

AL-BAHER

NEW

Hello!

الصف الثالث الإعدادي
الفصل الدراسي الأول



3rd
Prep
First Term

Contents

Module (1) Where I live	Unit (1) Around town	(3)
	Unit (2) Let's go shopping	(53)
	Unit (3) My community	(103)
Review (A) Revision Units 1 - 3		(146)
Module (2) Young people	Unit (4) Have you ever travelled by plane?	(158)
	Unit (5) Young role models	(201)
	Unit (6) What's wrong?	(246)
Review (B) Revision Units 4 - 6		(293)

Unit

1

Around town



Scope and sequence

Skills

Reading: A description of Ismailia; maps, posters and timetables; accounts of forms of transport; a botanical garden's brochure; an email about meeting a friend

Writing: A fact file; a paragraph about your city; a reply to an email;

Listening: Giving and following directions; people talking about their city; a discussion at a train station; making suggestions for a day out

Speaking: Giving directions; talking about your city or village; discussing timetables and public transport; making suggestions

Language

Prepositions of time and place (revision): On Friday afternoon, I often go to Lake Timsah. I have tennis lessons at the sports centre at 9 am.

The present simple for scheduled events What time does the exhibition start?

The first metro train leaves at 8:20.

The film starts at nine o'clock.

Life Skills, Values and Issues

Life Skills: Decision making; respect for diversity

Issues: Citizenship; loyalty

Lessons (1 & 2)

Main Vocabulary

المفردات الرئيسية

aquarium	متحف أحياء مائية / حوض سمك	lake	بحيرة
bank	بنك	monuments	أثار (تاريخية)
botanical gardens	حدائق نباتية	peaceful	سلمي / هادئ
library	مكتبة	traffic	مرور
sports centre	مركز رياضي	especially	خاصة
café	مقهى	museum	متحف
bus station	موقف أتوبيس	restaurant	مطعم

Vocabulary (Lesson 1)

town	مدينة (صغيرة)	save	يوفر / يدرج
market	سوق	volleyball	الكرة الطائرة
facts	حقائق	tennis	تنس
phrase	عبارة	interesting	ممتع / شيق
directions	إتجاهات	map	خريطة
straight	مباشرة	shopping centre	مركز تسوق
borrow	يستلف / يستعير	hospital	مستشفى
plants	نباتات	places	أماكن

Vocabulary (Lesson 2)

port	ميناء	village	قرية
message	رسالة	reach	يصل
canal	قناة	attractive	جذاب
city	مدينة (كبيرة)	building	مبنى
park	منتزه	The Sphinx	أبو الهول
garden	حديقة	natural	طبيعي
beach	شاطئ	traffic	مرور
south	جنوب	pollution	تلوث

Around town

interested	مهتم	modern	حديث
fact file	ملف حقائق	famous	مشهور
grandparents	أجداد	nature reserve	محمية طبيعية
calm / quiet	هادئ	land	يابسة / أرض
usual	معتاد / مأروف	remember	يتذكر
important	مهم	boat	قارب
event	حدث	handball	كرة يد

Cities & places

مدن وأماكن

Ismailia	الإسماعيلية	The Suez Canal	قناة السويس
Port Said	بورسعيد	Lake Timsah	بحيرة التمساح
Suez	السويس	Natural Science Museum	
Giza	الجزيرة		متحف العلوم الطبيعية

Word Formation

تكوين كلمات

- We often make adjectives by adding -ful to a noun or verb

Root word		Word + ful	
care	يهتم	careful	دريص
help	يساعد / مساعدة	helpful	متعاون
peace	سلام	peaceful	هادئ / سلمى
use	يستخدم / استخدام	useful	مفيد

Definitions

تعريفات

aquarium	a place where you can see beautiful fish	متحف أحياء مائية
bank	a place where you can borrow and save money	بنك
botanical gardens	places where you can see trees and other interesting plants	حدائق نباتية
library	a place where you can borrow and read books	مكتبة

sports centre	a place where you can play volleyball, tennis and other sports	مركز رياضي
lake	a large area of water with land around it	بحيرة
monument	something that people build to remember an important person or event	أثر تاريخي
peaceful	calm and quiet	هادئ / سلمي
traffic	cars, lorries and motorbikes that use a road	الممرور
especially	more than usual	خاصة
past	go as far as a place and then continue	يمر بـ
corner	the place where two roads meet	ركن / تاصية
straight on	in a forward direction, not left or right	مباشرة للأمام

Conjugations of irregular verbs

تصريفات الأفعال الغير منتظمة

Present		Past	P.P
find	يجد	found	found
give	يعطي	gave	given
take	يأخذ	took	taken
read	يقرا	read	read
see	يرى	saw	seen
run	يجري	ran	run
put	يضع	put	put
swim	يعوم / يسبح	swam	swum
come	يأتي	came	come
build	يبني	built	built
sing	يقني	sang	sung

Expressions

تعابير هامة

go past	يمشي مازاً بـ / يمر بـ	give directions	يعطي الاتجاهات
go swimming	يسبح / يعوم	look like	يشبه
go shopping	يذهب للتسوق	come home	يأتي للبيت
do things	يقوم بعمل أشياء	run through	يجري عبر
do homework	يقوم بعمل الواجب	save money	يدخر مالا
do the shopping	يقوم بالتسوق	around town	حول المدينة

Prepositions

حروف الجر

on the corner of	على زاوية	in the afternoon	في الظهيرة
on the right	على اليمين	in the morning	في الصباح
on the left	على اليسار	in pairs	في ثنائيات
on Friday afternoon	في ظهيرة يوم الجمعة	find out	يكتشف
on Saturday morning	في صباح يوم السبت	talk about	يتحدث عن
at the weekend	في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع	late for	متأخر على
at the sports centre	في المركز الرياضي	get up	ينهض / يستيقظ
on the lake	على شاطئ البحيرة	good at	جيد في

Opposites

الكلمة وعكسها

right	يمين	✗	left	يسار
beautiful	جميل	✗	ugly	قبيح
interesting	شيق	✗	boring	ممل
near	قريب	✗	far	بعيد
old	قديم	✗	new	جديد
modern	حديث	✗	ancient	قديم
calm	هادئ	✗	noisy	مزعج
reach	يصل	✗	leave	يقادر

Confusing words

كلمات متداخلة

left	يسار	lift	يرفع / أسانسير
right	يمين	write	يكتب
see	يرى	sea	بحر
live	يعيش	leave	يترك / يقادر
here	هنا	hear	يسمع
there	هناك	their	ملكهم
plant	نبات	planet	كوكب
reach	يصل	rich	غني



Reading Lesson 1 SB P. 2

Samir is at the sports centre. He wants to go to the museum.

- From the sports centre, go straight on for about 20 metres.
- Then take the first road on the right.
- Go past the botanical gardens and the aquarium and then turn right.
- Go past the restaurant and the library. The museum is on the corner, on the left.



Listening Lesson 1 SB P. 3

Mona: Hello, Dalia. I'm at the **library**⁽¹⁾. Where are you?

Dalia: Hi, Mona. I'm next to **the station**⁽²⁾. How do I get to the library?

Mona: It's easy. From the station, **go straight on**⁽³⁾.

Dalia: How far?

Mona: For about 20 metres.

Dalia: OK. Do I **go past**⁽⁴⁾ the **sports centre**⁽⁵⁾?

Mona: Yes, but then turn left.

Dalia: OK.

Mona: Walk past the **botanical gardens**⁽⁶⁾.

Dalia: I'm walking past them now.

Mona: Great! After the botanical gardens, turn right

Dalia: Turn right after the botanical gardens, OK.

Mona: Then take the second road on the right. Can you see a **restaurant**⁽⁷⁾?

Dalia: I think I can see it. It's **on the corner**⁽⁸⁾.

Mona: Walk past the restaurant. The library is between the restaurant and the museum, opposite the bank.

Dalia: Thanks, Mona. See you soon!



