

تم تحميل الملف بواسطة: بوت مكتبي التعليمية



انقر هنا للوصول إلى بوت مكتبي التعليمية



بوت مكتبي التعليمية : عبارة عن مكتبة إلكترونية تعليمية شاملة لغالبية ملفات المراحل الدراسية على تطبيق **تيليجرام** – يمكن الوصول لها عن طريق الرابط :

https://t.me/Science_2022bot

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (١)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Following the reign of Queen Elizabeth I, the English Restoration period, from 1660 to 1689, saw the rise of literary elites, such as John Dryden, perhaps one of the best-known names of English literary criticism, translation, drama, and poetry. The form of the **mock**-heroic and the use of poetic form for satire did not end with Dryden. Alexander Pope, most famous for his work *The Rape of the Lock* (1712), carried on Dryden's tradition of using poetry for comedic ends. Poetry was for centuries a mainstream art, and writers such as Spenser, Milton, Donne, Blake, Wordsworth, Tennyson and Browning created a world of beauty, of images and forms, as enduring as the painting of the Renaissance or the music of the classical age. Their work became part of the English consciousness. The story of English poetry could be seen in terms of a tension between formal mastery and individual expression, a tension in which the Romantic Movement was crucial in focusing attention on the personal vision of the poet. Blake, Wordsworth, Shelley, Keats, Tennyson and Whitman were exploring their own selfhood and their response to the world; they were no longer interested in perfecting existing models, or in being part of any school. Yet by the 20th and 21st centuries, Modernism and the waves of change brought about by world war also influenced poetry, resulting in works by poets with distinct voices who came to enjoy global circulation. Poetry may no longer enjoy this position of centrality in our culture, but the music of ideas that these poets developed is still among the most precious legacies that we have received from the past.

1	The Restoration period occurred in the middle of the century.						
A	eighteenth	B	fifteenth	C	seventeenth	D	sixteenth
2	Nowadays, many poets their ideas from old poetry.						
A	explained	B	inherited	C	inspired	D	held
3	What is the main idea of the text?						
A	poetry	B	drama	C	prose	D	music
4	One of these sentences is true :						
A	The form of the mock-heroic ended with Dryden.	B	By 21th century, Modernism didn't influence poetry.	C	Alexander Pope was famous for <i>The Rape of the Lock</i> .	D	Blake, Wordsworth, and Shelley were novelists.
5	A group of people who have a lot of power and influence because they have money, knowledge is :						
A	legacies	B	elites	C	satire	D	Renaissance
6	The word " mock " in the text means :						
A	a. the use of humour to show how foolish someone is.	B	the lines end with words that have very similar sounds.	C	things inherited from a predecessor or the past.	D	making fun of people.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The oud is a short-necked, pear-shaped musical instrument with five or six pairs of strings. The two strings in each pair sound the same. Traditionally, players plucked the strings with a bird's feather. The word oud comes from al-oud which means 'a branch of wood'. The oud is the main instrument in Arab countries and is also popular in Turkey, Iran, Armenia and Azerbaijan. **It** is the ancestor of the European lute and the guitar. In the past, people believed that the sound of the oud could help to treat illnesses by 'calming people's hearts'. People used the oud to accompany poetry.

Abdul Rahman Jabakji was born in Aleppo, Syria in 1931. When he was still very young, he decided that he wanted to learn the oud. So, he searched for books on the art of playing the oud. To his surprise, he found that there was not just one book and one method. There were many different approaches that had been developed all over the Arab world, for example in Syria, Iraq and Egypt. This was how his lifelong exploration of musical techniques began. Jabakji learned to play musical instruments similar to the oud all over the world, including the guitar and the mandolin. He worked for more than fifteen years on this project, and **eventually** managed to write his own book. The Method for Oud is an important guide for every student of oud playing who wants to learn from a master whose work is based on historical musical research. Abdul Rahman Jabakji died in 2003, having devoted most of his long life to the study of music and the improvement of his oud technique. His book has remained of great importance ever since it was published.

7	In the past, oud players used to play their instrument.						
A	a branch of wood	B	plastic pick	C	a feather from a bird	D	piece of paper
8	Abdul Rahman Jabakji spent more than researching musical techniques.						
A	fifty years	B	fifteen years	C	sixteen years	D	five years
9	The underlined word " it " in the text refers to						
A	the mandolin	B	the lute	C	the guitar	D	the oud
10	One of these sentences is true :						
A	The oud has five or six pairs of strings.	B	People listened to the oud as they had their meals.	C	Jabakji only learned to play the oud.	D	Jabakji decided that he wanted to learn the oud when he grew up.
11	resembling without being identical. is :						
A	method	B	similar	C	mandolin	D	remain
12	The word " eventually " in the text means :						
A	come near or nearer to or something in distance or time.	B	a thing characteristic of its kind or illustrating a general rule.	C	in the end, especially after a long delay, dispute, or series of problems.	D	an example or instance of improving or being improved.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	Rachel's hands are so soft because she the washing-up.						
A	is doing	B	has been doing	C	will do	D	has done
14	I'm surprised by the of university departments that a high rank student can choose.						
A	vary	B	varied	C	various	D	variety
15	Uncooked meat is an type of food for so many people in my society.						
A	unfamiliar	B	nonfamilia	C	infamiliar	D	misfamiliar
16	The fridge is all right now because Tom it.						
A	defrosted	B	has defrosted	C	has been defrosting	D	will defrost
17	Dr. Mahmoud 20 million Syrian pounds for his great invention by the government.						
A	had paid	B	will pay	C	will be paid	D	going to be paid
18	Not everything happens on its own sometimes. You have to to get things done.						
A	meet expectations	B	give a lift	C	lose temper	D	make an effort
19	He's very keen chess.						
A	off	B	on	C	with	D	at
20	My father hasn't planted the trees himself. He them planted.						
A	hasn't had	B	has	C	has had	D	had
21	A launderette is a place with washing machines you can wash your clothes.						
A	that	B	where	C	which	D	when
22	I'll be fine in the interview as long as they me technical questions.						
A	don't ask	B	won't ask	C	didn't ask	D	aren't asking
23	She has many friends; she						
A	gives the pumpkin	B	saves her face	C	has a wide face	D	loses her face
24	The of the sun's radiation can cause skin cancer.						
A	affect	B	effect	C	effective	D	affective
25	If I your address, I would have written you a postcard.						
A	have had	B	have	C	had	D	had had
26	If only the children their books on the floor. I am always falling over them.						
A	wouldn't have left	B	wouldn't leave	C	don't leave	D	left
27	Not only my brother but also my sister a doctorate in science.						
A	did	B	have	C	has	D	is
28	She wasn't at home when I called, She early.						
A	must leave	B	had to leave	C	should have left	D	must have left
29	What type of poetic device is used in each sentence? "I like onions, but they don't like me."						
A	personification	B	hyperbole	C	simile	D	metaphor
30	Why do you want the job? She asked him why he the job.						
A	wants	B	wanted	C	had wanted	D	will want
31	The police officer told the suspect to stop and to tell him exactly where he was the night before.						
A	breaking the law	B	assembling the case	C	beating around the bush	D	standing by the book
32	Not only English, he speaks French.						
A	he does speak	B	speaks he	C	he speaks	D	does he speak

33	She as a waitress for three years when he met her.						
A	worked	B	had been working	C	has worked	D	is working
34	I'm sorry this office is so dirty, but it until tomorrow morning.						
A	should be cleaned	B	must be cleaned	C	can be cleaned	D	can't be cleaned
35	Some citizens take an role in the community.						
A	act	B	active	C	action	D	activity
36	What type of poetic device is used in each sentence? "Shall I compare thee to a summer's day? Thou art more lovely and more temperate": Sonnet 18: William						
A	simile	B	hyperbole	C	personification	D	metaphor
37	They are building a new bridge in the area,?						
A	don't they	B	are they	C	aren't they	D	weren't they
38	Omar: I eat a great amount of chocolate every day. Mari:						
A	Try to cut down on sweets.	B	Congratulations!	C	If I were you, I'd smoke less.	D	I'm not sure. Maybe I could quit.
39	May: I passed my driving test! Leen:						
A	He can't decide yet.	B	I can't leave until 9	C	We were planning to go fishing.	D	Congratulations!
40	Which word ends with the sound /id/?						
A	educated	B	played	C	watched	D	realized
41	The stressed syllable in the word independent is:						
A	inDEpendent	B	indePENDent	C	INdependent	D	independENT
42	Which word has a silent /B/ ?						
A	book	B	cub	C	doubt	D	handbag
43	Purchasing tobacco under the age of 18.						
A	is possible	B	is understood	C	is allowed	D	isn't allowed
44	Without....., everything would be full of chaos.						
A	fire	B	laws	C	water	D	gas
45	I've been using the computer for three hours.						
A	How long have you been using the computer?	B	When have you been using the computer?	C	Why have you been using the computer?	D	Where have you been using the computer?
46	My brother is an architect.						
A	What is your brother like?	B	Why is your brother an architect?	C	What does your brother do?	D	Where does your brother live?
47	They visited the museum last week.						
A	How long have they been there?	B	With whom did they go?	C	Why did they went to the museum?	D	When did they visit the museum?
48	The correct sentence is						
A	He left court a free men because he was innocent.	B	he left court a free man because he was innocent.	C	He left court a free man because he was innocent.	D	He left court a free man because he was inoent.

49	The correct sentence is						
A	The fine whether made me happy and hopeful.	B	The fine weather made me happy and hopeful.	C	The fine weather made me happy and hopful.	D	The fine weather made me happy and hopefull.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	Parents help their children with the career celection.	B	Parents help there children with the career selection.	C	Parents helps their children with the career selection.	D	Parents help their children with the career selection.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	I found it difficult to get up this mourning.	B	I found it difficult to get up thus morning.	C	I found it difficult to get up this morning.	D	I found it diffecult to get up this morning.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is بوت مكتبتي التعليمية A – It helps other living species, including people. B – Planting trees is the ideal way to support nature. C – Trees give us oxygen, food, and they are natural air filters. D – When trees are planted, the diversity of that zone is improved.						
A	BACD	B	DACB	C	BADC	D	CABD

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (٢)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The term Drama comes from a Greek word meaning "action". Drama is divided into comedy and tragedy. Toward the end of the 18th century, the Romantic period began in Western Europe, which heavily influenced the theatre of that era and focused on emotion rather than intellect. This movement continued through the beginning of the 19th century. **Contemporary** drama shows the influence of all that has come before. It involves much experimentation with new forms and ideas. In the early part of the 20th century, musical drama came to dominate stages in New York and England, although each theatre season saw the release of straight dramatic plays as well.

Many playwrights of the 1960s and 1970s - Sam Shepard in the United States, Tom Stoppard in England - built plays around language. In their plays, dialogue frequently cannot be read simply as an intellectual exchange of information. Many playwrights also mirrored society's frustration with a seemingly uncontrollable, self-destructive world. The drama, which had suffered a steep decline during the Victorian Age, was revived with great force at the beginning of the 20th century and the course of six decades has witnessed many trends and currents in the 20th century drama. The drama of the Modernist Movement was such less innovative in technique than it was its poetry and novel.

1	Drama in the 1960s and 1970s was built around						
A	music	B	characters	C	structure	D	language
2	Toward the end of the 18th century, the period heavily influenced the theatre of that era.						
A	Renaissance	B	Romantic	C	Victorian	D	Modern
3	Choose a suitable title to the text:						
A	History of Drama	B	Modern Drama	C	Musical Drama	D	European Drama
4	One of these sentences is false :						
A	The 20th century drama has witnessed many trends.	B	Drama suffered a steep decline in the Victorian Age.	C	Tom Stoppard was an American playwright.	D	The term Drama is a foreign word that means "action".
5	The ability to understand things and to think intelligently. is :						
A	revival	B	decline	C	dominate	D	intellect
6	The word " contemporary " in the text means :						
A	a decrease in the quality or importance of something.	B	something belonging to the present time.	C	a process in which something becomes active again.	D	a serious play or book that ends sadly.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Technology experts are predicting that the computer games of the future will be a lot more difficult both for games producers and for players. In particular, they say, games will look much more realistic, and computer-controlled characters will be more believable. This means that keen computer games players will almost certainly spend more time playing games than they do at the moment. New technology will enable companies to create more complex games. The graphics of computer games will definitely improve, but this may cause problems. Firstly, game studios will have to employ hundreds of animators to produce enough features to fill huge computer worlds. Secondly, designers may spend too much time on visual effects and forget about the quality of the games themselves. One computer expert said: 'When you move away from games where characters just fight each other, speaking will become much more important. We will have to make our game characters more **intelligent**; in the end they will even have conversations with each other'. Another change that seems probable is the increase in people playing the same game on the mobile phone networks. Many of these games are free at the moment, so companies don't earn much money from them. Some people are predicting that in future, as multi-player games become more and more popular, players will have to pay for every episode.

7	According to technology experts, computer games of the future will be both for games producers and for players.						
A	impossible	B	a lot more difficult	C	less difficult	D	the same
8	Computer game players will spend more time playing games because						
A	computer games will look much more realistic.	B	they will have nothing important to do.	C	there won't be schools any more.	D	they will onboard a big space ship.
9	Game studios will have to employ hundreds of animators to produce enough features to fill huge computer worlds because						
A	the new computer games will be free.	B	the new computer game will have less characters.	C	the graphics of computer games will improve.	D	the new games will talk less time to pass.
10	One of these sentences is false :						
A	Game studios will need less employees to develop these complex games.	B	People playing the same game on the mobile phone networks will increase.	C	Game characters will have to be more intelligent.	D	Future games won't be free as they are now.
11	make or become better. is :						
A	graphic	B	improve	C	episode	D	probable
12	The word " furious " in the text means :						
A	make or manufacture from components or raw materials.	B	a talk between two or more people, in which news and ideas are exchanged.	C	the mental and moral qualities distinctive to an individual.	D	having or showing intelligence, especially of a high level.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	I knew her because I her several times.						
A	had visited	B	will be visiting	C	have visited	D	am visiting
14	A successful person is able to differentiate between fantasy and						
A	real	B	reality	C	realize	D	really
15	Asking people to leave their mobile phones at home when they leave is something						
A	logical	B	logic	C	illogical	D	unlogical
16	Carol the guitar since she was six.						
A	had been playing	B	played	C	is playing	D	has been playing
17	Food by farmers all over the country.						
A	grows	B	is growing	C	is grown	D	will grow
18	Having the law, that 32-year-old man was sentenced for two months.						
A	broken	B	assembled	C	beaten	D	acted
19	His car broke down, so I him to the nearest garage.						
A	raised - percent	B	gave - a lift	C	lost - temper	D	made - an effort
20	The mechanic is changing the oil in my car. I it changed.						
A	am having	B	have	C	was having	D	had
21	I know a man last name is Goose.						
A	which	B	who	C	whom	D	whose
22	By the time you get home, I the house from top to bottom.						
A	will be cleaning	B	am going to clean	C	will have cleaned	D	will clean
23	Tom was busy his work.						
A	for	B	with	C	in	D	of
24	Let me introduce you to Mr. Karam, my father's best friend. We many years ago.						
A	gave each other a pumpkin	B	had wide faces	C	broke bread with each other	D	saved our faces
25	If you had studied earlier for the test, you passed.						
A	had	B	would have	C	should	D	will have
26	Rana left the meeting early. Rita wishes She in the meeting.						
A	had stayed	B	stayed	C	has stayed	D	will stay
27	Either the students or the teacher planning to come.						
A	have	B	has	C	are	D	is
28	You eat or drink outside the canteen, but you buy your food in it if you don't want to.						
A	have to - mustn't	B	must - must	C	mustn't - don't have to	D	should - shouldn't
29	I was from school last month due to the fact that I had a broken leg.						
A	absent	B	absence	C	absently	D	absentness
30	How did you hear about it? She asked him how he about it.						
A	has heard	B	hears	C	heard	D	had heard
31	What type of poetic device is used in each sentence? "The wind wrapped its icy fingers around my body."						
A	personification	B	metaphor	C	hyperbole	D	simile

32	..... , I would study more.						
A	You I were	B	Weren't I you	C	Were I you	D	Should I you
33	The restaurant near our office was closed because it by the owner.						
A	is being renovated	B	will be renovated	C	renovated	D	was being renovated
34	I couldn't catch the train. I wish I						
A	could	B	can	C	had caught	D	caught
35	We looked the tree and there was a cat stuck on the top branch.						
A	up	B	on	C	after	D	in
36	The rich have to reach to the poor.						
A	on	B	out	C	for	D	in
37	Ramia has to go early,?						
A	did she	B	hasn't she	C	doesn't she	D	does she
38	Jana: I don't feel well, I've got a sore through! May:						
A	You're embarrassing me.	B	We are proud of you.	C	Very well done! Keep it up.	D	I'm sorry about that.
39	Ramia: I'm not going to take the final exams. Cindy:						
A	I think darker colours suits you.	B	I don't think it's a good idea.	C	Good for you!	D	If I were you, I'd leave early.
40	The stressed syllable in the word unfriendly is:						
A	unFRIENDly	B	UNfriendly	C	unfriENDly	D	unfriendLY
41	One of the underlined auxiliary verb has a strong form .						
A	This watch is mine.	B	I m tired.	C	She was late.	D	"Has he paid the bill?" - "Yes, he has ."
42	Raise both your hands slowly into the air. (The correct elision is:))						
A	into	B	hands	C	both	D	air
43	Wherever I go on holiday,						
A	I think about civil rights.	B	I go to school on time.	C	I go with my friends.	D	I use a hammer or a piece of stone.
44	I'd like to be an archaeologist when						
A	I finish university.	B	I was a little girl.	C	I see a good movie.	D	I bring home some friends.
45	He usually goes to Homs every week.						
A	How long does he go to Homs?	B	How often does he go to Homs?	C	When does he go to Homs?	D	Why does he go to Homs?
46	I'm sweaty because I've been running for an hour.						
A	When did you go running?	B	Why have you been running?	C	Why are you sweaty?	D	Where have you been running?
47	Mrs. Brown likes to start the day with a cup of coffee.						
A	Who likes to start the day with a cup of coffee?	B	How likes to start the day with a cup of coffee?	C	What likes to start the day with a cup of coffee?	D	When does he like to start the day with a cup of coffee?

