

تم تحميل الملف بواسطة: بوت مكتبي التعليمية



انقر هنا للوصول إلى بوت مكتبي التعليمية



بوت مكتبي التعليمية : عبارة عن مكتبة إلكترونية تعليمية شاملة لغالبية ملفات المراحل الدراسية على تطبيق **تيليجرام** – يمكن الوصول لها عن طريق الرابط :

https://t.me/Science_2022bot

الاسم:	نموذج شامل لعام 2024-2025	الجمهورية العربية السورية
الشعبة:	الثالث الثانوي الفرع العلمي	مديرية التربية في محافظة دمشق
المدة 100 دقيقة		ثانوية المتفوقين الثالثة
الدرجة 300 درجة		المادة: اللغة الإنكليزية

I Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(50 marks)

The two most common causative agents of infectious diseases are the virus and the bacterium. They both are tiny to be seen by the naked eye, they can cause similar symptoms and are often spread in the same way. Bacteria are living organisms, but viruses aren't. A bacterium is a single complex cell. It can survive on its own, inside or outside the body. This allows bacteria to live in many places- soil, water, plants and the human body. Most bacteria aren't harmful; we have many bacteria on and inside our body, especially in the gut to help digest food. They also serve many vital roles in nature by decomposing organic matter and by converting nitrogen to chemicals usable by plants. On the other hand, viruses are smaller and aren't cells. Unlike bacteria, they need a host such as a human or an animal to multiply. Viruses only grow and reproduce inside the host cells they infect. Their life involves the hijacking of the biochemical activities of a living cell. Viruses and bacteria differ in how they cause infections.

As the names suggest, viruses cause viral infections, whereas bacteria cause bacterial infections. Viruses infect a host cell and then multiply by the thousands, leaving the host and infecting other cells of the body. Diseases caused by a viral infection include influenza, common cold, flu, AIDS and Covid - 19. Bacteria, on the other hand, have a more varied operation and will often infect when the right opportunity arises. Bacterial infections include pneumonia, strep throat, ear infection and food poisoning. In fact, it's very important to know whether bacteria or viruses cause an infection because the treatments differ. It can be very difficult to know what causes an infection because viral and bacterial infections can cause similar symptoms. Doctors need a sample of your urine, blood or swab from your nose or throat to see what infection you have.

1	Because a bacterium is a single complex cell it -----.						
A	can cause Covid - 19	B	is smaller than a virus	C	is usually harmful	D	can live in many places
2	The role of bacteria in our guts is -----.						
A	to cause diseases	B	to help fight diseases	C	to cause harm to the body	D	to help digest food
3	The common thing between bacteria and viruses is that they both -----.						
A	cause infections in the same way	B	need a host to multiply	C	can cause similar symptoms	D	live on and inside our body
4	Strep throat is caused by -----.						
A	common cold	B	viruses	C	pneumonia	D	bacteria
5	The definition of the word " Decompose " is -----.						
A	acting as the cause of something	B	an acute inflammation of the lungs	C	to destroy gradually by natural chemical processes	D	attack to control something

II- Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(50 marks)

Emily, a 25-year-old nurse from Australia, decided to take a job in Mexico to gain international experience. She was excited about the new adventure but soon found herself facing culture shock. Everything seemed different, from the street markets to the lively music filling the air.

On her first day at the hospital, Emily was greeted with warm smiles and friendly gestures. However, she quickly realized that the work culture was different from what she was used to. The way doctors and nurses interacted and even the language **they** used were all new to her. She struggled to understand medical terms in Spanish and often felt out of place during meetings.

Outside of work, Emily found it challenging to adapt. The food was delicious but unfamiliar, and she missed the comfort of familiar dishes from home. She felt lost on the busy streets and using public transportation. The customs and traditions, such as greeting with a kiss on the cheek, were new to her and made her feel awkward.

Socially, Emily felt isolated. She missed her family and friends back in Australia and found it difficult to make new friends. The language barrier made it hard to have deep conversations, and she often felt lonely. However, she was determined to adapt.