1 مكتبة	2 المحطة	3 الاتجاه مباشرة	4 امشي متوازياً
5 مركز رياضي	6 حدائق نباتية	7 مطعم	8 على التواضع



Reading Lesson 2 SB P. 4

New message

I am Sherif and I live in Ismailia, which is between Port Said and Suez. **The Suez Canal**⁽¹⁾ runs through the city before it **reaches**⁽²⁾ the sea.

Ismailia is beautiful. There are **attractive**⁽³⁾ buildings, **interesting monuments**⁽⁴⁾ and lots of gardens. Around 350,000 people live here, but since **traffic**⁽⁵⁾ is slow, there isn't much **pollution**⁽⁶⁾.

Ismailia is **peaceful**⁽⁷⁾, but it isn't boring! There are lots of things to do here, **especially**⁽⁸⁾ at the weekends. On Friday afternoons, I often go to **Lake Timsah**⁽⁹⁾, which is near the city, with my family. It's a beautiful lake with **beaches**⁽¹⁰⁾ around it.

On Saturday mornings, I have tennis lessons at the sports centre at 9 am. Sometimes I go swimming in the afternoon with my friend, Sayed.

There are some interesting museums in Ismailia! My favourite is the **Natural Science Museum**⁽¹¹⁾ because I'm interested in animals. It's a good place to go at the weekend.



1 قناة السويس	2 تصل	3 جذاب	4 آثار ممتعة	5 مرور	6 تلوث
7 عادي / سلمي	8 خاصة	9 بحيرة التمساح	10 شواطئ	11 متحف العلوم الطبيعية	



Reading Lesson 2 WB P. 73

I live in a small village in the south of Egypt. **At** the weekend, I usually do the same things. **On** Saturdays, I get up **at** 7 am, then I always do my homework after breakfast. **At** lunchtime, I visit my cousins. We like to eat together. Then, **in** the afternoon, I often play games with my cousins. What do you do?





Listening Lesson 2 SB P. 5

Nader :

My name's Nader. I live in Alexandria with my mum, my dad and my two brothers. Alexandria is a very **historical**⁽¹⁾ city, with lots of famous buildings, **ruins**⁽²⁾ and **monuments**⁽³⁾, but it's a **modern**⁽⁴⁾ city too, and there are lots of things to do here. At the weekend, I like to spend time with my family. On Friday afternoons, we usually go to the park, but sometimes we go to a museum or to the **aquarium**⁽⁵⁾. I love watching the fish! On Saturdays, I visit my grandparents. They live in Alexandria, too. I enjoy playing chess with my granddad. He's very good at it, but sometimes I win!

Judy :

My name's Judy and I live in Aswan. It's a busy city, with about one and a half million people, and there's always a lot to do at the weekend. On Friday mornings, I sometimes go shopping. Aswan is a great place for this! There are lots of interesting shops and I love going to the famous **market**⁽⁶⁾. I also like to go to the botanical gardens or the **nature reserve**⁽⁷⁾. On Saturdays, I do my homework and in the afternoon, I go to the sports centre for my **squash lesson**⁽⁸⁾. It's my favourite sport.

1 تاريخي	2 اطلال	3 آثار	4 حديث
5 متحف، أشياء مائية	6 سوق	7 محمية طبيعية	8 درس اسكواش



Language Notes

① another - other - others

▪ **another**

آخر (يأتي بعدها اسم مفرد)

e.g. I want **another** cup of tea.

▪ **other**

أخرى (يأتي بعدها اسم جمع)

e.g. Do you practise any **other** sports?

▪ **the other**

الأخر / الثاني

e.g. My youngest son lives in Cairo, but **the other** son lives in Alex.

▪ **others**

آخرون (لا يأتي بعدها اسم)

e.g. Some people like football. **Others** like tennis.

🕒 reach - arrive - get

▪ reach

يصل (يأتي بعدها المفعول بدون حرف جر)

e.g. He **reached** the station very late.

▪ arrive

يصل (يأتي بعدها المفعول مسبوقًا بحرف جر)

مع الأماكن الصغيرة **at** ومع المدن والدول **in**

e.g. He **arrived at** the station early.

e.g. They **arrived in** Luxor last week.

▪ get to

يصل (تأخذ حرف الجر **to**)

e.g. When did you **get to** the club?

🕒 too - either

▪ too = as well

أيضًا (تأتي في آخر الجملة المثبتة)

e.g. Red is my favourite colour but I like blue, **too**.

▪ either

أيضًا (تأتي في آخر الجملة المنفية)

e.g. There were no zebras and there were no giraffes, **either**.

🕒 especially - specially

▪ especially

خاصة (بصفة خاصة)

e.g. There are lots of things to do here, **especially** at the weekend.

▪ specially

خاصة (لفرض واحد محدد) لهذا الغرض فقط

e.g. The boats are **specially** built for the disabled.

🕒 It's a good + اسم + to + مصدر

e.g. It's a good place **to** go at the weekend.

e.g. It's a good idea **to** play tennis.

Test yourself

*) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- Mum needs spoon of sugar.
a) another b) other c) others d) else
- We Spain last month.
a) arrive b) went c) got d) reached
- He doesn't like tea. I don't like tea,
a) too b) either c) also d) as well

Practice on Vocabulary

● Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- We go to the to see beautiful fish. WB
 a) park b) aquarium c) sports centre d) bank
- A/An is a place where you borrow and save money. WB
 a) library b) lake c) bank d) aquarium
- We can see trees and other interesting plants in the gardens.
 a) botanical b) geological c) coral d) marine
- A is a place where you can borrow and read books. WB
 a) bank b) bookcase c) sports centre d) library
- A is a place where you can play volleyball, tennis and other sports. WB
 a) bank b) lake c) sports centre d) river
- Can you see all those boats on the ? WB
 a) school b) bank c) park d) lake
- The park is very in the mornings. You can only hear the birds singing. WB
 a) noisy b) peaceful c) crowded d) busy
- My uncle is very good at sports, and he is good at handball. WB
 a) especial b) specific c) especially d) general
- There was a lot of on the roads this morning, so Mr. Ahmed was late for work. WB
 a) tragedy b) air c) breeze d) traffic
- The Sphinx at Giza is perhaps Egypt's most famous WB
 a) moment b) monument c) minute d) mountain
- You can't hear any traffic here. It's very WB
 a) busy b) noisy c) peaceful d) ugly
- Amal's daughter does many jobs around the house. She is always very WB
 a) helpful b) helpless c) careless d) lazy

Grammar

Prepositions of time

✦ We use prepositions of time to say when you do things.

نستخدم حروف جر الوقت للتحدث عن متى نقوم بعمل الأشياء.

We use **in** with:

in

• months	الشهور	- in March	- in May
• years	السنوات	- in 2012	- in 1992
• seasons	فصول السنة	- in the winter	- in the spring
• parts of the day	أجزاء اليوم	- in the morning	- in the afternoon
		- in the evening	
• centuries	القرون	- in the 20 th century	
• long periods	الفترات الطويلة	- in the past	- in the present
		- in the future	- in the stone age

e.g. Sometimes I go swimming **in** the afternoon.

e.g. She was born **in** 1988.

We use **on** with:

on

• days	الأيام	- on Saturday	- on my birthday
		- on Christmas Day	
		- on Halloween	
• dates	التواريخ	- on 16 th April	
• parts of specific day	أجزاء يوم محدد	- on Friday afternoon	
		- on Sunday morning	

e.g. **On** Friday afternoons, I often go to Lake Timsah.

e.g. We first met **on** 18th June.

Other Prepositions

حروف جر أخرى

- between بين
- The school is **between** the library and the bank.
- next to بجوار
- The aquarium is **next to** the post office.
- opposite مقابل = across from
- The restaurant is **opposite** the bank.
- on the corner على التاصية
- The museum is **on the corner** of the street.