48	The correct sentence is						
A	Many animals migrate in the same time every year.	B	Many animals migrate at the same time every year.	C	Many animals migrate at the same time every year.	D	Many animal migrate at the same time every year.
49	The correct sentence is						
A	Some homan activities are destroying the natural world.	B	Some human activities are destroying the natural word.	C	Some human activities are distroying the natural world.	D	Some human activities are destroying the natural world.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	Storms caused the destruction of must of the crops.	B	Storms caused the destruction of most of the corps.	C	Storms caused the destruction of most of the crops.	D	storms caused the destruction of most of the crops.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	We have to start work very early tomorrow morning.	B	We have to start work vary early tomorrow morning.	C	We have two start work very early tomorrow morning.	D	We have to start work very early tomorow morning.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – It gives them food and living arrangement.</p> <p>B – Some students are volunteering for tree plantation today.</p> <p>C – The least we can do is plant a large number of trees.</p> <p>D – Planting trees helps birds, squirrels, and different species.</p>							
A	B A C D	B	D A C B	C	B A D C	D	C A B D

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (٣)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:**(60 marks)**

Satire is a genre of literature that makes fun of people. In satire, human or individual vices or weakness are examined and **mocked**. Although satire is generally funny, its main purpose is to criticise a person, a group or an institution in an intelligent manner. Not all satirists have the luxury of being able to criticise people or society without fear of the authorities taking action against them. Because of this, many satirists criticise imaginary individuals or people and events from many years before. To the more intelligent readers and audience, the real targets are obvious, not that the authorities and the rich and powerful (who are often those being mocked) can prove this or stop people from laughing. There are many different forms of satire, but all of them are intended to criticise or mock, though some have done it less obviously than others. Satire was famously used in ancient Greece, although the name comes from the ancient Roman language, Latin. Juvenal is one of the most famous and imaginative of the Roman satirists, and was inspired by earlier Greek writers such as Aristophanes. Alexander Pope, a leading 18th century poet and a skilled translator of Latin, was also influenced by the Greek and Roman authors who came before him. Samuel Beckett's work shows how satire is still relevant and interesting in the modern day, by using absurdism to satirise life itself.

1	The word satire is originally						
A	Arabic	B	Persian	C	Greek	D	Latin
2	In satire, human or individual weaknesses are criticised						
A	in a funny way	B	in a serious way	C	in a direct way	D	in an indirect way
3	Choose a suitable title for the text:						
A	Drama	B	Satire	C	Prose	D	Poetry
4	One of these sentences is true :						
A	Satire has many different forms.	B	Greek and Roman authors didn't influence Pope.	C	Satire is a genre of science that makes fun of people.	D	Juvenal is a famous and imaginative Latin satirists.
5	point out the faults in someone or something is :						
A	relevant	B	luxury	C	criticise	D	imaginary
6	The word " mock " in the text means :						
A	quick at learning and understanding things.	B	an illegal or evil behavior.	C	connected to what is important.	D	to laugh at or make fun of someone.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Once upon a time, in a village, there lived a poor man who worked hard every day. One night he dreamt that if he went to the city, he would become very rich. The following day, he set out cheerfully for the city and, after a long journey, arrived late at night. Because he was tired, he slept in the doorway of a house.

The next morning, the owner of the house found him and thought he was a thief. Angrily the owner called the police who took the poor man away and threw **him** into prison. A week later, he was brought before a judge. When the judge saw that he was a stranger, he asked the poor man where he was from and why he had come to the city. He replied honestly that he was from a faraway village and that he had come to the city because of his dream. The judge laughed loudly and told him that he should ignore his dreams. Then the judge said that he had dreamt three times that there was a vast **treasure** buried under a twisted tree behind a well in a garden. However, he had wisely ignored the dream.

Finally, he set the man free and told him to return to his village. The man realised that the judge had described the garden of his own house. Therefore, when he returned to the village he found the treasure easily. He lived the rest of his life as a rich and contented man.

7	The man went to the city because						
A	he wanted to meet new friends.	B	he wanted to be rich.	C	he arrived late at night.	D	he was looking for a job.
8	The owner of the house called the police thinking that						
A	the poor man was trying to rob his house.	B	his house was on fire.	C	his was broken into.	D	there was a treasure underneath his house.
9	The underlined word " him " in the text refers to						
A	the owner	B	the judge	C	the poor man	D	the sheep herder
10	One of these sentences is false :						
A	A dream led the poor man to go the city.	B	He arrived at the city late at night.	C	The judge laughed at the poor man's story.	D	The treasure was under the judge's house.
11	an entrance to a room or building through a door. is :						
A	prison	B	doorway	C	garden	D	house
12	The word " treasure " in the text means :						
A	a quantity of precious metals, gems, or other valuable objects.	B	of very great extent or quantity; immense.	C	a public official appointed to decide cases in a court of law.	D	an act of traveling from one place to another.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	How many times you your house broken into?						
A	do - have	B	did - have	C	have - had	D	did - had
14	Many old people have more than others when dealing with the young generation.						
A	tolerant	B	tolerate	C	tolerating	D	tolerance
15	What type of poetic device is used in each sentence? "The boat was tossed like a cork on the waves."						
A	simile	B	metaphor	C	hyperbole	D	personification
16	I can't leave now. I for an important client.						
A	was waiting	B	am waiting	C	have waited	D	wait
17	The paintings by the organisers till the end of the Month.						
A	had been exhibited	B	was exhibited	C	will be exhibited	D	would be exhibited
18	The new clerk didn't the boss's and was fired after only two months.						
A	raised - percent	B	make - an effort	C	lose - temper	D	meet - expectations
19	The parents were proud their child's achievement.						
A	of	B	with	C	to	D	from
20	Lisa didn't repair the hairdryer herself. She it repaired.						
A	didn't have	B	has had	C	had	D	has
21	The guest speaker is the one to you should address the letter.						
A	who	B	whom	C	which	D	where
22	According to the timetable, the plane at 9.30.						
A	is going to arrive	B	will arrive	C	will have arrived	D	arrives
23	I wanted to with my colleagues by explaining why I've been late.						
A	break bread	B	give a pumpkin	C	save face	D	lose face
24	Hama, being an ancient city, the past and the present everywhere you walk there.						
A	component	B	combining	C	combination	D	combines
25	If you had seen the product advertised, you bought it.						
A	could	B	could have	C	can	D	will
26	He always blows cigarette smoke in my face. I wish he smoking.						
A	stopped	B	had stopped	C	would stop	D	will stop
27	You shouldn't have called the police neighbours.						
A	neither - nor	B	both - and	C	either - or	D	not only - but also
28	If he has a credit card, he pay for something in cash. He can use the card.						
A	mustn't	B	doesn't have to	C	has to	D	shouldn't
29	What type of poetic device is used in each sentence? "Death! Where is thy sting? O grave! Where is thy victory?"						
A	oxymoron	B	metaphor	C	simile	D	personification
30	When can you start? She asked him when he start.						
A	could	B	did	C	would	D	had
31	Many graduates the unemployed every year when they leave university.						
A	are dead in the water	B	ace the test	C	are on a roll	D	join the ranks of
32	Never to London before.						
A	I have been	B	have I been	C	I haven't been	D	haven't I been

33	Why wasn't the old wall before it fell on?						
A	was mended	B	mending	C	mend	D	mended
34	I usually my glasses mended by the shop on the corner.						
A	have	B	had	C	has	D	having
35	What type of poetic device is used in this sentence? "I like peanuts, but they don't like me."						
A	simile	B	personification	C	metaphor	D	hyperbole
36	They walked the next town.						
A	onto	B	from	C	off	D	to
37	Cars cause pollution,?						
A	does it	B	did it	C	don't they	D	have they
38	Rami: I'd be honored if you joined us for dinner tonight. Hadi:						
A	I've seen better designs.	B	It wasn't on the short side.	C	It was sort of interesting times.	D	I was planning to get an early night.
39	Rose: I haven't told you what happened yet, have I? Sue:						
A	Are you serious?	B	I haven't heard anything.	C	For real?	D	That's great! Congratulations.
40	Which word ends with the sound /id/?						
A	believed	B	passed	C	washed	D	divided
41	Which word ends with a voiceless sound?						
A	ash	B	judge	C	sister	D	sick
42	The second boy waited for half an hour. (The correct elision is:						
A	<u>hour</u>	B	<u>waited</u>	C	<u>half</u>	D	<u>second</u>
43	Before they reached the summit,						
A	they saw us in the mall.	B	they had run out of food.	C	we were watching a movie.	D	he had seen smoke.
44	..... is a mark that something has been in a place.						
A	demotivate	B	envy	C	vanity	D	trace
45	My new friend Sameer is calm and friendly.						
A	What is your new friend Sameer like?	B	What does your friend Sameer look like?	C	Who is your new friend Sameer?	D	How is your new friend Sameer like?
46	Alberto and Maria have been married since 1988.						
A	Where did Alberto and Maria get married?	B	Why did Alberto and Maria get married?	C	How long have Alberto and Maria been married?	D	When did Alberto and Maria get married?
47	Mount Everest is 8,848 m high.						
A	How far is Mount Everest?	B	How high is Mount Everest?	C	Where is Mount Everest?	D	How old is Mount Everest?
48	The correct sentence is						
A	Scientists are worried about the climat change.	B	scientists are worried about the climate change.	C	Scientists are worry about the climate change.	D	Scientists are worry about the climate change.

49	The correct sentence is						
A	People write things in their diaries every day.	B	People write things in their diaries every dye.	C	People writes things in their diaries every day.	D	People write things on their diaries every day.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	It's expensive to get onto the Eden Project.	B	It's expensive to get into the Eden Project.	C	It's expensive to get into the eden project.	D	It's expensive to get onto the Eden Project.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	I've always been interested about plants and trees.	B	I've always been interested at plants and trees.	C	I've always been interested in plants and tree.	D	I've always been interested in plants and trees.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – So, people who are sick or injured are given medical treatment and care there.</p> <p>B – Hospitals are large and clean buildings located in every city.</p> <p>C – Technological equipment helps doctors in their work.</p> <p>D – Nowadays, hospitals are more advanced in medical technology.</p>							
A	B A C D	B	D A C B	C	B A D C	D	C A B D

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (٤)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Shakespeare's comedies are full of fun and based on misunderstanding and mishaps; the characters are lively and the dialogues are witty. Shakespeare's early classical comedies, containing tight double plots and precise comic sequences, gave way to the romantic atmosphere of his greatest comedies; *A Midsummer Night's Dream* is a witty mixture of romance, fairy magic and comic low life's scenes. The wit and wordplay of *Much Ado About Nothing* and the charming rural setting of *As You Like It* complete Shakespeare's sequence of great comedies.

Unlike his comedies, Shakespeare's tragedies always have sad endings which can make people cry. The tragedies are based around misery, loss and disillusionment. Most Shakespeare's tragedies involve characters of very high status in society; *Julius Caesar* is the most important man in Rome, *Hamlet* is a prince and *King Lear* is a ruler of Britain. Many critics believe that Shakespeare's greatest tragedies represent the peak of his art. The plots of *Romeo and Juliet*, *Julius Caesar*, *Hamlet*, *Othello* often **hinge** on fatal flaws which overturn order and destroy the hero and those we love. While watching a Shakespearean tragedy, the audience is moved and shaken. After the show, the audience are calm, and washed clean of pity and terror.

1	Shakespeare's <i>A Midsummer Night's Dream</i> combines						
A	romance and magic	B	comic scenes	C	murder and blood	D	both a and b
2	What is the main idea of the first paragraph:						
A	Shakespeare's Tragedies	B	Shakespeare's Poetry	C	Shakespeare's Comedies	D	Shakespeare's Life
3	After watching a Shakespearean tragedy, the audience are						
A	shaken	B	calm	C	bored	D	sleepy
4	One of these sentences is true :						
A	Romeo and Juliet is a great comedy.	B	King Lear was the ruler of Norway in the 18 th century.	C	Shakespeare's tragedies always have sad endings.	D	Shakespeare's comedies have contains a single plot.
5	Freeing from false belief is :						
A	disillusionment	B	witty	C	mishaps	D	dynasty
6	The word " hinge " in the text means :						
A	a feeling of intense unhappiness.	B	using words in a clever and amusing way.	C	the act of defending by giving excuses.	D	to depend on something completely.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

At the age of 19, Aisha became the youngest Arab woman to gain a commercial pilot's license. Aisha was brought up in Abu Dhabi. Like most parents, her father, who was a successful diplomat and her mother, who was a university graduate, wanted the best for their daughter. At the age of 14, Aisha was fascinated by planes, and told her father that she wanted to become a pilot. Some fathers might have told their daughters to go out and play with her friends and forget the idea, but not Aisha's. He took her seriously and arranged for Aisha to go to the best gliding school in the region. Near the school was an aviation school, and when Aisha saw the fantastic planes there, she decided she wanted to fly commercial planes. And that is what she did. In three months at the aviation school she qualified for her private pilot's license, and fifteen months later she gained her commercial pilot's license. Aisha's training was hard. She had to forget her **private** life to achieve her dream. She studied flight physics, learned to use computers, improved her English, serviced aircraft engines, and spent time flying. In all, she did 285 hours' flying. In Abu Dhabi, where she lived, Aisha became quite famous when she got her pilot's license. However, she did not want to be in the news. She felt there were more important news stories in the world, like child poverty and health problems.

7	Aisha, at the age of 19, became the youngest Arab woman to gain						
A	a successful diplomat.	B	a university graduate.	C	a PHD in Computer Science.	D	a commercial pilot's license.
8	Her father took her seriously and arranged for Aisha to go to the best in the region.						
A	gliding school	B	aviation school	C	medical school	D	law school
9	It took Aisha at aviation school to gain her license.						
A	five months	B	two years	C	fifteen months	D	one year
10	One of these sentences is false :						
A	Aisha was brought up in Abu Dhabi.	B	Her flight training was very easy.	C	The gliding school was close to an aviation school.	D	She learned to use computers and improved her English.
11	a person who operates the flying controls of an aircraft. is :						
A	license	B	achieve	C	aviation	D	pilot
12	The word " private " in the text means :						
A	the branch of science concerned with the nature and properties of matter and energy.	B	a person who operates the flying controls of an aircraft.	C	belonging to or for the use of one particular person or group of people only.	D	the action or process of flying through the air.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	When Mozart was born, five of his siblings						
A	had already died	B	already died	C	have already died	D	died
14	My favourite actor makes only a brief in the play.						
A	appear	B	appeared	C	appearance	D	appearing
15	His phone was because he didn't pay his last bill.						
A	misconnected	B	disconnected	C	connected	D	reconnected
16	I which train to catch at the moment.						
A	am not knowing	B	haven't known	C	haven't been knowing	D	don't know
17	My neighbour disappeared six months ago. He since then.						
A	isn't seen	B	haven't been seen	C	hasn't been seen	D	hadn't been seen
18	Which <u>ONE</u> of these sentences is a <u>metaphor</u> ?						
A	He is a lion.	B	She likes onions, but they don't like her.	C	My love is like a red rose.	D	His face became as black as coal after being criticised
19	Politicians often think the government should in order to get more money to spend.						
A	meet expectations	B	raise taxes	C	make an effort	D	gave a lift
20	We our electricity cut off because we had forgotten to pay the bill.						
A	have	B	are having	C	had	D	didn't have
21	This isn't the building the bus stopped.						
A	which	B	where	C	when	D	whose
22	What be doing this time tomorrow?						
A	have you	B	were you	C	are you going	D	will you
23	I was surprised her exam results.						
A	by	B	of	C	about	D	with
24	I don't want to ruin my friendship with him for I him.						
A	lost face with	B	gave the pumpkin to	C	broke bread with	D	saved face with
25	Unless Caroline's car had broken down, she to Homs.						
A	had travelled	B	will travel	C	have travelled	D	would have travelled
26	It took us a long time to arrive. I wish we the train instead.						
A	would catch	B	had caught	C	could catch	D	caught
27	..... Peter and his wife like the idea of going for a walk.						
A	Not only	B	Neither	C	Both	D	Either
28	Tom doesn't study enough. He study harder.						
A	should	B	should have	C	must	D	has to
29	Tom was nearly out of when he reached that high point.						
A	breathe	B	breathless	C	breathing	D	breath
30	Judy asked Martin if he to join her for lunch the following day.						
A	likes	B	liked	C	will like	D	going to like
31	What type of <u>poetic device</u> is used in each sentence? "The wind wrapped its icy fingers around my body."						
A	hyperbole	B	simile	C	personification	D	metaphor

32	Never to such a fantastic restaurant.						
A	had John been	B	John had been	C	hadn't John been	D	John hadn't been
33	I met the band new song is a hit record.						
A	who	B	whom	C	whose	D	which
34	If I my friend's number, I would phone her now.						
A	know	B	knew	C	had known	D	have known
35	Our boss often gets angry and his when things go wrong.						
A	runs - risk	B	raises - taxes	C	gives - a lift	D	loses - temper
36	My little brother is careless his money.						
A	with	B	from	C	at	D	on
37	The cat sat on Rima's leg,?						
A	isn't it	B	doesn't it	C	didn't it	D	does it
38	Shahd: Would you mind if I came in late to work tomorrow? Rama:						
A	I'm sure I can.	B	I'd prefer if you didn't.	C	Would it be possible for me to use it?	D	Is it ok if I come in late to work tomorrow?
39	Rana: What do you think of my new mobile? Lina:						
A	You're kidding.	B	A new job?!	C	I'm sorry about that.	D	I've seen better designs.
40	Which word starts with a voiceless sound?						
A	January	B	gentle	C	show	D	zone
41	How long will the live fish live without food? (The underlined word is:						
A	moving	B	alive	C	to survive	D	to live
42	Which word has a silent /l/ ?						
A	business	B	wrist	C	kite	D	guitar
43	I prefer watching romance films because						
A	they are impossible.	B	I like horror.	C	they are interesting.	D	I was bored.
44	..... is determination to keep trying to achieve something in spite of difficulties.						
A	perseverance	B	inevitably	C	trigger	D	sacrifice
45	Hillary was the first to reach the top of Everest.						
A	Whom was the first to reach the top of Everest?	B	Who was the first to reach the top of Everest?	C	What was the top of Everest like?	D	When did Hillary reach the top of Everest?
46	I moved to the city to go to university.						
A	Who did you go to university with?	B	Where did you go to university?	C	When did you move to the city?	D	Why did you move to the city?
47	The Smiths moved to England in 2008.						
A	What was the reason behind the Smiths move to England?	B	How long did the Smiths move to England?	C	When did the Smiths move to England?	D	Why did the Smiths move to England?

