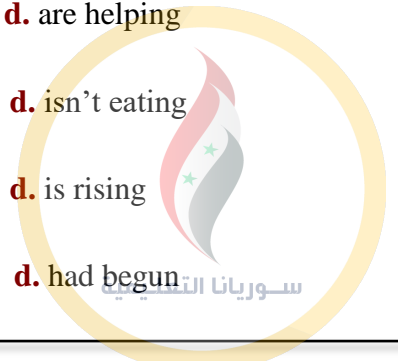


15. Marsha to a sport club every Thursday.
a. goes **b.** is going **c.** went **d.** has gone
16. While I , my friends were sitting on the beach.
a. was cycling **b.** am cycling **c.** cycle **d.** have cycled
17. The house next door was on fire. It three years ago.
a. is happening **b.** happens **c.** happened **d.** has happened
18. She's very experienced now. She a volunteer for two years.
a. had been **b.** was **c.** has been **d.** is
19. What at 7:00 pm yesterday?
a. is he doing **b.** was he doing **c.** does he do **d.** has he done
20. Don't forget to take your umbrella. It
a. rained **b.** had rained **c.** was raining **d.** is raining
21. I lost my keys while I to school.
a. was walking **b.** have walked **c.** is walking **d.** walk
22. Be quiet! John
a. slept **b.** sleeps **c.** is sleeping **d.** was sleeping
23. I your call because I was working.
a. will miss **b.** miss **c.** missed **d.** am missing
24. They the museum recently.
a. haven't visited **b.** don't visit **c.** hadn't visited **d.** aren't visiting
25. We our cousins next week.
a. were visiting **b.** visit **c.** are visiting **d.** visits
26. You chess with 32 pieces.
a. play **b.** has played **c.** plays **d.** is played
27. The weather fine yesterday.
a. is **b.** was **c.** been **d.** be
28. What ? Is there any wrong?
a. are you doing **b.** have you did **c.** did you did **d.** were you doing
29. I down the street when it began to rain.
a. have walked **b.** walk **c.** was walking **d.** am walking
30. I the matter with my teacher before I told my father.
a. have discussed **b.** had discussed **c.** discuss **d.** am discussing
31. They nowadays.
a. don't work **b.** haven't worked **c.** weren't working **d.** aren't working
32. I to spend my holiday in Wales last year.
a. is deciding **b.** decide **c.** decided **d.** has decided
33. We a lot of young people to graduate from high school recently.
a. had helped **b.** helped **c.** have helped **d.** are helping
34. He's hungry. He for four days.
a. hadn't eaten **b.** hasn't eaten **c.** don't eating **d.** isn't eating
35. The sun in the east.
a. rises **b.** has risen **c.** rose **d.** is rising
36. The lesson when we arrived.
a. has begun **b.** begin **c.** began **d.** had begun



Choose the correct answer:

1. They have won several awards.
a. already **b.** yet **c.** all **d.** ever
2. They haven't discovered a cure for the common cold
a. all **b.** yet **c.** already **d.** just
3. We have not planned for our holiday
a. already **b.** just **c.** all **d.** yet
4. I have fed the cat
a. ever **b.** just **c.** yet **d.** since
5. Has Amer bought a car ?
a. all **b.** yet **c.** ever **d.** just
6. I have been in this city last year.
a. since **b.** for **c.** just **d.** already
7. Mr. Smith has been a teacher nine years.
a. just **b.** for **c.** since **d.** already
8. We have known her two months.
a. just **b.** already **c.** since **d.** for
9. He has worked here she arrived to our city.
a. already **b.** for **c.** since **d.** just
10. Sami has done the same job 2007.
a. since **b.** for **c.** just **d.** already
11. Hani hasn't read adventure books April.
a. already **b.** since **c.** just **d.** for

Ahmad M. Yassin

This مفرد قريب

These جمع قريب

That مفرد بعيد

Those جمع بعيد

Choose the correct answer:

1. flower is beautiful.
a. This **b.** These **c.** Those **d.** none of them
2. flowers are beautiful.
a. This **b.** These **c.** That **d.** none of them
3. house is big.
a. Those **b.** These **c.** That **d.** none of them
4. houses are big.
a. That **b.** This **c.** Those **d.** none of them
5. flowers aren't for sale.
a. This **b.** That **c.** These **d.** none of them
6. It is important that issues are addressed before autonomous vehicles are allowed on our roads.
a. this **b.** these **c.** that **d.** none of them
7. flowers over there aren't mine.
a. That **b.** These **c.** This **d.** Those



التعبير عن المستقبل (will / going to)

* استخدام (فعل مصدر + will):

1. للتنبؤ المستقبلي بدون دليل.

The weather **will get** hotter – it **won't get** colder.

2. لاتخاذ قرارات مفاجئة لحظة التكلم.

I'll **make** some tea.

* استخدم (فعل مصدر + be going to):

1. للتعبير عن عمل مستقبلي قررنا القيام به مسبقا.

I **am not going to watch** TV tonight. I'm going to read a book.

2. تنبؤات عن المستقبل مع وجود دليل.

Look at the clouds! It's **going to** rain.