Phrases of directions

عبارات الاتجاهات

turn right	اتجه يمينا	go straight on	اتجه مباشرة في
turn left	اتجه يسارا	walk past the	امشي مازا ب
take the second road on the right	خذ الطريق الثاني على اليمين	it's on the corner	إنه على التاصية

Examples

From the market, **turn left** and **go straight on**. **Take the second road** on the right. Go straight ahead. The bank is on the left **opposite** the aquarium.

Practice on Grammar

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

أسئلة الكتاب المدرسي

1. I always go to the park Saturday mornings. SB
 a) at b) in c) on d) with
2. Nagwa usually visits her grandparents the weekend. SB
 a) on b) at c) with d) in

Unit 1

3. Are you going to the museum Saturday? SB
 a) on b) with c) in d) at
4. We have English 10 am on Thursday. SB
 a) in b) up c) on d) at
5. We walk to school the morning, but we come home by bus. SB
 a) on b) in c) at d) over
6. Fady goes shopping the afternoon. SB
 a) at b) under c) in d) on
7. I live a small village in the north of Egypt. WB
 a) on b) in c) at d) up
8. the weekend, I usually do the same things. WB
 a) At b) In c) Up d) Under
9. On Saturday, I get up 7 am. WB
 a) up b) in c) on d) at
10. lunchtime, I visit my cousins. WB
 a) On b) In c) At d) Up
11. The shopping centre is the station. WB
 a) opposite b) next c) between d) among
12. The library is to the bank. WB
 a) under b) between c) next d) near
13. The sports centre is the aquarium and the hospital. WB
 a) next b) far c) in front d) between
14. The museum is on the opposite the hospital. WB
 a) top b) corner c) bottom d) front

2) Correct the underlined word(s):

1. Judy likes going to a famous shop on her city. () SB
2. Nader usually goes to the park at Friday afternoons. () SB
3. I get up early at the morning. ()
4. I have tennis lessons on the sports centre. ()
5. There are some interesting museums at Ismailia. ()



Speaking

Giving directions

إعطاء الاتجاهات



Situation

Could you tell me the way to the club?

هل من الممكن أن تخبرني عن الطريق إلى النادي؟

How can I get from the café to the aquarium?

كيف أستطيع الوصول من المقهى إلى معرض الأحياء المائية؟

How do I get from the bank to the station?

كيف يمكنني الوصول من البنك إلى المحطة؟



Reply

From the station, go straight on. Then take the first road on the right. Go past the restaurant. The club is on the left.

من المحطة، اتجه مباشرة. ثم خذ الطريق الأول على اليمين. امشي مارا بالمطعم، النادي على اليسار.

From the café, go straight on for 20 metres. Then take the second road on the left. Go past the library. The aquarium is on the corner, on the left.

من المقهى اتجه مباشرة لمسافة ٢٠ متر. ثم خذ الطريق الثاني على اليسار. امشي مارا بالمكتبة. معرض الأحياء المائية يكون على الناصية على اليسار.

From the bank, go straight on for 10 metres. Then take the first road on the right. Go past the aquarium and then turn right. Go past the restaurant. The station is on the left.

من البنك اتجه مباشرة لمسافة ١٠ متر. ثم خذ الطريق الأول على اليمين. امشي مارا بمعرض الأحياء المائية ثم استدر يمينا. امشي مارا بالمطعم. المحطة على اليسار.

Talking about your city or village

التحدث عن مدينتك أو قريتك



Situation

Where do you live?

أين تعيش؟

Where is Ismailia?

أين تقع الإسماعيلية؟

What does Ismailia look like?

كيف تبدو الإسماعيلية؟

How many people live there?

كم عدد الناس الذين يعيشون هناك؟

What is the most famous place in Ismailia?

ما هو أشهر مكان في الإسماعيلية؟



Reply

I live in Ismailia.

أعيش في الإسماعيلية.

It is between Port Said and Suez.

بين بورسعيد والسويس.

It's beautiful with attractive buildings and lots of gardens.

إنها جميلة ذات مباني جذابة وكثير من الحدائق.

Around 350,000 people.

حوالي ٣٥٠,٠٠٠ نسمة.

Lake Timsah.

بحيرة التمساح.



Writing

Fact file about a city

ماف حقائق عن مدينة

Fact File

Ismailia

Where أين	between Port Said and Suez بين بورسعيد والسويس
What it looks like كيف تبدو	attractive buildings, interesting monuments مبانى جذابة وآثار شيقة
How many people عدد الناس	Around 350.000 حوالى ٣٥٠.٠٠٠ نسمة
Places to visit in city أماكن للزيارة في المدينة	gardens, beaches and the Natural Science Museum حدائق، شواطىء ومتحف العلوم الطبيعية
Sports الرياضات	tennis and swimming التنس والسباحة
Places to visit near city أماكن للزيارة بالقرب من المدينة	Lake Timsah بحيرة التمساح

A short text about a city

Ismailia is between Port Said and Suez. It's beautiful. There are attractive buildings and interesting monuments. Around 350.000 people live there. There are a lot of places to visit in Ismailia such as gardens, beaches and the Natural Science Museum. We can play tennis and go swimming in Ismailia. There are a lot of places to visit near Ismailia like Lake Timsah.

General Exercises

1) Finish the following dialogue:

- Hamed : Hi! Welcome to Ismailia.
 Tourist : (1)
 Hamed : (2) ?
 Tourist : I'm from London.
 Hamed : Did you visit Ismailia before?
 Tourist : (3)
 Hamed : (4) ?
 Tourist : I saw Lake Timsah and the Natural Science Museum.
 Hamed : How do you like the museum?
 Tourist : (5)

2) Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- You ask someone the way to the museum.
.....
- A passerby asks you about the way to the post office.
.....
- Someone asks you where you live.
.....

3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- They at the cinema at 9 pm.
 a) reached b) arrived c) got d) went
- She prefers mangoes and I prefer mangoes,
 a) too b) either c) neither d) else
- I often play games with my cousins the afternoon.
 a) at b) on c) in d) with
- I go to the to read and borrow books.
 a) bank b) aquarium c) lake d) library
- We need ruler to draw lines.
 a) other b) else c) another d) others

Unit 1

6. I enjoy watching colorful fish at the
a) library b) bank c) aquarium d) park
7. She lives a small village.
a) in b) on c) up d) at
8. This machine does many things. It is very
a) useless b) useful c) careless d) powerless
9. We can play football and tennis at the
a) bank b) library c) sports centre d) aquarium
10. The bank is the library and the restaurant.
a) in b) next c) over d) between

4) Complete with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. She always goes shopping (at) the morning.
2. I often do my homework (on) night.
3. Alexandria is (at) the north of Egypt.
4. The post office is (behind) to the restaurant.

5) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(pollution - air - attractive - especially - monuments)

Ismailia is beautiful! There are (1) buildings and interesting (2) There isn't a lot of traffic, so there isn't much (3) There are lots of things to do, (4) at the weekend.

6) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. Dina is sitting behind Amal. (in front of)
2. The bank is across from the post office. (opposite)
3. My school is near the aquarium. (next to)

7) Write a paragraph of about one HUNDRED (100) words about:

(Your city)

.....
.....
.....

