-Jacket is made from (denim/ wool)	السترة مصنوعة من دنم

### اهم النقاط المختارة للوحدة الثانية للمفردات

- The word cotton comes from the Arabic word ..... (Kutun )
- paper is usually made from ..... (wood)
- Wool usually comes from ..... (sheep)
- The Ancient Egyptian made type of paper from..... (papyrus)
- In the mall, children's fashion is on the 1<sup>st</sup> ..... (floor)
- This desk is ..... big my small bedroom. (too)
- Cotton comes from a ..... (plant)
- Most leather comes from..... (cows)
- A plant comes from a ..... (seed)
- some ..... is made from cotton mixed with other materials. (money)
- I want to look at the saucepans. Where do I go ..... (home cooking)
- I need a new dress and a coat for school. Where do I go ..... (children fashion)
- I want to have an orange juice. Where do I go ..... (café)

- 1- jeans , denim , jug , ----- ( glass )
- 2- T- shirt , cotton , saucepan, keys , ----- (metal )
- 3- First floor , 1<sup>st</sup> , second floor , ----- (2<sup>nd</sup>)
- 4- Help , helping , work , — ( working )
- 5- (Clock, saucepan) metal ,spoon.....(wood)
- 6- Boots , rubber, sweater.....(wool)
- 7- (Towels, T. shirt), cotton, keys; .....(metal)
- 8- \_loves (gloves) , \_nife (knife), jack—(jacket)
- 9- (الاختصارات) He is, She is, it is, they are, does not, don't) (He's, she's, it's, they're, doesn't, don't)

**The Opposites : المعاكسات**

- 1-Hard x soft
- 2-Plain x colourful
- 3-Cheap x expensive
- 4-Thick x thin
- 5-Light x thick
- 6-Long x short

 <b>doctor</b>	 <b>Nurse</b>	 <b>Teacher</b>	 <b>IT programmer</b>
 <b>Sweater</b>	 <b>leather sofa</b>	 <b>cotton</b>	 <b>Jacket</b>
 <b>bands</b>	 <b>women's fashion</b>	 <b>Towel</b>	 <b>rubber tyres</b>
 <b>cold</b>	 <b>rash</b>	 <b>sore throat</b>	
 <b>Mr Bell</b>	 <b>Mr Benz</b>	 <b>Al Bairuni</b>	 <b>George Crum</b>

Q1/A - Read the passage, then write (True) or (false) for the sentences. (5 M) (5 Only)

Wood comes from trees. Some house are made from wood and so is a lot of furniture. Paper is usually made from wood too. Rubber comes from a tree called the rubber tree. Car tyres are made from rubber. Cotton comes from a planet. The English word "cotton" comes from Arabic word "kutun". Leather is used for many things such as shoes, boots, jackets and bags. Today most leather comes from cows. Wool is a very warm and cool material too. Cashmere is a very soft and expensive wool and comes from cashmere goats. These come from many countries, including Iraq.

1-The word "cotton" comes from the Arabic word "kutun".

2-Paper is usually made from cotton.

3-All furniture is made from wood.

4-Wool comes from sheep, goats and even rabbits.

5-Rubber comes from a tree.

6-Most leather comes from cows.

B – Answer with (True) or (False)

(5 Only)

(5M )

1-The Ancient Egyptians didn't know how to make paper.

2- Paper is all around us at home and in the classroom.

3-Only three things are made from paper.

4- I am using paper now.

5-The first paper was made in China.

6-Conserve means to look after.

Q2 / A – Choose the correct answer between the brackets : (5 only) (10M)

1-jeans ( are made of / is made of) denim.

2- I often (work / am working) for many hours.

3- She (have / has) a toothache.

4-I have ( two / too) Friends.

5-My father buys a (big black metal / big metal black) watch.

6-(These / This) shirts are too small

Q2 / B – Match the questions in list A with their answers in list B : (10M)

List A	List B
1-Whats the jug is made of?	a-I'd like a banana phone.
2-Can I help you?	b-It's made of glass.
3-Where's the play area?	c-Leather boots, please.
4-What phone would you like?	d-It's on the ground floor.
5-Do you want rain boots or leather ones?	e-Yes, please. I'm looking for some boots.

Q3-A/ Vocabulary: Complete the following by using suitable words. (5 M)

(Money, ground, papyrus, floor, plant)

1-The ancient Egyptian made paper from .....

2-In the mall, children fashion is on the 1<sup>st</sup> .....

3-Some..... is made from cotton mixed with other materials.

4-A ..... Comes from a seed.

5-Oil comes from the.....

B-Choose the correct word between the brackets.

(5 only)

(5 M)

- 1-T.Shirt is made of (wool/ cotton)
- 2-Bands are made of (wood/ rubber)
- 3-A spoon is made of (wood / rubber)
- 4-A saucepan is made of (glass / metal)
- 5-A pot is made from (clay / leather)
- 6-sweater is made of (wool/ denim)

Q4 / A – Fill in the blanks with the missing words or letters .

(5 only )(5M)

- 1-long x short, thick x -----
- 2-towel, cotton ; keys -----
- 3-I am, I'm ; she is -----
- 4-plain, colourful ; cheap -----
- 5-This, these ; that -----
- 6-read, reading ; cook-----

B – Re-write the sentence using capital letters and punctuation marks

(5 M)

does rubber comes from a tree

Q5 / Writing : Write about yourself and your family

(10M)

Good luck

Teacher of English  
*Karrar .M. Al-Sultani*



## القطع المرئية للوحدة الثالثة وزارى الدور الاول 2019

There are six ways to stay safe online. Be nice to people online. Be careful about what you share (pictures – thoughts ). Keep your personal information safe. Keep your password safe (you should use capital letters, numbers and symbols). Never meet a person that you only know online. If you find something you don't like on line, tell your parents or your teacher.