Emily began taking Spanish classes and made an effort to learn about Mexican culture. She joined a local dance class, which helped her make new friends and feel more connected to the community. Slowly but surely, Emily began to feel more at home.

Despite the initial challenges, Emily's experience in Mexico helped her grow both personally and professionally. Her journey through culture shock opened her eyes to the beauty of living in a new country .

6	Emily's biggest challenge at work was -----.						
A	the long working hours	B	understanding medical terms in Spanish	C	interacting with colleagues	D	using the sophisticated medical tools
7	Emily felt socially ----- in Mexico.						
A	excited	B	confident	C	isolated	D	comfortable
8	The thing that helped Emily begin to adapt to the new culture is -----.						
A	taking language classes	B	moving to a new city	C	changing her job	D	visiting home frequently
9	Emily experienced ----- growth through her journey.						
A	financial	B	professional	C	physical	D	psychological
10	The word " they " in bold refers to -----.						
A	doctors and nurses	B	medical terms	C	warm smiles	D	friendly gestures

III-Read the following sentences then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(200 marks)

11	Gandhi went to South Africa where he witnessed the ----- discrimination.						
A	race	B	racial	C	racially	D	racialism
12	----- mustn't waste work time chatting.						
A	Employ	B	Employment	C	Employed	D	Employees
13	My sister's children are remarkably polite. They always ----- politely.						
A	behaviour	B	behave	C	behaving	D	misbehaved
14	The parents were proud of their child's -----.						
A	penalties	B	distraction	C	achievement	D	cruelty
15	The concept of citizenship ----- changes within each society.						
A	constantly	B	constant	C	constancy	D	constantans
16	One of the most important income resources for local councils is ----- taxes.						
A	raising	B	making	C	running	D	giving
17	People should respect the ----- norms of the society.						
A	worst	B	moral	C	negative	D	elected
18	To jump out of your skin means that you are -----.						
A	relaxed	B	bored	C	interested	D	shocked
19	You should visit the lake near the ----- . It's beautiful.						
A	colleague	B	collage	C	colleger	D	college
20	The police officer told the suspect to stop ----- and to tell him exactly where he was the night before.						
A	assembling the case	B	beating around the bush	C	doing by the book	D	breaking the law
21	The plane to Russia has just -----.						
A	taken off	B	picked up	C	followed through	D	looked up
22	That is the village which my grandparents live -----.						
A	in	B	on	C	from	D	no preposition
23	Fadi has never learnt to swim because he's afraid ----- water.						
A	off	B	of	C	with	D	for
24	The biggest turning point in Gandhi's life was in 1893, when he ----- a train station by a white man.						
A	had thrown	B	threw off	C	was thrown off	D	is thrown
25	If only our neighbours ----- arguing. They always annoy us.						
A	stop	B	had stopped	C	would stop	D	didn't stop
26	He was quite definite about it and assured me he ----- come.						
A	would	B	won't	C	shall	D	will
27	I will simply wait until she ----- back.						
A	coming	B	comes	C	will come	D	came
28	Not only my brother but also my sister ----- a doctorate in science.						
A	is	B	has	C	have	D	are
29	She ----- at exactly 9:00, but her friends had not even arrived home yet.						
A	arrived	B	arrives	C	has arrived	D	has been arriving
30	I don't get a ticket for the train this evening. I ----- a seat.						
A	should have reserved	B	shouldn't reserve	C	must be reserved	D	must have reserved