Lessons (3 & 4)

Main Vocabulary

المفردات الرئيسية

exhibition	معرض	valley	وادي
map	خريطة	comfortable	مريح
platform	رصيف قطار	passenger	مسافر / راكب
timetable	جدول مواعيد	tram	ترام
metro	مترو	electric	كهربى
ferry	معدية / قارب	floor	طابق / دور / أرضية

Vocabulary (Lesson 3)

poster	ملصق / إعلان	plane	طائرة
The Science Museum	متحف العلوم	imagine	يتخيل
university	جامعة	event	حدث
street	شارع	travel	يسافر
minute	دقيقة	text message	رسالة نصية
space	الفضاء	reply	رد / يرد
journey	رحلة (طويلة)	paintings	رسومات / لوحات
take	تستغرق / تأخذ	objects	أشياء
stop	محطة	photograph	صورة
chat	بدرش	underground	تحت الأرض
train	قطار	engineering works	أعمال هندسية
Bondi	شاطئ في أستراليا	guard	حارس / يحرس

Cities

مدن

Cairo	القاهرة	Suez	السويس
Alexandria	الإسكندرية	Port Said	بورسعيد
Tanta	طنطا	Qena	قنا
Aswan	أسوان	Al Balyana	البلينا
Assiut	أسيوط	Edfu	إدفو
Luxor	الأقصر	Sydney	سيدنى

Unit

1

Vocabulary (Lesson 4)

cross	يعبر	transport	مواصلات / نقل	desert	صحراء
the Nile	النيل	unusual	غير معتاد / غير مألف	rails	قضبان
busy	مشغول / مزدحم	environment	البيئة	polluting	تلوث
type	نوع	below	أسفل	part	جزء
railway	سكة حديد	energy	طاقة	include	يشتمل على
million	مليون	special	خاص	airport	مطار
expensive	غالي الثمن	describe	يصف	quiet	هادئ
mountain	جبل	add	يضيف	building	مبنى

Definitions

تعريفات

exhibition	a place where people can go to see paintings, photographs, objects, etc.	معرض
metro	an underground railway in a city	مترو
platform	the area in a station where you get on or off a train	رصيف قطار
map	something you use to follow directions	خريطة
timetable	a list of times or dates that show when a train or bus leaves	جدول مواعيد
tram	a form of transport that uses rails like a railway to travel along roads, usually in cities	ترام
valley	an area of land between two hills or mountains	وادي
passenger	someone who is travelling on a plane, train, car, etc.. and is not driving it	مسافر / راكب
ferry	a form of transport that carries people or cars across water	قارب / معدية
comfortable	making you feel relaxed	مريح

Expressions

تعبيرات هامة

catch a train	يلحق بالقطار	types of transport	أنواع المواصلات
follow directions	يتبع الإتجاهات	across the desert	عبر الصحراء
take the bus	يستقل الأتوبيس	across water	عبر الماء
around the city	حول المدينة	take four hours	يستغرق 4 ساعات

Conjugations of irregular verbs

تصريفات الأفعال الغير منتظمة

Present		Past	P.P
learn	يتعلم	learnt	learnt
show	يعرض / يوضح	showed	shown
take	يأخذ / يستغرق	took	taken
leave	يترك / يغادر	left	left
see	يرى	saw	seen
find	يجد	found	found
sit	يجلس	sat	sat
drive	يقود / يسوق	drove	driven

Prepositions

حروف الجر

on the phone	على الهاتف	at the Science Museum	في متحف العلوم
on a mountain	على جبل	at the top	في القمة
get on	يركب (وسيلة مواصلات)	at the bottom	في القاع
get off	ينزل (من وسيلة مواصلات)	look at	ينظر إلى
get to	يصل إلى	look forward to	يتطلع إلى
get back	يرجع / يعود	in pairs	في ثنائيات
chat with	يحدث مع	good for	مفيد لـ

Opposites

الكلمة وعكسها

comfortable	مريح	✗	uncomfortable	غير مريح
easy	سهل	✗	difficult	صعب
fast	سريع	✗	slow	بطيء
good	جيد	✗	bad	سيئ
interesting	ممتع / شيق	✗	boring	ممل
peaceful	هادئ / سلمي	✗	noisy	مزعج
expensive	عالي	✗	cheap	رخيص
usual	مألوف / معتاد	✗	unusual	غير مأوف / غير معتاد

Confusing words

كلمات متداخلة

great	عظيم	greet	يحيى
plane	طائرة	plan	خطة
message	رسالة	massage	مسااج
cross	يعبر	across	عبر
hour	ساعة	our	ملكنا



Reading Lesson 3 SB P. 6

Khaled is going to the Space Exhibition from City University.

Khaled :Hi Fawzi, Would you like to come to the **Space Exhibition**⁽¹⁾ tomorrow? My dad is taking me.

Fawzi :Yes, please! What time does it **start**⁽²⁾?

Khaled :It starts at 9.30. We're going by **metro**⁽³⁾.

Fawzi :Which **train**⁽⁴⁾ shall we get?

Khaled :The first metro train **leaves**⁽⁵⁾ at 8.20 and **arrives**⁽⁶⁾ at 8.30.

Fawzi :That's an hour before the exhibition starts!

Khaled :Perhaps⁽⁷⁾ we can leave later.

Fawzi :What time does the exhibition finish?

Khaled :It finishes at 2 pm.

Fawzi :OK. Can we get a train in the afternoon to get back?

Khaled :Yes, one leaves at 1.15 pm and arrives at 1.25 pm.

Fawzi :Great⁽⁸⁾! Let's take that.



1	معرض الفضاء	2	يبدأ	3	مترو	4	قطار
5	يغادر	6	يصل	7	ربما	8	عظيم



Reading Lesson 3 WB P. 74

Good morning. This is the 11.30 train to Luxor. It leaves **in five minutes**⁽¹⁾. The train **stops**⁽²⁾ at Giza, Assiut and Qena. It doesn't stop at Al Balyana today because there are **engineering works**⁽³⁾. The train **arrives**⁽⁴⁾ in Luxor at 23.15.



1	في خمس دقائق	2	يتوقف	3	أعمال صندسية	4	يصل
---	--------------	---	-------	---	--------------	---	-----



Reading Lesson 3 WB P. 74

- Man** : Good morning. Where **does** the train to Aswan **leave** from?
- Guard** : It **leaves** from platform four.
- Man** : Thanks. What time **is** the next train?
- Guard** : The next train **leaves** in five minutes.
- Man** : Great. What time **does** it **arrive** in Aswan?
- Guard** : The train usually **takes** six hours, so the next train **arrives** in Aswan at about 4.30.



Reading Lesson 4 SB P. 8

I love **travelling**⁽¹⁾ by train because it's **interesting**⁽²⁾ to look out of the window. In one **journey**⁽³⁾, you can see **ferries**⁽⁴⁾ crossing the Nile, green **valleys**⁽⁵⁾, peaceful villages and busy cities. Trains are often fast and **comfortable**⁽⁶⁾, too. Egypt has the oldest railway in Africa. More than 800 million **passengers**⁽⁷⁾ travel by train in Egypt every year on 5,000 kilometres of **railway**⁽⁸⁾! I take the train when I visit my grandparents in Edfu. It's my favourite journey.



Lots of people in Alexandria use the **tram**⁽⁹⁾ to travel around the city. It's great way to travel! It's easy to use and it isn't expensive. Trams are **electric**⁽¹⁰⁾, so they are better for the **environment**⁽¹¹⁾ than other types of transport. Some of the trams in Alexandria are unusual: they have two **floors**⁽¹²⁾! I like sitting at the top and watching the streets below.



- | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| 1 السفر | 2 ممتو / شيق | 3 رحلة | 4 شوارب / معديات | 5 لودية | 6 مرم |
| 7 ركاب / مسافرون | 8 سكة جديد | 9 ترام | 10 كوربي | 11 البيئة | 12 طابق / ادوار |



Reading Lesson 4 WB P. 75

Some people think that Sydney in Australia has the best **transport**⁽¹⁾ in **the world**⁽²⁾. Why? Because trains, buses and ferries travel to all **parts**⁽³⁾ of the city. **Comfortable**⁽⁴⁾ buses go to the nearest **beaches**⁽⁵⁾ such as Bondi. If you want to get somewhere quickly, fast trains leave from Central **Station**⁽⁶⁾ to many places, **including**⁽⁷⁾ the **airport**⁽⁸⁾. It is quiet on the water, so ferries are peaceful and they are also easy to use. It is interesting to see the famous buildings from the water, too.



1 مواصلات 2 العالم 3 أجزاء 4 مريح 5 شواطئ 6 محطة 7 يشمل على 8 مطار



Language Notes

1 platform - pavement

▪ platform

رصيف المحطة

e.g. Which **platform** does the train leave from?