1-You shouldn't share your thoughts with friends.(F)

يجب ان لا تشارك افكارك مع اصدقائك

2-This is a good password "password 123" (F)

هذه كلمة سر جيدة "كلمة سر 123"

3-If you don't like something online, tell an adult. (T)

اذا لم يعجبك شيء عبر الانترنت اخبر شخص بالغ

4- You must never meet people that you only know online.(T)

يجب ان لا تقابل شخصا تعرفه فقط عبر الانترنت

5-You should never keep your personal information safe.(F)

يجب ان لا تحافظ على امان معلوماتك الشخصية

6-It's a bad idea to put your phone number online.(T)

انها فكرة سيئة ان تضع رقم هاتفك على الانترنت

## قطعة نصوص الكتاب للوحدة الثالثة

Laptop الكمبيوتر المحمول الوحدة الثالثة صفحة (48) من النشاط

1-Dad doesn't want to buy a laptop.(T/F) الاب لا يريد ان يشتري حاسبة محمولة

2-Mum thinks that heavy laptops are the best because they're strong(T/F). الام

تعتقد ان الحواسيب المحمولة الثقيلة هي الافضل لانها قوية

3-The family can use the laptop in different rooms.(T/F) العائلة يمكن ان تستخدم الحاسبة المحمولة في

غرف مختلفة

4-It's a good idea to write your password down and keep it safe.(T/F) انها فكرة جيدة لكتابة رمزك

السري اسفل وتحفظه بأمان

5-The children can share photos with their family.(T/F) الاطفال يمكنهم ان يشاركوا الصور مع عائلتهم

6-All laptops were too expensive.(T/F) كل الحواسيب المحمولة كانت غالية جدا

7-Basim's family looked at lots of laptops.(T/F) عائلة باسم نظروا الى الكثير من الحواسيب المحمولة

8-The laptop they bought is black with silver keys.(T/F) الحاسبة المحمولة التي اشتروها هي سودا مع

مفاتيح فضية



**Note:** ممكن ان تأتي ضمن المفردات // // // زوج انصاف الجمل Q/Match the two halves of the sentences.

1-go online (d)	a-enter your keyboard
2-search (c)	b-the web page by scrolling up and down
3-press (a)	c-the web
4-navigate (b)	d-to find a website
5-key in (f)	e-using your mouse
6-click (e)	f-the address you want
1-My leg is broken (b)	a-you will burn yourself
2-You can mix (c)	b-you shouldn't stand on it
3-My feet hurt because the trainers(d)	c-honey with tea to make a drink for a cough and cold
4-If you cut your finger (e)	d-are too small
5- Don't touch the hot sauce pan (a)	e- you should put a plaster on the cut
6-you feel dizzy (g)	f-you shouldn't eat so much cake
7-Hello, how are you? (h)	g-so you should lie down
8-You have stomach ache (f)	h-I don't feel well. I have a flu
1-go (c)	a-something hot
2-wear (e)	b-a tablet
3-drink (a)	c-to doctor / to bed
4-take (b)	d-lots of fruit
5-eat (d)	e-warm clothes

المفردات: اهم النقاط المختارة من الوحدة الثالثة للمفردات

- 1-Ginger is an ..... Medicine use more than 2,000 years. (old)
- 2-When you have a cold or a cough you can feel ..... or cold.(hot)
- 3-..... your passwords safe. ....Your personal information safe. (keep)
- 4-It is ..... to put your personal information online.(unsafe)
- 5-Be careful, because there are lots of ..... websites. (bad)
- 6-The ..... Connects millions of computers around the world.(internet)
- 7-Before you can find a website you must go .....( online)
- 8-you can scroll up or ..... (down)
- 10-Never ..... a person that you only know online. (meet)
- 11-..... Means 'look for' something. (search)
- 12-There are many .....websites where you can learn about lots of things.(interesting)
- 13-My grandparents are very.....people and always try to help everyone (friendly)
- 14- This website is very ..... . It doesn't tell you how to make a cake. (unhelpful)
- 15- He has a toothache. He should go to ..... (dentist)

- 1-Hand , hands , foot ---- ( feet )
- 2-Book , books , tooth , --- ( teeth )
- 3-Headache , stoma ---- ( stomach )
- 4-Cou--- , cough , ra - ( rash )
- 5- -- roat , throat , too - ache ( toothache )
- 6-I , myself , you , --- ( yourself )
- 7-We , ourselves , they , they ----- ( themselves )
- 8- I, myself, he..... (himself)
- 9-you, yourself, she..... (herself)
- 10- \_ouse (mouse) , \_ ebsite (website)
- 11- \_ough (cough) , \_ old (cold)/ inter---(internet)

**The Opposites : المعاكسات**

- 1-easy x hard
- 2-interesting x boring
- 3-nice x bad
- 4-friendly x unfriendly
- 5-helpful x unhelpful
- 6-safe x unsafe

**انشاء الوحدة الثالثة اكتب اميل لصديق**

Q/Write an email to a friend.

اكتب اميل لصديق

To: *Ali3@gmail.com*

Subject: *homework*

Dear Ali

How are you today ? My brother said you didn't feel well yesterday because you had a cold . I hope you are feeling better today .

At school we looked at using the Internet. My teacher said we should write an e-mail for homework .

*Best wishes ,Karrar*

الى : علي

الموضوع : الواجب البيتي

عزيزي علي

كيف حالك اليوم ؟ أخي أخبرني أنك لم تشعر بحالة جيدة البارحة لأن كان لديك زكام. امل ان تشعر بتحسن اليوم. في المدرسة نظرنا الى استخدام الانترنت. معلمي قال يجب علينا ان نكتب اميل للواجب البيتي. أطيب الامنيات, كرار

**Q1/ A - Read the passage then answer the questions by ( True ) or ( False ) : ( 5 only ) (5M)**

There are six ways to stay safe online. Be nice to people online. Be careful about what you share (pictures – thoughts ). Keep your personal information safe. Keep your password safe (you should use capital letters, numbers and symbols). Never meet a person that you only know online. If you find something you don't like on line, tell your parents or your teacher.

