

Third Prep

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Second Term

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دكتوراه في المناهج وطرق تدريس اللغة

الإنجليزية ومعلم أول لغة إنجليزية

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مراجعة ليلة الإمتحان للصف الثالث الإعدادي ٢٠٢٥ (الترم الثاني)

ملحوظة: هذه المراجعة تم تصميمها لكي تستغرق ٣ حصص.

١ السؤال الأول (المحادثة)

سؤال المحادثة به خمس فراغات. مطلوب منك أن تملأ هذه الفراغات بخمس جمل كاملة وليس كلمات. وهذه الفراغات تكون عبارة عن فراغين لتكوين السؤال و٣ فراغات لتكوين الإجابة.

1. Finish the following dialogue:

الجيزة ٢٠٢٣

Faten and Huda are talking about spending their last Mid-year holiday.

Faten: Good morning, Huda.

Huda: Good morning, Faten. Where did you go last Mid-year holiday?

Faten: ①

Huda: Alexandria! Which places did you visit there?

Faten: ②

Huda: ③

Faten: I went with my family.

Huda: ④

Faten: Of course, you can come with us next holiday.

Huda: ⑤

2. Finish the following dialogue:

القليوبية ٢٠٢٣

Essam and Adel are talking about next summer holiday.

Essam: Hello, Adel. Where will you go next summer holiday?

Adel: ①

Essam: Sharm ElSheikh! ②

Adel: I will go with my friend, Asser.

Essam: ③

Adel: No, we will stay in a hotel.

Essam: How will you go?

Adel: ④

Essam: How long will you stay?

Adel: ⑤

3. Finish the following dialogue:

الفيوم ٢٠٢٣

Hagar is talking to Reem about some interesting animals.

Hagar: Are you interested in animals, Reem?

Reem: ①

Hagar: ②

Reem: I like orangutans most.

Hagar: ③

Reem: They live in rainforests. Have you ever seen an orangutan?

Hagar: ④

Reem: What about you? Which animal do you like most?

Hagar: ⑤ They live in polar habitats.

Reem: I wonder how the polar bears can live there.

4. Finish the following dialogue:

دمياط ٢٠٢٣

Atef is talking to a tourist about his visit to Egypt.

Atef: Hello.

Tourist: Hello.

Atef: Is it your first visit to Egypt?

Tourist: ① I came here with my wife before.

Atef: ②?

Tourist: I come from Ireland.

Atef: ③?

Tourist: I will stay in Egypt for two weeks.

Atef: What cities are you going to visit?

Tourist: ④

Atef: Sure, Aswan and Luxor are interesting places to visit. I wish you an enjoyable visit.

Tourist: ⑤

5. Finish the following dialogue:

السويس ٢٠٢٣

Sabah is talking to Maged who is planting a tree.

Sabah: Hello, Maged. ①

Maged: I'm planting a tree.

Sabah: Do you know how to plant a tree?

Maged: ②

Sabah: Who taught you how to plant a tree?

Maged: ③

Sabah: Are trees useful for our environment?

Maged: ④

Sabah: ⑤

Maged: Trees are useful because they keep the air clean.

6. Finish the following dialogue:

بني سويف ٢٠٢٣

Ahmed and Adel are talking about the next holiday.

Ahmed: Hello, Adel. Where will you spend the holiday?

Adel: ①

Ahmed: How long will you stay there?

Adel: ②

Ahmed: ③

Adel: No, I won't stay in a hotel.

Ahmed: Where will you stay?

Adel: ④

Ahmed: ⑤

Adel: I will go there with my family.

7. Finish the following dialogue:

المنيا ٢٠٢٣

Ashraf is telling Adel about his tennis training.

- Adel:** Where are you going, Ashraf?
Ashraf: ①.....
Adel: What will you do there?
Ashraf: ②.....
Adel: ③.....?
Ashraf: Yes. I like tennis.
Adel: ④.....?
Ashraf: Captain Mohammed is my trainer.
Adel: May I come with you next training?
Ashraf: ⑤.....

8. Finish the following dialogue:

أسيوط ٢٠٢٣

Heba and Sara are talking in the library

- Heba:** Hello, Sara. What are you doing here?
Sara: Hello, Heba. ①.....
Heba: Reading a book! ②.....?
Sara: It's about the Pyramids at Giza.
Heba: Have you ever visited the Pyramids?
Sara: ③.....
Heba: ④.....?
Sara: I visited them last holiday.
Heba: How did you go there?
Sara: ⑤.....

9. Finish the following dialogue:

البحر الأحمر ٢٠٢٣

Huda and Salma are talking about Salma's new mobile.

- Huda:** Is this mobile new?
Salma: ①.....
Huda: Who bought it for you?
Salma: ②.....
Huda: ③.....?
Salma: Because I have passed my final exams.
Huda: ④.....?
Salma: It's L.E. 2500.
Huda: What colour is it?
Salma: ⑤.....

10. Finish the following dialogue:

قنا ٢٠٢٣

Esraa is asking Basma about her future job.

- Esraa:** Hi, Basma. Where have you been?
Basma: ①.....
Esraa: The library! ②.....?
Basma: Because I am doing research about media.
Esraa: What job would you like to do in the future?