31	----- Fred ----- Lina visit their grandma on Sundays.						
A	Either/ or	B	Neither/ nor	C	Both/ and	D	Not only/ but also
32	Bob travelled all over the world ----- he met a lot of famous people.						
A	which	B	where	C	whose	D	who
33	It took us a long time to arrive. I wish we ----- the train instead.						
A	would catch	B	caught	C	had caught	D	will catch
34	Rana has sent the letter herself. Rana -----.						
A	has had it sent	B	hasn't had it sent	C	has her letter sent	D	didn't send the letter
35	If you put too many things in your drawer, it -----.						
A	will break	B	broke	C	would have broken	D	wouldn't have broken
36	You mustn't eat or drink outside the canteen, but -----.						
A	you have to buy your food from it.	B	you don't have to buy your food in it if you don't want to.	C	you mustn't buy your food in it if you don't want to.	D	you must have bought your food in it if you don't want to.
37	Rama: I'm going to be late for the meeting, can you tell Rose for me? Sami: -----.						
A	No problem. Shall I do the same with the faxes?	B	Sure. I don't think it will start on time anyway.	C	Can you make it the week after? I need to write the report first.	D	Yes, of course. Do you want me to write the reply too?
38	Rama: I'm going to have my hair dyed orange. Anna: -----.						
A	I'll put you through.	B	We are proud of you.	C	I'm sorry about what happened.	D	You're going to do WHAT??
39	If the referee had seen the foul, he -----.						
A	would give us a red card.	B	would have given a penalty kick.	C	could stop the match.	D	might ignore it.
40	The word that has a silent letter is -----.						
A	dinner	B	nest	C	column	D	mankind
41	When he attempted to tip in a café in Seoul, his host was embarrassed.						
A	What happens when he attempts to tip in a café in Seoul?	B	When did he attempt to tip?	C	Why did he attempt to tip in a café in Seoul?	D	What happened when he attempted to tip in a café in Seoul?
42	These vehicles can be used by farmers to transport their crops.						
A	Who can be used by farmers to transport their crops?	B	How can farmers use to transport their crops?	C	What can farmers use to transport their crops?	D	Why can farmers be used these vehicles?
43	I trusted him but unfortunately he -----.						
A	gave me pumpkins	B	had a wide face	C	broke bread with me	D	lost his face
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45	Never ----- such a dramatic end to a football match.						
A	I have seen	B	saw I	C	have I seen	D	I saw
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<p>A- Unlike in many other cultures, sharing the same straw is considered a sign of friendship and closeness.</p> <p>B- This habit may seem unusual to foreigners, but it is a common social tradition in Syria.</p> <p>C- When drinking mate, Syrians often use a single straw and pass the cup around in a group.</p> <p>D- Refusing to drink from the same straw can sometimes be seen as impolite.</p>							
A	CABD	B	ABDC	C	BDAC	D	DBCA

The End

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I Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(50 marks)

Throughout history, there have always been people who designed and built tools or other devices to solve problems or improve lives. The concept of engineering has been around since ancient times, as primitive engineers created basic inventions such as pulley, lever, and the wheel. Each of these inventions is consistent with a modern definition of engineering, and makes use of basic mechanical principles to develop useful tools and objects.

Simple classic machines were known in the ancient Near East, and then the wheel ,along with the wheel and axle mechanism ,was invented in Mesopotamia (modern Iraq) during the fifth millennium BC. The oldest architect, known by name Imhotep ,designed and executed the construction of the Pyramid of Djoser (a step pyramid) in the Saqqara region in Egypt around 2630-2611 BC, and he is also credited with first using columns in architecture. In Persia, the oldest practical water-powered machines appeared in the fourth century BC, the water wheel and the watermill.

During the sixth century AD, the Indian engineers invented the cotton gin, and by the ninth century AD they designed wind-powered machines such as the windmill and the wind pump. Later, the Arab engineers designed the spinning wheel in the early eleventh century. This was essential to the growth of the cotton industry, which was the core of The Early Industrial Revolution in the 18th Century .

The first steam engine was built in 1698 by the mechanical engineer Thomas Savery. The development of this device led to the emergence of the Industrial Revolution in the coming years, which allowed the beginning of the mass production of engines of various functions.

