



موقع سوريا التعليمية

قناة التيلجرام

<https://t.me/syriaST>

بكالوريا... الصوتيات والألفاظ
لفظ ال (ed) في نهاية الكلمة

تلفظ ال (ed) ك (t)... إذا سبقها أحد الأحرف التالية

p, f, k, s, sh, ch, th,

/p/, /f/, /k/, /s/, /ʃ/, /tʃ/

matched, asked, talked, passed, dressed, helped, finished, missed, washed,

تلفظ ال (ed) ك (d)... إذا سبقها أحد الأحرف التالية

b, v, z, j, l, n, m, r

believed, improved, phoned, ordered, screamed, called, realised

تلفظ ال (ed) ك (id)... إذا سبقها حرفي ال d أو t

reminded, started, recorded, painted, connected, ended,

wanted, educated, needed

Elision

الإخفاء أو الحذف

في اللغة الانكليزية عند التكلم، قد تختفي بعض الأصوات، يتم إخفاء الصوتين /t/ و /d/ عندما يوجدان بين حرفين ساكنين آخرين.
أمثلة

I don't know

I watch(ed) TV last night

1 My lan(d)lady bought a new han(d)bag the other day.

2 The firs(t) girl earn(ed) twenty poun(d)s.

3 The secon(d) boy waited for half an hour.

4 I don'(t) know when they finish(ed) work yesterday.

5 I don'(t) like fas(t) food as a rule.

6 It was a perfect afternoon, perfec(t)ly marvellous.

7 Raise both your han(d)s slowly into the air.

8 I watch TV most evenings; in fact I watch(ed) it for five hours las(t) night.

1. My neighbour aske(d) me over for dinner.

2. My bes(t) frien(d) let me borrow his car.

3. I don'(t) know when it is the bes(t) time to call you.

4. They wen(t) fishing on a boat.

5. Don't hol(d)back - say what you mean.

6. Can you len(d) me some money?

voiced sounds و voiceless sounds الفرق بين

voiceless sounds

ch, f, k, p, s, sh, t, th ث

/p/, /t/, /k/, /θ/, /s/, /ʃ/, /tʃ/,

voiced sounds

b, d, g, j, l, m, n, ng, r, sz, th ذ, v, w, y,

/dʒ/, /ʒ/, /z/, /ð/, /v/, /g/, /d/, /b/, /ŋ/, /r/

voiced : answer, show, run, sing, young, judge

John, gentle, January, zoo, zigzag, zone

voiceless : laugh, sick, ash, path

church, child, chair, sister, Simon, see

الأسماء ، الصفات والأفعال المكونة من مقطعين لفظيين

عندما يكون الإسم (**noun**) (كلمة تشير إلى شخص أو شئ أو مكان أو تكون صفة مجردة) أو صفة (**adjective**) (كلمة تعطي معلومات عن شئ) مقطعين .
تكون الشذة عادةً على المقطع الأول .
أمثلة :

table(TA-ble)
scissors(SC-ssors)
pretty(PRE-tty)
clever(CLE-ver)

الأفعال **verbs** وحروف الجر **prepositions** ذات مقطعين لفظيين
عندما يكون الفعل **verb** (كلمة تشير إلى فعل أو حدث أو حالة أو وجود) أو حرف جر **preposition** (كلمة تأتي قبل اسم أو ضمير أو صيغة **-ing** من الفعل ، وتظهر علاقتها بأخر كلمة ، وجزء من الجملة) يحتوي على مقطعين ، تكون الشذة عادةً في المقطع الثاني .
أمثلة :

present ... (pre-SENT)
export (ex-PORT)
aside ... (a-SIDE)
between (be-TWEEN)

* بعض الكلمات في اللغة الانجليزية يمكن أن تكون اسماً أو فعلاً **verb or noun** في المقطع الثاني .
في هذه الحالة ، يكون للإسم تأكيد على المقطع الأول ، ومع الفعل ، يقع التشديد على المقطع الثاني .

A)

1. The "ed" in the word "believed" is pronounced as
a. / t / b. / d / c. / ed / d. / id /
2. The "ed" in the word "asked" is pronounced as
a. / t / b. / d / c. / ed / d. / id /
3. The "ed" in the word "finished" is pronounced as
a. / t / b. / d / c. / ed / d. / id /
4. The "ed" in the word "wanted" is pronounced as
a. / t / b. / d / c. / ed / d. / id /
5. The "ed" in the word "passed" is pronounced as
a. / t / b. / d / c. / ed / d. / id /
6. The "ed" in the word "dressed" is pronounced as
a. / t / b. / d / c. / ed / d. / id /
7. Which word has the ending (ed) is pronounced as / t / ?
a. asked b. connected c. painted d. improved
8. Which word has the ending (ed) is pronounced as / id / ?
a. screamed b. phoned c. passed d. educated
9. Which word has the ending (ed) is pronounced as / d / ?
a. reminded b. phoned c. finished d. missed
10. Which word has the ending (ed) is pronounced as / t / ?
a. helped b. called c. needed d. ordered

B)

1. Which word in this sentences has eluted letter .
" My landlady bought a bag "
a. My b. landlady c. bought d. bag
2. Which word in this sentences has eluted letter .
" The first girl is a successful student " .