- Basma:** ③
- Esraa:** Why do you want to do this job?
- Basma:** ④
- Esraa:** Great! ⑤
- Basma:** Sure, a journalist needs special skills.

11. Finish the following dialogue:

أسوان ٢٠٢٣

A student is talking to his/ her teacher about the solar system.

- Student:** Nice to meet you, sir. Can I ask you a few questions?
- Teacher:** ① What questions would you like to ask?
- Student:** ②
- Teacher:** There are eight planets in the solar system. What else?
- Student:** ③
- Teacher:** No, the sun is a star not a planet.
- Student:** How can we see the stars?
- Teacher:** ④
- Student:** Yes, the telescope is a good idea. ⑤
- Teacher:** You're welcome.

السؤال الثاني (إملاء الفراغات) ٢

مطلوب من الطالب في هذا السؤال أن يكمل الفراغات الأربعة بكلمات من القائمة (٣ فراغات تقيس إلمامه بالمفردات وفراغ واحد يقيس فهمه للقواعد).

1. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

القليوبية ٢٠٢٣

If - full - wealth - unless - fill - valuable

Health is better than ① One cannot exchange health for all the money in the world because health is the most ② gift from Allah. A sick person lives a bad life ③ of pain, weakness and suffering. He feels that he is a real trouble to his family. He loses the nice taste of food. You can't enjoy good health ④ you practice suitable exercises.

① ② ③ ④

2. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

الفيوم ٢٠٢٣

will send - advantage - mobile phone - would send - disadvantage - talk

In my opinion, the most important invention of the last hundred years is the ① I can put numbers into my phone and ② to people anywhere. If I do not have much time, I ③ a text message. The ④ is that the cost of international calls can be expensive.

① ② ③ ④

3. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

دمياط ٢٠٢٣

calls - for - astronauts - since - spacecraft - plane

The international space station is a huge ① 70 Km above the Earth. It is a place where ② live and work when they go into space. Most astronauts stay on the space station ③ about six months. They can send-mails or make phone ④ to the Earth.

① ② ③ ④

4. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

السويس ٢٠٢٣

above - satellites - under - moon - space - sun

Dr Farouk El Baz is one of the most important scientists. He was a ① scientist and geologist. He worked with NASA. He helped to plan where Apollo II should land on the ② He also started studying deserts on the Earth. He used ③ to find rivers that were ④ the sand.

① ② ③ ④

5. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

بني سويف ٢٠٢٣

so - solar - climate - because - recycle - environment

We should do our best to keep the environment clean. We mustn't cut down trees ① they absorb carbon dioxide. Also, we mustn't burn fossil fuels to avoid ② change. That's why we should use renewable energy such as ③ energy and wind power. So, we will be able to live in a safe ④

① ② ③ ④

6. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

المنيا ٢٠٢٣

presenter - media - study - studying - designer - satellites

Sara, Nada and Reem are friends. They have been ① social ② for three years. Both Sara and Nada are interested in the news. Sara wants to be a journalist. Nada is a very good newsreader. However, she hates to be on TV. She wants to be a radio ③ Reem is interested in websites. She wants to be a web ④

① ② ③ ④

7. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

أسيوط ٢٠٢٣

absorb - burn - environment - fuels - burning - electricity

We should do our best to keep the ❶ safe and clean. We shouldn't cut down trees because they ❷ carbon dioxide. We should reduce using fossil ❸ We also should use cleaner forms of energy. We must avoid ❹ rubbish. This may protect our planet.

❶ ❷ ❸ ❹

8. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

البحر الأحمر ٢٠٢٣

ear - difficult - opinion - used - cities - uses

Some people like living in big ❶, but other people don't like it. In my ❷, living in big cities is very ❸ now. I prefer living in the countryside. It is much quieter, cleaner and healthier. Our grandparents ❹ to live in villages to enjoy the pure life, fresh air and quiet atmosphere.

❶ ❷ ❸ ❹

9. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

قنا ٢٠٢٣

orbits - sent - astronauts - spacecraft - was sent - foreigners

The International Space Station is a huge ❶ 70 km above the Earth. The first piece of it ❷ into space in 1998. It's a place where ❸ live and work when they go into space. The space station ❹ the Earth every day.

❶ ❷ ❸ ❹

10. Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

أسوان ٢٠٢٣

information - media - become - job - becomes - solutions

A journalist collects and presents ❶ as a news story. This can be presented through newspapers, magazines, radio, television and the internet. Journalism has ❷ opportunities. Within different areas of ❸ (radio, television, newspapers, magazines, etc.), there are specialized tasks for journalists. I would like to ❹ a journalist one day.

❶ ❷ ❸ ❹

٣ السؤال الثالث (القطعة)

- اقرأ الأسئلة أكثر من مرة قبل قراءة القطعة لكي تعرف معني السؤال (فهم السؤال نصف الإجابة).
- اقرأ القطعة أكثر من مرة حتى تفهمها جيداً.

