

**A- Read the following text and choose the correct answer: (72 marks)**

Poetry has been around for thousands of years. However, we might think of the epic poem as the first instance of poetry, appearing as early as the 20<sup>th</sup> century B.C. the epic of Gilgamesh is often cited as one of the earliest works of epic poetry, dating back to the 18<sup>th</sup> century B.C. consisting of Sumerian poems, it is a text that was discovered through many different Babylonian tablet versions during archaeological excavations. A list of the most notable works of epic poetry would have to include the Iliad and the Odyssey, both works of Greek mythology that have been attributed to Homer. The sonnet form became best known as an English poetic form through the work of Shakespeare in the 16<sup>th</sup> century. Elizabethan poetry of the 1500s soon shifted into Restoration Poetry and a marked turn away from the sonnet. Following the reign of Queen Elizabeth I, the English Restoration period, from 1660 to 1689, saw the rise of literary elites, such as John Dryden, perhaps one of the best known names of English literary criticism, translation, drama, and poetry. The form of the mock-heroic and the use of poetic form for satire did not end with Dryden. Alexander Pope, most famous for his work *The Rape of the Lock* carried on Dryden's tradition of using poetry for comedic ends.

- The first type of poetry was about war.
  - True
  - False
- Gilgamesh was written in the eighteenth century AD.
  - True
  - False
- The epic Gilgamesh contains:
  - Sumerian poetry
  - Phoenician sonnets
  - Babylonian drama
  - Canaanite prose
- Homer was famous for writing.....
  - sonnets
  - Elizabethan poetry
  - about legends
  - Renaissance poetry
- .....was famous for writing the "Rape of the Lock"
  - Shakespeare
  - Dryden
  - Homer
  - Pope
- The word "it" in bold refers to:
  - sonnet
  - Iliad
  - Gilgamesh
  - Odyssey

**B- Read the following text, then Choose the correct answer: (72 marks)**

John Keats (1795-1821) was a prominent English poet in the second generation of the Romantic era, along with Lord Byron and Percy Bysshe Shelley. He devoted his short life to the perfection of a poetry marked by vivid imagery, great touching appeal, and an attempt to express a philosophy through classical legend. John Keats wrote sonnets, odes, and epics. All his greatest poetry was written in a single year, 1819: *Lamia*, *The Eve of St. Agnes*, the great odes: *To a Nightingale*, *On Melancholy*, and *To Autumn*, and the two unfinished versions of an epic on Hyperion. Today his poems and letters remain among the most popular and analysed in English literature. Keats is remarkably a sensitive collector, organiser and transmitter of sensations, who tasted to the full, the beauties of the world and sought to increase them in his writings.

- John Keats is an Arabian poet.
  - True
  - False
- John Keats wrote most of his works in one year.
  - True
  - False
- If you read John Keats's poetry, you will see his.....
  - humanity.
  - Love
  - Family
  - respect
- John Keats wrote many.....
  - books
  - verses
  - letters
  - messages
- John Keats died at the age of.....
  - 50
  - 29
  - 51
  - 49
- Which information isn't false about text?
  - You cannot write books without reading.
  - You can read sonnets anywhere.
  - If you read, you will be a bad person.
  - You will be happy if you don't read.

**C- Choose the correct answer: (156 marks)**

- A poem of song.
  - eagerly
  - devote
  - aggressive
  - ode
- Making fun of people.
  - satire
  - mock
  - metre
  - sonnet
- Epics are the recent form of poetry.
  - True
  - False
- A poem of 14 lines.
  - sonnet
  - appeal
  - mock
  - verse
- A serious and urgent request.
  - debote
  - aggressive
  - appeal
  - eagerly

18. Farmers cut 1500 square kilometers of rainforests.....  
 a. for three years                      c. while  
 b. recently                                d. always
19. Houses are..... built by MH. Company now.  
 a. be                                        c. been  
 b. bieng                                    d. being
20. In passive voice, the subject is.....  
 a. before the verb                      c. after "by"  
 b. deleted                                 d. «b» or «c»
21. Some channels must .... deleted by YouTube, It's enough.  
 a. been                                      c. be  
 b. being                                     d. bing
22. All teams ..... by the police and they died three days ago.  
 a. stopped                                 c. have been stopped  
 b. were stopped                         d. were being stopped
23. Papers could be .... by our team.  
 a. sat                                        c. are sat  
 b. sit                                         d. have been sat
24. Bridges were ..... built by the government of the river  
 a. been                                      c. be  
 b. being                                     d. being
25. The paintings ..... by the organizers till the end of the month.  
 a. will exhibited                         c. will be exhibited  
 b. will be exhibit                         d. will exhibit
26. A search ..... by the police before I established my Easy.  
 a. had written                            c. have been written  
 b. had been written                      d. written
27. Windows .... by teacher, it's cold.  
 a. have closed                            c. have been closed  
 b. had closed                              d. are being closed
28. I think that all people ..... their mobiles in particular in 2029.  
 a. will be imprisoned                    c. will be imprison  
 b. will imprisoned                        d. are imprison
29. This office ..... cleaned in this day,  
 a. can't be                                 c. doesn't  
 b. won't                                    d. didn't
30. Food ..... by farmers all over the country.  
 a. grows                                    c. has grown  
 b. is grown                                d. are growing
31. Many places in Aleppo .... so far.  
 a. has built                                c. have been built  
 b. have built                              d. has been built
32. Sara..... her cake made every year.  
 a. have                                      c. had  
 b. has                                        d. has had
33. The Thinker..... an application that help students.  
 a. is                                         c. was  
 b. been                                      d. none
34. Gana.....go at school.  
 a. doesn't                                 c. hasn't  
 b. didn't                                  d. wasn't
35. My bedroom..... now.  
 a. was being painted                    c. have been painted  
 b. has been painted                    d. is being painted
36. "The computers at school are old dinosaurs."  
 It is a:  
 a. simile                                  c. personification  
 b. metaphor                              d. none
37. She is a lion:  
 a. Simile                                  c. Metaphor  
 b. Personification                      d. none
38. Blind justice was not on his side.  
 a. Simile                                  c. Metaphor  
 b. Personification                      d. none
- A- Make questions: (40 marks)**
39. A: .....? B: Yes, I will go at school  
 40. A:.....? B: They lived in Raqqa  
 41. A:.....? B: The meeting is tomorrow.  
 42. A: ....? B: He is civil engineer in Almadina.
- B- Choose the wrong part in each sentence: (20 marks)**
43. They are hearing their speech.  
 a                      b                      c                      d
44. We will played there for ten minutes.  
 a                      b                      c                      d
45. The brain closing by his owner.  
 a                      b                      c                      d
46. What are the child doing in the garden?  
 a                      b                      c                      d
- C- Translate into English: /20 marks/**
- |           |         |            |       |
|-----------|---------|------------|-------|
| Meeting   | لقاء    | Happy      | سعيد  |
| Yesterday | البارحة | University | جامعة |
| Get up    | يستيقظ  | Make       | يصنع  |
| Car       | سيارة   | Men        | رجال  |
| Visit     | يزور    | there      | هناك  |
47. عندما زرت والدي، رأيت أحمد هناك.  
 48. السيارات تقاد بواسطة الرجال عادة.  
 49. ذهبت البارحة إلى الجامعة.  
 50. أستيقظ كل يوم في الساعة صباحاً.  
 51. أنا سعيد جداً للقاءك.  
 52. صنعتها بمفردي

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