Choose the correct answer:

- Amal has bought a new book. Tonight she at home and start reading it.
a. will stay b. stayed c. is going to stay d. had stayed
- The phone is ringing. I it.
a. answered b. will answer c. answer d. am going to answer
- I've spilt coffee on my shirt. I it.
a. had changed b. am going to change c. changed d. will change
- I am not free tomorrow. I the doctor.
a. saw b. see c. am going to see d. will see
- We forgot to buy bread. We back to buy some.
a. are going to go b. will go c. go d. goes
- She is so tired. She needs some rest. I think she a week off.
a. took b. will take c. had taken d. is going to take
- Do you want to go with us next Saturday? We a football match.
a. are going to attend b. have attended c. attended d. will attend
- The weather dreadful tomorrow.
a. was b. is c. is going to be d. will be
- The box is heavy. I it for you.
a. lift b. will lift c. lifts d. am going to lift
- Tonight we a birthday party for our mother.
a. will have b. had c. are going to have d. had had
- I think our team the match.
a. will win b. win c. is going to win d. wins
- World peace everywhere in the future.
a. spread b. is going to spread c. have spread d. will spread
- Futurologists predict that life very different in all the fields of life.
a. is probably going to be b. will probably c. probably is d. probably was
- I think that life in the future easy and comfortable.
a. is b. was c. is going to be d. will be
- As soon as I graduate, I for a job.
a. will look b. look c. are going to look d. look

Countable and Uncountable Nouns الأسماء المعدودة والغير معدودة

many a few a lot of some	
much a little a lot of some	
any	

Choose the correct answer:

1. She doesn't have friends.
a. many b. much c. a little d. some
2. children will hurt themselves if they don't get off that tree!
a. Many b. Much c. A little d. Any
3. I have only coins in my wallet.
a. any b. much c. a little d. a few
4. There is milk left in the fridge.
a. many b. a few c. a little d. any
5. There aren't students in the library.
a. much b. any c. a little d. some
6. Governments and cities won't get money from parking.
a. many b. much c. a few d. some
7. people drive cars nowadays.
a. A little b. A lot of c. Any d. Much
8. We have time.
a. many b. any c. a lot of d. a few
9. Ruba has books.
a. many b. much c. a alittle d. any
10. She got her license without problems.
a. any b. much c. a little d. a lot
11. We saw lions at the zoo.
a. any b. much c. some d. a little
12. Do you have children?
a. much b. any c. a little d. some
13. Insurance companies get money from car insurance.
a. many b. a few c. a lot of d. any
14. I didn't see friends.
a. some b. any c. a little d. much
15. I would like to ask questions.
a. a little b. much c. any d. some
16. I have told you to pay attention times before.
a. many b. much c. a little d. any



أدوات النكرة والمعرفة Articles

ال التعريف (the)

- تستخدم للإشارة لشيء يذكر للمرة الثانية
- تستخدم عندما يكون هناك واحد من الشيء
(moon , sun , earth , world, Arab, universe, galaxy, sky, ground ...)
- تستخدم قبل الجهات وصيغ التفضيل
(north , south , east , west , best , most , centre , middle , capital , ...est)
- تستخدم قبل أسماء الأنهار والبحار والمضائق.
(Nile River, Red Sea, Atlantic ocean....)
- تستخدم قبل التعبيرات التي تدل على الوقت
(in the morning , in the afternoon , in the evening)
- تستخدم قبل الأرقام الترتيبية و الترتيب
(first – second – third – fourth.....) next – same – weather

(a/an)

- تستخدم للإشارة لشيء يذكر للمرة الأولى
 - تستخدم قبل الوظيفة و المهن
 - تستخدم قبل بعض الأوجاع والأمراض
(headache , stomachache , sore throat , cold , high temperature , fever ..)
- an*** تأتي قبل الاحرف الصوتية (a, e, i, o, u)

Choose the correct answer:

1. The little daughter rushed to nearest pharmacy.
a. a b. the c. an d. than
2. next year, Selak boarded a plane from Zagreb to Rijeka.
a. The b. A c. An d. Both a and b
3. I read book. The book was interesting.
a. an b. the c. than d. a
4. Anna became very famous across world.
a. an b. a c. the d. than
5. Don't make same mistake twice.
a. than b. a c. an d. the
6. Does anyone know answer?
a. the b. a c. an d. none of them
7. sun rises from the East.
a. An b. A c. The d. Than
8. He is first one.
a. the b. an c. a d. all answers are correct
9. Dozens of people followed his footsteps, trying to get most incredible views.
a. a b. the c. an d. none of them
10. Scientists search for signals showing the existence of another life elsewhere in universe.
a. an b. a c. the d. than
11. Mrs. Al-Hroub's dream was to be doctor.
a. than b. a c. an d. the
12. weather was fine yesterday.
a. The b. A c. An d. Than
13. The doctor advised me to eat apple every morning.
a. a b. the c. than d. an
14. We have to respect other people's privacy and try to learn best from them.
a. the b. a c. an d. than
15. We make thousands of decisions day.
a. a b. the c. an d. none of them



الأمر Imperatives

نحن نستخدم صيغة الأمر لإخبار شخص ما أن يفعل شيئاً، أو لإعطاء تعليمات أو أوامر أو تحذيرات أو طلبات.