48	The correct sentence is						
A	Many young people prefer the excitement of city live.	B	Many young people prefer the excitement of city life.	C	Many young people prefers the excitement of city life.	D	many young people prefer the excitement of city life.
49	The correct sentence is						
A	The earthquake caused destruction across the country.	B	The earthquake caused distruction across the country.	C	The earthquak caused destruction across the country.	D	The earthquake caused destruction a cross the country.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	Animals consumes only as much food as they need.	B	Animals consume only as much food as them need.	C	Animals consume only as much food as they need.	D	Animals consume only as many food as they need.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	The law is the code that governs all individuals.	B	The law is the code that governs all individuals.	C	The low is the code that governs all individuals.	D	The law is the codes that governs all individuals.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – People will travel around on small flying cars quickly.</p> <p>B – Those cities will have fresh air because there won't be air pollution.</p> <p>C – The land above the ground will be for growing food, and national parks.</p> <p>D – People will live in cool and comfortable underground cities.</p>							
A	D C B A	B	D C B A	C	C D A B	D	B A D C

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (٥)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:**(60 marks)**

After the King of Denmark dies, his wife marries Claudius, the king's brother. The king's son, Prince Hamlet, feels sorry about his father's death and is also against his mother's marriage. The ghost of Hamlet's father appears and tells the prince that he was murdered by Claudius. Hamlet doesn't know whether to believe the ghost or not.

When the king shows his **guilt** at a play Hamlet is convinced he is the murderer. Polonius, the king's advisor, listens in to a conversation between Hamlet and his mother. He hides behind the curtain. Hamlet feels that someone is in the room and stabs him. Claudius sends Hamlet to England. He gives orders to execute him when he arrives there. But Hamlet finds out about this and comes back to Denmark. When he arrives, he finds out that Ophelia, the daughter of Polonius and a girl that Hamlet loved, is dead. Laertes, Ophelia's brother blames Hamlet for the death of his father and sister.

During a fencing match with Hamlet, he uses a poisoned sword to kill him. Hamlet is hurt by the sword and Laertes wounds himself too. Hamlet's mother drinks from a poisoned cup of wine that Claudius prepares for the prince. At the end of the play Hamlet, his mother, Claudius and Laertes all, lie dead on the floor.

1	The main character in this text is:						
A	Ophelia	B	Polonius	C	Hamlet	D	Laertes
2	Claudius sends Hamlet to England giving orders to him when he arrives there.						
A	eliminate	B	cure	C	train	D	poison
3	Choose a suitable title for the text:						
A	Denmark At War	B	Royal Tragedy	C	A Ghost in the Castle	D	Death by Poison
4	One of these sentences is false :						
A	Hamlet was the son of the king of Denmark.	B	Hamlet's mother drinks from a poisoned cup of wine.	C	Claudius and Hamlet died at the end.	D	Claudius is Ophelia's half-brother.
5	a piece of material suspended at the top to form a covering or screen, typically one of a pair at a window. is :						
A	fencing	B	castle	C	curtain	D	scream
6	The word " guilt " in the text means :						
A	the act of making different things suitable for each other.	B	someone who tells the king what to do.	C	a competition between two opponents.	D	the state of not being innocent.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Today, tea is the most popular drink in the world. It is drunk by more people than either coffee or cocoa and the number of people drinking it is increasing year by year. The cultivation of tea plants began in China over two thousand years ago and from there its popularity spread first to Japan and then to the rest of the world. Together with silk and porcelain, tea is still one of China's most important exports.

In China, everyone from taxi drivers to **civil servants** drinks tea every day. Although people drink it at all times of the day and night, it is especially popular after meals. In warm summer weather, people believe it helps them to keep cool and relax, and this is why there are so many **traditional** tea-houses in Chinese towns and villages, where local people, especially the elderly, meet regularly and chat with their friends. In many towns, tea-houses open in the late afternoon and quickly fill up with students and business people.

In the capital of China, Beijing, there are many world-famous tea houses. One of these is Lao She Tea-house, which is popular with celebrities from China and elsewhere. Here customers can enjoy the traditional Beijing atmosphere, drink the best teas in China and watch and listen to traditional Chinese music and drama.

7	..... ago, people first started to grow tea plants in China.						
A	2000 years	B	200 years	C	100 years	D	1200 years
8	Chinese people particularly enjoy tea						
A	at work.	B	before bed.	C	during meals.	D	after meals.
9	The tea-houses in Beijing differ from those in other parts of the country because they also have						
A	cakes and other kinds of sweets.	B	celebrities from China and elsewhere.	C	hot meals three times a day.	D	video games and a cinema theatres.
10	One of these sentences is true :						
A	Tea is not as popular as coffee.	B	People don't drink tea in the summer because it makes them feel hot.	C	Tea is one of China's most important exports.	D	People in Arab countries started drinking tea later than people in China and Japan.
11	existing in or as part of a tradition; long-established. is :						
	traditional		elderly		popular		spread
12	The word " civil servant " in the text means :						
A	famous person	B	the growing of plants.	C	someone who works for the government.	D	good at doing something / experienced.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	We have been talking about the holiday for weeks, but we anything yet.						
A	hadn't decided	B	haven't decided	C	didn't decide	D	don't decide
14	It was one of the best of a Shakespeare play I have ever seen.						
A	product	B	produce	C	productions	D	producing
15	A big part of my job is the latest research in medical technology.						
A	fitting in with	B	following through	C	reach out to	D	keeping up with
16	The pizza delicious.						
A	smell	B	was smelling	C	smells	D	is smelling
17	We by the teacher a very difficult question when the school bell rang.						
A	were asked	B	were being asked	C	are being asked	D	have been asked
18	The vase fell the table and shattered on the floor.						
A	off	B	out of	C	onto	D	of
19	What type of poetic device is used in each sentence? "He is so brave, he is a lion."						
A	personification	B	simile	C	hyperbole	D	metaphor
20	Sami won't open the gates himself. He them opened.						
A	is having	B	has had	C	will have	D	would have
21	This is the repair man saw the machine and fixed it.						
A	whom	B	which	C	when	D	who
22	I the report by Friday night.						
A	am finishing	B	will finish	C	will have finished	D	will be finishing
23	We looked the tree and there was a humming bird on the top branch.						
A	up	B	on	C	after	D	in
24	Who did you vote for in the last?						
A	elect	B	election	C	electing	D	elected
25	If you enough time, you can visit your aunt in the next town.						
A	have got	B	had got	C	got	D	get
26	If only he me so late at night.						
A	called	B	wouldn't call	C	wouldn't have called	D	didn't call
27	He felt disappointed misunderstood.						
A	neither - and	B	either - or	C	not only - also	D	both - and
28	These books are on the wrong shelf. They be here.						
A	shouldn't	B	don't have to	C	didn't have to	D	mustn't
29	I went to a counselor for on my career.						
A	guiding	B	guidance	C	guided	D	guide
30	Are you going to the cinema at the weekend? He asked me if I to the cinema at the weekend.						
A	had been	B	am going	C	was going	D	had gone
31	They should also respect the norms of the society.						
A	moralties	B	moral	C	morals	D	morality
32	Hardly in my hotel room when my phone rang.						
A	had I unpacked	B	I had unpacked	C	I unpacked had	D	unpackd I had
33	I would e-mail Hashem if I his address.						
A	had known	B	would know	C	know	D	knew

34	Rana left the class early. Mrs. Wilson wishes she in the meeting.						
A	stayed	B	had stayed	C	has stayed	D	stays
35	Salwa must be good English. She got a full mark in the exam.						
A	with	B	in	C	at	D	for
36	..... is the most exciting or important event or point in time.						
A	climax	B	plot	C	satire	D	metaphor
37	It is raining outside,?						
A	hasn't it	B	doesn't it	C	is it	D	isn't it
38	Mahmoud: After such an award, you must feel on top of the world. Maya:						
A	Try to cut down on sweets.	B	I can't decide.	C	It was nothing really, nothing at all.	D	I'm not sure. Maybe I have.
39	Rachel: Would science and technology find a cure for cancer? Jane:						
A	I'm not sure. Maybe it will.	B	Well, you see that doctors have tried for many years.	C	I can't leave until 9	D	I'm really sorry!
40	Which word has a silent /T/ ?						
A	castle	B	autumn	C	guitar	D	doubt
41	Which word ends with the sound /d/ ?						
A	washed	B	watched	C	ordered	D	started
42	The stressed syllable in the word \talkative\ is:						
A	tal K ATive	B	TAL K ative	C	talk A TIVE	D	tal L Kative
43	Thirty-nine people were killed in the fire, which						
A	made us laugh.	B	was a nice event.	C	happens daily.	D	was very terrible.
44	..... is a means of progress or advancement.						
A	eliminate	B	bankrupt	C	stepping-stone	D	insurance
45	Mark Anthony was a famous Roman leader.						
A	Who was Mark Anthony?	B	What was Mark Anthony?	C	What did Mark Anthony do?	D	How was Mark Anthony?
46	They go to the public pool twice a week.						
A	When do they go to the public pool?	B	Why do they go to the public pool?	C	How long do they go to the public pool?	D	How often do they go to the public pool?
47	Shakespeare wrote about 38 plays.						
A	Who was Shakespeare?	B	How many plays did Shakespeare write?	C	How long has Shakespeare been a play-write?	D	How many poems did Shakespeare write?
48	The correct sentence is						
A	My family is living in a lovely apartment nowadays.	B	My family is living at a lovely apartment nowadays.	C	My family is living in a lovely apartment nowadays.	D	My family is living in a lovely apartment nowadays.

49	The correct sentence is						
A	If you misuse the equipments, it won't work properly.	B	If you misuse the equipment, it won't work proprly.	C	If you misuse the equipment, it won't work properly.	D	If you misuse the equipment, it want work properly.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	The rainforest has an important effect on the climate.	B	The rainforest has an important affect on the climate.	C	The rainforest have an important effect on the climate.	D	The rainforest has an important effect on the climat.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	Some animals like they sand gazelle are under threat.	B	Some animals like the sand gazelle is under threat.	C	Some animals like the sand gazelle are under threat.	D	Some animals like the sand gazelle are under thret.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – Sometimes, he had to stay out to give his shoulder a rest.</p> <p>B – It prevented him from playing well, but he could still play most of the time.</p> <p>C – Bill is a baseball player who had a problem with his shoulder.</p> <p>D – His doctor said he needed an operation in order to be completely cured.</p>							
A	B A C D	B	D C A B	C	B D C A	D	C B A D

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (٦)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Ernest Hemingway is frequently described as using 'economy of language' in his writing, which is a reference to his compact and powerful style. Hemingway was an American novelist and journalist who developed his **distinctive** style of writing as a young man, while writing for the Kansas City Star newspaper. Many writers have attempted to imitate his way of writing, because his works are considered to be some of the most important pieces of American literature, as demonstrated by the fact that he won both the Nobel Prize in Literature and the Pulitzer Prize for Literature.

Hemingway travelled a great deal during his life; his daring lifestyle is almost as well-known as his writing. He was injured in Italy during World War I, and spent a long time during the 1920s in Paris with other great authors such as James Joyce, Ezra Pound and Gertrude Stein. He reported on World War II in France and was there for some of the war's major events. He also frequently travelled to Cuba, even living there for many years during the 1940s and 50s.

Hemingway loved fishing, boxing, bullfighting and hunting; these hobbies and his adventurous history gave him a macho image that was reflected in his literature by strong, masculine characters. While in Cuba, he spent many hours fishing in the Gulf Stream.

1	Ernest Hemingway was a						
A	dramatist	B	musician	C	novel writer and journalist	D	Poet
2	Choose a suitable title for the text:						
A	Ernest Hemingway	B	American literature	C	World War I	D	Paris in 1920s
3	Many writers tried to Hemingway's distinctive way of writing.						
A	criticise	B	enrich	C	insult	D	copy
4	One of these sentences is true :						
A	Hemingway was the editor in Kansas City Star.	B	Hemingway participated in World War II.	C	Hemingway loved fishing, boxing, and bullfighting	D	Ezra Pound and Gertrude Stein injured Hemingway.
5	to copy the way somebody behaves, speaks or writes is :.....						
A	imitate	B	journalist	C	compact	D	bullfighting
6	The word " distinctive " in the text means :						
A	neatly and closely packed.	B	acting in a male way; being strong and brave.	C	someone who writes news reports for newspapers.	D	easy to recognize, very different.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

In the early 1940 s, a Hungarian journalist called Laszlo Biro visited a newspaper office. He watched the production process and was amazed by how quickly the printing ink dried on the paper. It was then that Biro decided to design a pen which used quick-drying ink instead of the normal ink which traditional pens used and which took a long time to dry. In 1943, Laszlo and his brother, who was a chemist, produced the first 'biros'. The pens became an instant success-mainly because the ink dried quickly and they were stronger than normal ink pens, but also because they worked in planes at high altitude. Two years later, an American company produced similar pens, but because of the technology involved, these first ballpoint pens were very expensive at \$ 10 each. In 1949, the first cheap ballpoint pens were produced in France by Marcel Bich. These 'Bic' pens eventually sold on the American market for only 10 cents each.

The Bic company has been successfully making ballpoint pens ever since then. The most important part of a ballpoint pen is the ball. As it moves across a piece of paper, the ball revolves in its socket and transfers quick-drying ink on to the paper. This mechanism is very important. If the ball is too tight in the socket, the ball will not move. If it is too **loose**, the ink will dry up. Ballpoint pens can write in many different situations but they cannot write upside down because the ink needs gravity to act on the ball.