▪ pavement

رصيف الشارع

e.g. We walk on the **pavement**.

2 letter - message - email

▪ letter

خطاب ورقي (مكتوب)

e.g. I wrote a **letter** to my friend.

▪ message

رسالة (مكتوبة أو شفوية)

e.g. Mr. Ali isn't here. Can I take a **message**?

▪ email

بريد الكتروني

e.g. I sent an **email** to Nada on the internet.

3 work - works

▪ work

عمل (لا تجمع) / مكان العمل

e.g. He has a lot of **work** to do.

e.g. I go to **work** every day.

▪ works

أعمال (هندسية / أدبية / فنية)

e.g. There are a lot of engineering **works** here.

4 look forward to + v + ing

يتطلع إلى

e.g. I'm **looking forward to seeing** you later!

⊕ show / know / learn + (to / how to) + المصدر

e.g. The map **shows how to** travel by metro.

e.g. Do you **know how to** write an email?

e.g. He **learnt to** swim.

⊕ include - enclose - contain - consist of

▪ include

يشتمل على

e.g. The price of the room **includes** breakfast.

▪ enclose

يرفق

e.g. He **enclosed** some photos in his letter.

▪ contain

يحتوى على

e.g. This meal **contains** vitamins and proteins.

▪ consist of

يتكون من

e.g. Pastry **consists of** flour, fat and water.

⊕ floor - flower - flour

▪ floor

أرضية / طابق

e.g. She is sweeping the **floor**.

e.g. His flat is on the third **floor**.

▪ flower

وردة / زهرة

e.g. She is picking **flowers**.

▪ flour

دقيق

e.g. We need some **flour** to make a cake.

Test yourself

⊗) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The shopping list tomatoes and potatoes.

a) encloses b) consists c) includes d) composes

2. My flat is on the fifth

a) flower b) floor c) flour d) flake

3. He is looking forward to his cousin.

a) meet b) met c) meets d) meeting

Practice on Vocabulary

أسئلة الكتاب المدرسي

*) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- You can catch the train from the WB
a) platform b) pavement c) sidewalk d) port
- You can use a/an to follow directions. WB
a) exhibition b) map c) clock d) tree
- You can go to a/an to see paintings, photographs and objects. WB
a) bank b) river c) lake d) exhibition
- You can use a to find when a train or bus leaves. WB
a) timetable b) ferry c) plate d) ruler
- The sometimes travels underground. WB
a) plane b) boat c) metro d) helicopter
- The is an area between two mountains. WB
a) hill b) valley c) sky d) cloud
- The takes people across water. WB
a) bus b) train c) plane d) ferry
- A is a person who travels in a car. WB
a) passenger b) rider c) pilot d) driver
- A uses rails like a railway. WB
a) bus b) bike c) tram d) taxi
- If a chair is , it is nice to sit on. WB
a) hard b) broken c) dirty d) comfortable
- Our flat is on the second
a) floor b) flower c) flour d) tree
- Trams are They use electricity.
a) electronic b) solar c) electric d) polar

Grammar

The present simple tense زمن المضارع البسيط

Form التكوين

يتكون من التصريف الأول للفعل إذا كان الفاعل:

I / You / We / They / المصدر + اسم جمع

e.g. I **read** a novel every week.

يتكون من التصريف الأول + (s / es / ies) إذا كان الفاعل:

He / She / It / اسم مفرد + v + s / es / ies

e.g. She **listens** to music in the evening.

إذا كان الفعل منتهيًا بـ (o / ch / sh / ss / x / z) يتم إضافة (es) للفعل مع الفاعل المفرد الغائب:

go	→	goes	watch	→	watches
wash	→	washes	cross	→	crosses
mix	→	mixes	quiz	→	quizzes

e.g. He **goes** to school early.

e.g. Heba **watches** TV.

إذا كان الفعل منتهيًا بحرف (y) قبله حرف ساكن نحذف الـ (y) ونضع (ies) مع الفاعل المفرد الغائب:

study	→	studies	cry	→	cries
-------	---	---------	-----	---	-------

e.g. She **studies** English every day.

إذا كان الفعل منتهيًا بحرف (y) قبله حرف متحرك (a / e / i / o / u) تبقى (y) كما هي مع الفاعل المفرد الغائب ونضع (s):

play	→	plays	say	→	says
------	---	-------	-----	---	------

e.g. He **plays** tennis in the club.

Usage الاستخدام

نستخدم زمن المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن:

1) Facts حقائق

e.g. The sun **rises** in the east.

e.g. Ice **melts** when it is heated.

Unit 1

2) Habits and repeated actions

عادات وأحداث متكررة

e.g. We **go** to the club every week.

e.g. He **visits** his grandparents at the weekend.

3) Permanent states

حالات دائمة

e.g. She **lives** in Cairo.

e.g. He **works** in a bank.

4) Scheduled events

أحداث ذات جداول زمنية

مثل مواعيد القطارات ، الطائرات ، الحصص ، المباريات ، البرامج التلفزيونية وفتح وغلق المؤسسات.

e.g. What time **does** the exhibition **start**? - It **starts** at 9:30.

e.g. The first train **leaves** at 8:20.

Key words الكلمات الدالة

always	دائماً	frequently	بصفة متكررة
usually	عادةً	generally	عموماً
often	غالباً	hardly ever	بالكاد
sometimes	أحياناً	never	أبداً
occasionally	من حين لآخر	rarely / seldom	نادراً

✧ تأتي ظروف التكرار السابقة قبل الفعل الأساسي أو بعد (am / is / are):

e.g. He **sometimes goes** to school late.

e.g. She **is always** cheerful.

every day	كل يوم	in the morning	في الصباح
every week	كل اسبوع	in the evening	في المساء
every year	كل سنة	once a week	مرة في الأسبوع
on Fridays	في أيام الجمعة	twice a month	مرتين في الشهر
at night	في الليل		

✧ تأتي الظروف السابقة في آخر الجملة أو في أول الجملة:

e.g. He **plays** football **every week**.

e.g. **Every month**, we **go** to the theatre.

Practice on Grammar

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

أسئلة الكتاب المدرسي

1. What time the lesson start? *SB*
 a) is b) do c) does d) are
2. The library at 8:30 in the morning. *SB*
 a) open b) is opening c) opening d) opens
3. The train to Port Said this station at 3:15. *SB*
 a) leaves b) leaving c) is leaving d) leave
4. The film hasn't finished, it at nine o'clock. *SB*
 a) ending b) will end c) end d) ends
5. When does this plane in Cairo? *SB*
 a) arrives b) arriving c) arrive d) arrived
6. The train to Luxor in five minutes. *WB*
 a) leave b) are leaving c) leaves d) leaving
7. Where the trains to Aswan leave from? *WB*
 a) does b) is c) are d) do
8. What time the next train? *WB*
 a) was b) is c) do d) does
9. The train usually six hours. *WB*
 a) takes b) is taking c) taking d) take
10. The train in Luxor at 23:15. *WB*
 a) arrive b) is arriving c) arrives d) arriving
11. The earth around the sun.
 a) go b) goes c) went d) going
12. I my cousins every week.
 a) visit b) am visiting c) visits d) visiting
13. The match at 9:00 pm.
 a) start b) is starting c) starting d) starts
14. She work hard.
 a) isn't b) don't c) doesn't d) hasn't

2) Correct the underlined word(s):

1. What time do the train arrive in Aswan? () WB
2. The train don't stop at Al Balyana. () WB
3. The tram sometimes travel underground. () WB
4. The first lesson is starting at 8:00 am. ()
5. He doesn't plays squash at the weekend. ()

Speaking

Discussing timetables	مناقشة جداول المواعيد
 Situation	 Reply
What time does the train leave? في أي وقت يغادر القطار؟	It leaves at 11:30 am. إنه يغادر في الحادية عشرة والنصف صباحًا.
Which platform does it leave from? من أي رصيف يغادر؟	Platform 3. رصيف ٣.
What time does the train arrive in Aswan? ما الوقت الذي يصل فيه القطار إلى أسوان؟	It arrives at 6:30. يصل في السادسة والنصف.
How long does the journey take to Luxor? كم تستغرق الرحلة إلى الأقصر؟	It takes four hours. تستغرق أربع ساعات.