V0	Don't

Choose the correct answer:

- warmly so you don't get cold outside. It's snowing!
a. Dress b. Dressing c. Dressed d. Was dressing
- careful! You almost spilled your coffee.
a. To be b. Be c. Has been d. You be
- Teacher: Jerry, please.
a. you sit down b. sitting down c. Not sit down d. sit down
- careful!
a. Is being b. You be c. Be d. To be
- Please down and open your books.
a. was sitting b. is sitting c. sit d. sitting
- your books, and **let's** start!
a. Was opining b. Opened c. Opening d. Open
- The kitchen is really dirty! So the dishes now! And vacuum the floor!
a. do b. doing c. did d. does
- make the same mistake twice.
a. Don't b. Not c. Didn't d. Doesn't
- after you eat a big meal. It's not a good idea.
a. Exercise b. Exercised c. Not exercise d. Don't exercise
- Always your documents as soon as you finish writing them.
a. saved b. saving c. save d. don't save
- Please, me when I am speaking.
a. don't interrupt b. interrupting c. interrupt d. not interrupt
- out! You are driving very fast.
a. Watching b. Watched c. Watch d. Is watching
- quiet ! This is a library. People are studying.
a. Is being b. You be c. Be d. To be
- Please a helmet when you ride your bike.
a. wearing b. is wearing c. was wearing d. wear
- be late.
a. Don't b. Didn't c. Not d. Doesn't
- in your room.
a. Smoking b. Don't smoke c. Smoked d. Was smoking
- in the corridors.
a. Running b. Ran c. Runs d. Don't run
- Where's mum? She's taking a nap. Please wake up her up.
a. did't b. don't c. not d. doesn't



فعل التمني Wish

V1 /V1+s	—————→	
don't / doesn't	—————→	
don't / doesn't have	—————→	
V2	—————→	
didn't	—————→	
didn't have	—————→	
had	—————→	
can't	—————→	
is , am, are	—————→	
isn't , am not, aren't	—————→	
wasn't / weren't	—————→	

Choose the correct answer:

1. I wake up so late every morning. I wish I earlier.
a. wake up **b.** woke up **c.** have woken **d.** will wake
2. I don't know the way. I wish I the way home.
a. had known **b.** will know **c.** know **d.** knew
3. I don't have a car. I wish I a car.
a. have had **b.** had **c.** had had **d.** have
4. I can't play the piano. I wish I play piano.
a. could **b.** can **c.** ought to **d.** had to
5. I am at work. I wish I at work.
a. was **b.** weren't **c.** were **d.** am
6. It's winter. I wish it winter.
a. was **b.** were **c.** weren't **d.** isn't
7. I am not tall enough. I wish I tall enough.
a. wasn't **b.** were **c.** weren't **d.** is
8. They are too old to play football. I wish they younger to play football.
a. wasn't **b.** were **c.** weren't **d.** am not
9. They spent so much money on their shopping trip. I wish they so much money.
a. don't spend **b.** haven't spent **c.** didn't spend **d.** hadn't spent
10. I had a boring desk job. I wish I a boring desk job.
a. have had **b.** haven't had **c.** hadn't had **d.** have
11. Rita didn't come to class yesterday. I wish Rita
a. comes **b.** had come **c.** have come **d.** came
12. I didn't have enough time for sport. I wish I enough time for sport.
a. have had **b.** haven't had **c.** hadn't had **d.** had had
13. We weren't kind to her before she got sick. We wish we kind to her.
a. had been **b.** weren't **c.** were **d.** have had
14. She wishes she the train.
a. had taken **b.** has taken **c.** takes **d.** will take
15. I wish I to my father.
a. listened **b.** have listened **c.** listen **d.** am listening
16. I wish I too much time watching TV yesterday.
a. hadn't wasted **b.** don't waste **c.** am not wasting **d.** haven't wasted



- فعل (who) عاقل
ضمير (whom) عاقل
اسم (whose) عاقل
(which) غير عاقل
(that) عاقل وغير العاقل.
(when) زمن
(where) مكان

Choose the correct answer:

1. It's important to be responsible citizen respects the principles of the country.
a. who b. which c. where d. whom
2. Suzan is an orphan father died when she was a baby.
a. which b. whose c. where d. when
3. He was the surgeon performed the operation successfully.
a. whom b. when c. who d. where
4. Mary was a teacher wanted to motivate her students.
a. who b. which c. when d. where
5. She thought of a simple and symbolic gift, is a new pair of shoes.
a. when b. who c. where d. which
6. The gift was for the student marks are excellent.
a. where b. which c. whose d. who
7. The teacher thought "To I will give the gift!"
a. whose b. whom c. where d. when
8. Nada came forward the shoes were.
a. whom b. when c. who d. where
9. I live in the city my friend studies.
a. whom b. which c. where d. when
10. The parents we interviewed were all involved in education.
a. where b. who c. when d. whom
11. That is the house I grew up with my sister Emilia.
a. when b. whose c. where d. which
12. Do you know that boy shirt is red?
a. whom b. who c. where d. whose
13. I don't like the table stands in my kitchen.
a. whose b. whom c. that d. when
14. Grandma remembers the time radio shows were popular.
a. when b. where c. which d. who
15. I want to visit the island my teacher lives.
a. who b. which c. where d. whom
16. This is the bank was robbed yesterday.
a. when b. whom c. where d. which
17. The woman car was broken is my neighbour.
a. whose b. which c. who d. whom
18. My parents bought a new house was very expensive.
a. whom b. that c. when d. where
19. My sister teaches in a school we all studied.
a. who b. which c. where d. when
20. He arrived at seven it was nearly dark.
a. when b. whose c. where d. which