7	The idea for a pen which used quick-drying ink instead of the normal ink came to Laszlo Biro after						
A	visiting a newspaper office.	B	visiting a museum exhibiting pens.	C	watching a documentary.	D	having a dream about it.
8	The first 'biros' were produced by Laszlo and his brother in						
A	the 1800s	B	the 1940s	C	1914	D	the 1960s
9	Choose a suitable title to the text:						
A	Quickly drying ink.	B	Writing	C	Laszlo Biro	D	Ballpoint pens
10	One of these sentences is false :						
A	Laszlo Biro was a journalist and his brother was chemist.	B	The first American ballpoint pens were very expensive.	C	'Normal' pens were stronger than biros.	D	The Bic company still produces these cheap pens.
11	happening or coming immediately. is :						
A	instant	B	ballpoint	C	ink	D	quick-drying
12	The word " loose " in the text means :						
A	method / system.	B	hole where ball revolves.	C	move from one place to another.	D	moving too freely.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	The robbery happened at four in the afternoon when she news on TV.						
A	is watching	B	was watching	C had watched	D	watches	
14	The government announced the island an invalid place to live on because of the volcanic						
A	acting	B	action	C	activity	D	active
15	Nowadays, students can the latest news by using the Internet.						
A	fit in	B	reach out to	C	follow through	D	keep up with
16	I usually coffee to tea.						
A	prefers	B	prefer	C	am preferring	D	was preferring
17	A very difficult question by the teacher to us when the school bell rang.						
A	was being asked	B	is being asked	C	is asked	D	have been asked
18	My brother drove Homs in one hour.						
A	into	B	out of	C	off	D	to
19	What type of poetic device is used in this sentence? "The computers at school are old dinosaurs."						
A	simile	B	oxymoron	C	metaphor	D	personification
20	Rena hasn't watered the roses herself. She them watered.						
A	hasn't had	B	has had	C	had	D	has
21	All students the teacher asked gave correct answers.						
A	who	B	whose	C	whom	D	when
22	This time next week, I my exams.						
A	will be doing	B	will do	C	am going to do	D	am doing
23	Can you pick my wallet? It's under your chair.						
A	in	B	on	C	up	D	off
24	Civil rights guarantee equal opportunities.						
A	society	B	sociable	C	socialize	D	social
25	People would see my photo everywhere if I a famous model.						
A	were/was	B	am	C	have been	D	will be
26	It's raining heavily, I wish I my umbrella.						
A	would take	B	had taken	C	take	D	took
27	..... Brian Tom is very considerate.					
A	Both - and	B	Either - or	C	Neither - nor	D	Not only - also
28	You get a good map of London before you go there.						
A	have to	B	don't have to	C	must	D	should
29	..... is when someone has the passion to serve their country.					
A	Patriotism	B	Patriot	C	Patriots	D	Patriarchy
30	We didn't see everything. She said they everything.						
A	didn't see	B	hadn't seen	C	haven't seen	D	saw
31	Your jacket is wet. and get a dry one.						
A	Take it of	B	Take it out	C	Take it in	D	Take it off
32	No longer tigers in the northern region.						
A	there are any	B	are any there	C	are there any	D	any there are
33	In Britain, you drive on the left.						
A	must	B	have to	C	should	D	don't have to

34	Are you going to the park at this afternoon? He asked me if I to the park that afternoon.						
A	was going	B	am going	C	had gone	D	had been
35	Fadi has never learnt to swim because he's afraid water.						
A	from	B	off	C	of	D	about
36	..... is using of a word or phrase not as used normally.						
A	prose	B	metaphor	C	plot	D	climax
37	She had an accident,?						
A	did she	B	had she	C	hadn't she	D	didn't she
38	Rasha: Dad, can I go out tonight? Mr. Shahin: It's a school night!						
A	I'm sure I can.	B	Congratulations!	C	I'm afraid that's not possible.	D	I'm not sure. Maybe I could go.
39	Hiba: I heard that constant texting can cause brain disorders. Sami:						
A	How long have you had yours?	B	Good for him!	C	I can't leave until 9	D	But, what could be the reason behind that?
40	According to the stress, the word " REcord " is:						
A	adverb	B	noun	C	verb	D	adjective
41	The wind blew softly as we watched the river <u>wind</u> its way through the valley. (The underlined word is:)						
A	starting in front.	B	an item.	C	the moving of air.	D	to move or have a curving course.
42	One of the <u>underlined</u> auxiliary verb has a <u>strong form</u> .						
A	Yes, there <u>are</u> .	B	She <u>was</u> late.	C	He's my best teacher.	D	This watch <u>is</u> mine.
43	By the time he retired,						
A	he isn't good at teaching.	B	he had already died.	C	he had won five races.	D	he lost the match.
44	..... is improving one's abilities.						
A	therapeutic	B	rehabilitating	C	ultrasound	D	conduct
45	He has been the family doctor for twenty years.						
A	How long has he been the family doctor?	B	Who is the family doctor?	C	When was he the family doctor?	D	Why has he been working as the family doctor?
46	It takes five hours to reach the top of the mountain.						
A	Why do they keep trying to reach the top of the mountain?	B	Who managed to reach the top of the mountain?	C	How long did it take to reach the top of the mountain?	D	How long does it take to reach the top of the mountain?
47	The kids live with their cousins on a farm.						
A	Who do the kids live on a farm?	B	With whom do the kids live on a farm?	C	Why do the kids live on a farm?	D	How long do the kids live on a farm?

48	The correct sentence is						
A	Students who have been cheating will be punished.	B	Students whom have been cheating will be punished.	C	Students whose have been cheating will be punished.	D	Students who have been cheating will be punished.
49	The correct sentence is						
A	The policeman has interviewed tow people so far.	B	The policeman has interviewed two people yet.	C	The policeman has interviewed two people so far.	D	The policeman has interviewed two peoples so far.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	we take all our waste paper to special collection points.	B	We take all our waste paper to special collection points.	C	We take all our waste paper to spicial collection points.	D	We takes all our waste paper to special collection points.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	Homes produce more rubbish than big companies does.	B	Homes produce more rubbish than pig companies do.	C	Homes produce more rubbish than big companies did.	D	Homes produce more rubbish than big companies do.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – The receptionist called me the next day to ask me about the bill.</p> <p>B – Last week, we stayed in a hotel in Aleppo for three days.</p> <p>C – I told her I was sorry and promised to pay the bill as soon as possible.</p> <p>D – After we checked out from the hotel, we forgot to pay the bill.</p>							
A	B D A C	B	D A C B	C	B A C D	D	C A B D

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (٧)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Agatha Christie is one of the world's best-known and best-loved authors. Her famous detectives and her brilliantly constructed plots have caught the imagination of generations of readers. Although she lived to an old age and wrote many books, she did not reveal much about her personal life.

In December 1926, an incident occurred which would have made a fascinating detective story in itself. At the top of her success with her first novel, she apparently disappeared suddenly for ten days. At the time, she was extremely anxious because of her divorce. She was sleeping badly, she couldn't write and she was eating very little.

On Friday 3rd December, Agatha told her **secretary** and companion, Carlo that she wanted a day alone. When Carlo returned in the evening, she found that the garage doors had been left open and the maids were looking frightened. Mrs. Christie had left quickly without saying anything and the police found no trace of her. Agatha's disappearance was a mystery and caused a lot of suspicion. The mystery ended ten days later when Agatha was found alive and well in a health spa in Yorkshire. Her husband declared that she had lost her memory. However to this day, nobody really knows what happened during those missing ten days.

1	This text is a short About Agatha Christie.						
A	novel	B	news	C	story	D	biography
2	What is the genre of this text?						
A	Drama	B	Poetry	C	Prose	D	Epic
3	When Agatha Christie disappeared, her husband declared that she has						
A	been killed	B	lost her memory	C	moved to Yorkshire	D	died
4	One of these sentences is not mentioned in the text:						
A	Agatha Christie was born in the United Kingdom.	B	Agatha was known for her detective novels.	C	Agatha Christie disappeared on Friday.	D	Agatha had a secretary called Carlo.
5	A legal process or document that ends a marriage is :						
A	mystery	B	suspicion	C	widow	D	divorce
6	The word " secretary " in the text means :						
A	a place with a door where you can park your car.	B	a personal assistant in who receives calls .....etc.	C	people or things that do an action.	D	a mark that something has been in a place.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Thomas Edison is by far one of the most famous inventors in history. He holds 1,093 patents to his name. However, when attempting to invent a commercially-viable electric light bulb, he failed over 10,000 times. When asked by a reporter how it felt to fail so many times, he merely stated, "I have not failed 10,000 times. I have not failed once. I have succeeded in proving that those 10,000 ways will not work. When I have eliminated the ways that will not work, I will find the way that will work."

Albert Einstein, one of the greatest thinkers of our time, didn't speak until he was four-years old. He also failed his entrance exam to the Swiss Federal Polytechnic school located in Zurich at sixteen-years old. And, even his father, up until the time of his death, considered his son to be a major failure. After eventually graduating from college, Einstein actually worked as an insurance salesman, but quit after some time because he failed at that as well.

Bill Gates has amassed a **mind-boggling** net worth of close to \$80 billion, and is known as the infamous father of modern personal-computing software. He brought us operating systems such as Microsoft DOS and Windows, along with wildly-popular titles such as Microsoft Office's Word, Excel and PowerPoint.

7	Thomas Edison holds more than patents to his name.						
A	hundred	B	thousand	C	million	D	billion
8	Choose a suitable title for the text:						
A	Failure is not the End	B	Great Inventors	C	How to Be a Millionaire	D	Fathers Know Best
9	Edison's reaction to his failures was:						
A	frustration	B	sadness	C	determination	D	insurance
10	One of these sentences is false :						
A	Thomas Edison invented the light bulb.	B	Bill Gates is the father of modern day computers.	C	The people mentioned in the text failed at least once.	D	Albert Einstein didn't walk until he was 6 years old.
11	reduced to a state of financial ruins. is :						
A	bankrupt	B	insurance	C	eliminated	D	patents
12	The word " mind-boggling " in the text means :						
A	a means of progress or advancement	B	amazingly or confusingly large, great, etc.	C	put an end to or get rid of.	D	a means of guaranteeing protection or safety.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	Henry did very well in his exams, which was a shock because he an exam before.						
A	hadn't taken	B	hasn't taken	C	hadn't been taking	D	wouldn't take
14	The two chemicals violently with each other when they were						
A	acted - collected	B	reacted - combined	C	reaction - combination	D	acted - extracted
15	Our friend almost when she learned her son and his wife were having triplets.						
A	had a pain in the neck	B	followed her heart	C	cost her an arm and a leg	D	jumped out of her skin
16	Journalists newspaper articles.						
A	are writing	B	wrote	C	write	D	will write
17	20 million Syrian pounds by the government to Dr. Mahmoud for his great invention.						
A	will be paid	B	will pay	C	going to be paid	D	had been paid
18	I drove all night to reach the hospital because they told me my mother was						
A	on the mend	B	at death's door	C	had just what the doctor ordered	D	had a taste of her own medicine
19	There's some chocolate in the fridge. Can you get it						
A	on	B	off	C	out	D	in
20	I didn't cut my hair myself. I it cut.						
A	had	B	have	C	have had	D	haven't
21	That is the doctor patients always talks highly about him.						
A	whom	B	who	C	which	D	whose
22	When the answer, I'll let you know.						
A	I'll find	B	I find	C	I'll be finding	D	I'm finding
23	My sister's children are remarkably polite. They always politely.						
A	behaved	B	behaving	C	behave	D	behaviour
24	Civic engagement is the involvement in the affairs of the community.						
A	positive	B	positivity	C	positively	D	passive
25	The buildings wouldn't have burned to ashes if the firemen in time.						
A	come	B	had come	C	have come	D	came
26	We didn't bring enough food to the picnic. I wish we some more.						
A	would bring	B	brought	C	bring	D	had brought
27	You can take Sally any other person with you. I really don't care that much.						
A	not only - but also	B	neither - nor	C	either - or	D	both - and
28	He wasn't at the office when I called, He early.						
A	should have left	B	must have left	C	had to leave	D	must leave
29	My neighbour is a great writer. His new book is about to next month.						
A	get out	B	get in	C	get off	D	get on
30	We've been to Hama before. She told me they to Hama before.						
A	have been	B	went	C	had been	D	were going
31	Our company has financial difficulties this month.						
A	kept up	B	run into	C	fit in	D	reached out

32	Only sand when we arrived in the desert.						
A	did we see	B	we saw	C	saw we	D	have we seen
33	Never to your place before.						
A	I have been	B	have I been	C	I haven't been	D	haven't I been
34	The robbery at four in the afternoon when she was watching news on TV.						
A	had happened	B	happens	C	will happen	D	happened
35	Robinson Crusoe is the first written in English literature. It is 198 pages.						
A	plot	B	satire	C	novel	D	climax
36	What type of poetic device is used in this sentence? "His face became as black as coal after being criticised."						
A	personification	B	simile	C	hyperbole	D	metaphor
37	I'm late to the meeting,?						
A	am I	B	don't I	C	am not I	D	aren't I
38	Fahd: Jack's got a new motorbike. Reem:						
A	Has he? How amazing!	B	No problem.	C	If I were him, I'd smoke less.	D	I'm not sure. Maybe I could quit.
39	Lubna: My cat can sing pop songs! Suzie:						
A	He can't decide yet.	B	I can't leave now.	C	You're kidding.	D	We were planning to go fishing.
40	Don't hold back – say what you mean. (The correct elision is:)						
A	mean	B	what	C	back	D	hold
41	The stressed syllable in the word interactive is:						
A	interACTIVE	B	inTERative	C	INteractive	D	interactTIVE
42	They have to be here before the next train arrives. (Match the meaning below to the stressed word)						
A	not there.	B	not after.	C	not bus.	D	not us.
43	The police suspected a crime as						
A	there was blood everywhere.	B	he was walking down the street.	C	everyone was asleep.	D	it was time for bed.
44	..... is the practice of treating someone less fairly than others.						
A	deny	B	guarantee	C	violation	D	discrimination
45	They had burgers for launch yesterday.						
A	How many burgers did they have yesterday?	B	Why did they have burgers for lunch yesterday?	C	What did they have for lunch yesterday?	D	Where did they have lunch yesterday?
46	Few weeks ago, we met Adam and John.						
A	When did you meet Adam and John?	B	How long have you met Adam and John?	C	Why did they meet Adam and John?	D	Where did they meet Adam and John?
47	Mr. and Mrs. Ramos live in Mexico.						
A	Why do they live in Mexico?	B	Who live in Mexico?	C	With whom do Mr. and Mrs. Ramos live?	D	When did they move to Mexico?

48	The correct sentence is						
A	Bird nests are often built at the top of trees.	B	Birds nests are often built at the top of trees.	C	Birds' nests are often build at the top of trees.	D	Birds' nests are often built at the top of trees.
49	The correct sentence is						
A	I prefer the peace and quite of the countryside.	B	I prefer the piece and quiet of the countryside.	C	I prefer the peace and quiet of the countryside.	D	I prefare the peace and quiet of the countryside.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	Laila is very good at blowing her own trumpet.	B	Laila is very good on blowing her own trumpet.	C	Laila is very good with blowing her own trumpet.	D	Laila is very good in blowing her own trumpet.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	Some historical sites in the world will be distroyed.	B	Some historical sites in the world will be destroyed.	C	Some historical sites in the world will be destroyed.	D	some historical sites in the world will be destroyed.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – Then, they were safe from any more attacks from the same germ.</p> <p>B – Pasteur made the germs weak and fed the chickens with the weak germs.</p> <p>C – Thus, began Pasteur's plan of vaccinations to stop illness.</p> <p>D – They did not become ill; their own bodies went to work against the germ.</p>							
A	C D B A	B	D A C B	C	B D A C	D	B C A D

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (٨)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:**(60 marks)**

Alexander Pope recognised the depth and originality of Shakespeare's work. He said that Shakespeare developed characters himself when other playwrights reflected the work of others. Shakespeare was not widely admired in the 18th century; people thought he was an uneducated man from a violent period of English history.

In the 19th century, the Romantic poets were inspired by Shakespeare's plays and used the same **themes** in their poems. At this time, Shakespeare was still considered more as a poet than as a playwright.

Samuel Taylor Coleridge, one of the most famous Romantic poets, noticed that some expressions in Shakespeare's work were about philosophy and psychology. Before Coleridge, these expressions were sometimes considered mistakes. By the 1920s, Shakespeare was thought of as a playwright rather than a poet. Harley Granville-Barker argued that the works of Shakespeare were best when they were performed in a theatre, rather than read in a book.

The Globe Theatre in London was the place where Shakespeare's plays were performed during his lifetime. In 1997, the theatre was rebuilt and many new critics were able to watch and enjoy the plays. Today, there are many critics who consider Shakespeare as both playwright and poet.

1	The Romantic poets Shakespeare's plays.						
A	were influenced by	B	didn't like	C	affected	D	changed
2	Who is the main character in this text?						
A	Samuel Beckett	B	Alexander Pope	C	Samuel Taylor Coleridge	D	Shakespeare
3	Harley Granville-Barker thought that it was better for Shakespeare's works to						
A	be read in books	B	be neglected	C	be watched on the stage	D	be written in paper
4	One of these sentences is false :						
A	Shakespeare was only considered as a poet.	B	Samuel Taylor Coleridge is a famous Romantic poet.	C	Shakespeare was not widely admired in the 18th century.	D	The Globe Theatre was rebuilt in 1990s.
5	an action or opinion that is not true is :						
A	uneducated	B	theatre	C	enjoy	D	mistake
6	The word " theme " in the text means :						
A	a. get pleasure from something.	B	the main idea in a literary work.	C	disobedient, causing trouble.	D	a building where you can watch a play.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

When the summer holiday is over, most students start to think of the new school year. There are some tips for a smooth school year start that might help the students overcome the stress and organize their study environment.

First of all, students should reconnect with a healthy lifestyle. It requires them to get used to having regular and enough hours of sleep and eating healthy food. This, of course, needs several days of adaptation, so it is essential to start adapting with this new routine a few days before school. Also, they should buy study resources available for their grade. Having a good dictionary, an encyclopedia, educational software and other things are certainly very beneficial for any student.

Secondly, creating a pleasant study environment a few days before school starts is a must. A student can **donate** his old books, pens and school things if they are still usable. He should not forget to clean up his desk and make it a comfortable place to do homework. A workplace should be a quiet well-lit corner where it feels good.

Finally, it is very important for students to talk to their parents about their fears and worries about the new school year. If someone feels anxious, his parents will surely find a way to help him get over these fears and gain more confidence. Parents will certainly teach their children how to believe in their abilities, how to behave in different situations with their classmates and teachers, how to solve their problems and how to make progress.