- 1-You shouldn't share your thoughts with friends.
- 2-This is a good password "password 123"
- 3-If you don't like something online, tell an adult.
- 4- You must never meet people that you only know online.
- 5-You should never keep your personal information safe.
- 6-It's a bad idea to put your phone number online.

**B – Text – book: Read the following sentences and write the correct answer : (5M )**

- 1-Mum thinks that the heavy laptops are the best because they're strong.
- 2-The laptop they bought is black with silver keys.
- 3-It's good idea to write your password down and keep it safe.
- 4-The family can use the laptop in different rooms.
- 5-The children can share photos with their family.
- 6-Dad doesn't want to buy a laptop.

**Q2 / A – Choose the correct answer between the brackets : ( 10M)**

- 1-I have a stomach ache. You (should / shouldn't) eat much cake.
- 2-she (have / has) a toothache.
- 3- they taught (ourselves / themselves) to cook.
- 4-(an / the) internet connects millions of computers around the world.
- 5-my cat saw (himself / itself) in the mirror.

**Q2 / B -- Match the two halves of the sentences : (5 only) ( 10 M)**

A	B
1-My leg is broken	a-so you should lie down.
2-Hello, how are you?	b-you shouldn't stand on it.
3-My feet hurt me because of these trainers	c-I don't feel well. I have a flu.
4-if you cut your finger	d-are too small.
5-you feel dizzy	e-you will burn yourself.
6-Don't touch the hot saucepan	f-you should put a plaster on the cut.

**Q3/ Vocabulary: Complete the following by using suitable words. (10 M)**

(unhelpful, down , unsafe, ginger ,search , dentist )

- 1-It is ----- to put your personal information online.
- 2-This website is very ----- . It doesn't tell you how to make a cake.
- 3- ----- is an old medicine used for more than 2,000 years
- 4-She has a toothache, she should go to the .....
- 5- you can scroll up or -----
- 6- ----- means 'look for' something.

**Q4 / A – Fill in the blanks with the missing words or letters . (5 only )(5M)**

- 1-hand , hands ; foot , -----
- 2-easy, hard; nice x -----
- 3-he, himself ; she , ----- .
- 4-intreseting, boring, friendly x -----
- 5-cou--,cough, ra-- . -----
- 6-does not, doesn't, is not -----

**B – Re-write the sentence using capital letters and punctuation marks (5 M)**

wisam and dania are at home

**Q5 / Writing : Write an e-mail to a friend (10M)**

## 56 نقطة شاملة للوحدات الثلاثة مع ذكر سبب اختيار الكلمة الصحيحة

- 1-..... is wisam? (How old/How many) is How old تسال عن مفرد ووجود is
- 2-..... is your brother? (How many/ How old) is How old تسال عن مفرد ووجود is
- 3-..... **Sisters** do you have? ( How old/ How many ) many تسال عن العدد ووجود بعد الفراغ اسم جمع many
- 4-How many cousins..... **he** have ? (do/ does) Does تأتي مع ضمائر المفرد ووجود الضمير he بعد الفراغ
- 5- A housewife works ..... home. (on/ at) At تأتي مع home
- 6- A farmer works ..... a farm. (on/in) On تأتي مع farm
- 7- A waiter works ..... a restaurant. (at/in) In تأتي مع restaurant
- 8- A bus driver works ..... the roads. (on/ in) On تأتي مع roads
- 9- A builder works..... A building site. (on/in) On تأتي مع building site
- 10- An engineer works ..... an oil refinery. (on/in) in تأتي مع oil refinery
- 11- An IT programmer works ..... an office. (on/in) in تأتي مع office
- 12- What ..... the **jug** made of. (is/are) is تأتي مع المفرد
- 13- What..... the **jeans** made of.(is/are) are تأتي مع الجمع
- 14-..... **shirts** are too small. ( This/ These) These تأتي مع الجمع
- 15- ..... **shirt** is too expensive. (These/ This) This تأتي مع الشيء المفرد
- 16- She wears..... sweater. ( a white denim/ denim white) لون ثم مادة
- 17- My daughter buys a ..... Watch. (metal big black/ big black metal) حجم لون مادة
- 18- There is a ..... sofa(big black leather/ leather big black) حجم لون مادة
- 19- when I grow up, I **want** ..... a teacher. (be/ to be) Want تاخذ to+فعل
- 20- My sister is ..... **IT** programmer. (an/a) an تأتي مع المهنة التي تبدأ بحرف عنة
- 21- My mother is ..... **teacher**. (an/a) a تأتي مع المهنة التي تبدأ بحرف صحيح
- 22- I live in **Basra** ..... is in the south of Iraq. (you/it) ضمير Basra هو it لغير العاقل
- 23- **My mother** ..... in a big clothes shop. ( works / work) الفاعل مفرد ياخذ فعل يحمل (S)
- 24-She has two younger brothers. .... are twins. (we / they) ضمير جمع يعوض عن brothers
- 25- ..... **rubber** comes from a tree? ( Does / Do) Does تسال عن المفرد
- 26-**jeans** ..... denim. (is made of/ are made of) jeans جمع يأتي معها الفعل are
- 27- **Rubber** ..... from tree. (come/comes) الفاعل مفرد ياخذ فعل يحمل (S)
- 28- **Cotton** ..... a plant. (is made from/ comes from) الفاعل مفرد ياخذ فعل يحمل (S)
- 29-**Paper** ..... Wood. (is made of/ is made from) Paper مفرد ياخذ (is made)
- 30-**Wool** ..... cashmere goats. (is made from/comes from) الفاعل مفرد تاخذ فعل يحمل (S)
- 31- **We** ..... breakfast at 7.30 in the morning. (have/has) الفاعل جمع ياخذ have
- 32- I'm going ..... **school**. (to/too) To يأتي بعدها اسم مفرد او فعل مجرد