السؤال المنقول Reported Questions

لنقل ما قاله شخص ما نستخدم الفعل (asked / wondered / inquired / wanted to know) ونقوم بالتحويلات التالية:

1. نحول الفعل الحاضر الى الماضي و الماضي الى ماضي تام

2. نحول الضمير بحسب المتكلم

3. نقلب بين الفعل المساعد والفعل

متكلم	غائب
I	she- he
me	her – him
my	her- his
We	they
us	them
our	their

is / am	→	was	are	→	were / was
can	→	could	was/ were	→	had been
will	→	would	have / has	→	had
don't/ doesn't	→	didn't			

now	→	then	tomorrow	→	the next day
this	→	that	today	→	that day
here	→	there	yesterday	→	the previous day/ the day before
these	→	those			

* ملاحظة: عندما نحول سؤال لا يحتوي أداة سؤال فإننا نضيف **if / whether**

* ملاحظة: نحول إشارة الاستفهام ؟ الى نقطة . بالسؤال المنقول.

* ملاحظة: بالسؤال المنقول اذا جاء **do/ does** نحذفهم ونحول الفعل الذي بعدهم الى ماضي بسيط V2 .

* ملاحظة: بالسؤال المنقول اذا جاءت **did** نحذفها ونحول الفعل الذي بعدها الى ماضي تام V3 **had** .

Choose the correct answer:

- Where is my umbrella? She asked where her umbrella
 a. has been b. had been c. is d. was
- Where are your parents? He asked me where my parents
 a. has been b. had been c. were d. are
- How are you? Martin asked us how we
 a. has been b. had been c. were d. was
- What do you want to do now? He asked me what I to do.
 a. wanted b. had wanted c. want d. did want
- Where did you stay? He asked me where I
 a. have stayed b. had stayed c. stay d. stayed
- When did you go to the party? I asked Sally when she to the party.
 a. went b. has gone c. had gone d. goes
- Are you living here? She asked me if I living there.
 a. have been b. had been c. were d. was
- Was it cold? He wondered if it cold.
 a. has been b. had been c. were d. was
- Did you enjoy the festival? He wanted to know if I the festival.
 a. had enjoyed b. enjoyed c. has enjoyed d. enjoy
- Do you know him? He asked me whether I him.
 a. had known b. know c. has known d. knew
- Yesterday Jennifer wanted to know where we football that day.
 a. play b. played c. plays d. are playing
- He asked me how old my father had been when to school.
 a. had I gone b. have I gone c. I had gone d. did I go
- She asked her friend which dress best.
 a. did she like b. she has liked c. she liked d. does she like

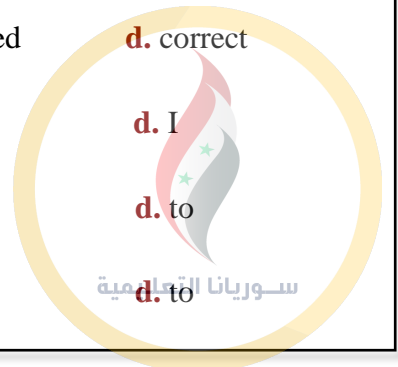
14. She asked what
a. did they do **b.** they were doing **c.** they have done **d.** were they doing
15. Robert asked me if on Friday.
a. does Tim leave **b.** Tim was leaving **c.** was Tim leaving **d.** did Tim leave
16. My mother wanted to know when his friend.
a. he have met **b.** he had met **c.** had he met **d.** does he meet
17. The mother asked her daughter where
a. does she be **b.** she has been **c.** she had been **d.** did she be
18. I asked him why his job.
a. he had left **b.** does he leave **c.** did he leave **d.** had he left
19. Linda wanted to know if to London two weeks ago.
a. Max had flown **b.** Max have flown **c.** had Max flown **d.** Max is flying
20. She asked what they doing.
a. are **b.** have **c.** do **d.** were
21. He inquired why I
a. was crying **b.** have cried **c.** cry **d.** am crying
22. She asked her friend which dress she best.
a. likes **b.** has liked **c.** liked **d.** is liking
23. The mother asked her daughter where she
a. had been **b.** has been **c.** is **d.** be
24. My mother wanted to know when he his friend.
a. has meet **b.** had met **c.** meet **d.** is meeting
25. He asked me if I happy to be back.
a. am **b.** has **c.** was **d.** can
26. She asked us if we Angela.
a. will meet **b.** had met **c.** have met **d.** meet
27. He asked me if I the book.
a. have read **b.** will read **c.** had read **d.** has read
28. She asked how much the concert tickets
a. will cost **b.** had cost **c.** have read **d.** costs
29. John asked me if I to the party.
a. was going **b.** am going **c.** go **d.** will go
30. He asked her if she English.
a. speaks **b.** speak **c.** has spoken **d.** spoke
31. They wanted to know whether we a computer.
a. have **b.** has **c.** had **d.** have had
32. She asked if he type.
a. could **b.** can **c.** can't **d.** none of them
33. Yesterday Nancy wanted to know why Nick to New York the previous summer.
a. can't go **b.** doesn't gone **c.** hasn't gone **d.** hadn't gone
34. I asked Sally when she to the party the day before.
a. goes **b.** had gone **c.** will go **d.** has gone*
35. Will it rain tomorrow? Yesterday Daniel asked me . it would rain
a. then **b.** the next day **c.** that day **d.** the day before
36. We stayed in a big hotel. She **told me/ said** that they in a big hotel. **سوربانا التعليمية**
a. had stayed **b.** has stayed **c.** stay **d.** stay