7	It requires students to get used to having and eating healthy food.						
A	studying hard	B	books and an encyclopedia	C	enough hours of sleep	D	meeting their old friends
8	It is useful to create a pleasant study a few days before school starts.						
A	environment	B	system	C	worry	D	means
9	Choose a suitable title for the text:						
A	A Quiet Workplace	B	School Anxiety	C	A Pleasant Study Environment	D	Tips for New School Year
10	One of these sentences is true :						
A	It is optional for students to talk to their parents about their fears about the new school year.	B	You should keep your old books and pens if they are still usable.	C	Students should reconnect with a healthy lifestyle	D	Adapting with a new routine doesn't need time.
11	providing physical ease and relaxation. is :						
A	comfortable		worries		software		confidence
12	The word " donate " in the text means :						
A	crucial.	B	to give money, food, clothes to a charity.	C	extremely.	D	making oneself comfortable to a new thing.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:**(280 marks)**

13	I didn't watch the programme about hurricanes on TV last night, because I a similar programme.						
A	am about to see	B	had already seen	C	have already seen	D	am already seeing
14	The situation is so uncertain that it is hard to make a confident						
A	predict	B	predictable	C	prediction	D	predicting
15	Being late for the final exam, Kamel was very angry and his						
A	made - an effort	B	gave - lift	C	ran - risk	D	lost - temper
16	John for an advertising company.						
A	works	B	had worked	C	working	D	worked
17	Special banks for giving loans to farmers by the government in recent years.						
A	are established	B	has been established	C	have been established	D	were established
18	The actor ran the stage.						
A	of	B	off	C	out	D	into
19	It was very difficult to tell you whether you have to travel or not. Think carefully and then						
A	follow your heart	B	be a pain in the neck	C	cost you an arm and a leg	D	jump out of your skin
20	Raneem wants to her nose altered.						
A	having	B	had	C	has	D	have
21	We have a package for the man stopped by today.						
A	who	B	whom	C	which	D	where
22	..... be buying the house or haven't you decided yet?						
A	Are you to	B	Did you	C	Will you	D	Were you
23	Which ONE of these sentences is a metaphor ?						
A	Life is like a box of chocolates.	B	The streets were a furnace. I can't walk anymore.	C	He is as brave as a lion.	D	Blind justice was not on his side.
24	My elder brother is a in designing artificial limbs.						
A	specialisation	B	special	C	specialty	D	specialist
25	If my little sister did something wrong, I'm sure she me.						
A	would tell	B	told	C	tells	D	will tell
26	The streets down town are so dirty. I wish the streets cleaner.						
A	weren't	B	were	C	had been	D	are
27	..... this website that one has the topic I need.						
A	Both - and	B	Not only - but and	C	Either - or	D	Neither - nor
28	You smoke here. Smoking is forbidden in public libraries.						
A	don't have to	B	shouldn't	C	didn't have to	D	mustn't
29	When I grow up, I want to be a to study all types of living things.						
A	biologist	B	biological	C	biologists	D	biology
30	I want to see the waterwheels there. She told me she to see the waterwheels there.						
A	wants	B	wanted	C	had wanted	D	has wanted
31	Moscow is too cold especially in winter. You will need to a heavy coat there.						
A	put down	B	put in	C	put on	D	put off

32	What for, I have no idea.						
A	is he looking	B	he looks	C	he does look	D	he is looking
33	She on that song for two months now.						
A	is working	B	has been working	C	had been working	D	was working
34	The evidence by the police when the lights suddenly went off.						
A	was examined	B	was examining	C	was being examined	D	is being examined
35	A is the greatest work written by a writer.						
A	tragedy	B	masterpiece	C	comedy	D	novel
36	Children love their birthday gifts.						
A	inwrapping	B	irrwapping	C	diswrapping	D	unwrapping
37	Moscow is cold in winter,?						
A	doesn't it	B	does it	C	isn't it	D	is it
38	Mike: What did you think of their new kitchen? Carmin:						
A	I've seen better designs.	B	Congratulations!	C	If I were you, I'd smoke less.	D	I'm not sure. Maybe I could quit.
39	Sally: Why don't you come with us to the pool tomorrow? Rinad:						
A	He can't decide yet.	B	What could be the reason?	C	I'm really sorry about that!	D	I was planning to go to Tartous.
40	According to the stress, the word "reCALL" is:						
A	adverb	B	noun	C	verb	D	adjective
41	Which word has a silent /B/?						
A	thumb	B	bother	C	cub	D	handbag
42	No one knows the weather will be fine tomorrow.						
A	wither	B	weather	C	whether	D	what
43	Large areas of land had to be flooded when						
A	the airport was being renovated.	B	they were building a spaceship.	C	it snowed for two days.	D	they were building the dam.
44	..... is obligatory or compulsory.						
A	segment	B	mandatory	C	sustainable	D	vocational
45	My guitar needs new strings.						
A	Why do you need a new guitar?	B	What does your guitar look like?	C	What does your new guitar need?	D	How many strings does your new guitar need?
46	That building has four floors.						
A	How many floors does that building have?	B	Why does that building have four floors?	C	How much does it take to reach the top floor?	D	What floor do you live on?
47	That blue Kia is Mazen's.						
A	How long did Mazen have that Kia?	B	What color is that Kia?	C	Who own a blue Kia?	D	Whose blue Kia is that?

48	The correct sentence is						
A	I've been thinking of buying a flat in the city centre.	B	I've been thinking of buing a flat in the city centre.	C	I've been thinking of buying a flate in the city centre.	D	I've been thinking of buying a flat on the city centre.
49	The correct sentence is						
A	Some people move to greener areas in order to survival.	B	Some people move to greener areas in order to survive.	C	some people move to greener areas in order to survive.	D	Some people moves to greener areas in order to survive.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	Scientists frequently do experiments to test their idyas.	B	Scientists frequently do experiments to test their ideas.	C	Scientists frequently do experiments to test there ideas.	D	Scientists frequently do experiments to test their ideas.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	The teatcher knew the results of the last exam.	B	The teacher knew the results of the last exam.	C	The teacher was knowing the results of the last exam.	D	The teacher knew the results of the least exam.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
	<p>A – Each of them was lost in his own thoughts of food and fun and a great fortune.</p> <p>B – The three young men walked up the mountain until they came to the tree.</p> <p>C – The three young men were surprised and paused for a while.</p> <p>D – The tree was unremarkable, but underneath it lay a pot filled with money.</p>						
A	C B A D	B	D A C B	C	B D C A	D	B A C D

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (٩)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Shakespeare's history plays are about people or events in England's history. Shakespeare's first history plays, such as King John, Richard II, and Henry IV dramatise the destructive results of weak or corrupt rule and have been interpreted as a justification of the Tudor dynasty. Later history plays like Richard III and Henry VIII show how proud the country was of the Queen's successes, particularly the defeat of the old enemy, Spain, and of England's rise to a great world power.

Shakespeare's comedies are full of fun and based on misunderstanding and mishaps; the characters are lively and the dialogues are witty. Shakespeare's early classical comedies gave way to the romantic atmosphere of his greatest comedies; *A Midsummer Night's Dream* is a witty mixture of romance, fairy magic and comic low life's scenes. The wit and wordplay of *Much Ado About Nothing* and the charming rural setting of *As You Like It* complete Shakespeare's sequence of great comedies.

Shakespeare's tragedies always have sad endings, which can make people cry. Most of Shakespeare's tragedies involve characters of very high status in society. The plots of *Romeo and Juliet*, *Julius Caesar*, *Hamlet*, *Othello* often hinge on fatal flaws, which overturn order and destroy the hero and those we love.

1	William Shakespeare's later history plays show how the country was of the Queen's successes.						
A	eager	B	furious	C	proud	D	angry
2	<i>A Midsummer Night's Dream</i> is an example of:						
A	Shakespeare's tragedies.	B	Shakespeare's first history plays.	C	Shakespeare's sonnets.	D	Shakespeare's early classical comedies.
3	What is the main idea of the second paragraph:						
A	Shakespeare's Tragedies	B	Shakespeare's Poetry	C	Shakespeare's Comedies	D	Shakespeare's Life
4	One of these sentences is false :						
A	<i>As You Like It</i> has a charming rural setting.	B	<i>Richard II</i> Shakespeare's first comedy plays.	C	Shakespeare's tragedies don't have happy endings.	D	The comedies of Shakespeare are full of fun.
5	Unpredictable outcomes that are unfortunate is :						
A	mishaps	B	witty	C	fairy	D	misery
6	The word " dynasty " in the text means :						
A	a feeling of intense unhappiness.	B	freeing from false belief.	C	the act of defending by giving excuses.	D	a sequence of powerful leaders in the same family.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The right to education is one of the basic universal rights of the human being. It is one of the goals that the education schedule supports and is expected for the year 2030 in order to achieve sustainable development aimed by the United Nations.

It is a force that enables individuals to get rid of poverty and achieve individual and social well-being. It is something mandatory for the state, guaranteed by its own law, for all individuals without any form of discrimination. It is the right to education in all parts of the world that includes a number of freedoms and rights that individuals are entitled to. It is the right to have primary education for all, free of charge, the right to have secondary education available to everyone without exception, and in all its fields, whether technical, **vocational**, or training. Above all, it guarantees equal access to higher education without any distinction or discrimination, and ensures quality and meaningful education, whether in public or private schools and universities. Education is the right for parents to choose freely appropriate schools for their children and enroll them in, regardless of their beliefs and religions. In addition, it is the right to freely establish any educational institution that adheres to the standards set by the government and the state regarding students and academic staff. Education is of great importance because of **its** great role in building society, which is made up of all segments of teachers, leaders, politicians and others.

7	The laws of the state						
A	guarantee the right to education.	B	establish both public and private schools.	C	achieve sustainable development.	D	have a great importance in building society.
8	All educational institution to the standards set by the government and the state regarding students and academic staff.						
A	ignore	B	abide	C	strengthen	D	build
9	The underlined word " its " in the text refers to						
A	society	B	communication	C	segments	D	education
10	One of these sentences is true :						
A	The right to education is secured by UNICEF.	B	The right to education is optional for the state.	C	Students don't have access to higher education.	D	The right to education is a basic universal human right.
11	any specific feature or element of something. is :						
A	sustainable	B	aspect	C	mandatory	D	segment
12	The word " vocational " in the text means :						
A	professional	B	a part of something	C	behave according to law	D	any specific feature or element of something

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	Tropical storms often in the Caribbean.						
A	haven't occurred	B	will occur	C	aren't occurring	D	occur
14	If you any trouble, just give me a call.						
A	keep up with	B	reached out to	C	run into	D	got into
15	Losing a true friend is really						
A	painful	B	pains	C	pain	D	painfully
16	He's been swimming. That's why his hair wet.						
A	was	B	is	C	had been	D	has been
17	Before the interview, I the job by the owner at his bank.						
A	had offered	B	was offered	C	had already been offered	D	offered
18	Which <u>ONE</u> of these sentences is a personification ?						
A	Blind justice was not on his side.	B	The streets were a furnace. I can't walk anymore.	C	Life is like a box of chocolates.	D	He is a lion.
19	The plate fell the table and shattered on the floor.						
A	of	B	out of	C	onto	D	off
20	Sarah doesn't tidy the room herself. She it tidied.						
A	has	B	had	C	doesn't have	D	is having
21	I'll hand in my notice for this job after I the contract for my new one.						
A	am going to get	B	will get	C	get	D	am getting
22	A photocopier is a machine makes copies of documents.						
A	that	B	where	C	when	D	who
23	Mike is good maths.						
A	in	B	at	C	with	D	about
24	Good citizens must work for the prosperity of the they live in.						
A	communication	B	commune	C	community	D	communicate
25	If I found her address, I her an invitation.						
A	sent	B	would send	C	will send	D	send
26	My bike is too old. I wish it so old.						
A	is	B	isn't	C	were	D	weren't
27	You wait here. You can wait outside if you like.						
A	don't have to	B	shouldn't	C	mustn't	D	have to
28	Neither my mother nor my sister here.						
A	has	B	is	C	are	D	have
29	I have known her for a long time now. We together.						
A	gave the pumpkin	B	broke bread	C	lost face	D	saved face
30	Fadi said that the teachers on the exam results.						
A	work	B	are working	C	will work	D	were working
31	My grandfather is careless his money.						
A	from	B	at	C	with	D	on
32	Have you any idea where the boss?						
A	can I meet	B	I can meet	C	do I meet	D	have I met
33	1500 square kilometers of rainforests cut every year.						
A	have been	B	had been	C	were	D	are

34	She wouldn't have arrived on time if she the bus.						
A	would take	B	will take	C	had taken	D	has taken
35	I don't find that particularly funny.						
A	comedian	B	tragedy	C	comedy	D	direct
36	The long-term .....s of smoking are dangerous.						
A	affect	B	effective	C	affective	D	effect
37	You had to go early,?						
A	don't you	B	didn't you	C	hadn't you	D	haven't you
38	Kareem: I always feel stressed before exams. Steve:						
A	Good for you.	B	OK. I can do that.	C	I think you should try some relaxation techniques.	D	I'm not sure. Maybe I could quit.
39	Haya: I broke my leg while I was running. Bob:						
A	Congratulations!	B	We are proud of you.	C	You really deserve this honour.	D	You mustn't let this depress you.
40	Which word has a silent /L/ ?						
A	salmon	B	knowledge	C	whole	D	climb
41	Which word ends with the sound /t/ ?						
A	educated	B	needed	C	watched	D	realized
42	According to the stress, the word "PREsent" is:						
A	adverb	B	noun	C	verb	D	pronoun
43	Omar passed all his exams because						
A	he had worked hard.	B	he had felt sad.	C	he isn't good at teaching.	D	it didn't rain.
44	..... is making something valid by confirming it.						
A	devastation	B	predecessor	C	ratification	D	permanent
45	I'm looking for an apartment to rent.						
A	Where did you live in the past?	B	Where is your new apartment?	C	What are you looking at?	D	What are you looking for?
46	The vending machine is located downstairs.						
A	How long have you got a vending machine?	B	Where is the vending machine located?	C	Why do you have a vending machine?	D	What is upstairs?
47	The show started to air last April.						
A	How often did the show start?	B	How long has the show started?	C	When did the show started?	D	Why did the show start last April?
48	The correct sentence is						
A	my uncle owns a villa in Damascus countryside.	B	My uncle owns a villa in Damascus countryside.	C	My uncle owes a villa in Damascus countryside.	D	My uncle owns a villa in damascus countryside.
49	The correct sentence is						
A	I want to arrive to school early today.	B	I am wanting to arrive to school early today.	C	I want to arrive for school early today.	D	I want to arrived to school early today.

50	The correct sentence is						
A	She often goes out to visit her freinds after school.	B	She often went out to visit her friends after school.	C	Her often goes out to visit her friends after school.	D	She often goes out to visit her friends after school.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	She has been getting onto yoga recently.	B	She has been geting into yoga recently.	C	She has been getting into yoga recently.	D	She has been getting into yoga resently.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – They were shocked to know that the train got a broken windscreen wiper.</p> <p>B – A train going from London to Manchester suddenly stopped.</p> <p>C – The passengers were wondering why the train wasn't moving.</p> <p>D – Finally, four men helped the crew and solved the problem.</p>							
A	BCAD	B	DCAB	C	BDCA	D	CABD

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (١٠)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:**(60 marks)**

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), originally known as the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund, is responsible for providing humanitarian and developmental aid to children worldwide and it has won the Nobel Prize, the first to be awarded to an organisation. Despite being highly active in fundraising, awareness, relief work and research, very few people know the origin of the organisation. UNICEF is supported entirely by the voluntary contributions of governments, non-governmental organisations, foundations, **corporations** and private individuals and receives no funding from the assessed dues of the United Nations. Most of the fundraising is done by UNICEF's 36 national committees, the voluntary support of millions of people around the world, partners in government, civil society and the private sector.

UNICEF was created in 1946 and began with a definite mission of providing emergency food and healthcare to children in the countries that had been destroyed by World War II. In 1953, Its original name was changed to the United Nation's Children Fund to reflect its broader mission, but it retained the original acronym, after being officially adopted as a permanent branch of the UN in 1954.

1	The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) is:						
A	separate branch from the UN.	B	deals with injured soldiers.	C	interested in space travel.	D	associated with the UN.
2	UNICEF was founded in the						
A	1930s	B	1960s	C	1940s	D	1950s
3	UNICEF doesn't receive funding from						
A	the UN	B	the private sector	C	volunteers	D	governments
4	One of these sentences is false :						
A	UNICEF is a Nobel Prize winner.	B	UNICEF doesn't work with or accept volunteers.	C	UNICEF changed its name to reflect its broader mission.	D	UNICEF has partners in government all over the world.
5	the activity of collecting money for a specific purpose, especially in order to help people. is :						
A	prevailing	B	adopted	C	fundraising	D	advocate
6	The word " corporations " in the text means :						
A	organizations working together for a particular purpose.	B	existing in a particular place or at a particular time.	C	to defend or support.	D	to select and take or approve.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The best way to learn something is to make mistakes first. Thomas Edison, who invented light bulb, did hundreds of experiments that failed. However, he believed that it is never too late to start again. Failures and false starts are the condition of success. In fact, a surprising number of everyday objects had their beginnings in a mistake or a misunderstanding. Penicillin and even bread are all unexpected inventions. Careless lab scientist Fleming noticed penicillin by accident when he returned from two-week vacation to find that mold had developed on some of his samples and destroyed all the bacteria it touched. A tired Egyptian worker invented bread when the **dough** rose during his sleep.

Most of our life experiences are great opportunities to learn new skills for personal development. But many people don't take advantage of such opportunities simply because they don't have a mindset focused on learning. It is greatly different from conventional learning as there may be no teacher or mentor involved. The learner plays an active part in the learning process. It is an individual-focused learning technique for learning from experience. The most important thing to remember is that you need to learn from your mistakes. If you don't, then there is no sense in making **them**. Shift your mindset and understand that there are actually no mistakes, but lessons and learning opportunities.