1. Read the following text, then answer the questions:

الفيوم ٢٠٢٣

Nothing can live without energy. People, animals and plants need energy to live and machines need energy to work. Most of the energy we use still comes from fossil fuels like coal, oil and gas. We call these non-renewable forms of energy because they are limited and expensive. The use of fuels increases the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere and pollutes the environment.

Now water and wind are used to produce electricity. They are inexpensive, clean and do not pollute the environment. We call them renewable forms of energy. But energy from the sun is probably the best form of renewable energy. Life on earth depends on the sun. Without the sun, plants wouldn't be able to make food. Animals wouldn't have food. The earth would be cold and uninhabited.

That is why there is a great interest in solar energy. It is important for us to save energy in our homes and workplaces in order to stop using up non-renewable sources of energy.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- The main idea of the text is ".....".
 a Renewable energy b Solar energy c Energy d Non-renewable energy
- The amount of carbon dioxide rises in the atmosphere when we use energy from the
 a water b fossil fuels c wind d sun

B. Answer the following questions:

- Infer why the sun, the wind and the water are friends to the environment.
 ✂.....
- In two sentences summarize the first paragraph in your own words.
 ✂.....
- It is necessary to use the solar energy. Give reasons.
 ✂.....
- Name two sources of non-renewable energy.
 ✂.....

2. Read the following text, then answer the questions:

دمياط ٢٠٢٣

Damietta is famous for its great thinkers, writers and poets. One of them is Farouk Shousha who is a well-known poet and a famous radio presenter. He was born in Damietta in 1936. At his early age, he used to go to the local library and was able to read a lot of books in the Arabic language. In 1956, he graduated from the faculty of Dar Al-Ulum in Cairo University.

Farouk Shousha always liked poetry and Arabic literature. He worked as a radio and a TV presenter. He presented many famous programs which most people liked so much like "Our Beautiful Language" and "Cultural Evening" which both lasted for about 15 years without stopping.

In his programs, he talked about the beauty of the Arabic language and showed its rich literature. For this reason, he was called "the guardian of the Arabic language". Shousha won the Nile Prize for literature in 2016. We all still remember his great works even after his death.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- The main idea of the passage is about
 a New Damietta b Cultural Evening c Farouk Shousha d Our beautiful language
- The underlined word "its" in the third paragraph refers to
 a the Arabic language b the English language c TV programs d radio programs

B. Answer the following questions:

- Name a famous program that Farouk Shousha presented.
 ✂
- Summarize the last paragraph in the text in one sentence.
 ✂
- Where do you think Farouk could read many books in the Arabic language when he was young?
 ✂
- When did Farouk win the Nile Prize for literature?
 ✂

3. Read the following text, then answer the questions:

السويس ٢٠٢٣

Keeping the environment clean is important for everyone who lives on the Earth. Man has invented a lot of useful things that save all people but at the same time, they are harmful to the environment. Cars are useful because they carry us from place to place, but they are harmful to the environment because **they** give out the burning fuel which causes pollution to the air, man and animals. Factories make things to people and to the country as they help increase the country money. But there are some factories that throw their waste and rubbish in water and this kills huge numbers of fish too. So, we should plant more trees and stop cutting them down because they are a source of life as they **absorb** carbon dioxide and keep the air clean.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- Keeping the environment is important for everyone.
 a dirty b polluted c clean d harmful
- The underlined word "**they**" refers to
 a cars b factories c trees d plants

B. Answer the following questions:

- What is the main idea of the passage?
 ✂
- Why do you think cars are harmful to the environment?
 ✂
- Where do some factories throw their waste and rubbish?
 ✂
- What does the underlined word "**absorb**" mean?
 ✂

4. Read the following text, then answer the questions:

بني سويف ٢٠٢٣

Ahmed loves to go with his mother when she goes grocery shopping. In fact, he likes to visit only one place where he can find what he loves most. It is the Children's Book Shop. Ahmed goes straight to the bookshop when they get to the grocery store. Mom buys groceries while he is **there** looking for his favourite thing. Ahmed's favourite hobby is reading about sports activity. In this shop, they have all kinds of books about sports. There are magazines that tell everything about sports events and famous athletes.

Ahmed likes sports and he spends a lot of time looking at the books and magazines in this place. He likes the area with children's books, too. Ahmed always waits in the bookstore for mom to come and get him. He chooses one book or a magazine and mom buys it for him. It is a nice way to spend a Saturday afternoon.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- What's the text mainly about?

- a Sports day b Ahmed's mother c Ahmed's hobby d Sporting events
2. What does the underlined word "there" refer to?
 a the bookshop b grocery shop c street d library

B. Answer the following questions:

3. Do you think Ahmed has bought what he wants?
 ✂
4. Why does Ahmed like to go grocery shopping with his mom?
 ✂
5. What do you think Ahmed will do with the book or the magazine?
 ✂
6. How does the boy feel at the end of the day?
 ✂

5. Read the following text, then answer the questions:

المنيا ٢٠٢٣

Every year the United Nations organize a conference called COP, conference of parties, in a selected country. 27 COPs were organized in different countries. The last one was in Sharm El Sheikh, the city of peace, in November 2022. It was about the dangerous effects of climate change; floods, drought and forests fires.