1	The wheel and axle mechanism was first invented in -----.						
A	Egypt	B	Persia	C	Mesopotamia	D	India
2	The important contribution that Imhotep made to architecture is -----.						
A	inventing the wind pump	B	designing the Pyramid of Djoser	C	inventing the steam engine	D	inventing the spinning wheel
3	The first water-powered machines appeared in the -----.						
A	fourth century BC	B	ninth century AD	C	eighteenth century	D	fifth millennium BC
4	The engineering invention that was introduced in India in the sixth century AD is the -----.						
A	windmill	B	cotton gin	C	spinning wheel	D	steam engine
5	The definition of the word " lever " is-----.						
A	to raise something to a higher position	B	actions performed to keep a machine or system functioning	C	a machine that separates the seeds of a cotton plant from the cotton	D	a simple machine used to lift something heavy

II- Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(50 marks)

Artificial intelligence (AI) is a branch of computer science that focuses on creating machines that can think, learn, and solve problems like humans. AI is used in many areas, such as healthcare, transportation, education, and entertainment .

One common type of AI is "machine learning", where computers improve their performance by studying data. For example, streaming services use AI to recommend movies based on what a user has watched before. Another type is "natural language processing (NLP)", which allows computers to understand and respond to human language. A good example is virtual assistants like Siri or Google Assistant.

AI also plays a big role in robotics. Robots with AI can perform tasks that were once difficult for machines, such as assembling products in factories or helping doctors with surgeries. AI-powered self-driving cars are another exciting development that may improve road safety in the future.

Although AI is very useful, it also has some challenges. One major concern is ethics. Some people worry that AI could replace human jobs, while **others** fear that AI could be used in harmful ways. To ensure AI is safe and beneficial, experts work on creating rules and guidelines for how AI should be used.

In conclusion, AI is a fascinating and powerful technology that continues to grow and shape our world. As AI advances, it is important to use it responsibly and make sure it benefits society.

6	The main goal of artificial intelligence is -----.						
A	to replace human workers completely	B	to make computers faster	C	to make machines that are able to think like humans	D	to prevent technological advancements
7	AI is useful in robotics as it -----.						
A	allows robots to make independent decisions	B	helps robots to carry out various tasks	C	teaches robots how to understand human emotions	D	prevents robots from making mistakes
8	A major ethical concern related to AI is that -----.						
A	it can never be used in medicine	B	it will make people completely dependent on technology	C	it could be used in certain jobs instead of humans	D	it is unable to solve problems
9	Experts create rules and guidelines for AI in order to -----.						
A	stop AI from developing	B	make AI work slower	C	remove AI from all industries	D	ensure AI is used responsibly and safely
10	The word " others " in bold refers to -----.						
A	people	B	challenges	C	jobs	D	ethics

III-Read the following sentences then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(200 marks)

11	The situation is so uncertain that it is hard to make a confident ----- .						
A	predict	B	predictable	C	prediction	D	predictably
12	Citizenship is membership in a ----- community.						
A	politician	B	politically	C	police	D	political
13	----- is an essential factor for making any success in life.						
A	Motivate	B	Motivated	C	Motivation	D	Motivational
14	You mustn't smoke here. Smoking is -----.						
A	forbidden	B	permitted	C	legal	D	acceptable
15	My vision has been blurry for two weeks. I am going to see a / an -----.						
A	ophthalmologist	B	allergist	C	pediatrician	D	dermatologist
16	----- are words that have the same pronunciation but different meanings and spellings.						
A	Homographs	B	Homophones	C	Emphatic stress	D	Acronyms
17	Can you ----- me a lift to work tomorrow. My car is being repaired.						
A	lose	B	make	C	meet	D	give
18	She was too young to vote in the national -----.						
A	reflection	B	sacrifice	C	perseverance	D	election
19	He ----- with different materials before utilising the most suitable one.						
A	experimented	B	installed	C	inserted	D	extracted
20	The doorbell made him -----.						
A	a pain in the neck	B	jump out of his skin	C	speak his mind	D	follow his heart
21	We need a suitable size of nails to be ----- that old chair to be repaired.						
A	jacked up	B	fenced off	C	driven into	D	shored up
22	The actor ran ----- the stage.						
A	of	B	for	C	with	D	off
23	I wanted to ----- by explaining why I've been late.						
A	break bread	B	save face	C	lose face	D	give pumpkins
24	Today, I ----- to see an English film!						
A	was going	B	had gone	C	am going	D	go
25	I ----- my friends recently.						
A	haven't seen	B	don't see	C	hadn't seen	D	didn't see
26	While I was watching TV, my mother ----- dinner.						
A	has cooked	B	was cooked	C	is cooking	D	was cooking
27	A critical issue ----- around the world.						
A	is debating	B	is being debated	C	debated	D	debates
28	By the time I'm sixty, I expect that nearly everything -----.						
A	had changed	B	changes	C	changed	D	will have changed
29	The lawn is finished. George ----- the grass.						
A	has been cutting	B	has cut	C	had cut	D	is cutting
30	The moment I ----- my results I'll phone you.						
A	will receive	B	received	C	receive	D	am receiving