- 33- I have ..... uncles and three aunts. (too/two) Two يأتي بعدها اسم جمع
- 34- He wants ..... buy a computer. (to/too) To يأتي بعدها اسم مفرد او فعل مجرد
- 35- This car is ..... expensive. (two/too) Too يأتي بعدها صفة
- 36- The denim jacket is ..... small for me. (to/too) Too يأتي بعدها صفة
- 37- Mariam speaks English ..... She speaks French, too. (but/and) تأتي مع الجملة المثبتة
- 38- I have a sister ..... I don't have a brother. (and/ but) تأتي مع الجملة المنفية
- 39- I often .....for many hours. (work/ am working) وجود الظرف often يدل على المضارع البسيط
- 40- I ..... With a small team of doctors and nurses. (am working/work) مضارع بسيط
- 41- What ..... now? (do we do/ are you doing) وجود now تدل على المضارع المستمر
- 42- My daughter .....a thick sweater. (buys/ is buying) مضارع مستمر
- 43- She .....a toothache ( have/ has) الضمير she يأخذ has
- 44- I .....a rash. (has/have) ضمائر الجمع تأخذ have
- 45- I cut ..... With a sharp knife. (himself/ myself)
- 46- They taught ..... to cook. (ourselves/ themselves)
- 47- we enjoyed ..... at the park. (yourselves/ ourselves)
- 48- My cat saw ..... in the mirror. (himself/itself)
- 49- We grow rice on our farm, ..... we don't grow vegetables. (and / but) الجملة منفية
- 50- When the weather is hot, you ..... drink enough water. (must/ should) نصيحة
- 51- I have a toothache. You..... go to the dentist. (should/ shouldn't) المثبتة حسب المعنى
- 52- you ..... have a secret password for your email.(should/ must) وجوب
- 53- I ate chicken for lunch ..... I had it for dinner, too. ( and /but) الجملة مثبتة
- 54- The TV is on, ..... we're not watching it. (but / and) الجملة منفية
- 55- I have a stomach ache. You ..... eat much cake. (should / shouldn't) النفي حسب معنى الجملة
- 56- My father ..... a waiter. ( is / are) الفاعل مفرد يأخذ is

Teacher of English: Karrar Al-Sultani

قطعة نصوص الكتاب للوحدة الخامسة

A fun invention that everyone likes متعة اختراع يحبها

كل شخص (الوحدة الخامسة الدرس الأول من النشاط)

1-What did George Crum invent? ماذا اختراع جورج كروم

a-potato chips b-potato finger c-French fries

2-What did the customer want? ماذا اراد الزبون

a-soft fries. b-hard fries c-crispy fries

3-What did Mr. Crum do first? ماذا عمل السيد كروم اولاً

a-He grated the potatoes. b-He baked the potatoes. c-He sliced the potatoes thinly.

4-How did Mr. Crum cook his new invention? كيف طبخ السيد كروم اختراعه الجديد

a-In oil. b-In the oven. c-In water.

5-Did the customer like the new invention? هل الزبون احب الاختراع الجديد

a-No, he didn't. b-Yes, he did.



potato chips George Crum

قطعة نصوص الكتاب للوحدة السادسة

Let's be safe at home دعنا نكون بأمان (82) من النشاط

في البيت صفحة

1-Keep knives away from young children أحفظ السكاكين بعيداً عن

الأطفال الصغار

2-Keep medicines in safe places (away from young children) أحفظ

الأدوية في أماكن آمنة بعيداً عن متناول الأطفال

3-Keep cleaning materials In safe places (away from young children) أحفظ مواد التنظيف في

أماكن آمنة بعيداً عن الأطفال

4-Don't leave young children In the kitchen by themselves. لا تترك الأطفال وحدهم في المطبخ.

5-Be careful On the stairs. كن حذراً على السلالم

6-Hot water can burn. الماء الساخن يمكن أن يحرق

7-Keep electrical devices away from children. أحفظ الأجهزة الكهربائية بعيداً عن الأطفال.

انشاء الوحدة السادسة اكتب مذكرتين

Q/Write two notes to your brother and sister اكتب مذكرتين الى اخوك واخوتك

Hiba

Keep knives away from children. Remember that the new knife is very sharp . Be careful when you slice the onions

Ammar

Don't play with matches. Remember that you mustn't be in the kitchen by yourself. Please stay in the living room .

هبة

احفظي السكاكين بعيدة عن الاطفال.

تذكرني ان السكين الجديد حاد جداً. انتبهني عندما تقطعين البصل

عمار

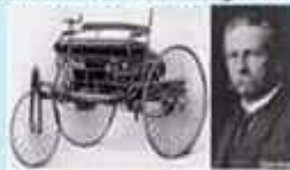
لا تلعب بأعواد الثقاب. تذكر يجب عليك ان لا تبقى في المطبخ بمفردك. من فضلك ابقى في غرفة الجلوس

القطعة المرئية الاولى للوحدة الخامسة: The Past

Many people helped to make telephone invention possible. In 1876, It was Mr. Bell who made the first useful telephone. The telephone is a means of communication over distance. People disagree about who invented car (or automobile), but we can probably say that the key inventor was Mr. Benz. He made the first true automobile in 1885 – 1886. There have been invention to help calculation (+, -, x, ÷) for thousands of years.