المبنى المجهول Passive Voice

حاضر بسيط	is am are	V3 → ed أفعال شاذة	حقائق always, usually, often, sometimes, every,
حاضر مستمر	is am are	being + V3	now, at the moment, at present, still, today, this, tomorrow, next, tonight
ماضي بسيط	was were	V3	yesterday, ago, last, in the past, in عام سابق,
ماضي مستمر	was were	being+ V3	when, while, as , because
حاضر تام	have has	been+ V3	since, for, just, already, yet, ever, this, all, recently
ماضي تام	had +been + V3		when, before, after, by the time, because

Choose the correct answer:

- Laws of motion by Newton.
a. discovered b. were discovered c. have discovered d. discover
- This poem by Nizar Qabani.
a. was writing b. is written c. was written d. wrote
- Our house now.
a. is being decorated b. is decorating c. was decorating d. decorate
- The dam before 1963.
a. hadn't been built b. isn't being built c. hasn't been built d. hadn't built
- A chocolate cake by the chef yesterday.
a. was baked b. baked c. is baked d. bakes
- A new house by the workers last week.
a. was building b. was built c. built d. is built
- Students by the school manger to study two hours ago.
a. advised b. have advised c. were advised d. are advised
- The window by someone recently.
a. was cleaned b. has been cleaned c. is cleaned d. has cleaned
- The flowers by the gardener every morning.
a. were watered b. water c. are watering d. are watered
- Their cars by the cleaner while they were shopping in the mall.
a. are being washed b. were being washed c. were washing d. have washed
- A lot of olive oil by Italy.
a. is produced b. produced c. has produced d. produces
- The mistakes by the teacher yesterday.
a. have corrected b. corrected c. were corrected d. correct
- He was given by a book for his birthday yesterday.
a. me b. mine c. my d. I
- The water clock was created the ancient Greeks.
a. with b. in c. by d. to
- The planet was mentioned 1896.
a. with b. in c. by d. to



السؤال التوكيدي Question Tag

is → isn't was → was not are → aren't	can → can't should → shouldn't will → won't will not	has +v3 → hasn't have +v3 → haven't had +v3 → hadn't	V +s /has /does → doesn't V1 /have /do → don't V2 /had /did → didn't
--	---	---	---

نحول الفعل المساعد من (النفي إلى الإثبات) أو (الإثبات إلى النفي)

- **Let's** → shall we?
- **I am** → aren't I?

Choose the correct answer:

1. Mary is here, ?
 a. is she b. hasn't she c. isn't Mary d. isn't she
2. Jack can't come to the party, ?
 a. can he b. can't he c. can't jack d. can Jack
3. You like tea, you?
 a. do b. don't c. doesn't d. didn't
4. Your parents aren't at home, ?
 a. are they b. aren't they c. are Parents d. aren't they
5. He didn't eat much lunch, he?
 a. do b. did c. doesn't d. didn't
6. Your friends haven't left yet, ?
 a. don't they b. have they c. do friends d. haven't they
7. Let's go to the party, ?
 a. isn't let b. hasn't let c. shall we d. should we
8. The car isn't in the garage, ?
 a. has it b. is it c. hasn't car d. is car
9. You are John, you?
 a. are b. don't c. aren't d. do
10. She went to the library yesterday, she?
 a. doesn't b. did c. didn't d. don't
11. Cars pollute the environment, ?
 a. do cars b. didn't they c. don't cars d. don't they
12. He won't tell her, he?
 a. will b. won't c. will not d. don't
13. Hugh had a red car, ?
 a. had he b. didn't he c. hadn't Hugh d. did Hugh
14. It's raining outside, it?
 a. has b. doesn't c. hasn't d. isn't
15. He's Syrian, he?
 a. hasn't b. is c. isn't d. doesn't
16. He's been talking for hours, he?
 a. isn't b. hasn't c. doesn't d. is
17. We have to wear sport shoes, we?
 a. have b. haven't c. don't d. do
18. I am good at math, ?
 a. am I b. don't I c. are I d. aren't I
19. The shops close at 7pm, ?
 a. hasn't they b. doesn't they c. don't they d. don't shops
20. I should wash the dishes, I?
 a. shouldn't b. shall c. don't d. should



Pronouns الضمائر

* ضمائر الفاعل (Subject pronouns): (I , He , She , It , We , You , They)

تأتي عادة في بداية الجملة وبعدها فعل (رئيسي أو مساعد).
تأتي بعد الفعل المساعد بالسؤال.

* صفات الملكية (Possessive adjectives): (my , his , her , its , our , your , their)

تأتي وبعدها اسم دائماً.