31	----- the students or the teacher is planning to come.						
A	Neither	B	Both	C	Either	D	Not only
32	We have a package for the man ----- stopped by today.						
A	who	B	whom	C	which	D	whose
33	If you run into any trouble,-----.						
A	you will win a lottery	B	pick me up	C	you are lucky	D	just give me a call
34	I spent all my money. I wish now that I -----.						
A	didn't	B	hadn't	C	haven't	D	would
35	I plant three trees myself every year. I -----.						
A	didn't have them planted	B	had them planted	C	have them planted	D	don't have them planted
36	"What is the time?" He asked me -----						
A	what is the time.	B	what the time is.	C	what the time was.	D	what the time was?
37	Maher: "Our team won the race." Sara: -----.						
A	I am sorry	B	You mustn't let this depress you	C	You really deserve this honour	D	It may not be as bad as it seems
38	Hussam: What about joining our new project, Tareq? Tareq: -----.						
A	congratulations	B	I haven't made up my mind yet	C	It was nothing really	D	You are right
39	The word that has a final voiced sound is -----.						
A	mistake	B	bet	C	tough	D	spring
40	The verb that has the final /id/ sound is ----- .						
A	acted	B	called	C	worked	D	missed
41	He needed eight people to push the car off the beach.						
A	How many people did he need to push the car off the beach?	B	What had happened to push the car off the beach?	C	Why did he push the car off the beach?	D	How much did he need to push the car off the beach?
42	She hated to say the words for fear of causing pain to him.						
A	Why did she cause pain to him?	B	How did she cause pain to him?	C	How did she say the words?	D	Why did she hate to say the words?
43	The government should make a plan to facilitate citizens' needs, -----?						
A	should they	B	shouldn't it	C	does it	D	doesn't it
44	Unless Caroline's car had broken down, she -----.						
A	will arrive earlier	B	would arrive late	C	arrives late	D	would have arrived earlier
45	Your brother wouldn't have found such a nice job if he -----.						
A	hadn't had a university diploma.	B	had more qualifications	C	were here	D	doesn't study enough

46	The correct sentence is -----.						
A	When we were on our way to Aleppo our car broke into.	B	When we were in our way to Aleppo, our car had broken down.	C	When we were on our way to Aleppo, our car broke down.	D	When we were on our way to Aleppo our car broke down.
47	The correct sentence is -----.						
A	No sooner had they eaten dinner than the ceiling crashed onto the dining table.	B	No sooner they had eaten dinner than the ceiling crashed onto the dining table.	C	No sooner they eat dinner than the ceiling had crashed onto the dining table.	D	No sooner had they eaten dinner than the ceiling had crashed into the dining table.
48	The correct sentence is -----.						
A	My father deprived me of going out because I come back at him angrily.	B	My father deprived me from going out because I came back him angry.	C	My father deprives me of going into because I came back him angrily.	D	My father deprived me from going out because I came back at him angrily.
49	The correct sentence is -----.						
A	It will be difficult to attain your goal of fluent if you don't make an effort to speak more in class.	B	It will be difficult to attain your goal of fluency if you don't make an effort to speak more in class.	C	It will be difficulty to attain your goal of fluency if you don't make effort to speak much in class.	D	It will be difficulty to attain your goal of fluency if you don't make effort to speak more in class.
50	The correct order of the following sentences is -----.						
<p>A. Today, tea is considered an important part of British culture, and many households drink it daily.</p> <p>B. Many British people enjoy drinking tea in the afternoon, often with biscuits or cake.</p> <p>C. Anna, the Duchess of Bedford, is credited with introducing afternoon tea as a way to bridge the gap between lunch and dinner.</p> <p>D. The tradition of afternoon tea became popular in the 19th century among the upper class.</p>							
A	DABC	B	DCBA	C	CDBA	D	CADB