Mr Bell



Mr Benz



automobile



Al Bairuni

- 1-The invention of the first useful telephone came in 1867. **F** 1867 سنة جاء مفيد هاتف اختراع اول هاتف
- 2-The word automobile is another word for car. **T** كلمة automobile هي كلمة اخرى للسيارة
- 3-The car was invented more than 150 years ago. **F** تم اختراع السيارة منذ اكثر من 150 عاما
- 4-The car was invented before the telephone. **F** تم اختراع السيارة قبل الهاتف
- 5-  $5 + 8 - 3 = 10$  is a calculation. **T**  $10 = 3 - 8 + 5$  هي عملية حسابية

القطعة الثانية للوحدة الخامسة: Space Travel

Humans have landed on the moon six times . Twelve astronauts have walked on it . In the future , I think humans will go to Mars - Mars is a lot farther from Earth than the moon . The quickest travel time will take about nine months . Scientists think that there is probably water on Mars . By 2050 , we will have faster spaceships . There will Probably be lots of robots to help humans.



Mars



Earth



spaceship

- 1-Humans have walked on the moon. **T** الانسان مشى على سطح القمر
- 2-Mars is farther from the Earth than the moon. **T** المريخ ابعد عن الارض من القمر
- 3-It will probably take 9 years to travel to Mars. **F** قد يستغرق الامر 9 سنوات للرحلة الى المريخ
- 4-Scientists think that there is water on Mars. **T** يعتقد العلماء ان هناك ماء على سطح المريخ
- 5-Spaceships will be faster in 2050. **T** سفن الفضاء ستكون اسرع في عام 2050
- 6-Uranus is the farthest planet from the sun. **F** اورانوس هو ابعد كوكب عن الشمس

القطعة المرئية للوحدة السادسة

Bike riding is fun and healthy. But remember that a bike is not a toy. You must follow some rules to help you stay safe. Before you getting on your bicycle. You should check that it is ready to ride. You must protect your head(wear a helmet). This is very important. Tyres should be hard, not soft. Brakes are very important because some time you need to stop quickly. You can't stop if your brakes don't work well. You must be able to put your feet on the ground. Ride carefully with both hands on the handlebars. Can car, buses and trucks see you? Wear bright , colourful clothes.

- 1-Our teacher said that bikes are the best toys. **F** معلمينا قالو ان الدراجات من افضل الالعاب
- 2- It's easy to ride a bike because there are no rules. **F** من السهل ركوب الدراجة لانه لاتوجد قواعد
- 3-You should always check your bike before you ride it. **T** يجب عليك دائما التحقق من دراجتك قبل ركوبها
- 4- Wear colourful clothes when you ride your bike. **T** ارتدي ملابس ملونة عند ركوب دراجتك
- 5-Your head is the strongest part of your body. **F** راسك هو اقوى جزء في جسمك
- 6-Cars can always see you when you are on a bike. **F** يمكن للسيارات رؤيتك دائما عندما تكون على الدرا
- 7-It's good to talk to friends when riding your bike. **F** من الجيد التحدث الى الاصدقاء عند ركوب دراجتك
- 8-Don't hold things in your hands when riding your bike. **T** لاتمسك الاشياء بيديك عند ركوب دراجتك
- 9-You must have good brakes on your bike. **T** يجب ان يكون لديك فرامل جيدة على دراجتك



bike

## قواعد الوحدة الخامسة

- 1- She is ..... **now**. (cook/cooking) وجود تدل على المضارع المستمر
- 2- Our world is ..... fast.(changed/ changing) is+V.ing
- 3- When I **was** a younger, my parents .....me (feed/fed) وجود يدل على الماضي البسيط
- 4- When I **was** a younger, I ..... playing with toys. (liked/like)
- 6- We ..... use our smart phones for money. (will/ won't) اثبات حدوث الشيء حسب معنى الجملة والمنهج
- 7- I go to school ..... Sunday to Thursday. (in/from) تستخدم لحصر مدة محددة (من... الى...)
- 8- A woollen scarf is ..... **than** cotton one. (thicker/thickest) وجود تدل على المقارنة
- 9-Ali is ..... intelligent **than** his brother. (more/most)
- 10- In 2050, there ..... robot teachers in schools. (will be / won't be) مثبتة حسب معنى الجملة والمنهج

## قواعد الوحدة السادسة والسابعة

- 11- I'm hot ..... I'm wearing a thick sweater. (because/but) الجملة سببية وليس تناقض
- 12- You should wear a helmet ..... you must protect your head.(but/because) سببية
- 13-..... you are hot? (What/why) Why تسأل عن السبب
- 14- Jupiter is the..... planet. (bigger/biggest) التفضيل على شيء واحد وعدم وجود than
- 15- Space travel to Mars will be ..... difficult **than** going to the Moon.(more/most) وجود than
- 16- The kitchen is often the ..... dangerous room in the house.(more/most) نفس النقطة 16
- 17- She is ..... the house. (clean/cleaning) is+V.ing
- 18-Dad and Wisam ..... going to put up the decorations.(is/are) الفاعل جمع
- 19- Basim is **going to** ..... his room.(tidy up/tidied up) فعل مجرد (خالي من اي اضافة) + going to
- 20-The shopping mall is..... The **TV centre**.(between/opposite) مكان واحد بعد الفراغ
- 21- There is a new bank..... our **school** and the **bus station**.(opposite/between) مكانين بعد الفراغ

- 1- Should , shouldn't , will ----- ( won't )
- 2- Clean , cleaned , buy ----- ( bought )
- 3- Go up X go down ; increasing ----- ( decreasing )
- 4- Taller , taller , nice ----- ( nicer )
- 5- Heavy , heavier , easy ----- ( easier )
- 6- Safe , safer , pretty , ----- ( prettier )
- 7- Nicer , nicest , heavier , ----- ( heaviest )
- 8- Clean , cleaner , healthy , ----- ( healthier )
- 9- Smaller , smaller , close , ----- ( closer )
- 10 - Mercury , -ars ( Mars )
- 11 -Earth, - enus , ( Venus )
- 12 -Jupiter , - aturn , ( Saturn )
- 13 -Neptune , - ranus ,( Uranus )
- 14 -possible,( possible), invener (inventor)
- 15 -centuri,( century ) ,telephn (telephone)
- 16-people, (people), inportant (important)