About 197 countries shared in this COP to find solutions for these bad effects. They've decided to reduce the greenhouse gases, use renewable energy such as solar energy and wind power. Rich countries must help poor countries by money or by technology. People should do their best to reduce climate change. They should avoid cutting more trees or using more electricity, oil and fossil fuels.

In the end of the conference, the United Nations thanked Egypt a lot for its great efforts and hospitality which made the COP 27 very successful.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Which of the following is the best title for this passage?
 a Floods b Drought c COP 27 d Forest fires
2. The underlined word "They" refers to
 a the countries b the effects c the conferences d the climate changes

B. Answer the following questions:

3. What is Sharm El Sheikh known as?
 ✂
4. Why did the 197 countries share in COP 27?
 ✂
5. How can you reduce climate change?
 ✂
6. What is the opposite of the underlined word "different"?
 ✂

6. Read the following text, then answer the questions:

قنا ٢٠٢٣

Rainforests are forests with high rainfall and a **large** number of different kinds of plants and animals. Rainforests are the most important habitat on our planet because they are home for 50 - 90% of the species on earth. In addition, they are a main source of medicine and wood, Human beings depend on rainforests in different ways. **Nevertheless**, large areas of rainforests are cut down every year by people.

Rainforests have a great effect on the climate. When trees are cut down or burnt, they release carbon dioxide into the air, which is the main gas that causes global warming. Cutting down rainforests also changes the amount of rain that falls in an area and can cause floods.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- The best title for the passage is
 a Climate change b Human beings c Rainforests d Pollution
- The underlined word "**Nevertheless**" can be replaced by
 a Because b However c That's because d Furthermore

B. Answer the following questions:

- Summarise the effect of rainforests on the climate.
 ✂
- Why are rainforests the most important habitat on the Earth?
 ✂
- What do you think people should do to protect rainforests?
 ✂
- What is the opposite of the underlined word "**large**"?
 ✂

7. Read the following text, then answer the questions:

أسوان ٢٠٢٣

Money is very useful in our daily life. The form of money which is used by a country is called currency. The currency is used for two purposes either to buy goods or to get a service. The most common two types of currencies are the note or paper money and the coin which is used when **it** includes few units of money.

In Egypt, we use the Egyptian pound. In Saudi Arabia, people use the Saudi Riyal. In America, they use the American dollar. Yen is used in Japan. France uses the franc. The dirham is the currency of the United Arab Emirates. In Iraq, people use the dinar. The franc is used in Germany. There are other forms of money in the shape of cheques or bills. They are **formal** documents that are equal to money and that can be exchanged for money from banks. Although money can buy a lot of things, it can't buy love and happiness.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- The best title for this passage is

- a** Saving money **b** Buying and selling **c** Wasting money **d** Forms of money

2. If you live in Germany, you will use the

- a** pound **b** dollar **c** franc **d** riyal

B. Answer the following questions:

3. Give a summary to this text.

.....

4. How many Arab countries mentioned in the text?

.....

5. What does the underlined word "it" refer to?

.....

6. What is the synonym of the underlined word "formal"?

.....

8. Read the following text, then answer the questions:

أسوان ٢٠٢٣

An e-mail that starts with: "I love you" seems to be a wonderful message that surely attracts you and makes you excited to open and read it. You may think that it was sent by close friend, a kind relative or an honest wife who reminds you of her love and respect. That was exactly what I had thought.

However, the fact was completely different. This e-mail was a source of much trouble for me. It made me lose my job in a big company for selling electric goods. It wasn't really a nice message from someone who admires me but it was a dangerous computer virus sent from an unknown address. It destroyed all the files and documents saved on my computer which had the accounts and data of my company's customers. This caused a great damage for the company so my employer asked me to leave my job.

Now, I'm jobless. It was my mistake, but I learned the lesson. I'll never open an e-mail from addresses I don't know.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. This passage teaches you to

- a** destroy all files saved on your computer. **b** stop sending and receiving e-mails. **c** leave your work and be free. **d** check your e-mails carefully.

2. The underlined word "it" refers to

- a** the e-mail **b** the job **c** the company **d** the computer

B. Answer the following questions:

3. Where did the writer receive this e-mail from?

.....

4. What did the writer lose because of this e-mail?

.....

5. In your opinion, how does the writer feel now?

✂️

6. What is the opposite of the underlined word "large"?

✂️

٤ السؤال الرابع (الإختباري)

هذا السؤال يتكون من ٦ جمل (تقيس إلمامك بالمفردات مثل تعريف الكلمة، مرادفها، عكسها، بادئات، لواحق، وتخمين المعنى من خلال السياق).