* ضمائر الملكية (Possessive p): (mine , his , hers , its , ours , yours , theirs)

تأتي عادة في نهاية الجملة وقبلها فعل كون.

* ضمائر المفعول به (Object p): (me , him , her , it , us , you , them)

تأتي في نهاية الجملة وقبلها فعل.

تأتي في وسط الجملة ويأتي بعدها (دلائل زمنية, أحرف جر a , the , that , if ,

تأتي بعد كلمة **by**.

تأتي بعد كلمة **Let**.

Choose the correct answer:

- shirt is blue.
a. My b. Mine c. Me d. I
- I haven't got pictures in bedroom.
a. mine b. me c. I d. my
- That car is
a. herself b. her c. she d. hers
- Please give that book.
a. me b. my c. mine d. I
- My father bought a new car. It is
a. us b. we c. ours d. our
- house is big.
a. They b. Their c. Theirs d. Them
- You have to fill in personal details.
a. your b. you c. yours d. yourself
- will be happy if you speak his language.
a. His b. Him c. He d. Himself
- We shouldn't be limited to friends living in neighbourhood.
a. we b. us c. ours d. our
- It's important to learn language.
a. they b. them c. their d. theirs
- The blue shirt is
a. his b. him c. he d. himself
- Have ever been to hospital, Adel?
a. you b. yours c. your d. yourself
- Rapidly tapping fingers, can be a sign that a person is bored.
a. herself b. her c. she d. hers



Reflexive Pronouns

Subject Pronouns	Reflexive pronouns
I	myself
He	himself
She	herself
It	itself
They	themselves
We	ourselves
You مفرد	yourself
You جمع	yourselves

Choose the correct answer:

- Robert made this T-shirt
a. himself **b.** themselves **c.** yourself **d.** myself
- Tim and Gerry, if you want more milk, help
a. himself **b.** herself **c.** yourselves **d.** yourself
- Alice and Doris collected the stickers
a. herself **b.** themselves **c.** himself **d.** itself
- The girl looked at in the mirror.
a. herself **b.** ourselves **c.** yourself **d.** ourselves
- Freddy, you'll have to do your homework
a. himself **b.** yourself **c.** ourselves **d.** yourselves
- I introduced to my new neighbour.
a. itself **b.** herself **c.** himself **d.** myself
- We can move the table
a. herself **b.** myself **c.** ourselves **d.** themselves
- I looked at for a long time.
a. myself **b.** himself **c.** herself **d.** itself
- It was suggested that body language may account for between 60 to 65% of all communication.
a. himself **b.** itself **c.** yourself **d.** ourselves
- While you say that, you are feeling fine, the look on your face may tell people otherwise.
a. herself **b.** ourselves **c.** myself **d.** yourself
- Arms and legs can also be useful in conveying nonverbal information.
a. himself **b.** themselves **c.** himself **d.** itself

Short vowel /æ/

cab – dad – bag – van – mat – hat
map – sad – ant – flag – glad
rag – track – cat

Long vowel /ɑ:/

jar – car – arch – part – art – palm – calm
class – father

Short vowel /e/

men – red – met – let – set – fell
wet – hell – ten – peck – egg
vent – lend – tell – bed – end
net – check – bet

Long vowel /i:/

mean – read – meet – lead – seat – feel
wheat – heat – teen – peek – deal
seal – need – feet – beef – weak
meat – key – sheep – evil

Short vowel /ʌ/

bun – bum – bus – bud – bug
but – hut – cut – cup – dug
fun – gun – truck – summer – bungee-jumping
trouble

Long vowel /ei/ diphthongs

fail – bake – wait – weight – sake
sane – cape – wake – gaze – hate
day – shape – bate – James – shake
ape – sail

Short vowel /ʊ/

put – look – full – butcher – push
pull – took – bush – cook – foot
would

Long vowel /u:/

shoot – juice – fool – school – soup
rude – cruel – true – blue – group
fruit

Short vowel /ɒ/

not – cock – fox – pot – shot
box – spot – clock – dock – rob
lost

Long vowel /ɔ:/

horn – cork – forks – port – short
torn – torch – born – cord
naught – bought – court



صناعة السؤال Question Making

1.

Yes or NO question

* إذا بدأت الجملة بـ (Yes / No) فإننا لا نحتاج ل اسم السؤال مثل (What , How , When...)
* إذا وجدنا فعل مساعد من الأفعال التالية نضعه في بداية السؤال أي قبل الفاعل.

(don't / doesn't / didn't) (am / is / are) (was / were) (have / has / had + V3)
(can / could / will / would / may / might / must / shall / should)

* نقوم ببعض التغييرات حين نجدها:

I / we	↔	you
me / us	↔	you
my / our	↔	your
I am	↔	are you
I was	↔	were you

* إذا بدأ الجواب بـ No فستكون متبوعة بـ not غالباً وعند السؤال نقوم بحذف not
* إذا لم يكن هنالك فعل مساعد نستخدم:
(do / does) في الحاضر البسيط و (did) في الماضي البسيط ويعود الفعل (مصدر).

Write the questions:

أسئلة Questions	أجوبة Answers
1. -----	1. Yes, I would like to visit it.
2. -----	2. Yes, I was very fit.
3. -----	3. No, I couldn't ride a bike.
4. -----	4. Yes, I have got a map.
5. -----	5. Yes, I drink coffee.
6. -----	6. Yes, he writes stories.
7. -----	7. Yes, it rained last night.