Discussing public transport	مناقشة المواصلات العامة
 Situation	 Reply
Which way do you like to travel? بأي وسيلة تحب أن تسافر؟	I like the train. أحب القطار.
Why do you like the train? لماذا تحب القطار؟	Because it's comfortable. لأنه مريح.
Which transport do you prefer? أي المواصلات تفضل؟	I prefer the tram. أنا أفضل الترام.
Why do you prefer the tram? لماذا تفضل الترام؟	Because it's more fun. لأنه أكثر متعة.



A reply to a text message

Text message



Reply



Describing the types of transport in your nearest city

وصف وسائل المواصلات في أقرب مدينة لك.

Cairo in Egypt has the best transport.

القاهرة في مصر بها أفضل مواصلات.

Taxis, buses and subways travel to all parts of the city.

تنقل سيارات الأجرة والأتوبيسات وخطوط المترو في جميع أجزاء المدينة.

Comfortable buses take you to any place in the city.

تأخذك الأتوبيسات المريحة إلى أي مكان في المدينة.

It is interesting to take ferries on the water.

إنه من الممتع أن تأخذ المركب النهري في المياه.

General Exercises

السويس ٢٠١٩

1) Finish the following dialogue:

Tamer is buying a ticket at a train station.

- Tamer : Good morning. Can I book a ticket to Aswan, please?
 Assistant : Sure. (1) _____ ?
 Tamer : Return, please.
 Assistant : (2) _____ ?
 Tamer : First class, please. What time is the next train?
 Assistant : (3) _____ .
 Tamer : How much is the ticket?
 Assistant : (4) _____ .
 Tamer : Which platform does the train leave from?
 Assistant : (5) _____ .

2) Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- You are asked about your favourite type of transport.
.....
- You ask about the time of the train's arrival.
.....
- You ask about the platform of the train.
.....

3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- Which _____ does the train leave from?
 a) pavement b) platform c) sidewalk d) river
- Many people prefer the plane because it is _____ .
 a) noisy b) comfortable c) dangerous d) polluting
- The bus _____ in Benha at 8:00 pm.
 a) arrive b) arriving c) is arriving d) arrives
- We took the _____ to cross the river on water.
 a) plane b) bus c) ferry d) metro
- Milk is good _____ you.
 a) at b) on c) with d) for

Unit 1

6. He is looking forward to his grandfather.
a) meet b) meets c) met d) meeting
7. The sun in the east.
a) rising b) rises c) rise d) is rising
8. My brother is speaking the phone.
a) on b) at c) in d) with
9. When the plane to Tokyo arrive?
a) do b) does c) is d) has
10. Our company is on the third
a) flower b) plate c) ceiling d) floor

4) Complete with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. The match (is starting) at 6:00 pm.
2. She (go) to the club every week.
3. What (does) they eat for breakfast?
4. Water (is boiling) when it is heated.

5) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(ferries - comfortable - train - valleys - sky)

I like travelling by (1) because it's interesting to look out of the window. In one journey, you can use (2) crossing the Nile, green (3), peaceful villages and busy cities. Trains are often fast and (4)

6) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. He always comes to school early. (is)
2. She doesn't arrive late. (never)
3. Ali goes to the cinema from time to time. (sometimes)
4. He never drives his car slowly. (fast)

7) Write a paragraph of about one HUNDRED (100) words about:

(The types of transport in your city)

.....

.....

Lessons (5 & 6)

Main Vocabulary

المفردات الرئيسية

century	قرن (١٠٠ عام)	indoors	بالداخل / داخل مبنى
jewellery	مجوهرات	Khediye	هدية
pottery	خزف / فخار	gardener	جناين

Vocabulary (Lesson 5)

conversation	محادثة	role-play	لعب الأدوار
respond	يستجيب	politely	بطريقة مؤدبة
response	استجابة / رد فعل	activity	نشاط
suggest	يقترح	remember	يتذكر
suggestion	اقتراح	opinion	رأى
decide	يقرر	feelings	مشاعر
decision	قرار	sounds	يبدو
agree	يوافق / يتفق	together	معا / سوياً
agreement	اتفاق	swimming pool	حمام سباحة
disagree	يرفض	bridge	كوبرى
great idea	مفكرة رائعة	sure	متأكد

Vocabulary (Lesson 6)

objects	أشياء	Be careful	كن حذراً / احترس
rock	صخرة	protect	يحمى
drawings	رسومات / لوحات	history	تاريخ
forest	غابة	marry	يتزوج
reason	سبب	invite	يدعو
online review	مقال على الانترنت	invitation	دعوة
plant	يزرع / نبات	the country	الريف
El-Orman Garden	حديقة الأورمان	enough	كاف
punctuation	الترقيم	share	يشارك
ready	جاهز / مستعد	don't mind	لا أمانع
brochure	كتيب / نشرة	address	عنوان
lovely	جميل		

Unit 1

Directions

الاتجاهات

north	الشمال	northern	شمالى
south	الجنوب	southern	جنوبى
east	الشرق	eastern	شرقى
west	الغرب	western	غربى

Continents and countries

قارات ودول

Africa	أفريقيا	Nigeria	نيجيريا
Asia	آسيا	Kenya	كينيا
Egypt	مصر	Angola	أنجولا
Ghana	غانا		

Definitions

تعريفات

century	one hundred years	قرن
jewellery	pretty things that people wear, such as rings, necklaces, etc...	مجوهرات
pottery	pots, plates, cups, etc.. that are made from clay	فخار / خزف
indoors	inside a building	داخل مبنى

Conjugations of irregular verbs

تصريفات الأفعال الغير منتظمة

	Present		Past		P.P
meet	يقابل	met	met		
send	يرسل	sent	sent		
get	يحصل / يحصل	got	got		
see	يرى	saw	seen		
bring	يُحضر	brought	brought		
wear	يرتدى	wore	worn		
sell	يبيع	sold	sold		
break	يكسر	broke	broken		
grow	يزرع	grew	grown		

Expressions

تعبيرات هامة

make a suggestion	يقدم اقتراحًا	do sport	يمارس رياضة
make a decision	يتخذ قرارًا	do something	يقوم بعمل شيء
make sure	يتأكد	get married	يتزوج
make a plan	يخطط	give an answer	يعطي ردًا / يجيب

Prepositions

حروف الجر

agree with	يتفق مع	respond to	يستجيب لـ
disagree with	لا يتفق مع	reply to	يرد على
think about	يفكر في	thank for	يشكر على

Opposites

الكلمة وعكسها

polite	مؤدب	✗	impolite / rude	غير مؤدب / وقح
closed	مغلق	✗	open	مفتوح
correct	صحيح	✗	wrong	خطأ
careful	حريص	✗	careless	مهمل
beautiful	جميل	✗	ugly	قبيح
nearby	قريب	✗	far	بعيد

Confusing words

كلمات متداخلة

sure	متأكد	shore	شاطئ
park	متنزه / يركن	bark	ينبح / لحاء
nice	لطيف	niece	بنت الأخ أو الأخت
see	يرى	sea	بحر

Unit 1

1



Listening Lesson 5 SB P. 9

Basel: Hi, Taher. Would you like to **meet up**⁽¹⁾ tomorrow?

Taher: Hi, Basel. That would be great. Shall we go to the sports centre?

Basel: I'm not sure. I hurt my leg, so I can't play sport **at the moment**⁽²⁾.

Taher: Oh dear! Shall we go to the **park**⁽³⁾, then?

Basel: Maybe but it's a long way to walk. I'd **prefer**⁽⁴⁾ to go somewhere **indoors**⁽⁵⁾.

Taher: Oh, OK. How about **the museum**⁽⁶⁾?