7	Edison reached success when he						
A	invented the steam engine.	B	discovered bacteria.	C	invented the water pump.	D	did hundreds of experiments that failed
8	Fleming discovered penicillin						
A	through hard work and deep study.	B	by accident.	C	after discovering bread.	D	by learning from his mistakes.
9	The underlined word " them " in the text refers to						
A	mistakes	B	experiences	C	techniques	D	lessons
10	One of these sentences is false :						
A	The learner plays an active part in the learning process.	B	Edison believed that it is never too late to start again.	C	An Egyptian worker invented bread when the dough rose during his sleep.	D	It is important to remember that you can't learn from your mistakes.
11	a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position. is :						
A	conventional	B	advantage	C	vacation	D	mistake
12	The word " dough " in the text means :						
A	a scientific study of plants.	B	based on or in accordance with what is generally done or believed.	C	a mixture of flour and water ready to be baked.	D	a failure to understand something correctly.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	I looked terrible when I saw Joe last night because I for over an hour and I was exhausted.						
A	have been running	B	had been running	C	had ran	D	was running
14	In a few years, our company should be able to the world's most developed nations.						
A	ace the test	B	be on a roll	C	back the wrong horse	D	join the ranks of
15	If you want to your goal, you have to work hard:						
A	accomplishment	B	accomplish	C	accomplishes	D	accomplishable
16	Mike's eyes are red because he onions.						
A	was peeling	B	peeled	C	peels	D	has been peeling
17	Confidence in cheques by the public.						
A	is being lost	B	is losing	C	was losing	D	lost
18	I slipped as I stepped the platform.						
A	into	B	out of	C	onto	D	to
19	What type of poetic device is used in each sentence? "Blind justice was not on his side."						
A	hyperbole	B	personification	C	metaphor	D	simile
20	Ben isn't going to build that wall himself. He it built.						
A	was going to have	B	was having	C	is going to have	D	is having
21	I think Manchester United their next game.						
A	is winning	B	is going to win	C	is about to win	D	will win
22	A plumber is a person job is to mend central heating, taps, etc.						
A	who	B	whose	C	whom	D	that
23	..... at this establishment have to wear uniform.						
A	Employments	B	Employs	C	Employers	D	Employees
24	Laila is angry her little brother.						
A	with	B	from	C	at	D	on
25	If you how much the laptop was, you wouldn't have asked about the price.						
A	have known	B	had known	C	didn't know	D	knew
26	We had such a lovely time in Homs. If only it all the time.						
A	was raining	B	had rained	C	rained	D	hadn't rained
27	Passengers fasten their seat belts.						
A	mustn't	B	must	C	have to	D	should
28	The film was funny, exciting.						
A	not only - but also	B	neither - nor	C	both - and	D	either - or
29	One of the most important income(s) for local councils is						
A	losing temper	B	giving a lift	C	meeting expectations	D	raising taxes
30	How was your exam? Khaled asked Sami how his exam						
A	were	B	had been	C	is	D	was
31	Invest if you like, but you're the risk of losing everything if the business fails.						
A	meeting	B	losing	C	running	D	giving

32	Never to an five stars restaurant before.						
A	has Sama been	B	have Sama been	C	hasn't Sama been	D	Sama hasn't been
33	Many offices of large companies in the town centre recently.						
A	was built	B	has been built	C	were being built	D	have been built
34	We will spend our holiday in the same village, we have had a lot of joyful days there.						
A	where	B	when	C	who	D	which
35	This play has two which is unusual.						
A	direction	B	direct	C	directors	D	director
36	Artificial is a branch of science.						
A	intelligence	B	intelligent	C	intellect	D	intellectual
37	I'm coming with you,?						
A	am not I	B	aren't I	C	don't I	D	didn't I
38	Mazen: Your tennis skills has improved greatly. Maya:						
A	You're right.	B	Don't mention it.	C	I think skiing is fun.	D	Oh, you're exaggerating.
39	Miss Dalal: The book you ordered last month still hasn't arrived. Amal:						
A	Thank you for you service.	B	It's very inconvenient.	C	How is life treating you?	D	I'm really sorry.
40	One of the <u>underlined</u> auxiliary verb has a <u>weak form</u> .						
A	"Can I help you?" "Sure, you <u>can</u> ."	B	"Has he paid the bill?" "Yes, he <u>has</u> ."	C	"Are they here?" – "Yes, they <u>are</u> ."	D	"Can you help me?" I'm <u>tired</u> ."
41	The news is on Channel 1 now, turn on the TV. (Match the meaning below to the stressed word)						
A	not the film.	B	not Channel 3.	C	not later.	D	not off
42	Which word ends with the sound /id/?						
A	matched	B	phoned	C	reminded	D	played
43	He lost 10 kilograms while						
A	he was asleep.	B	he was training.	C	he was going to school	D	I was teaching him.
44	..... is existing or accepted in a particular place or at a particular time.						
A	corporations	B	advocate	C	Fund	D	prevailing
45	Our new store will provide high-quality shoes.						
A	How many shoes will your new store provide?	B	How much does it cost to buy high-quality shoes?	C	What will your new store provide?	D	What are you going to provide?
46	I'll be at the party this time tomorrow.						
A	What will you be doing this time tomorrow?	B	Where will you be this time tomorrow?	C	Why are you going to the party tomorrow?	D	Who will you be going with to the party tomorrow?
47	Salwa is tired because she has been running.						
A	Why is Salwa tired?	B	Who has been running?	C	Why has Salwa been running?	D	What does Salwa like to do?

48	The correct sentence is						
A	The tools are placing nicely on the worktable.	B	The tools are placed nicely on the worktable.	C	The tools are placed nicly on the worktable.	D	The tools are placed nicely on the worktabl.
49	The correct sentence is						
A	Maya has been giving the papers by the boss.	B	Maya has been given the papers buy the boss.	C	Maya has been given the papers by the boss.	D	Maya have been given the papers by the boss.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	They went fishing on a boat last Monday.	B	They went fishing on a boat last monday.	C	Them went fishing on a boat last Monday.	D	They went fishing on a boat least Monday.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	My best friend lend his car every weekend.	B	My pest friend lends his car every weekend.	C	My best freind lends his car every weekend.	D	My best friend lends his car every weekend.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – They spent a great time before returning home at dusk.</p> <p>B – Tareq went with Mike and his parents to visit the site of an ancient city.</p> <p>C – Most of the city was still covered by sand.</p> <p>D – But a palace, houses, roads and other buildings were visible.</p>							
A	D A C B	B	B C D A	C	B D C A	D	C A B D

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (١١)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

From the sixth-century highlands of Najd in the Arabian Peninsula, come the strident cries of a legendary warrior and poet. The black **outcast** son of an Arab father and an Ethiopian slave mother, 'Antarah ibn Shaddad struggled to win the recognition of his father and tribe. Because of his mother's background and because of his colour, his father refused to accept him as a son. One day the Abs tribe (which is the tribe of Antarah) was attacked by another tribe called Tayy. When the battle intensified and they were about to lose, Antarah's father looked at his son and yelled, "fight Antarah fight" but Antarah responded, "the slave doesn't know how to fight, the slave knows how to milk the cow and to cut the grass." And under the pressure of the battle, his father said, "fight Antarah and you're free." Antarah fought like a crazy man. The Abs tribe won the battle and Antarah literally earned his freedom.

Once, when at the river, there were a lot of people with their cattle, and Antarah was there with his sheep. The king's cattle were there and the king's slave was preventing the others' cattle from getting close to the water until the king's cattle finished. But there was a woman who wanted to water her sheep, so she got close to the slave to ask him to allow her to water her sheep, but the slave hit her so strongly that she fell to the ground. The king's slave laughed but this angered Antarah and he did not yield to the king's slave. "How dare you disgrace the free people." The slave hit him strongly but Antarah didn't fall. He picked him up and then dropped him, and the slave was dead. Later on, the story of the brave deed of Antarah was a main concern of the tribe, and when he got back to his tent, the girls of the tribe greeted him and Ablah, one of the prettiest girls in the tribe and Antarah's cousin, was the first girl in the line.

1	Antarah ibn Shaddad tried hard to						
A	establish a trade business.	B	have access to water the king's sheep.	C	gain the approval of his father and tribe.	D	be the head of the tribe.
2	Antarah was an outcast because						
A	of his slave father	B	he fought the king	C	he stool some sheep	D	of his skin color
3	How did Antarah deal with the slave by the river?						
A	they became friends	B	he killed him	C	he gave him a sheep	D	he escaped
4	One of these sentences is false :						
A	The slave hit Antarah strongly but he didn't fall.	B	The slave prevented the others' cattle from getting water.	C	Antarah fought like a crazy man to earn his freedom.	D	Antarah remained a slave until he died.
5	to shout or say something very loudly is :						
A	yield	B	yell	C	intensified	D	tenderness
6	The word " outcast " in the text means :						
A	someone who is not accepted by the people.	B	inflexible or determined.	C	increased in degree or strength.	D	sympathy or softness.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The Geneva Convention is a set of international laws that protect injured soldiers and civilians during war. The law makes sure that every person is treated well and with respect. The first **treaty** was written in 1864 but it is often changed due to different types of war. It was significantly updated in 1949 after World War Two. Syria is one of 200 countries in the world that agrees to follow the laws of the Geneva Convention. The agreement is important because during war a country might need help from neutral organisations to care for the wounded. The Red Crescent is one of the organisations that provides aid during times of war. It also helps injured people during peacetime, and you may have seen ambulances with the Red Crescent symbol in the street. Countries who follow the laws of the Geneva Convention must not attack civilians, and they are not allowed to fight someone who is already hurt. It is illegal to ignore these rules, and a country found guilty of committing war crimes will be tried in a court of law and can be severely punished. All soldiers, civilians and prisoners may receive medical help from doctors and nurses. They can be taken to a hospital without being attacked. Food can also be given to people involved in a conflict. Under the Geneva Convention it does not matter what religion, gender or nationality a person is or what his political views are; if someone is sick he must be treated without prejudice.

7	The Geneva Convention is a set of international laws that injured soldiers and civilians during war.						
A	defend	B	ignore	C	realize	D	invest
8	The Red Crescent is one of the organisations that provides during times of war.						
A	respect	B	pride	C	freedom	D	support
9	Choose a suitable title for the text:						
A	The Geneva Convention	B	The Red Crescent	C	Neutral organisations	D	Injured Soldiers
10	One of these sentences is true :						
A	The treaty was written in 1949.	B	Around 250 countries have now signed the Geneva Convention.	C	Countries that ignore the terms of the treaty are punished.	D	If you are an injured soldier you will not be given aid.
11	people not in the army. is :						
A	aid	B	international	C	severely	D	civilians
12	The word " treaty " in the text means :						
A	very harshly.	B	a formal agreement.	C	used by a number of different countries.	D	negative attitude towards people who are different.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	I always the TV news when I lived abroad.						
A	have watched	B	watch	C	watched	D	will watch
14	We've been talking about this project for a while, and it's time						
A	to follow it through	B	to keep it up	C	to fit in	D	to back the wrong horse
15	Future plans and have a great importance in a person's life.						
A	decide	B	decided	C	decisions	D	decisive
16	I can't phone for an ambulance – I my mobile.						
A	lost	B	have lost	C	am losing	D	will lose
17	An email to you confirming your purchase.						
A	is sending	B	sent	C	is sent	D	would be sent
18	Reading a long and uninteresting novel or a play is						
A	follow your heart	B	jump out of your skin	C	costs you an arm and a leg	D	a pain in the neck
19	We moved the chairs the living room.						
A	out	B	off	C	out of	D	onto
20	Ahmad wanted to the meat cut into pieces.						
A	get	B	got	C	getting	D	gets
21	A vacuum cleaner is a machine you use to clean floors and carpets.						
A	when	B	where	C	which	D	when
22	I have decided that I the new laptop for the next two years.						
A	have to use	B	am going to use	C	am using	D	will use
23	The new teacher didn't meet the headmaster's and was fired after only two months.						
A	expectations	B	percent	C	an effort	D	temper
24	Suzy's dog was cruel her.						
A	at	B	for	C	to	D	with
25	If the family had saved enough money, they a new flat.						
A	would buy	B	bought	C	will buy	D	would have bought
26	Lana refused to sign the contract. But her parents wish she it.						
A	accepted	B	would accept	C	had accepted	D	has accepted
27	We get up early tomorrow to catch the plane.						
A	should	B	have to	C	must	D	don't have to
28	I'll take chemistry or physics next quarter.						
A	either	B	both	C	neither	D	nor
29	You must visit that bar; the drinks are really good but they will						
A	follow your heart	B	cost you an arm and a leg	C	jump out of your skin	D	be a pain in the neck
30	The train arrives on time. She said the train on time.						
A	arrives	B	has arrived	C	will arrive	D	arrived
31	You can't everyone you meet in life.						
A	break bread with	B	give the pumpkin to	C	lose face	D	have wide face
32	Seldom newspapers nowadays.						
A	we read	B	do we read	C	did we read	D	are we read

33	Your car is a death trap. It to the scrap years ago.						
A	should send	B	must have been sent	C	should have been sent	D	would have been sent
34	We are going to the front door of our house mended.						
A	had	B	having	C	has	D	have
35	My favourite actress makes only a brief in the movie.						
A	production	B	appearance	C	direction	D	comedian
36	He felt too when he heard that his father had been involved in a car accident.						
A	anxious	B	anxiety	C	anxiousness	D	anxiously
37	Dr. Hakim is late,?						
A	is he	B	hasn't he	C	isn't he	D	does he
38	Jawa: You are such a talented violinist. Emily:						
A	I'm sorry about that.	B	Were I you, I would study more.	C	Congratulations!	D	You're embarrassing me.
39	Thalia: Would you like to join our book club? Leen:						
A	It really isn't good enough.	B	Perhaps I can.	C	I assure you it won't happen again.	D	It was nothing really, nothing at all.
40	One of these questions has a falling intonation :						
A	Are you going to the party tonight?	B	Have you got a pen?	C	Where was the article published?	D	Do you like pop music?
41	Which word ends with the sound /d/?						
A	recorded	B	improved	C	started	D	passed
42	One of the underlined auxiliary verb has a strong form .						
A	This watch <u>is</u> mine.	B	"Where <u>is</u> John?" - "John's here."	C	"Can you help me? I'm tired."	D	"Are they late?" - "Yes, they <u>are</u> "
43	As we were walking up the mountain,						
A	it started snowing.	B	we took her to hospital.	C	he felt fine.	D	it was time for bed.
44	..... is done willingly, not because you are forced.						
A	vested	B	concept	C	voluntary	D	abandon
45	I would buy a new laptop if I won the lottery.						
A	What would you do if you won the lottery?	B	Why would you buy a laptop?	C	What happens if you won the lottery?	D	When will you buy a laptop?
46	The building is surrounded by Pine trees.						
A	Where are the pine trees located?	B	Where is the new building located?	C	What is the building surrounded by?	D	Where did they build the building?
47	Shahd has been waiting for three hours.						
A	How long has Shahd been waiting?	B	Who has Shahd been waiting for?	C	When has Shahd been waiting?	D	Why has Shahd been waiting for three hours?

48	The correct sentence is						
A	The evening is a time which we can all relax.	B	The evening is a time when we can all relax.	C	The evening is a time where we can all relax.	D	The evening is a time which we can all relax in.
49	The correct sentence is						
A	The way to the station is blocked with snowed.	B	The way to they station is blocked with snow.	C	The weigh to the station is blocked with snow.	D	The way to the station is blocked with snow.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	Children have to obey thier parents all the time.	B	Children have to obey there parents all the time.	C	Children have to obey their parents all the time.	D	Children have to obey them parents all the time.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	How many tests have you taken since yesterday?	B	How many tests have you took since yesterday?	C	How many tests have you taken yesterday?	D	How many tests have you took yesterday?
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – However, both children had their exam and they were almost out of time.</p> <p>B – They loved their grandparents who visited them for fortnight.</p> <p>C – Rami and Rosa, sister and brother, both studied in school.</p> <p>D – Therefore, their mother told them they should finish up before their grandparents visit.</p>							
A	DCBA	B	CBAD	C	BDCA	D	BACD

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (١٢)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Diana, a student from Aleppo, Syria, is studying in Montreal. The following passages are taken from her diary during her first six months in Canada. February 17, moving to a country with a very different climate could be a challenge! In Syria, we have a Mediterranean weather, with mild, rainy winters. Here in Canada winter is very cold and snowy. Temperature average is between the single digits and the -20s. It wasn't a problem because most buildings here are well heated. This city knows how to stay warm. When the weather gets too chilly, I head to the Underground City – a series of interconnected tunnels beneath Montreal which run for over 32 kms. The tunnels connect shopping malls, universities, banks and seven metro stations.

April 10, I miss my mom's cooking a lot, the food here is delicious but it's not really the same. Foods, typically considered national dishes of Canada, include poutine, Montreal bagels and butter tarts. My most amazing experience was Sugar time, usually at the end of March. It is the season when maple syrup is produced, and some parties are organized in 'la cabane à sucre', a place where maple sap is boiled to produce maple syrup. It is heated above 100 degrees, and the drops are placed on the snow. It becomes like a candy, a caramel that is served on a stick!

July 31, I'm staying in a building with a Quebecois family who are teaching me about Montreal a lot. They told me not to make quick decisions, and not to leave right away even if I wanted to.