2.

WH Question

إذا لم نجد Yes / No بالجواب فإننا نحتاج ل كلمة السؤال:

كلمات السؤال الرئيسية هي:

1. **When** (متى) تسأل عن زمان
2. **Where** (أين) تسأل عن مكان
3. **What** (ماذا / ما) تسأل عن الشيء
4. **How** (كيف) تسأل عن الحال أو الطريقة
5. **Why** (لماذا) تسأل عن السبب
6. **Who** (من) تسأل عن الشخص
7. **How many** (كم العدد) تسأل عن العدد ويأتي بعدها اسم في يقبل حالة الجمع
8. **How much** (كم الكمية) تسأل عن الكمية ويأتي بعدها اسم غير معدود او عن السعر (كم الكمية)
9. **How old** (كم العمر) تسأل عن العمر
10. **How often** (كم مرة) تسأل عن التكرار وعدد المرات
11. **How long** (كم المدة) تسأل عن المدة الزمنية
12. **How far** (كم بُعد) تسأل عن المسافة
13. **Whose** (لمن) تسأل عن الملكية

الترتيب العام للسؤال

كلمة السؤال	فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل رئيسي	? تتمة
-------------	-----------	------	-----------	--------



Write the questions: (When)

-
I went to the dentist last week.
-
She is going there next year.
-
They came to Syria in 1979.
-
Schools start at 7 o'clock.
-
He arrived home ten minutes ago.

Write the questions: (Where)

-
I will travel to London.
-
My city is in the south of the capital.
-
She works in a hospital.

Write the questions: (What)

-
I should eat healthy snacks.
-
My favourite subject was English.
-
My name's Tahseen.
-
She teaches French.

Write the questions: (How)

-
I travelled by bus.
-
I feel better.
-
I drive quickly.

Write the questions: (Why)

-
I like visiting ancient places because I am interested in history.
-
I go there to borrow books.

Write the questions: (Who)

-
I went with my father.
-
Ibrahim went to the mall.

Write the questions: (Whose)

-
This car is mine.

Write the questions: (How often)

-
We travelled to Aleppo once a week.

-
I play football every day.

Write the questions: (How long)

-
He has studied it for three years.
-
I have known him since I was nine.

Write the questions: (How old)

-
Zahra is 14 years old.

Write the questions: (How far)

-
It is two kilometers from here.

Write the questions: (How much)

-
It costs 200 Syrian pounds.

Write the questions: (How many)

-
There are five oceans.
-
I have got one sister.

* أسئلة لها صيغة محددة:

السؤال عن المهنة: What (do / does / did) (فاعل) (do)?	1. He is <u>a teacher</u> .
السؤال عن الطقس What (is / was) the weather like? What will the weather be like?	1. The weather is <u>sunny but cold</u> .
السؤال عن المرض What is the matter?	1. I have got <u>a stomachache</u> .
السؤال عن الصفات الداخلية What (is / are / was / were) فاعل like?	1. She is <u>funny</u> .
السؤال عن الصفات الخارجية What (do / does / did) فاعل look like?	1. She is <u>tall</u> .

Prepositions

worried about	interested in	wait for	part of	at risk	listen to	focus on
curious about	keep in mind	search for	capable of	at home	honest to	based on
complain about	destroyed in	prepare for	fun of	at night	tend to	depend on
awareness about	in danger	sorry for	consist of	at seaside	lead to	on holiday
care about	in need	ask for	afraid of	at peace	According to	on weekdays
unsure about	in سنة	thanked for	jealous of	at ساعة	refer to	on تاريخ كامل
confused about		planning for	front of	at the weekend	disagree with	
	divided into	responsible for	full of	good at	deal with	map out
think about/of		cure for/ to		expert at	collaborate with	watch out احذر
	suffer from		sign up	skilful at	keep up with	watch out for
for the benefit of	graduate from	surrounded by		genius at	come up with	
take care of	prevent from				get along with	

Opposites

complicated	simple	relaxed / unstressed	stressed	late	early
similarity	difference	finish / end / stop	start	silly	serious
sell	buy	ambiguous	clear	nearer	farther
remember	forget	impossible	possible	familiar	strange

Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer (a, b, c or d):

- The teacher began to the students for their excellent work.
a. praise **b.** employ **c.** struggle **d.** violence
- An act of caused the window to be broken.
a. praise **b.** employ **c.** struggle **d.** violence
- The artist had to a hammer to open his paint cans.
a. praise **b.** employ **c.** struggle **d.** violence
- She was wearing a splendid
a. violence **b.** employ **c.** struggle **d.** outfit
- His against cancer lasted for two years.
a. praise **b.** employ **c.** struggle **d.** violence
- She had a problem in the bank, so she asked to meet the
a. manage **b.** manages **c.** manager **d.** managed
- He has no money; he has beenfor months.
a. unemployed **b.** employ **c.** employment **d.** unemployment
- Life doesn't on Mars.
a. existed **b.** existence **c.** exist **d.** existing
- I was when my nine-month brother could walk.
a. astonishing **b.** astonished **c.** astonish **d.** astonishment
- This party was done for the of the poor.
a. peace **b.** benefit **c.** disease **d.** investment
- A lift was put to meet the disabled
a. needs **b.** operations **c.** surgeries **d.** questions
- Some people in Africa don't have to safe drinking water.
a. allow **b.** replace **c.** prove **d.** access