الإضافات والتحويلات والاختصارات للوحدة السادسة

- 1-G , gram , Kg ----- ( Kilogram )
- 2-SP , Spoon , MM ----- ( millimetre ) او بالعكس بالنسبة للاختصارات
- 3- CM , centimeter , M ----- ( metre )
- 4- Kg , kilogram , KM ----- ( Kilometre )
- 5-Thin , thinner , fat , ----- ( fatter )
- 6-Fat , fattest , thin , ----- ( thinnest )
- 7-Interesting , more interesting , intelligent , ----- ( more intelligent )
- 8- interesting ,most interesting, intelligent , ----- ( most intelligent )
- 9-big, bigger; hot, ----- ( hotter )
- 10 -difficult , more difficult , dangerous , ----- ( more dangerous )
- 11-good , better , bad , ----- ( worse )
- 12 -bad , worse , far , ----- ( farther )
- 13 - nice , nicest , good----- ( best )
- 14 - tall , tallest , bad , ----- ( worst ), far ----- ( farthest )

## الوحدة الخامسة

List A	List B
1-How many planets are there ?	a-Because there is lots of water .
2-Which is the smallest planet ?	b-There are eight planets.
3-Why is earth called the blue planet ?	c-Mercury is the smallest planet.
4-When's your birthday ?	d-My favourite planet is Venus.
5-What's your favourite planet?	e-It's on 7 <sup>th</sup> April.

## الوحدة السادسة

A	B
1 – put on your seatbelt (a)	a – when you are in a car
2 – stop (f)	b – on swing and slide
3 – look (h)	c – your smart phone on your bike
4 – wear (g)	d – by a road
5 – Don't use (c)	e – at the zebra crossing
6 – Don't play (d)	f – before you crossing the road
7 – Be careful (b)	g – a helmet when riding a bike
8 – cross the road (e)	h – left and right before crossing the road

- 1- You slice (d)
- 2- You peel (e)
- 3- You grate(a)
- 4- You mix(c)
- 5- You bake(b)
- 6- You spread(f)

- a – with a grater
- b – in an oven
- c – with a spoon
- d – with a knife
- e – with your hand or with a knife
- f – with a knife

دلائل مفردات الطبخ مع من تأتي من الجمل أو الكلمات

- |              |                                 |  |
|--------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 1-spread (e) | a – the onion and the tomatoes. | butter, bread, honey مع تأتي spread -1     |
| 2-peel (f)   | b – some oil                    | potato, onions, orange, مع تأتي peel-2     |
| 3-add (b)    | c – everything together         | oil مع تأتي add-3                          |
| 4-wash (g)   | d – in the oven                 | vegetables, hands مع تأتي wash-4           |
| 5-slice (a)  | e – the butter on the bread     | potatoes ,tomatoes ,onions مع تأتي slice-5 |
| 6-grate (h)  | f – the onion and the potatoes  | cheese مع تأتي Grate-6                     |
| 7-bake (d)   | g – the vegetables              | cake, oven مع تأتي bake-7                  |
| 8-mix (c)    | h – the cheese                  | together مع كلمة تأتي mix-8                |

Match the situation and the reason زواج الموقف و السبب

- 1-He has a stomach ache because it was raining (3)
- 2-She is in bed because he was playing with matches (4)
- 3-We didn't play outside yesterday because he ate too many sweets (1)
- 4-He burnt his finger because she has a temperature (2)

VOCABULARY: المفردات:

تمرين من النماذج الوزارية للوحدة الخامسة

اشهر نجمة خطر تعليمات انظف صحي اختراع حرارة

(temperature( 4),invention(5),healthier2,cleaner3,instruction1,dangerous6,star7,months8)

1-I wrote some ..... for my grandpa about how to go online. كتبت بعض التعليمات لجدي حول كيفية الاتصال بالانترنت

2-We are ..... because we are decreasing sugar in our food. نحن اكثر صحة لاننا نقلل السكر في غذائنا.

3-In the future, our cities will be ..... and better to live. في المستقبل ستكون مدننا انظف و افضل للعيش.

4-His ..... Is going up. He should go to bed. درجة حرارته ترتفع. يجب ان يذهب الى الفراش.

5-I think the computer is the most important ..... اعتقد ان الكمبيوتر هو من اهم الاختراعات.

6-Space travel is very difficult and..... السفر الى الفضاء صعب للغاية وخطير.

7-The home ..... in our solar system is called the sun. بيت النجم في نظامنا الشمسي يسمى الشمس.

8-The quickest travel time to Mars will take about nine..... يستغرق اسرع وقت للرحلة الى المريخ حوالي تسعة اشهر

تمرين للكلمات التي لها نفس الصوت لكن تختلف بالمعنى مهم و زاري

1-..... is only mum at home now. Where are the children.(their 1 هناك / تملك لهم,لهم) هناك امي فقط في البيت. اين الاولاد؟

2-My ..... is an engineer. Neptune is ..... away from us than Mars. (farther 2 ابعد / اب 1) ابي مهندس. نبتون ابعد منا من المريخ

3-My parents have a ..... and a daughter. Mercury is the closest planet to the .....(son 1 ابن / الشمس 2) والدي لديهم ابن وبنت. عطارد هو الكوكب الاقرب الى الشمس

4-..... not feeling very well because ..... temperature is going up. (you're 1 انت / your 2 تملك) ضمير تملك 2 انت لا تشعر بحالة جيدة. لان درجة حرارتك ترتفع