1	Temperatures in Canada can						
A	reach 50 degrees	B	go below zero	C	be mild	D	be very high
2	the Underground City is a series of tunnels beneath Montreal which run for over 32 kms						
A	joined	B	separate	C	straight ahead	D	circular
3	One of these sentences is not <i>mentioned</i> in the text:						
A	The maple sap is boiled to produce maple syrup.	B	The Quebecois family taught Diana about Montreal.	C	Sugar time usually occurs at the end of March.	D	The maple leaf is depicted on the country's flag.
4	One of these sentences is <i>false</i> :						
A	The cold wasn't a problem due to the heated buildings.	B	The food in Canada is quite different from Syrian food.	C	Diana is a Syrian student who lives in Aleppo.	D	Diana is staying with a Canadian family.
5	having all constituent parts linked or connected. <i>is</i> :						
A	experience	B	underground	C	bagels	D	interconnected
6	The word "sap" in the text <i>means</i> :						
A	The fluid that circulates in the vascular system of a plant.	B	A dense bread roll in the shape of a ring.	C	A tree with lobed leaves and colorful autumn foliage.	D	A native or inhabitant of Quebec.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Relaxation strategies can be useful in reducing general levels of anxiety and fear over time. For each person there is a different set of activities and skills that help them relax. Our best strategies are to find the ones that work for us and practice them. The techniques are called mindfulness skills and are connected to meditation practices. They have been used by more and more people to regulate their emotions and calm their minds. One way to think about relaxation is that it is the **absence** of tension in the body's muscles. We can actually influence how anxious we feel gradually by learning to release tension in the muscles through daily exercises. This communicates calmness and safety to our body, reducing the body's need to activate the "fight or flight" response. Yoga, as a clear evidence of mindfulness, incorporates a powerful combination of mental and physical elements: breathing, stretching, meditation, and strengthening exercises. All these activities aim at improving physical and mental well-being. Many of us enjoy a change between now and then, watching candles, beaches, falling leaves, etc. Such views can drag minds into deep thinking, fleeing away from the hasty stressed world waiting behind. Sounds can also have a soothing effect on our minds. The nature can bring in us a lot of relief, while listening to its songs performed by ocean waves for instance. The most important thing is to set realistic goals in line with life aims. Remember to take one small step at a time to reach larger goals.

7	Mindfulness skills are connected to practices.						
A	walking	B	thinking	C	jogging	D	swimming
8	The best watching that can sooth our minds happens						
A	indoors	B	among crowds	C	in nature	D	at school
9	Choose a suitable title to the text:						
A	Anxiety	B	Deep Thinking	C	A Powerful Combination	D	Relaxation
10	One of these sentences is true :						
A	The most important of all is to set imaginary goals in line with life aims.	B	Relaxation strategies can be useful in decreasing general levels of anxiety.	C	According to the text, a step back means: giving up.	D	Remember to take larger and larger steps at a time to reach larger goals.
11	relating to the body as opposed to the mind. is :						
A	meditation	B	goals	C	mental	D	physical
12	The word " absence " in the text means :						
A	the fact of somebody being away from the place.	B	the state of feeling nervous that something bad is going to happen.	C	the practice of thinking deeply in silence.	D	to include something.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	Please don't make so much noise. I to work.						
A	try	B	'm trying	C	tried	D	has tried
14	I have been reading recently.						
A	getting into	B	get into	C	got into	D	geting into
15	Many old people have more than others when dealing with the young generation.						
A	tolerating	B	tolerant	C	tolerance	D	toleranted
16	If you heat water to 100 °C, it						
A	boil	B	is boiling	C	would boil	D	boils
17	How much on these activities?						
A	has spent	B	is spending	C	is spent	D	had spent
18	She suddenly turned and crashed the fence.						
A	onto	B	into	C	of	D	off
19	What type of poetic device is used in this sentence? "The wind wrapped its icy fingers around my body."						
A	oxymoron	B	simile	C	metaphor	D	personification
20	John had his clothes in a fight.						
A	torn	B	tore	C	tear	D	tearing
21	My cousin, volunteers at a local homeless shelter, won the lottery.						
A	whom	B	who	C	which	D	whose
22	In a week's time, I the report.						
A	will write	B	am going to write	C	will have written	D	will be writing
23	Civic is what citizens are expected to demonstrate in their daily lives.						
A	behaviour	B	behaving	C	behaviorism	D	behaves
24	Are you sure the information he has just given you?						
A	of	B	about	C	to	D	with
25	If his mother him to the fun city, the young boy would have been happy.						
A	would take	B	has taken	C	took	D	had taken
26	Our flat is rather small. I wish it a bit bigger.						
A	had been	B	have been	C	were / was	D	weren't / wasn't
27	Each driver have health insurance. It is obligatory.						
A	mustn't	B	must	C	should	D	should have
28	Both Hind and Hasan swimming in the early morning.						
A	enjoy	B	enjoys	C	are enjoying	D	is enjoying
29	I don't want to ruin my relationship with Mike. We together.						
A	gave the pumpkin	B	lost face	C	broke bread	D	saved face
30	I saw that movie last night. Jolie said she that movie the night before.						
A	has seen	B	had seen	C	saw	D	did see
31	Tom was busy his work.						
A	for	B	in	C	of	D	with
32	No sooner down to dinner, there was a knock on the door.						
A	sat my brother	B	had my brother sat	C	my brother had sat	D	sits my brother
33	The poor bird and all its efforts to escape from the trap were in vain.						
A	is captured	B	has been captured	C	was being captured	D	had been captured
34	I in Tokyo when the earthquake hit.						
A	had been teaching	B	have been teaching	C	had taught	D	have taught

35	Nizar Khabani was a brilliant romantic Syrian						
A	novel	B	tragedy	C poet	D style		
36	The maple leaf is the of Canada.						
A	symbolic	B	symbol	C symbolize	D symbolism		
37	They have to work in the morning,						
A	don't they	B	haven't they	C didn't they	D do they		
38	Monzer: My perfect house would be high in the mountains. Duaa:						
A	How long have you had yours?	B	I'm sure this won't happen again.	C	Don't you think you'd feel isolated?	D	We are proud of you.
39	Dina: What about joining our new project, Tareq? Tareq:						
A	Is it a mandatory school activity?	B	Do think the air is breathable there?	C	How long have you had yours?	D	Well, I'm not sure about it.
40	Which word has a silent /W/?						
A	whale	B	Wednesday	C	whole	D	where
41	Which word ends with the sound /t/?						
A	educated	B	asked	C	ordered	D	realized
42	One of the underlined auxiliary verb has a weak form .						
A	He's my best teacher.	B	"Are they here?" – "Yes, they <u>are</u> ."	C	"Has he paid the bill?" – "Yes, he <u>has</u> ."	D	"Can I help you?" – "Sure, you <u>can</u> ."
43	I went to see Ali in hospital because						
A	they were building the dam.	B	he had worked hard	C	he had learned driving.	D	he had broken his leg.
44	..... is to state that something is legally yours.					
A	enacted	B	acquisition	C	predominantly	D	ramifications
45	They like watching movies on Fridays.						
A	Why do they like watching movies?	B	When do they like watching movies?	C	How often do they like watching movies?	D	How often do they like movies?
46	Poetry is an old form of literature.						
A	What is poetry?	B	How old is poetry?	C	What is literature?	D	What form is poetry?
47	She has been searching for a room for two months.						
A	When has she been searching for a room?	B	How long has she been searching for a room?	C	Why is she searching for a room?	D	Where is she searching for a room?
48	The correct sentence is						
A	The team manager is holding a party in our return.	B	The team manager is holding a party on our return.	C	The team manager is holding a party at our return.	D	The team manager is holding a party on our return.

49	The correct sentence is						
A	You would have known him if you had met him before.	B	You would have known him if you had meet him before.	C	You would have known him if you had met he before.	D	You would have known him if you had met him befor.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	I gave Rama a lift to the station last knight.	B	I gave Rama a lift to the station last night.	C	I give Rama a lift to the station last night.	D	I gave Rama a left to the station last night.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	I was surprised at her exam results last semester.	B	I was surprised with her exam results last semester.	C	I was surprised by her exam results last semester.	D	I was surprised in her exam results last semester.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
	<p>A – So, arranged to meet them in a small and isolated village.</p> <p>B – I travelled around by bike and I visited the villages on the way.</p> <p>C – I decided to spend my holidays in Wales last year.</p> <p>D – Two days later, my friends decided to join me there.</p>						
A	BACD	B	DCBA	C	BADC	D	CBDA

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (١٣)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

Charles Dickens's *A Tale of Two Cities*, published in the late 18th century against the background of the French revolution. The novel tells the story of the French Doctor Manette, his 18-year-long **imprisonment** in the Bastille in Paris and his release to live in London with his daughter Lucie, whom he had never met, the story is set against the conditions that led up to the French Revolution. Dickens best-known work in claimed to be one of the best-selling novels of all time. The novel has continued to have an influence on popular culture.

A Tale of Two Cities a universal novel that has many important themes for people everywhere and everywhen. Dickens wants to convey a great message to all humanity that death is not the end of life as there is resurrection for all those who sacrifice soul for others to live peacefully. Resurrection is one of the main themes that seems to appear on both social and personal levels. The character of Sydney Carton and his death saves the life of Charles Darnay and Lucie Manette. The novel ends up suggesting that Carton is an icon of sacrifice and heroism. His death shows that a new peaceful born will take place on the land he lived on and loved. Sacrifice means happiness for both Lucie and Darnay. He tries in his novel to show that violence is rejected at any term by whoever, where vengeance is the bad means that spoils the relationships between people on earth. Instead, the story calls for love, rejecting hate and prejudice. The evident lesson set by Dickens is that humanity can live peacefully if they accept each another.

1	Carton sacrifice himself to save the life of						
A	Charles Dickens	B	Lucie and Darnay	C	Doctor Manette	D	a little baby boy
2	The message that Dickens was trying to convey is that humanity can live peacefully if they each other.						
A	accept	B	talk to	C	kill	D	play with
3	One of these ideas is not mentioned in the text:						
A	Resurrection is one of the main themes of the novel.	B	The story calls for love, rejecting hate and prejudice.	C	The novel was turned into a film in 1925.	D	The novel the story of Doctor Manette and his sister.
4	One of these sentences is false :						
A	People can live peacefully when they accept each other.	B	<i>A Tale of Two Cities</i> was published in the 17th century.	C	The novel portrays the events of the French Revolution.	D	Doctor Manette stayed in the Bastille for 18 years.
5	The act of punishing somebody in return for what they have done to you is :						
A	resurrection	B	sacrifice	C	prejudice	D	vengeance
6	The word " imprisonment " in the text means :						
A	To give up something that is important to you.	B	The time when all dead people become alive again.	C	The state of being in prison.	D	Unreasonable dislike of or preference of others.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The first paper was made from cloth nearly two thousand years ago in China. Although paper can be made from all kinds of materials, such as cotton fibres, grass or sugar cane, these days wood pulp is the material most commonly used to make ‘new paper’ – that is, paper which contains no old or recycled paper. The modern world uses so much paper that environmentalists have persuaded us that we should recycle old paper. There is an increasing awareness in Syria of the need to recycle both paper and other materials. Paper-recycling containers can now be found in some parts of the country and some government agencies have begun paper-recycling programmes. Also, there is greater education in schools about the need to take care of our **environment**. Although we use wood pulp from trees to make new paper, it is not true that recycling paper saves trees. Trees are a commercially grown long-term crop, so that when they are cut down, new ones are planted. Also, papermakers use the parts of trees that cannot be used in other industries such as building and furniture making. Nearly all new paper is made from wood grown in sustainable forests. A large proportion of household waste is paper or cardboard. About half of this is newspapers and magazines. For every tonne of paper used for recycling, we save 30,000 litres of water, 3,000—4,000 kwh of electricity and reduce air pollution. Recycling paper is less harmful to the environment than burying **it** in landfill sites. This is because paper that is buried in the ground rots and produces methane, which is a powerful greenhouse gas.

7	Paper can be made from all kinds of materials, such as						
A	greenhouse gases	B	sugar	C	wood pulp	D	new paper
8	The advantages of recycling paper are:, electricity and reducing air pollution.						
A	saving paper	B	saving water	C	saving animals	D	saving cotton
9	The underlined word “ it ” in the text refers to						
A	paper	B	landfills	C	wood pulp	D	trees
10	One of these sentences is true :						
A	Paper is rarely made from wood pulp.	B	Wood pulp is used to make recycled paper.	C	2000 years ago, The first paper was made from cloth in China.	D	Paper-recycling containers are needed in all over the country.
11	a house and its occupants regarded as a unit. is :						
A	household	B	cardboard	C	proportion	D	greenhouse
12	The word “ environment ” in the text means :						
A	wood after it has been crushed.	B	something such as a box used to keep things in.	C	to have something inside or as a part of / to have or hold within itself.	D	the air, water and land where people, animals and plants live.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	Suzan trying to pass her driving test but fails every time.						
A	kept	B	is keeping	C	keeps	D	was keeping
14	His sudden outbursts have made him a real and a socially unwanted.						
A	costs him an arm and a leg	B	follow his heart	C	jump out of his skin	D	pain in the neck
15	We need to people so that they understand the importance of the environment.						
A	educate	B	education	C	educating	D	educated
16	The movie is about to start and I for almost an hour.						
A	was queuing	B	am queuing	C	have been queuing	D	have queued
17	Ms. Lee taking things from the shop.						
A	has been caught	B	has caught	C	was being caught	D	caught
18	Shakespeare was a brilliant English						
A	critic	B	play-write	C	satirist	D	novelist
19	They drove Homs to Lattakia in one hour.						
A	from	B	to	C	onto	D	into
20	They're having the walls at present.						
A	building	B	build	C	been built	D	built
21	Saturday is the day I tidy the flat.						
A	where	B	which	C	when	D	that
22	My exams on 27th June.						
A	finish	B	are going to finish	C	will finish	D	are finishing
23	The people were grateful our help.						
A		B	to	C	for	D	of
24	Patriotism is love of and to one's country.						
A	devotion	B	devoting	C	devote	D	devoted
25	If I you, I wouldn't do this.						
A	be	B	am	C	weren't	D	were
26	He isn't telling me the truth. I wish he me the truth.						
A	told	B	will tell	C	were telling	D	had told
27	I haven't spoken to Sandra for ages. I call her.						
A	must	B	shouldn't	C	have to	D	don't have to
28	Neither Sua'ad nor Waleed in class today.						
A	are	B	be	C	is	D	have been
29	She was sick cleaning dishes.						
A	of	B	with	C	from	D	about
30	Where is the station? He asked where the station						
A	is	B	was	C	were	D	will be
31	You should put your waterproof coat as it is raining.						
A	off	B	in	C	up	D	on
32	Hardly understand about the situation.						
A	did he	B	he did	C	didn't he	D	he didn't
33	Some difficult questions to me in the math test last Monday.						
A	was asked	B	asked	C	were asking	D	were asked
34	In the film, the hero the villagers.						
A	has saved	B	saves	C	is saving	D	saved

35	"Animal Farm" is written by George Orwell.						
A	plot	B	satire	C novel	D	climax	
36	The author got his new novel last month.						
A	out	B	off	C	to	D	on
37	He starts working tomorrow,?						
A	don't he	B	doesn't he	C	didn't he	D	hasn't he
38	Nizar: The play you directed is marvelous. Malak:						
A	The real credit goes to the whole cast.	B	Can you call me back in one hour?	C	This might work.	D	Can I use your phone, please?
39	Lana: Hello, Frank and Brothers. How can I help you? Mr. Martin:						
A	Would you like a glass of water?	B	I'd like to see Sam.	C	I can do both tasks.	D	This is Peter Martin. Can I have extension 3421?
40	Which sound in bold is <u>voiceless</u> ?						
A	run	B	church	C	sing	D	zigzag
41	Which word ends with the sound /d/?						
A	realized	B	asked	C	recorded	D	started
42	One of the <u>underlined</u> auxiliary verb has a <u>strong form</u> .						
A	"Can you help me? I'm tired."	B	"Where <u>is</u> John?" - "John's here."	C	This watch <u>is</u> mine.	D	"Has he paid the bill?" - "Yes, he <u>has</u> ."
43	Landline phones are large and heavy, whereas						
A	her mobile phone takes pretty pictures.	B	mobile phones are expensive.	C	mobile phones are small and light.	D	my mobile phone is in the kitchen.
44	..... is a strong, sad feeling of missing one's home when physically away.					
A	homesickness	B	disturbance	C	frustration	D	adjustment
45	Mary is our new Geography teacher.						
A	Who teaches Geography?	B	Who is Mari?	C	What does Mari look like?	D	What is Mari like?
46	Reading is my favourite hobby these days.						
A	Who is your favourite hobby these days?	B	Why is reading your favourite hobby?	C	How long have you liked reading?	D	What is your favourite hobby these days?
47	I have had my new mobile since last May.						
A	Can you describe your new mobile?	B	When have you had your new mobile?	C	How long have you had your new mobile?	D	Why have you had your new mobile?
48	The correct sentence is						
A	Neither Marley nor Shaza likes coffee in the morning.	B	Neither Marley or Shaza likes coffee in the morning.	C	Neither Marley and Shaza likes coffee in the morning.	D	Neither Marley but Shaza likes coffee in the morning.