Good Luck

انتهت الأسئلة

الاسم:	نموذج امتحاني شامل 2 لعام 2024-2025	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة 100 دقيقة	الثالث الثانوي الفرع العلمي	مديرية التربية في محافظة دمشق
الدرجة 300 درجة		ثانوية المتفوقين الثالثة
		المادة: اللغة الإنكليزية

I Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(50 marks)

Throughout history, there have always been people who designed and built tools or other devices to solve problems or improve lives. The concept of engineering has been around since ancient times, as primitive engineers created basic inventions such as pulley, lever, and the wheel. Each of these inventions is consistent with a modern definition of engineering, and makes use of basic mechanical principles to develop useful tools and objects.

Simple classic machines were known in the ancient Near East, and then the wheel ,along with the wheel and axle mechanism ,was invented in Mesopotamia (modern Iraq) during the fifth millennium BC. The oldest architect, known by name Imhotep ,designed and executed the construction of the Pyramid of Djoser (a step pyramid) in the Saqqara region in Egypt around 2630-2611 BC, and he is also credited with first using columns in architecture. In Persia, the oldest practical water-powered machines appeared in the fourth century BC, the water wheel and the watermill.

During the sixth century AD, the Indian engineers invented the cotton gin, and by the ninth century AD they designed wind-powered machines such as the windmill and the wind pump. Later, the Arab engineers designed the spinning wheel in the early eleventh century. This was essential to the growth of the cotton industry, which was the core of The Early Industrial Revolution in the 18th Century .

The first steam engine was built in 1698 by the mechanical engineer Thomas Savery. The development of this device led to the emergence of the Industrial Revolution in the coming years, which allowed the beginning of the mass production of engines of various functions.

1	The wheel and axle mechanism was first invented in -----.						
A	Egypt	B	Persia	C	Mesopotamia	D	India
2	The important contribution that Imhotep made to architecture is -----.						
A	inventing the wind pump	B	designing the Pyramid of Djoser	C	inventing the steam engine	D	inventing the spinning wheel
3	The first water-powered machines appeared in the -----.						
A	fourth century BC	B	ninth century AD	C	eighteenth century	D	fifth millennium BC
4	The engineering invention that was introduced in India in the sixth century AD is the -----.						
A	windmill	B	cotton gin	C	spinning wheel	D	steam engine
5	The definition of the word " lever " is-----.						
A	to raise something to a higher position	B	actions performed to keep a machine or system functioning	C	a machine that separates the seeds of a cotton plant from the cotton	D	a simple machine used to lift something heavy

II- Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(50 marks)

Artificial intelligence (AI) is a branch of computer science that focuses on creating machines that can think, learn, and solve problems like humans. AI is used in many areas, such as healthcare, transportation, education, and entertainment .

One common type of AI is "machine learning", where computers improve their performance by studying data. For example, streaming services use AI to recommend movies based on what a user has watched before. Another type is "natural language processing (NLP)", which allows computers to understand and respond to human language. A good example is virtual assistants like Siri or Google Assistant.

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50	The correct order of the following sentences is -----.						
<p>C. Anna, the Duchess of Bedford, is credited with introducing afternoon tea as a way to bridge the gap between lunch and dinner.</p> <p>D. The tradition of afternoon tea became popular in the 19th century among the upper class.</p> <p>B. Many British people enjoy drinking tea in the afternoon, often with biscuits or cake.</p> <p>A. Today, tea is considered an important part of British culture, and many households drink it daily.</p>							
A	DABC	B	DCBA	C	CDBA	D	CADB

Good Luck

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