Basel: Perhaps ... but it's always busy on Saturdays.

Taher: OK, so what would you like to do?

Basel: I think it would be nice to watch a computer game. There's a new one which lets you **practise**⁽⁷⁾ your English.

Taher: That sounds like a great idea. Why don't you come to my house?

Basel: I'd love to! Thanks, Taher. See you tomorrow!



1 يلتقي / يتقابل	2 في هذه اللحظة	3 منزله	4 أفضل
5 داخل مبنى	6 المتحف	7 يتدرب / يمارس	



Listening Lesson 5 WB P. 76

Injy: Would you like to meet up tomorrow, Lina?

Lina: That would be great, Injy. Shall we go to the museum?

Injy: I'm not sure. I think the museum's closed tomorrow.

Lina: Ok. Shall we go to the shops, then?

Injy: I'd prefer to go somewhere outside. How about the park?

Lina: I like the park, but I think it would be nice to go on a ferry on the river. Would you like to do that?

Injy: Yes, I'd love to! Why don't we meet by the bridge?





Reading Lesson 6 SB P. 10

New message

Hi Azza!

I'm looking forward to our **trip**⁽¹⁾ to **the El-Orman Garden**⁽²⁾! The garden opens at 9 am, and it takes about an hour to get there by car. What time shall we come to get you?

The online **reviews**⁽³⁾ are **fantastic**⁽⁴⁾. The garden is very big and there's lots to see. Make sure that you wear **comfortable**⁽⁵⁾ shoes!

I'm sending you **a map**⁽⁶⁾ of the garden. You can see wild flowers and plants from all over the country. There is also a small lake and a museum. What would you like to see first?

We could bring some food with us or we could go to a **nearby**⁽⁷⁾ café for lunch. What would you prefer? There is also a **lovely**⁽⁸⁾ shop near the garden that sells **pottery**⁽⁹⁾ and **jewellery**⁽¹⁰⁾.

See you on Saturday,
Reem.

1	رحلة	2	حديقة الأورمان	3	معاينة نقدية	4	رائعة	5	مريح
6	خريطة	7	قريب	8	جميل	9	كثيف	10	مجوهرات



Reading Lesson 6 SB P. 10



Visit El-Orman Garden!

- Learn about how **Khedive**⁽¹⁾ Ismail asked a **famous**⁽²⁾ French **gardener**⁽³⁾ to **plant**⁽⁴⁾ a **forest**⁽⁵⁾ in the nineteenth **century**⁽⁶⁾
 - Find out how the Orman Garden became famous in 1910
 - Learn how the gardens **protect**⁽⁷⁾ many important plants and trees
 - See plants, trees and flowers that **grow**⁽⁸⁾ nowhere else in Egypt
- El-Dokki Street,
Giza

1	خدوي	2	مشهور	3	جائزتي	4	
5	غابة	6	قرن	7	يحصي	8	يزرع / ينمو



Reading Lesson 6 WB P. 77

✉ New message

From: Munir

To: Hazem

Dear Hazem

Thank you for asking me to visit the lake⁽¹⁾. I would love to go there! I will be ready⁽²⁾ at 7 am. So you can come to get me any time after that.

Yes, I have some comfortable⁽³⁾ shoes. I don't mind⁽⁴⁾

walking round the lake. I like walking in the country. To answer your question, perhaps we should take a boat⁽⁵⁾ on the lake first, before it is too hot. My mother is going to make me some lunch to take with us, but she always makes lots. I'm sure there will be enough for us to share!

See you on Saturday.

Yours, Munir.



1 بحيرة 2 جاهز / مستعد 3 مريح 4 لا أمانع 5 قارب



Reading Lesson 7 WB P. 78

I'm Tarek and I live in a small village⁽¹⁾. On weekdays, there are two buses a day to the nearest city. The first bus is at 7 am and the second one leaves⁽²⁾ late in the afternoon. My father doesn't take the early bus because it is very slow⁽³⁾. The traffic⁽⁴⁾ is always bad in the mornings. At the weekend⁽⁵⁾, there is only one bus, which goes at 8 am. There is not much traffic then, so it arrives⁽⁶⁾ in the city at 8.30 am. There is a market⁽⁷⁾ in the city at this time, so I often take this bus with my mother.

1 قرية 2 يغادر 3 بطيء 4 المرور
5 عطلة الأسبوع 6 يصل 7 سوق



Videoscript

Aswan is a **beautiful city**⁽¹⁾ in the **south**⁽²⁾ of Egypt. The River Nile runs through the city and there are lots of things to see and do. Many people visit the Aswan Botanical Garden when they are in the city because it is very **peaceful**⁽³⁾ here. The garden is on **El Nabatat Island**⁽⁴⁾, opposite the famous **Elephantine Island**⁽⁵⁾ on the River Nile. It's open every day from 8 o'clock in the morning to five or six o'clock in the afternoon. To visit, you can go by **ferry**⁽⁶⁾ or even by **felucca**⁽⁷⁾. Another place to visit in Aswan is the **Nubian Museum**⁽⁸⁾. It is between Al-Fanadek Street and El Sadat Road. Some visitors to Aswan take a taxi to visit the museum. You can visit the museum every day. It opens in the morning at 9 o'clock and it closes at one o'clock for lunch. It opens again at five o'clock; until nine or ten o'clock in the evening. People come here to learn all about the life, **culture**⁽⁹⁾ and history of the people in **Nubia**⁽¹⁰⁾. After they visit the museum, some people take a boat to visit a real Nubian village near Aswan. What can people see and do in your town or city? Are there any botanical gardens or other interesting places to visit?

1	مدينة جميلة	2	جنوب	3	هادئاً	4	جزيرة النباتات	5	جزيرة شيلة
6	معدية / قارب	7	فلوكة / قارب	8	متحف النوبة	9	ثقافة	10	النوبة



Language Notes

1 indoor - indoors - outdoor - outdoors

▪ **indoor** (adj)

داخلي (صفة)

e.g. I like playing **indoor** sports.

▪ **indoors** (adv)

داخل مبني / بالداخل (ظرف)

e.g. We always play table tennis **indoors**.

▪ **outdoor** (adj)

خارجي (صفة)

e.g. Football is an **outdoor** sport.

▪ **outdoors** (adv)

خارج مبني / بالخارج (ظرف)

e.g. We always play football **outdoors**.

● sound

▪ sound (v)

يبدو

e.g. The rain **sounds** heavy.

e.g. You **sound** like my brother.

▪ sound (n)

صوت (شيء / آلة)

e.g. I can't sleep because of the **sound** of the guitar.

● get

▪ get

يصل

e.g. It takes an hour to **get** there by car.

▪ get

يُحضِر / يجلب

e.g. I'll **get** the children from school today.

● share - divide

▪ share

يشارك

e.g. I **share** a flat with four other people.

▪ divide

يقسم / يوزع

e.g. The robbers **divided** the money among them.

● north - northern

▪ north (n)

شمال

e.g. Alexandria is in the **north** of Egypt.

▪ northern (adj)

شمالي

e.g. Alexandria is in **northern** Egypt.

Test yourself

● Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Basketball is an sport.

a) indoors b) indoor c) outsides d) insides

2. I a taxi with my friend Samy.

a) divided b) included c) contained d) shared

3. Aswan is in Egypt.

a) south b) north c) southern d) east

Making suggestions	تقديم الاقتراحات
Let's + مصدر	Could we + مصدر?
How about + v + ing?	Shall we + مصدر?
What about + v + ing?	Why don't we + مصدر?
Accepting suggestions	Refusing suggestions
قبول الاقتراح	رفض الاقتراح
That's a good idea.	I'm not keen on that.
That sounds like a great idea.	I'm sorry, I'm busy.
I'd love to.	I'm not sure.