أولاً: أسئلة الإختيار من متعدد لمحافظة القليوبية ٢٠٢٣

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- "....." is the synonym of the word "strange".
 a Familiar b Usual c Similar d Unusual
- is cutting down all the trees in an area.
 a Air pollution b Deforestation c Weaving d Farming
- We add the prefix "....." to get the opposite of the word "expensive".
 a dis- b un- c in- d im-
- A is a piece of equipment you use to see things that are far away.
 a telescope b satellite c sensor d map
- The planets go around the sun. The word "go around" means the sun.
 a receive b orbit c remove d cross
- The fossils were preserved well for further study. This means they were
 a kept b discovered c sold d chosen

ثانياً: أسئلة الإختيار من متعدد لمحافظة الفيوم ٢٠٢٣

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- The is a piece of equipment you use to see things that are far away.
 a satellite b mirror c telescope d lens
- is the art of making cloth by crossing threads using special machine.
 a Farming b Weaving c Sailing d Baking
- Another word for "make" or "create" is
 a present b promise c protect d produce
- We add the prefix"....."to get the opposite of the word "popular".
 a in- b un- c en- d im-
- There are more floods in many countries because of rising sea
 a leaves b reefs c levels d rocks
- Newspapers, magazines, television, the internet and other forms of communication are all types of
 a mountain b medicine c meteorite d media

ثالثاً: أسئلة الإختيار من متعدد لمحافظة دمياط ٢٠٢٣

3. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- is a force which attracts things or people to the center of the Earth.
 a Space b Telescope c Gravity d The sun

2. A is a person who reads the news on the radio or on television.
 (a) designer (b) newsreader (c) photographer (d) journalist
3. My father is so kind. The antonym of "kind" is
 (a) calm (b) clean (c) clever (d) cruel
4. We can get an adjective from the verb "renew" by adding the suffix ".....".
 (a) -ness (b) -able (c) -tion (d) -y
5. Trees breathe in carbon dioxide and breathe out oxygen so, they are for us.
 (a) bad (b) harmful (c) useful (d) useless
6. The land is as it was raining all night yesterday.
 (a) wet (b) warm (c) hard (d) dry

رابعاً: أسئلة الإختيار من متعدد لمحافظة السويس ٢٠٢٣

4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A group of animals or plants of the same kind is
 (a) spaces (b) spices (c) species (d) spade
2. The verb "avoid" means to from doing something.
 (a) keep away (b) keep way (c) stay way (d) stay away
3. To get the adjective of "sustain" you add the suffix ".....".
 (a) -able (b) -al (c) -ment (d) -tion
4. The moon moves around the Earth. The verb "moves" here means ".....".
 (a) stop (b) controls (c) orbits (d) preserves
5. The antonym of "hard" is
 (a) remote (b) difficult (c) simple (d) far
6. A person who travels into space is called a/ an
 (a) astronaut (b) engineer (c) surgeon (d) architect

خامساً: أسئلة الإختيار من متعدد لمحافظة بني سويف ٢٠٢٣

5. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. To be is something causing little or no damage to the environment.
 (a) inexpensive (b) sustainable (c) remote (d) special
2. Whales are enormous sea animals. The word "enormous" is synonymous to
 (a) high (b) tiny (c) thin (d) big
3. The suffix "....." turns the verb "appear" into a noun.
 (a) -ment (b) -tion (c) -ance (d) -ity
4. We should protect our environment. This means that we should it clean.
 (a) increase (b) damage (c) collect (d) keep
5. A/ An is a person who travels into space.
 (a) astronaut (b) speaker (c) engineer (d) doctor
6. My father was angry because of the noise. This gives the idea that he was
 (a) happy (b) cross (c) bad (d) worried

سادساً: أسئلة الإختيار من متعدد لمحافظة المنيا ٢٠٢٣

6. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- A/ An is an area in the desert where you can find water and it's always green.
 a forest b oasis c coast d lake
- To "grow" and to "plant" are
 a synonyms b antonyms c suffixes d opposites
- We use the prefix "....." when we mean "to do some actions again."
 a il- b un- c dis- d re-
- A/ An is a person who travels into space.
 a actress b sailor c astronaut d assistant
- The floods broke down some coastal hotels in Thailand. The words "broke down" here mean
 a destroyed b designed c built d made
- I saw an enormous elephant. The word "enormous" means
 a tiny b easy c huge d small

سابعاً: أسئلة الإختيار من متعدد لمحافظة أسبوط ٢٠٢٣

7. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- A is the land that is below the area around it.
 a forest b depression c mountain d tower
- There are a lot of traditional arts in Egypt. The word "traditional" here means
 a modern b difficult c ancient d new
- A is a small plant which has started to grow from a seed.
 a seedling b planet c grain d star
- To make the adjective from the word "success", we add the suffix
 a -al b -ion c -ness d -ful
- To be famous and rich, you be a toiler. The word "toiler" means someone who
 a never works b works hard c sleeps a lot d eats much
- The synonym of the word "true" is
 a sad b incorrect c remote d correct

ثامناً: أسئلة الإختيار من متعدد لمحافظة البحر الأحمر ٢٠٢٣

8. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- A person who takes care of our teeth is a/ an
 a dentist b artist c scientist d pharmacist
- The synonym of "bright" is
 a dark b shiny c dull d boring
- If something is, it costs much money.
 a easy b cheap c expensive d difficult
- To get the noun from the verb "farm", we add the suffix ".....".
 a -ed b -ing c -ly d -tion
- The natural home of an animal or plant is a/ an
 a helmet b pipe c habitat d ink