- a. girlb. firstc. studentd. successful
3. Which word in this sentences has eluted letter ,
" The second boy waited for half an hour " .
a. Theb. waitedc. secondd. boy
4. Which word in this sentences has eluted letter
" I don't know when they arrived yesterday " .
a. don'tb. arrivedc. theyd. know
5. Which word in this sentences has eluted letter
" I don't like fast interesting food " .
a. don'tb. likec. interestingd. food
6. Which word in this sentences has eluted letter
" It was a perfect afternoon , perfectly marvellous " .
a. wasb. perfectc. perfectlyd. marvellous
7. Which word in this sentences has eluted letter
" Raise both your hands slowly into the air " .
a. Riaseb. handsc. slowlyd. air
8. Which word in this sentences has eluted letter
" I watch TV most evening , in fact I watched it for five hours last evening " .
a. eveningb. watchedc. watchd. last

C)

1. Which sound in **bold** is voiceless ?
a. **z**oneb. **ch**urchc. **J**anuaryd. zigzag
2. Which sound in **bold** is voiced ?
a. **l**aughb. **s**ickc. **s**ingd. **a**sh
3. Which sound in **bold** is voiced ?
a. **b**etb. **s**ickc. **p**athd. **a**sh
4. Which sound in **bold** is voiceless ?
a. **sh**owb. **s**ingc. **z**ood. **a**nswer
5. Which sound in **bold** is voiced ?
a. **j**udgeb. **r**ushc. **S**imond. **s**ister
6. Which sound in **bold** is voiceless ?
a. **J**anuaryb. **ch**urchc. **z**oned. **g**entle
7. Which sound in **bold** is voiced ?
a. **z**oob. **s**isterc. **S**imond. **ch**ild
8. Which sound in **bold** is voiced ?
a. **s**eeb. **ch**airc. **s**isterd. **g**entle

D)

1. According to the stress , the word " **record** " is
a. verbb. nounc. adverbd. adjective
2. According to the stress , the word " **project** " is
a. verbb. nounc. adverbd. adjective
3. According to the stress , the word , " **recall** " is
a. verbb. nounc. adverbd. adjective
4. 1. According to the stress , the word " **decrease** " is
a. verbb. nounc. adverbd. adjective
5. 1. According to the stress , the word " **subject** " is
a. verbb. nounc. adverbd. adjective
6. According to the stress , the word " **conflict** " is
a. verbb. nounc. adverbd. adjective
7. According to the stress , the word " **recall** " is
a. verbb. nounc. adverbd. adjective
8. According to the stress , the word " **decrease** " is
a. verbb. nounc. adverbd. adjective

9. According to the stress, the word "increase" is

- a. verbb. nounc. adverbd. adjective

الحرف الصامت في الكلمة هو حرف مكتوب ولكن لا يتم نطقه.

logicallyclimbhalfpennyalight ...mnemonicautumnmuscle exhaust Wednesday
.....businessmakecalm ...knifesword castlecolleague

ghostguitarsalmontissue whalescissorsknot kneebombwrist

silent "k" ...knotknee knockknightknow

silent "h" rhymehonest where choir

silent "b" ...combthumbcrumbdoubt ...

silent "l" calmyolkshould talk

silent "w"wrong answer wholewritewrist

cutekite ... ratehate note bite

E)

1. Which of these words has silent letter ?

- a. angryb. alightc. getd. down

1. Which of these words has silent letter ?

- a. weakb. temperc. happend. knot

3. Which of these words has silent letter ?

- a. writeb. nearc. spendd. fan

4. Which of these words has silent letter ?

- a. referb. musclec. virusesd. important

5. Which of these words has silent letter ?

- a. breakb. wristc. beachd. referee

6. Which of these words has silent letter ?

- a. jobb. crumbc. beend. spend

7. Which of these words has silent letter ?

- a. askb. kneec. personald. think

8. Which of these words has silent letter ?

- a. systemb. actionc. reactiond. calm

9. Which of these words has silent letter ?

- a. developb. colleaguec. resistantd. family

10. Which word in this sentence has a silent letter ?

" In my country , most rain falls in autumn and winter " .