49	The correct sentence is						
A	He has a backache. He shouldn't carry heavy things.	B	He has a backache. He shouldn't have carry heavy things.	C	He has a backache. He shouldn't carry heavy things.	D	He has a backache. He must have carried heavy things.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	Playing video games all the time is a harmful habit.	B	Playing video games all the time is a harmful habet.	C	Playing vedio games all the time is a harmful habit.	D	Playing video games all the time is a harmfull habit.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	He wanted to know if Mary live in Damascus.	B	He wanted to know if Mary lives in Damascus.	C	He wanted to know if Mary lived in Damascus.	D	He wanted to knew if Mary lived in Damascus.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – He had only travelled about a mile when he realized he'd forgotten his wallet.</p> <p>B – He had been tired the evening before, and he hadn't slept very well.</p> <p>C – When Alex left for the office that morning, he wasn't feeling fully awake.</p> <p>D – Had he left it in the office the day before, or had he left it at home?</p>							
A	D C A B	B	C B A D	C	B C D A	D	B A D C

Good Luck

الاسم:	بكالوريا أدبي	الجمهورية العربية السورية
المدة: ١٠٠ دقيقة	جميع وحدات الكتاب	وزارة التربية
الدرجة: ٤٠٠	النموذج (١٤)	المادة: لغة إنكليزية

I. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D: (60 marks)

The Arabian Nights, also known as The Thousand and One Nights, is one of the most famous collections of stories from the Islamic golden age. They are centred around the frame story of the Sultan Shahrayar and his wife Scheherazade. After finding out that his first wife is unfaithful, Shahrayar kills her and swears to marry a different woman each night before killing her the following morning. Scheherazade thinks of a plan to stop him. She marries Shahrayar and then she begins to tell him a story that night. However, she stops telling the story at an exciting point to make him eager to hear the rest. The next evening, she finishes that story and begins telling another one, following the same pattern for one thousand and one nights until Shahrayar has a change of heart.

Since the 18th century, foreign cultures had characterised the epic by different literary responses caused by its vague authorial identity. As a result of its translation into many languages, The Arabian Nights has been influencing many world literary writers. Critics, therefore, have identified the utilisation of its literary techniques, such as repetitive designation, frame-story, and dramatic visualisation.

The Arabian Nights is one of the richest sources for the magical turn in **contemporary** cultures by using ghosts, jinns or shape-shifting. It is seen as a book of exceptional literary values. The reception of The Arabian Nights in the world paves the way to better understanding of Arabic literature among the world's arts. In this sense, The Arabian Nights functions as a means of cultural "language" between east and west.

1	Scheherazade didn't want to die so she planned to						
A	kill the Sultan in the morning.	B	ask for the help of the famous jinn.	C	stop the story at an exciting point to make him eager.	D	finish the story at the same night and go to sleep.
2	The protagonist (hero/ heroine) in <i>the Arabian Nights</i> is:						
A	Scheherazade	B	junn	C	Shahrayar	D	fairy
3	The text talks about:						
A	Poetry	B	Epics	C	Painting	D	Novels
4	One of these sentences is false :						
A	<i>The Arabian Nights</i> has influenced many writers.	B	Scheherazade was killed after 1001 nights.	C	Shahrayar killed his wives because of unfaithfulness.	D	<i>The Arabian Nights</i> was translation into many languages.
5	Not clear. is :						
A	utilise	B	swear	C	vague	D	indebted
6	The word " contemporary " in the text means :						
A	grateful to someone for his/her help.	B	a book that tells a long story about brave actions.	C	to promise that you will do something.	D	belonging to the same time.

II. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:**(60 marks)**

The amount of sleep human beings need varies from individual to individual. We know that most adults need about 8 hours of sleep a day, but this number can vary greatly; 'short sleepers' may need only 5 hours, whereas 'long sleepers' may need 9 to 10 hours. Babies need about 16 hours a day while many teenagers need an average of 9 hours. As people get older, they tend to need less sleep; some elderly people wake up early in the morning and cannot sleep for more than five or six hours. Exactly how much we need depends on several factors, including our age, our daily routine, the quality of our sleep and our genetic make-up. How do we know if we are getting enough sleep? In general, if you feel drowsy during the day, you need more sleep. You may think that you are sleeping for long enough, but these are some of the signs that you may need more: you cannot concentrate at school or at work; you find it difficult to get up in the morning; you are moody or irritable; you have memory problems. So why is it important that we get enough sleep? Sleep provides our bodies with a chance to switch off. This allows us to recharge our mental and physical batteries and be ready for each new day. If we have slept well, we should wake up in the morning feeling alert and rested. People who have been deprived of sleep find it difficult to **perform** the simplest activities.

7	..... Seem to need the least sleep.						
A	Young people	B	Babies	C	Elderly people	D	Animals
8	There are several factors which determines the amount of sleep people need including age,, the quality of sleep and the genetic make-up.						
A	school	B	daily routine	C	medicine	D	skin color
9	Sleep allows us to recharge our mental and physical and be ready for each new day.						
A	batteries	B	ability	C	weakness	D	awareness
10	One of these sentences is true :						
A	The amount of sleep people need is the same for all people.	B	Adults and teenagers need a lot more sleep than babies.	C	Sleep denies our bodies from the chance of switching off.	D	A person who doesn't get enough sleep feels drowsy.
11	a circumstance, fact, or influence that contributes to a result or outcome. is :						
A	average	B	drowsy	C	factor	D	physical
12	The word " perform " in the text means :						
A	to do something.	B	clear-headed / awake.	C	not having any or enough of something.	D	to be different.

III. Read the following text then choose the correct answer A, B, C or D:

(280 marks)

13	When I heard the noise at the window, I knew that someone to break into the house.						
A	tried	B	had tried	C	has tried	D	is trying
14	We've been talking about this project for a while, and it's time						
A	to follow it through	B	to be dead in the water	C	to be on the mend	D	to back the wrong horse
15	The situation is so uncertain that it is hard to make a confident						
A	predict	B	predictable	C	prediction	D	predicting
16	The lecture had started by the time they there.						
A	have got	B	got	C	get	D	had got
17	Safety procedures always by people.						
A	must - follow	B	must be - follow	C	must be - following	D	must be - followed
18	"As You Like it" is a written by Shakespeare.						
A	prose	B	comedy	C	tragedy	D	satire
19	They walked the next town.						
A	onto	B	from	C	off	D	to
20	I didn't the house painted. I did it myself.						
A	had	B	having	C	have	D	got
21	Hani turned up late wasn't unusual.						
A	which	B	who	C	when	D	whom
22	What to do when you leave school?						
A	will you intend	B	could you intend	C	are you intending	D	do you intend
23	This judge is very just, he does everything						
A	an act of God	B	by the book	C	break the law	D	assembling the case
24	Can you me lift to work tomorrow? My car is being repaired.						
A	meet	B	make	C	give	D	lose
25	If I my friend's number, I would phone her now.						
A	will know	B	know	C	had known	D	knew
26	I missed the flight. I really wish I it.						
A	catch	B	caught	C	had caught	D	would catch
27	You smoke in a gas station.						
A	mustn't	B	don't have to	C	shouldn't	D	must have
28	Neither Raghad nor Waleed interested in your story.						
A	are	B	is	C	isn't	D	aren't
29	Are you sure the information he has just given you?						
A	from	B	to	C	with	D	about
30	How much do you expect to earn? She asked him how much he to earn.						
A	has expected	B	expected	C	had expected	D	expects
31	The amount of stress people suffer can their life.						
A	effect	B	effective	C	affect	D	affective
32	Never such well-behaved children before. They are as good as gold.						
A	have met I	B	did I meet	C	met I	D	have I met
33	We a very difficult question by the teacher when the school bell rang.						
A	were being asked	B	were asked	C	have been asked	D	are being asked

34	Ghina as a teacher for two years when he met her.						
A	has worked	B	had been working	C	was working	D	works
35	A is the greatest work written by a writer.						
A	plot	B	prose	C	tragedy	D	masterpiece
36	Before going to the airport, you should check your travel .....S.						
A	require	B	requiring	C	requirement	D	required
37	The school bell has rung,?						
A	hasn't it	B	has it	C	doesn't it	D	does it
38	Ms. Stevens: Can I talk to Mr. Hakim please? Marah:						
A	I'd like to see Maya.	B	I'll put you through.	C	This is Zeina.	D	Where's the boss?
39	Boss: I've just got a fax from Mr. Ramos in Paris. Could you read it and translate it for me, please? Intern:						
A	Sure. I don't think it will start on time anyway.	B	Can you make it the week after?	C	No problem, Shall I do the same with the faxes?	D	Yes, of course. Do you want me to write the reply too?
40	To bake a .....-shaped cake, you'll need some						
A	flour - floor	B	flower - flour	C	floor - flower	D	flour - flower
41	According to the stress, the word " REject " is:						
A	noun	B	verb	C	adverb	D	pronoun
42	Which word ends with a voiced sound?						
A	path	B	ash	C	laugh	D	young
43	City people have to drive slowly, whereas						
A	country people can drive fast.	B	country people will punish you.	C	country people are on holiday.	D	country people live in houses.
44	..... is a change in the way that someone behaves or thinks.						
A	bagels	B	invaluable	C	ramifications	D	adjustment
45	Mari lives with her aunt.						
A	Whom does live with Mari	B	Where does Mari's aunt live?	C	With whom does Mari live?	D	Why does she live with her aunt?
46	Fadi plays computer games in the afternoons.						
A	When does Fadi play computer games?	B	How often does Fadi play computer games?	C	How long does Fadi play computer games?	D	Why does Fadi like playing computer games?
47	The weather was terrible last night.						
A	What was the weather like last night?	B	What is the weather like?	C	Why was the weather terrible last night?	D	How long was the weather terrible?
48	The correct sentence is						
A	your sister has just moved into a new flat.	B	You're sister has just moved into a new flat.	C	Your sister has just move into a new flat.	D	Your sister has just moved into a new flat.

49	The correct sentence is						
A	If you knew the answer, you wouldn't ask.	B	If you knew the answer, you wouldn't have asked.	C	If you know the answer, you wouldn't have asked.	D	If you knew the answer, you wouldn't have ask.
50	The correct sentence is						
A	This is not the time to lose one's timper.	B	This is not the time to lost one's temper.	C	This is not the time to lose ones temper.	D	This is not the time to lose one's temper.
51	The correct sentence is						
A	People usually think that plans are safer than cars.	B	People usually think that planes are safer than cars.	C	People usually think that planes are saver than cars.	D	People usually thing that planes are safer than cars.
52	The correct order of the following sentences is						
<p>A – According them, he had been working very hard at his store, which had been losing money.</p> <p>B – Mr. Dennis Fowler died last Friday evening in Highfield Hospital at the age of 58.</p> <p>C – Before that, he had been cooking a meal for some guests whom he was entertainig.</p> <p>D – Mr. Fowler suffered from heart attack at his home three weeks ago.</p>							
A	D C A B	B	C B D A	C	B D C A	D	B A C D

Good Luck

حل نماذج وحدات الكتاب (أدبي)

النموذج الأول								النموذج الثاني							
1	C	14	D	27	C	40	A	1	D	14	B	27	D	40	A
2	B	15	A	28	D	41	B	2	B	15	C	28	C	41	D
3	A	16	B	29	A	42	C	3	A	16	D	29	A	42	B
4	C	17	C	30	B	43	D	4	C	17	C	30	D	43	C
5	B	18	D	31	C	44	B	5	D	18	A	31	A	44	A
6	D	19	B	32	D	45	A	6	B	19	B	32	C	45	B
7	C	20	C	33	B	46	C	7	B	20	A	33	D	46	C
8	B	21	B	34	D	47	D	8	A	21	D	34	C	47	A
9	D	22	A	35	B	48	C	9	C	22	C	35	A	48	B
10	A	23	C	36	D	49	B	10	A	23	B	36	B	49	D
11	B	24	B	37	C	50	D	11	B	24	C	37	C	50	C
12	C	25	D	38	A	51	C	12	D	25	B	38	D	51	A
13	B	26	B	39	D	52	A	13	A	26	A	39	B	52	B
النموذج الثالث								النموذج الرابع							
1	D	14	D	27	A	40	D	1	D	14	C	27	C	40	C
2	A	15	A	28	B	41	A	2	C	15	B	28	A	41	A
3	B	16	B	29	D	42	D	3	B	16	D	29	D	42	B
4	A	17	C	30	A	43	B	4	C	17	C	30	B	43	C
5	C	18	D	31	D	44	D	5	A	18	A	31	C	44	A
6	D	19	A	32	B	45	A	6	D	19	B	32	A	45	B
7	B	20	C	33	D	46	C	7	D	20	C	33	C	46	D
8	A	21	B	34	A	47	B	8	A	21	B	34	B	47	C
9	C	22	D	35	B	48	C	9	C	22	D	35	D	48	B
10	D	23	C	36	D	49	A	10	B	23	A	36	A	49	A
11	B	24	D	37	C	50	B	11	D	24	C	37	C	50	C
12	A	25	B	38	D	51	D	12	C	25	D	38	B	51	B
13	C	26	C	39	B	52	C	13	A	26	B	39	D	52	A
النموذج الخامس								النموذج السادس							
1	C	14	C	27	D	40	A	1	C	14	C	27	C	40	B
2	A	15	D	28	A	41	C	2	A	15	D	28	D	41	D
3	B	16	C	29	B	42	B	3	D	16	B	29	A	42	A
4	D	17	B	30	C	43	D	4	C	17	A	30	B	43	C
5	C	18	A	31	B	44	C	5	A	18	D	31	D	44	B
6	D	19	B	32	A	45	A	6	D	19	C	32	C	45	A
7	A	20	C	33	D	46	D	7	A	20	B	33	B	46	D
8	D	21	D	34	B	47	B	8	B	21	C	34	A	47	B
9	B	22	C	35	C	48	A	9	D	22	A	35	C	48	A
10	D	23	A	36	A	49	C	10	C	23	C	36	B	49	C
11	A	24	B	37	D	50	A	11	A	24	D	37	D	50	B
12	C	25	D	38	C	51	C	12	D	25	A	38	C	51	D
13	B	26	B	39	B	52	D	13	B	26	B	39	A	52	A
النموذج السابع								النموذج الثامن							
1	D	14	B	27	C	40	D	1	A	14	C	27	C	40	C
2	C	15	D	28	B	41	A	2	D	15	D	28	D	41	A
3	B	16	C	29	A	42	D	3	C	16	A	29	A	42	C
4	A	17	A	30	C	43	A	4	A	17	C	30	B	43	D
5	D	18	B	31	B	44	D	5	D	18	B	31	C	44	B
6	B	19	C	32	A	45	C	6	B	19	A	32	D	45	C
7	B	20	A	33	B	46	A	7	C	20	D	33	B	46	A
8	A	21	D	34	D	47	B	8	A	21	A	34	C	47	D
9	C	22	B	35	C	48	D	9	D	22	C	35	B	48	A
10	D	23	C	36	B	49	C	10	C	23	B	36	D	49	B
11	A	24	A	37	D	50	A	11	A	24	D	37	C	50	D
12	B	25	B	38	A	51	B	12	B	25	A	38	A	51	B
13	A	26	D	39	C	52	C	13	B	26	B	39	D	52	C

النموذج التاسع								النموذج العاشر							
1	C	14	C	27	A	40	A	1	D	14	D	27	B	40	D
2	D	15	A	28	C	41	C	2	C	15	B	28	A	41	B
3	C	16	B	29	B	42	B	3	A	16	D	29	D	42	C
4	B	17	C	30	D	43	A	4	B	17	A	30	B	43	B
5	A	18	A	31	C	44	C	5	C	18	C	31	C	44	D
6	D	19	D	32	B	45	D	6	A	19	B	32	A	45	C
7	A	20	A	33	D	46	B	7	D	20	C	33	D	46	B
8	B	21	C	34	C	47	C	8	B	21	D	34	A	47	A
9	D	22	A	35	A	48	B	9	A	22	B	35	C	48	B
10	C	23	B	36	D	49	A	10	D	23	D	36	A	49	C
11	B	24	C	37	B	50	D	11	B	24	A	37	B	50	A
12	A	25	B	38	C	51	C	12	C	25	B	38	D	51	D
13	D	26	D	39	D	52	A	13	B	26	D	39	B	52	B
النموذج الحادي عشر								النموذج الثاني عشر							
1	C	14	A	27	B	40	C	1	B	14	A	27	B	40	C
2	D	15	C	28	A	41	B	2	A	15	C	28	A	41	B
3	B	16	B	29	B	42	D	3	D	16	D	29	C	42	A
4	D	17	C	30	D	43	A	4	C	17	C	30	B	43	D
5	B	18	D	31	A	44	C	5	D	18	B	31	D	44	B
6	A	19	C	32	B	45	A	6	A	19	D	32	B	45	C
7	A	20	A	33	C	46	C	7	B	20	A	33	D	46	A
8	D	21	C	34	D	47	A	8	C	21	B	34	A	47	B
9	A	22	B	35	B	48	B	9	D	22	C	35	C	48	D
10	C	23	A	36	A	49	D	10	B	23	A	36	B	49	A
11	D	24	C	37	C	50	C	11	D	24	B	37	A	50	B
12	B	25	D	38	D	51	A	12	A	25	D	38	C	51	C
13	C	26	C	39	B	52	B	13	B	26	C	39	D	52	D
النموذج الثالث عشر								النموذج الرابع عشر							
1	B	14	D	27	A	40	B	1	C	14	A	27	A	40	B
2	A	15	B	28	C	41	A	2	A	15	C	28	B	41	A
3	C	16	C	29	A	42	D	3	B	16	B	29	D	42	D
4	B	17	A	30	B	43	C	4	B	17	D	30	B	43	A
5	D	18	B	31	D	44	A	5	C	18	B	31	C	44	D
6	C	19	A	32	A	45	B	6	D	19	D	32	D	45	C
7	C	20	D	33	D	46	D	7	C	20	C	33	A	46	B
8	B	21	C	34	B	47	C	8	B	21	A	34	B	47	A
9	A	22	A	35	C	48	A	9	A	22	D	35	D	48	D
10	C	23	C	36	A	49	C	10	D	23	B	36	C	49	A
11	A	24	A	37	B	50	A	11	C	24	C	37	A	50	D
12	D	25	D	38	A	51	C	12	A	25	D	38	B	51	B
13	C	26	C	39	D	52	B	13	B	26	C	39	D	52	C