6. I feed my cat twice a day. The word "feed" means to
- a** talk to **b** clean up **c** play with **d** give food

تاسعاً: أسئلة الاختيار من متعدد لمحافظة قنا ٢٠٢٣

9. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/ An is a person who specialises in languages.
a astronaut **b** linguist **c** reporter **d** programmer
 2. are the remains of animals or plants that lived in the past.
a Species **b** Mangroves **c** Fossils **d** Threads
 3. We can form the adjective from the word "renew" by adding the suffix ".....".
a -ful **b** -al **c** -ness **d** -able
 4. The opposite of the word "traditional" is
 5. We can use internet without wires, this means we use technology.
a useless **b** helpless **c** wireless **d** hopeless
 6. We should avoid throwing rubbish into the Nile. The word "avoid" can be replaced by
- a** stand **b** set up **c** set **d** stop

عاشراً: أسئلة الاختيار من متعدد لمحافظة أسوان ٢٠٢٣

10. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. To give the antonym of the word "able", we add the prefix ".....".
a un- **b** im- **c** mis- **d** ir-
 2. We should protect our environment. The word "protect" means
 3. A is the remains of animals or plants that lived in the past.
a rock **b** fossil **c** fire **d** citadel
 4. A/ An is a person who travels into space.
a writer **b** astronomer **c** astronaut **d** astrologer
 5. We can use wind to produce energy.
a types **b** wheels **c** paints **d** turbines
 6. He couldn't control his feeling. The synonym of "control" is
- a** manage **b** design **c** mend **d** depend

٥ السؤال الخامس (تصويب الخطأ)

مطلوب منك في هذا السؤال أن تكمل الجمل بالشكل الصحيح للكلمة/ الكلمات التي بين الأقواس.
١ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة القليوبية ٢٠٢٣

1. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. He (**does**) his homework by the time he slept.
2. Fatma said that she (**is**) tired the day before.
3. If I were a millionaire, I (**help**) the poor.
4. English language (**speak**) all over the world.
5. Students should avoid (**make**) noise in the class.

٢ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة الفيوم ٢٠٢٣

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Fewer magazines (sell) today by newsagents.
2. Heba (do) her housework for two hours. She has not finished yet.
3. He had dinner after he (tidy) his room.
4. Youssef said that he (visit) his uncle the following day.
5. They (catch) thousands of fish from the sea yesterday.

٣ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة دمياط ٢٠٢٣

3. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. The land is (cover) with ice in polar habitats.
2. We must avoid (pollute) the environment.
3. If I had more time, I (will) read more books.
4. We (use) to get our shopping in plastic bags. Now, we don't.
5. I did not send the report until I (revise) it.

٤ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة السويس ٢٠٢٣

4. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Mariam (told) that she was ill the day before.
2. My grandparents (use) to live on a farm when they were young.
3. We should avoid (eat) unhealthy food.
4. If I (have) more time, I would read more books.
5. Noha (doesn't allow) to answer until her teacher had said "Yes".

٥ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة بني سويف ٢٠٢٣

5. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. The National Park (visit) by many people every year.
2. If you call me, I (would) go to the party with you tonight.
3. Ayman has always (be) interested in space science.
4. Heba said that she (have) a shop in town.
5. Would you mind (open) the door, please?

٦ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة المنيا ٢٠٢٣

6. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. I enjoy (read) in the library.
2. Football (plays) all over the world.
3. She'd get a present if she (succeed).
4. Noha (said) us that she was busy.
5. I'd (write) my homework before I went to bed.

٧ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة أسيوط ٢٠٢٣

7. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. A list of modern wonders (write) in 2007.
2. I didn't go to the theatre until I (finish) my work.
3. If he (not hate) flying, he would travel by plane.

4. He told me that it (will be) a holiday the next day.
5. My family plan (spend) the weekend in Alexandria.

٨ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة البحر الأحمر ٢٠٢٣

8. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. He said that he (be) eating.
2. These pictures are (take) by my sister.
3. I went to the club after I (finish) my work.
4. We must (avoiding) polluting the world.
5. If I have more time, I (would) read more books.

٩ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة قنا ٢٠٢٣

9. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. If he read my message, he (reply) to it.
2. After I (have) my lunch, I went out.
3. Yasser (said) me that he would travel to Aswan.
4. The government plans (plant) a lot of trees.
5. When I was young, I (not/used) to smoke.

١٠ أسئلة تصحيح الخطأ لمحافظة أسوان ٢٠٢٣

10. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

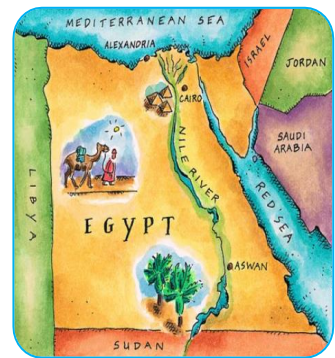
1. He (use) to live by the sea, but now he does.
2. Have you (never) driven a car?
3. I (asked) that boy who is standing there a true story.
4. He got low marks (because) he studied hard.
5. We should avoid (cut) down trees.