- a. countryb. rainc. autumnd. winter

11. Which word in this sentence has a silent letter ?

" We visited the church and the castle when we went to the ancient city " .

- a. churchb. castlec. ancientd. city

12. Which word in this sentence has a silent letter ?

" Who wants to be a millionaire is a general knowledge quiz " .

- a. quizb. millionairc. generald. knowledge

13. Which word in this sentence has a silent letter ?

" Exuse me , your answer isn't right , it's wrong " .

- a. Exuseb. yourc. med. wrong

غالبًا ما يتم تشديد ضغط المقطع من خلال البادئات واللواحق التي تمت إضافتها إلى الشكل الأساسي للكلمة. في الكلمات ذات البادئات مثل **a , un , be , in , pro , ex , ob , dis** ، إلخ ، يكون التشديد دائمًا تقريبًا على المقطع الثاني أو الثالث ، أي لا يتم التأكيد على البادئات في الكلمات الإنجليزية. وبالمثل ، لم يتم التأكيد على اللواحق مثل **-ness** و **-able** و **-ous** وما إلى ذلك.

DANgerousunbeLIEVableilLEGAL imPROBableaCCOUNTablereSPECTable
preDICTablesuGGESTibleimPOSSible suPERlativediSTINCTiveinterACTIVE
unSAFEmisbeHAVEreUSE ,
incoRRECTindePENDentinsuFFicient

F)

1. Which word has the first syllable stressed ?
a. reuseb. suggestablec. dangerousd. illegal
2. Which word has the second syllable stressed ?
a. dangerousb. impossiblec. shootingd. mountain
3. Which word has the first syllable stressed ?
a. independentb. unsafec. misbehaved. painting
4. Which word has the second syllable stressed ?
a. freedomb. servicec. humand. insecure

Homographs

الكلمات المتجانسة هي الكلمات التي يتم تهجتها بنفس الطريقة ولكن لها معاني مختلفة تماما وأصلها وربما نطقها

G)

1. The word " **bow** " in the sentence
" After shooting the bull with his bow " means
a. a weapon used for shooting arrowsb. the polite gesture of bending at the waist
c. to disagreed. the moving of air
2. The word " **bow** " in the sentence
" The Spanish archer made a grand bow " means
a. a weapon used for shooting arrowsb. the polite gesture of bending at the waist.....c. to
disagreed. the moving of air
3. The word " **close** " in the sentence
" She went to the store close to her house " means
a. to shutb. to openc. being nearbyd. an item
4. The word " **close** " in the sentence
" The woman was careful to close and lock the front door " means
a. to shutb. to openc. being nearbyd. an item
5. The word " **lead** " in the sentence
" The city took the lead " means.....
a. being nearbyb. to disagreec. type of metald. starting in front
6. The word " **lead** " in the sentence
" Getting lead out of the municipal waste " means
a. starting in frontb. type of metalc. being nearbyd. to disagree
7. The word " **wind** " in the sentence
" The wind blew softly " means
a. to move or have a curving courseb. an itemc. type of metal
d. the moving of air
8. The word " **wind** " in the sentence
" we watched the river wind its way through the valley " means
a. to move or have a curving courseb. the moving air
c. an itemd. to disagree
9. The word " **object** " in the sentence
" I object to be given this present " means
a. an itemb. to disagreec. to shut d. being nearby
10. The word " **object** " in the sentence
" I refused to be given this object " means
a. an itemb. to disagreec. to shutd. the moving air
11. The word " **present** " in the sentence
" It is the perfect time to present the gift to your mother " means

a. to surviveb. to shutc. to offer , gived. not dead

12. The word " present " in the sentence

" It is the perfect time to give the present to your mother " means

a. twisted or wrapped aroundb. a giftc. nearbyd. an item

13. The word " tears " in the sentence

" She has tears in her eyes " means

a. to damageb. drops of liquid come out of eyesc. an injury in the skin d. to survive

14. The word " tears " in the sentence

" She feels sad whenever she tears old photos " means

a. to shutb. to damagec. an injury in the skind. twisted or wrapped around

15. The word " wound " in the sentence

" The bandage was put around the wound " means

a. to shutb . to survivec. an injury in the skind. twisted or wrapped around

16 The word " wound " in the sentence

" The wound was put around the injury " means

a. to shutb . to survivec. an injury in the skind. twisted or wrapped around

17. The word " live " in the sentence

" How long will the live fish stay without food ? " means

a. nearb. to shutc. to survived. not dead

18. The word " live " in the sentence " How long will the survived fish live without food ? " means

a. nearb. to shutc. to survived. not dead

19. The word " close " in the sentence " The shoes were too close to the door " means

a. to shutb. to disagreec. farawayd. near

20 .The word " close " in the sentence " He can't close the door " means

a. to shutb. to disagreec. farawayd. near

طرح الأسئلة يتبع نمطين

صوت صاعد في نهاية السؤال

إذا كان السؤال هو نعم / لا سؤال ، يرتفع الصوت في نهاية السؤال

e.g. Are you going to the party tonight?