5-..... a good school and ..... pupils work very hard. (it's 1 ضمير / its 2 تملك, فيها) انها مدرسة جيدة وفيها تلاميذ يعملون بجد

6-..... are eight planets in our solar system.(There 1 هناك / Their 2 تملك) هناك ثمانية كواكب في نظامنا الشمسي

هناك ثمانية كواكب في نظامنا الشمسي

Q/Choose the correct verb to complete the sentences اختر الفعل الصحيح لتكملة الجمل

- 1-..... the tomatoes into thin circles. **Slice** Grate Eat
- 2-..... the cake for 45 minutes in the oven. Mix Cut **Bake**
- 3-..... the potatoes and throw away the skins. Grate **Peel** Make
- 4-..... the honey on the bread with a knife. Wash Bake **Spread**
- 5-..... the cheese before you put it on the macaroni **Grate** Spread look at
- 6-..... the onion and tomatoes together with a spoon Slice **Mix** Hold

P. 73 AB النشاط /Q. Read and circle the odd word. اقرأ وحيط الكلمة الغريبة

- 1-apple orange cherry **potato**
- 2-sauce pan knife fork spoon
- 3-bread tomato cucumber onion
- 4-face hair wash had
- 5-grate cheese slice peel

Q/Find the correct noun for the verb and circle it. جد الفعل الصحيح للفعل وحوطه

- 1-You must be careful when you slice onions / oil with a sharp knife.
- 2-You must peel an orange / the bread before you can eat it.
- 3-Grate the tomatoes / the cheese before you put them / it on the pizza.
- 4-My sister spread the olives / the butter on the sandwich.
- 5-It is best to wash vegetables / cheese before you start cooking
- 6-Put the flatbread pizza in the oven / the fridge to bake.
- 7-You can mix ice-cream / honey with tea to make a drink for a cough and cold.
- 8-It is not healthy to add too much orange juice / sugar to your tea or coffee.

تمرين آخر في الوحدة السادسة للمفردات مهم جدا

- 1-Don't play with..... (matches)
- 2-Don't use electrical things ..... (clothes iron)
- 3-Don't put ..... on the front of cooker.(hot saucepans)
- 4-Don't pick up ..... without gloves.(broken glass)
- 5-Don't touch ..... (gas bottle)
- 6-Don't open bottles of ..... (cleaning materials)
- 7-Use ..... to hold hot things.(oven gloves)

اهم النقاط المختارة من الوحدة الخامسة للمفردات

- 1-Speaking to the person is the fastest form of ..... (communication) الاتصال
- 2-For our Maths homework we have 20 ..... (calculation) عملية حسابية
- 3-..... is all people in a town, a country ,the world. (population) عدد السكان
- 4-..... the money you pay for something. (price) السعر
- 5-The supermarket ad says food..... are going down this week. (prices) اسعار
- 6-New buildings are always getting ..... (safer) أمن
- 7-Smartphones are getting ..... (smaller) أصغر
- 8-it is getting easier to find ..... Because of the internet. (information) معلومات
- 9-Flying by plane will be ..... In the future. (safer) أمن

Q1/ A - Read the passage then answer the questions by ( True ) or ( False ) : (5 only) (5M)

اقرأ القطعة الآتية واكتب كلمة (True) او (False) للجمل الآتية (اختر خمسا فقط)

Humans have landed on the moon six times .Twelve astronauts have walked on it . In the future,I think humans will go to Mars - Mars is a lot farther from Earth than the moon .The quickest travel time will take about nine months . Scientists think that there is probably water on Mars . By 2050 , we will have faster spaceships . I don't think humans will go to farther planets from the Sun , Uranus and Neptune .

- 1-Humans have walked on the moon .
- 2-Mars is farther from the Earth than the moon .
- 3-It will probably take 9 years to travel to Mars .
- 4-Scientists think that there is water on Mars .
- 5-Spaceships will be faster in 2050 .
- 6-Uranus is the farthest planet from the sun .

B-Choose the correct answer اختر الاجابة الصحيحة

(5M)

- 1-What did George Crum invent ? (a-potato chips b- French fries )
- 2-What did the customer want ? (a-soft fries b-crispy fries )
- 3-What did Mr. Crum do first? (a-He grated the potatoes b-He sliced the potatoes thinly )
- 4-How did Mr. Crum cook his new invention ? (a-in the oven b- in oil )
- 5-Did the customer like the new invention ? ( a - Yes, he did . b- No, he didn't . )

Q2/A-Choose the correct answer between the brackets. اختر الاجابة الصحيحة من بين الاقواس. (5 only) (10M)

- 1-When I was younger, my parents ---- me . (feed / fed )
- 2-A woolen scarf is ( thicker / thickest ) than a cotton one .
- 3-In 2050 , I think robots ----- do all the cooking and cleaning (will / won't )
- 4-AL-Bairuni was a mathematician who lived ----- the 11<sup>th</sup> century .( in / on )
- 5-Flying by plane ----- better in the future . ( will be / will do )
- 6-Now , our world ---- fast ( changed / is changing )

B-Match the questions in list A with their responses in list B.(B) والقائمة (A) وزوج بين القائمة (10M)

List A

List B

- |   |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| 1-How many planets are there ?          | a-Because there is lots of water . |
| 2-Which is the smallest planet ?        | b-There are eight planet.          |
| 3-Why is earth called the blue planet ? | c-Mercury is the smallest planet.  |
| 4-When's your birthday ?                | d-My favourite planet is Venus.    |
| 5-What's your favourite planet?         | e-It's on 7 <sup>th</sup> April.   |

Q3/ Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.(5 only) اختر الكلمات الصحيحة لتكملة الجمل (5 M)

- 1-..... a good school and ..... pupils work very hard.( It's / Its)
- 2-..... 2050 , I think will probably ..... everything on the internet.(By / Buy)
- 3-My parents have a ..... and daughter. Mercury is the closest planet to the ..... (sun / son)
- 4-..... not feeling very well because ..... temperature is going up. (your/ you're)
- 5-I have .....brother. He's very good at sports. He ..... a race yesterday.(one/won)
- 6- It is better ..... eat healthy food and not to eat ..... much sugar. (to / too)

B-Use the words in the box to complete the sentences. استخدم الكلمات التالية لاكمال الجمل (5 M)

(invention, communication, number , price , information)

- 1-..... the money you pay for something.
- 2-It is getting easier to find ..... because of the internet.
- 3-Speaking to a person is the fastest form of .....
- 4-The ..... of pupils in the school is increasing.
- 5-I think the computer is the most important .....