٦ السؤال السادس (البرحراف)

مطلوب منك في هذا السؤال كتابة حوالي ١١٠ كلمة عن موضوع من موضوعات الكتاب التي درستها. هذا الموضوع يتم صياغته على شكل (مقالة نقدية/ قصة قصيرة/ سيرة ذاتية).

مقال نقدي عن العجائب الطبيعية في مصر A review of natural wonders in Egypt

Egypt has a lot of natural wonders. People should visit them. The most famous natural wonders are the White Desert National Park, Al Nayzak Lake, Gebel Elba and the Kharga Oasis. The White Desert National Park is an amazing place. It contains five oases, with rocks that the wind has made into strange shapes. The second wonder is Al Nayzak Lake. It is called the Shooting Star by locals. It has the shape of an eye. It is one of the best places to dive and swim. The third wonder is Gebel Elba. It is usually green and home to many animals and birds. The fourth wonder is the Kharga Oasis. It is visited by many tourists every year. Hundreds of date palm trees are grown there. To sum up, Egypt has a lot of natural wonders which cannot be seen in other places all over the world. That's why we should protect them.



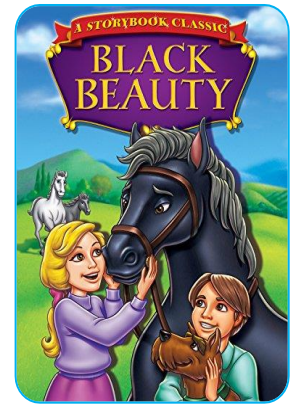
A review of different habitats مقال نقدي عن أنواع البيئات الطبيعية



here are many different habitats around the world. They are coastal, grassland, rainforest, wetland and polar habitats. Coastal habitats are along the coast of the sea. Animals such as the sea turtles live there. Grassland habitats are usually found between mountains and deserts. They are home to some animals such as the caracal. The rainforest habitats have a lot of trees. Animals such as the lion and the orangutan live there. The wetland habitats are often covered by water, for example the Nile Delta. Animals such as frogs live there. The polar habitats are found at the top and bottom of the Earth. They are covered by ice. Animals such as the polar bears live there.

A short story you have read recently قصة قصيرة قرأتها مؤخراً

I have read an amazing story about a horse. It's called "Black Beauty". It is about the life of a working horse. Black Beauty had many owners. Some of them were kind but others were cruel. Black Beauty had to work in crowded streets. Most of the time, the weather was terrible. Although Beauty worked day and night, he was lucky to stay in a warm stable. Some horses weren't lucky to have one. Ginger was Black Beauty's best friend. She worked for unkind owners. They made her work hard and they didn't give her enough food. They treated her badly. Black Beauty met her one day and they talked for a short time. Beauty realized that he had a much better life than many other horses. I think the moral of this story is that animals are not machines!



A review of how to stop climate change مقال نقدي عن كيفية إيقاف تغير المناخ



Our planet is getting hotter and our weather is changing. There are more floods, droughts and forest fires than at any time in history. One of the reasons for this is climate change. Climate change is caused by greenhouse gases such as carbon dioxide and methane. Carbon dioxide is produced when we burn fossil fuels such as oil. Methane gas is produced when we put rubbish in landfill sites. These greenhouse gases pollute the air and lead to rising the Earth's temperatures. Deforestation is also responsible for climate change. Trees absorb carbon dioxide from the air. When we cut down trees, the carbon dioxide stays in the air. So, we should do many things to stop climate change. we should use cleaner renewable energy such as solar energy and wind power. We must start recycling more rubbish and stop putting rubbish in landfill sites.

A review of what we can do to help the environment مقال نقدي عن ما يمكننا القيام به لمساعدة البيئة

We should do many things to help the environment. We should use less energy. We should turn off the TV and computer at night. We should turn off the lights when we leave a room. We

should use stairs and not the lift. This saves energy and keeps us fit and healthy. We need to save water. We should turn off the tap when we brush our teeth. And when we water plants, we should use our washing up water. We should stop buying water in plastic bottles. We should buy glass water bottles that we can use again. We should also plant trees because they absorb carbon dioxide from the air. And it's really important to recycle as much as possible. We should recycle our plastic, glass and paper. I'd like to finish by saying, we can all help the environment. We need to understand that the environment is our home and it is important that we respect it.



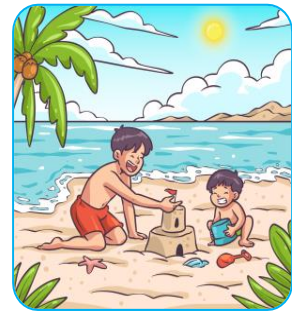
مقال نقدي عن كيف نوقف التلوث A review of how to stop pollution

Pollution is a very serious problem. It affects the environment in many ways. There are some types of pollution like air pollution, water pollution, and soil pollution. We should try to stop pollution and take care of our planet. There are many ways to stop pollution. We should use less water when we take a shower or brush our teeth. We should plant more trees because they absorb carbon dioxide from the air. We should try to recycle the old things like paper, plastic and glass. We should teach children and students in schools the importance of protecting the environment. We should not throw rubbish in the sea because it harms sea animals. We also should not throw any rubbish in the street.