Speaking

Making suggestions	تقديم الاقتراحات والرد عليها
 Situation	 Reply
Let's go to the zoo. هيا نذهب إلى حديقة الحيوان.	That's a good idea. إنها فكرة جيدة.
What about going to the museum? ماذا عن الذهاب إلى المتحف؟	That sounds like a great idea. يبدو إنها فكرة رائعة.
How about listening to music? ماذا عن الإستماع إلى الموسيقى؟	I'm not keen on that. لست متحمسًا لذلك.
Why don't you come to my party? لم لا تأتي إلى حفلتي؟	I'd love to. أود ذلك.
Could we go to the park? هل من الممكن أن نذهب إلى المنتزه؟	I'm not sure. لست متأكدًا.
Would you like to meet up tomorrow? هل تود أن نتقابل غدا؟	I'm sorry, I'm busy. أسف. فأنا مشغول.
Shall we go to the park? هل لنا أن نذهب إلى المنتزه؟	I prefer to go somewhere indoors. أفضل أن نذهب إلى مكان ما داخل مبني.



Writing

How to write an email

كيف تكتب بريدًا إلكترونيًا

✉ New message - ✕

To: اسم المرسل إليه أو عنوانه البريدي

From: اسم الراسل أو عنوانه البريدي

Subject: الموضوع

Dear اسم المرسل إليه
I'm happy to send you this email.

I'm looking forward to hearing from you.
With my best wishes.
Yours,
إسم الراسل

Greetings

Body

Closing

How to reply to an email

كيف ترد على بريد إلكتروني

✉ New message - ✕

To: اسم المرسل إليه أو عنوانه البريدي

From: اسم الراسل أو عنوانه البريدي

Subject: الموضوع

Dear اسم المرسل إليه
Thank you for your email.

.....

With my best wishes.
Yours,
إسم الراسل

Life Skills

Sometimes other people prefer to do different things from you. Remember to think about their opinions and feelings before you make a final decision together.

أحيانًا يفضل الناس الآخرون أن يقوموا بعمل أشياء مختلفة عنك. تذكر أن تراعي آرائهم ومشاعرهم قبل أن تتخذوا قرارًا نهائيًا سويًا.

Reem's email to Azza

New message

To: Azza
 From: Reem
 Subject: A trip to the El-Orman Garden

Hi Azza,

I'm looking forward to the trip to the El-Orman Garden! The garden opens at 9:30. What time shall we come to get you? I'm sending you a map of the garden. What would you like to see first? You can see wild flowers and plants from all over the country. There is also a small lake and a museum. We could go to the café for lunch or we could bring food with us. What would you prefer? I'm looking forward to hearing from you.

Yours,
 Reem.

Azza's reply to Reem's email

New message

To: Reem
 From: Azza
 Subject: A trip to the El-Orman Garden

Hi Reem,

Thank you for your email. I think the trip to the garden will be fantastic. You could get me at 9:00 am. I'd like to see the wild flowers first. I'd prefer to go to the café for lunch.

See you soon,
 Azza.

General Exercises

1) Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- You suggest going to the cinema.
- Your friend suggests going to the zoo and you like the idea.

2) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(Garden - gardener - century - week - Khedive)

- (1) Ismail asked a famous French (2) to plant a forest in the nineteenth (3) So, he built El-Orman (4) It became famous in 1910.

3) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

أسئلة الكتاب المدرسي

- The children played today, because it was very hot outside. WB
 - indoor
 - indoors
 - outside
 - outsides
- Hisham was born in 1981, which was in the last WB
 - year
 - month
 - day
 - century
- Be careful in that shop. It sells , which breaks easily. WB
 - stones
 - iron
 - pottery
 - steel
- My mother has some beautiful , which she got from her mother when she got married. WB
 - rocks
 - jewellery
 - trees
 - coffin
- I a room with my friend. أسئلة كتاب الباهر
 - cheered
 - divided
 - shared
 - spilt
- Thank you your email.
 - for
 - with
 - to
 - on
- Suez is in the of Egypt.
 - eastern
 - western
 - northern
 - east
- You should good decisions.
 - do
 - make
 - grow
 - break
- A is a period of one hundred years.
 - decade
 - century
 - month
 - week
- I'd like to you to my birthday party.
 - invent
 - discover
 - invite
 - explore

Test Based on Unit (1)

1) Finish the following dialogue:

Marwa and Manar are talking about a school trip to the Red Sea.

Manar : Hi, Marwa. Where were you last Friday?

Marwa : Hi, Manar. (1)

Manar : (2) ..?

Marwa : We went with our teachers.

Manar : What did you do there?

Marwa : (3) ..?

Manar : (4) ..?

Marwa : We went by bus.

Manar : Did you enjoy your time?

Marwa : (5) ..

2) Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1. You suggest going to the museum.

.....
2. You ask about the way to the bank.

.....
3. You are asked about your favourite type of transport.

3) Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

I am Sherif and I live in Ismailia which is between Port Said and Suez. The Suez Canal runs through the city before it reaches the sea. Ismailia is beautiful. There are attractive buildings, interesting monuments and lots of gardens. Around 350,000 people live here, but there isn't a lot of traffic so there isn't much pollution. Ismailia is peaceful, but it isn't boring! There are lots of things to do here, especially at the weekend. On Friday afternoons, I often go to Lake Timsah, which is near the city, with my family. It's a beautiful lake with beaches around it. On Saturday mornings, I have tennis lessons at the sports centre at 9 am. Sometimes I go swimming in the afternoon with my friend, Sayed. There are some interesting museums in Ismailia! My favourite is the Natural Science Museum because I'm interested in animals. It's a good place to go at the weekend.

A) Answer the following questions:

1. Where is Ismailia?
.....
2. What does the writer do on Saturday mornings?
.....
3. What are the places to visit near Ismailia?
.....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. Ismailia has buildings and interesting museums.
a) attractive b) ugly c) terrible d) horrible
5. Around 350 people live in Ismailia.
a) million b) billion c) thousand d) hundred
6. Timsah is beautiful with beaches around it.
a) Sea b) River c) Ocean d) Lake

4) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. I usually go to the to see colorful fish.
a) bank b) library c) bakery d) aquarium
2. Which does the train leave from?
a) pavement b) lake c) ocean d) platform
3. The plane at 7:45 pm.
a) arriving b) arrives c) is arriving d) arrive
4. A is an area between two mountains.
a) valley b) star c) floor d) hill
5. I always go to the zoo the weekend.
a) on b) in c) at d) up
6. A is a form of transport that uses a rail.
a) boat b) tram c) plane d) ship

5) Complete with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. He was born (at) 1996.
2. When (do) the lesson start?
3. The bus (is leaving) at 9:30 am.

6) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(expensive - electric - travel - fly - tram)

Lots of people in Alexandria use the (1) to travel around the city. It's a great way to (2) It's easy to use and it isn't (3) Trams are (4), so they are better for the environment.

7) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. He arrives at school early. (late)
.....
2. She never plays handball. (doesn't)
.....
3. They visit their grandfather from time to time. (sometimes)
.....

8) Write a paragraph of about one HUNDRED (100) words about:

(A visit to El-Orman Garden)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Al-Azhar Questions

1) Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:

- 1 Mona : What about going to the cinema?
Dalia :
- 2 Ali : ?
Ahmed : Go straight on, then turn right. The bank is next to the library.

2) Match the places with what you can do there:

- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| 1. aquarium | a) You can borrow and save money. |
| 2. bank | b) You can borrow and read books. |
| 3. botanical gardens | c) You can play volleyball, tennis and other sports. |
| 4. library | d) You can see beautiful fish. |
| 5. sports centre | e) You can see trees and other interesting plants. |

3) Match the words and the definitions:

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| 1. lake | a) calm and quiet |
| 2. monument | b) cars, lorries and motorbikes that use a road |
| 3. peaceful | c) more than usual |
| 4. traffic | d) a large area of water with land around it |
| 5. especially | e) something that people build to remember an important person or event |

4) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(eastern - ferry - platform - starts - in)

- We take the to cross the river.
- The train leaves from 5.
- I often do my homework the afternoon.
- Port Said is in Egypt.
- The film at 6:15 pm.