Have you got a pen?

سقوط الصوت في نهاية السؤال

إذا كان السؤال عبارة عن سؤال يتعلق بالمعلومات - بعبارة أخرى ، إذا كنت تطرح سؤالاً حول "أين" ، "متى" ، "ماذا" ، "والذي" ،

"لماذا" ، "ما هو / أي نوع من .." ، و مع "كيف" ، دع صوتك يسقط في نهاية السؤال

e.g. What's the time? Where do you live?

Question Tag علامات السؤال

تستخدم علامات الاستفهام لتأكيد المعلومات أو لطلب التوضيح. التجويد يختلف في كل حالة

سؤال علامات للتأكيد

إذا كنت تعتقد أنك تعرف شيئاً ما ، ولكنك ترغب في تأكيده ، دع صوتك يقع في علامة السؤال

e.g. You're French, aren't you?

He's very tall, isn't he?

علامات سؤال لطرح التوضيح

عند استخدام علامة استفهام للتوضيح ، دع الصوت يرتفع ليعلم المستمع أنك تتوقع المزيد من المعلومات

e.g. You're French, aren't you?

Your train leaves at six, doesn't it?

في الأسئلة التي تقدم اختيارات ، يرتفع صوت المتحدث عند الاختيار (الخيارات) الأول ، ويقع على الخيار الأخير

e.g. Do you prefer reading poetry or prose?

Would you rather be a doctor, a psychologist or an engineer?

H)

1. Which of these questions has a (rise) intonation ?
 - a. What time does the museum open ?
 - b. Would you like to walk or take the bus ?
 - c. Do you like pop music ?
 - d. People use first name here , don't they ?
2. Which of these questions has a (fall) intonation ?
 - a. Do you like pop music ?
 - b. Would you like to walk or to take the bus ?
 - c. The movie was great , wasn't it ?
 - d. People use first name here , don't they ?

K)

1. Which one of the underlined auxiliary verb has a **weak** form ?
 - a. " Can I help you ? " " Sure , you can . "
 - b. " Has he paid the bill ? " " Yes , he has . "
 - c. " Are they here ? " " Yes , they are . "
 - d. " Can you help me ? " " I'm tired . "
2. Which one of the underlined auxiliary verb has a **strong** form ?
 - a. He's my best teacher .
 - b. Do they play any sport ?
 - c. Yes , there are
 - d. Does she speak French ?

الربط الصوتي هو طريقة لربط نطق كلمتين بحيث يسهل نطقهما ويتدفقان معاً بسلاسة . يتطابق الارتباط مع حرف العلة عندما تنتهي كلمة واحدة بصوت ساكن وتبدأ الكلمة التالية بصوت متحرك ، يتم ربط الكلمات معاً .

L)

1. One of the underlined words are linked together .
 - a. The play had started .
 - b. She has eaten dinner .
 - c. I went to school yesterday .
 - d. I am reading a book .
2. One of the underlined words are linked together .
 - a. I'm going to school .
 - b. Ted is using a computer .
 - c. I would study more
 - d. I leave my house so early .

الحلول

A)

1.b 2.a 3. a 4. d 5.a 6. a 7.a 8.d 9.b 10.a

B)

1.b 2.b 3.c 4.a 5.a 6.c 7.b 8.b

C)

1.b 2.c 3.a 4.a 5.a 6.b 7.a 8.d

D)

1.b 2.a 3.a 4.b 5.b 6.b 7.b 8.a 9.b

E)

1.b.....2.d.....3.a.....4.b.....5.b.....6.b.....7.b.....8.d.....9.b
10.c.....11.b.....12.d.....13.d

F)
1.c.....2.b.....3.d.....4.d

G)
1.a.....2.b.....3.c.....4.a.....5.d.....6.b.....7.d.....8.a.....9.b
10.a.....11.c.....12.b.....13.b.....14.b.....15.c.....16.d
17.d.....18.c.....19.c.....20.a

K)
1.d.....2.c

H)
1.c.....2.b

L)
1.d.....2.b

مذاهب الدين

بوت مكتبة سوريا التعليمية
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