مقال نقدي عن زيارة للبحر الأحمر A review of a visit to the Red Sea

A visit to the Red Sea can be the best choice for a holiday. It is one of the best seas in the world. The areas around the Red Sea are marked by their beautiful views. Visitors can see hundreds of fish and sea animals like the beautiful green turtles and coral reefs, so many tourists can enjoy diving. At night, visitors can buy lovely silver jewellery or souvenirs. People are growing thousands of mangrove seedlings along the Red Sea coast to protect the area from rising sea levels. Finally, I believe that it was a fantastic experience.



قصة قصيرة عن زيارة للقبة السماوية A short story about a visit to the planetarium

Last year, I went to the planetarium in Alexandria with my family. We went by car. I was really excited because I hadn't been to a planetarium before. We saw a really interesting film about Ancient Egypt. We learned about how the Ancient Egyptians had studied the stars to find out when the Nile flooded. They had even used the stars to help them build the pyramids. After the film, we went to an exhibition about Mars. We had a fantastic time there.



We were very happy. We ate fish and rice. We went back home at night. It was a nice trip. I'd like to go there again.

A biography of Ayman Ragab/ a famous space سيرة ذاتية عن أيمن رجب/ عالم فضاء مشهور

NASA has been trying to find a solution to the problem of rubbish. NASA started a competition, asking the world's best scientists to try to find a solution. Ayman Ragab is an Egyptian scientist who has always been interested in space science. In 2019, Ayman entered the competition and came second. Ayman suggested using jets of air to make the waste smaller and then help to recycle it. Ayman is from the village near Luxor. He graduated in Engineering from Aswan University. He has worked as a teaching assistant at the same university and now works as a researcher for a university in Finland. Since he won his prize, he has worked on NASA's Technology Transfer Project which looks at how to use the latest technology in space.



A biography of Dr Farouk El-Baz سيرة ذاتية عن الدكتور فاروق الباز



Egypt is rich in its human power and I am always proud of its talented sons who have become famous scientists all over the world. One of those Egyptians is Dr Farouk El-Baz. Dr Farouk is a great scientist and a geologist. After studying the moon, he started studying deserts on the Earth. He used satellites to find rivers that were under the sand. This work has helped Egypt and other countries to find new water. He also helped to show astronauts where they could find underground water in the desert. Farouk El-Baz helped to plan where Apollo 11 should land on the moon and taught astronauts which rocks to take from the moon. To sum up, I'd like to say such great scientists should be valued and encouraged to help our world more and more!

A biography of Safia el-Mohandes/ a person in the media سيرة ذاتية عن صفية المهندس/ شخص في الإعلام

Safia el Mohandes was the first female voice on the radio. Safia was born in 1922 in Cairo. Her father was a famous linguist. He encouraged her to read Arabic books and novels. Safia also studied English literature at the university and graduated from the Faculty of Arts in 1945. In 1947, Safia joined the Egyptian radio, and she was the first female radio presenter. Safia presented programmes for women and for children. Her most famous programme, "Housewives", presented news, educational advice and drama for the whole Egyptian family. Safia was very kind and helpful to all radio broadcasters. She helped everyone, and so she



was called "the mother of all broadcasters". Safia was head of the radio broadcasting from 1975 until she retired in 1982.

A review of cities of the future مقال نقدي عن مدن المستقبل



Cities of the future will be different to cities today. They will be green and smart. In the future, cities will have areas which will collect water when it rains. Then people will be able to use the water for plants, cleaning, etc. Cities will also have big parks. The trees and other plants will give us clean air. People will grow their own food in gardens on roofs. Cities will only use renewable energy. There will be solar panels and wind turbines on buildings. Transport will be very fast, safe and cheap. Cars will be driverless. People will be healthier, and life will be easier for people with disabilities.

A review of your dream job مقال نقدي عن وظيفة أحلامك

My name is Ali. I'm 15 years old. I'm in prep three. I live in Damietta. My mother is a teacher. She is 35 years old. She teaches English. My father is a doctor. He is 40 years old. He is kind and polite. When I grow up, I'd like to be a doctor like my father. I'd like to work in a famous hospital in Cairo. I want to help the sick and the poor. I'd like to use modern equipment to examine my patients well. I want to have my own clinic. My father helps me to study science. My mother helps me to study English. My teachers help me, too. I do my best to achieve my dream and be a doctor. Really, it's a great job.



A biography of a professional sports person سيرة ذاتية عن شخص رياضي محترف



Mohamed Salah is a professional sports person. He was born in Gharbia in 1992. He is very polite and helpful. He has played for many teams. He plays for the Egyptian National Team. He also plays for Liverpool in England. He scores a lot of goals. Salah won a lot of important prizes and championships. He is very kind. He always donates money to charities. He helps to build schools and hospitals. He helps poor people around the country. He is also friendly. He always talks to his fans in a nice way. He always has a big smile on his face. We all love him very much. He is my role model.



- قام بتصميم هذا العمل / د محمد شوقي النجار (دكتوراة في المناهج وطرق تدريس اللغة الإنجليزية ومعلم أول لغة إنجليزية).
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