Q4 /A-Fill in the blanks with the missing words or letters .(5 Only) املأ الفراغات بالكلمات المفقودة (5M)

- 1-You are , you're ; It is ,..... 4- possible ,possible, telephon- ; .....
- 2--arth , Earth, -aturn..... 5-nice , nicest ; hot , .....
- 3-small , smaller ; heavy , ..... 6-go up x go down ; increase , .....

B-Re-Write the sentence using capital letters and punctuation marks:

(5M)

jupiter is the biggest planet اعد كتابة الجملة الآتية باستخدام الحروف الكبيرة وعلامات التنقيط

Q5 / Writing : Write an e-mail to a friend. اكتب e-mail لصديق Karrar. M. AL-Sultani (10M)

Q1/ A - Read the passage then answer the questions by ( True ) or ( False ) : (5 only) (5M)

اقرأ القطعة الآتية واكتب كلمة (True) أو (False) للجمل الآتية (اختر خمسا فقط)

Bike riding is fun and healthy. But remember that a bike is not a toy. You must follow some rules to help you stay safe. Before you getting on your bicycle. You should check that it is ready to ride. You must protect your head(wear a helmet). This is very important. Tyres should be hard, not soft. Brakes are very important because some time you need to stop quickly. You can't stop if your brakes don't work well. You must be able to put your feet on the ground. Ride carefully with both hands on the handlebars. Can car, buses and trucks see you? Wear bright , colourful clothes.

- 1-Our teacher said that bikes are the best toys.
- 2- It's easy to ride a bike because there are no rules.
- 3-You should always check your bike before you ride it.
- 4- Wear colourful clothes when you ride your bike.
- 5-Your head is the strongest part of your body.
- 6-Cars can always see you when you are on a bike.

B-Complete the following sentences . (5 only) اكمل الجمل الآتية (خمسة فقط)

(5 M)

- 1-Keep knives away-----
- 2-Keep cleaning materials-----
- 3-Don't leave young children-----
- 4-Be careful-----
- 5-Hot water can-----
- 6-Keep electrical devices -----

Q2-A/Choose the correct answer between the brackets. (5 only) اختر الاجابة الصحيحة من بين الأقواس (10M)

- 1-My mother (bake / bakes) delicious cakes.
- 2-I'm hot (but / because), I'm wearing a thick sweater.
- 3- Jupiter is the (bigger / biggest) planet?
- 4-Space travel to Mars will be (more / most) difficult than going to the Moon.
- 5-There (are/ is) eight planet.
- 6-(Do / Does) you like garlic on your pizza?

B-Match the two halves of the sentences.(5 Only) اربط انصاف الجمل في القائمة (A) مع مايناسبها في القائمة (B)

- |                        |                                |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>List A</b>          | <b>List B</b>                  |
| 1-put on your seatbelt | a-When you are in a car.       |
| 2-Stop                 | b-Your smartphone on your bike |
| 3-Be careful           | c-by a road                    |
| 4-Wear                 | d-before you cross the road.   |
| 5-Don't use            | e-a helmet when riding a bike. |
| 6-Don't play           | f-on swings and slides         |

Q3A-/Choose the correct verb to complete the sentences. اختر الفعل المناسب لاكمال الجمل. (5 Only) (5 M)

- |  |       |        |         |
|--|-------|--------|---------|
| 1-..... the tomatoes into thin circles.              | Slice | Grate  | Eat     |
| 2-..... the cake for 45 minutes in the oven.         | Mix   | Cut    | Bake    |
| 3-..... the potatoes and throw away the skins.       | Grate | Peel   | Make    |
| 4-..... the honey on the bread with a knife.         | Wash  | Bake   | Spread  |
| 5-..... the cheese before you put it on the macaroni | Grate | Spread | look at |
| 6-..... the onion and tomatoes together with a spoon | Slice | Mix    | Hold    |

B- Use the words in the box to complete the sentences. استخدم الكلمات التالية لاكمال الجمل. (5 M)

(cleaning materials, clothes iron, hot saucepan, gas bottle, oven gloves)

- 1-Don't use electrical things like .....
- 2-Don't put ..... on the front of cooker.
- 3-Don't touch .....
- 4-Don't open bottles of .....
- 5-Use ..... to hold hot things.

Q4-A/Fill in the blanks with missing words or letters. املا الفراغات بالكلمات المفقودة. (5 M)

- |                             |                                   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1-G, gram, Kg -----         | 4-tall, taller; interesting ----- |
| 2-It is, It's; I am-----    | 5-Millimetre, mm, spoon-----      |
| 3-gratd, grated; peper----- | 6-nice, nicest, good-----         |

B- B - Re-write the sentence using capital letters and punctuation marks

(5 M)

do we have any olives اعد كتابة الجملة الآتية باستخدام الحروف الكبيرة وعلامات التنقيط

Q5/Write two notes to your brother and sister. اكتب ملاحظتين الى اخوك واختك.

(10 M)