13. It is difficult to what the long-term effects of the accident will be.
a. predict **b.** improve **c.** replace **d.** regret
14. The weather towards the evening.
a. predicted **b.** replaced **c.** improved **d.** allowed
15. His father suffers from a heart
a. peace **b.** insurance **c.** disease **d.** income
16. The way of reducing pollution is to use cars less.
a. worst **b.** bad **c.** not good **d.** obvious
17. She felt at when she arrived.
a. peace **b.** fined **c.** disease **d.** worst
18. The new software package the old one.
a. predicts **b.** replaces **c.** improves **d.** allows
19. It is to feel nervous before an exam.
a. normal **b.** normally **c.** normality **d.** normalize
20. Property in Homs is than property in Damascus.
a. cheap **b.** cheapest **c.** cheaper **d.** most cheap
21. Doctors gave Hani oxygen to help him
a. breathe **b.** breath **c.** breathless **d.** breathlessly
22. You will need to permission from the teacher if you want to leave the class.
a. obtained **b.** obtains **c.** obtaining **d.** obtain
23. He has to take to control his blood pressure.
a. bills **b.** pills **c.** peels **d.** peals
24. Our goal is to a new research centre in our city.
a. establishment **b.** establishing **c.** establish **d.** established
25. Do you have on your house and its contents?
a. a station **b.** insurance **c.** a garage **d.** a ground
26. The effects of smoking are serious.
a. long-term **b.** good **c.** amazing **d.** wonderful
27. He was for parking on the wrong side of the street.
a. promoted **b.** fined **c.** rewarded **d.** nominated
28. They are working together to the whole society.
a. benefit **b.** practice **c.** allow **d.** stick
29. My parents wouldn't me to go abroad.
a. identify **b.** save **c.** allow **d.** stick
30. She took on extra work to increase her
a. peace **b.** insurance **c.** disease **d.** income
31. I didn't see your bike, so I you had gone out.
a. assumption **b.** assumed **c.** assumable **d.** assumptive
32. The two cars are very in size and design.
a. similarly **b.** similarity **c.** similar **d.** similars
33. John lived a life of after he lost his fortune.
a. degradation **b.** degrade **c.** degradable **d.** degraded
34. The solar power is a energy.
a. renewable **b.** renew **c.** renews **d.** renewability
35. Cycling is a totally form of transport.
a. sustain **b.** sustains **c.** sustainability **d.** sustainable
36. Health officials have tried to raise
a. awareness **b.** priority **c.** outline **d.** experiments
37. My parents wouldn't me to go to the party.
a. identify **b.** save **c.** allow **d.** collaborate
38. The club's is to win the League.
a. awareness **b.** priority **c.** outline **d.** experiments
39. Always write an for your essays.
a. awareness **b.** priority **c.** outline **d.** experiments
40. Tickets are in the box office.
a. available **b.** good **c.** fine **d.** obvious



69. It's against my to lie.
a. command **b.** principle **c.** sign **d.** production
70. She is a successful person. She knows how to use her time
a. efficiently **b.** slowly **c.** wasteful **d.** badly
71. Most of our students high grades in the final exam.
a. identify **b.** save **c.** attain **d.** collaborate
72. I had a very day; I finished the whole work.
a. bad **b.** relative **c.** negative **d.** productive
73. The student was very ; he gave a smart answer to a very difficult quiz.
a. intellectual **b.** relative **c.** negative **d.** productive
74. The police are always ready to to people's calls for help.
a. motivate **b.** frustrates **c.** respond **d.** stop
75. The dog was wagging its tail as a of happiness.
a. command **b.** principle **c.** sign **d.** production
76. The animals at the circus do the movements following their trainers'
a. commands **b.** principles **c.** signs **d.** productions

قواعد تعتمد على الترجمة

because لان , but لكن , so لذلك , and و , or او , until حتى

1. I will be married we will have two children.
a. and **b.** because
c. but **d.** or
2. I will be an English teacher it's my favourite subject.
a. so **b.** but
c. because **d.** or
3. We will have a nice house it will not be very big.
a. so **b.** or
c. but **d.** and
4. I'm interested in music, I will have a wonderful music collections.
a. and **b.** so
c. but **d.** because
5. I will play traditional folksongs very well I'm learning now.
a. because **b.** but
c. so **d.** and
6. He had no computer email address.
a. but **b.** and
c. because **d.** or

7. My sister..... her little daughter used to live close to us.
a. and **b.** or
c. but **d.** so
8. I am just feeling sorry for myself I am getting old.
a. and **b.** because
c. but **d.** so
9. The plane crashed Selak survived.
a. because **b.** but
c. so **d.** or
10. A poor family was living happily the son felt severely ill.
a. until **b.** so
c. but **d.** because
11. She loves reading she spends her free time in the school library,
a. and **b.** so
c. but **d.** because
12. I didn't see your bike, I assumed you had gone out.
a. but **b.** so
c. but also **d.** or

Wish you all the best

