



تم تحميل الملف بواسطة : بوت مكتبي التعليمية – التجمع الاتحادي



تم التحميل بواسطة : [T.me/Science_2022bot](https://t.me/Science_2022bot)



انقر هنا للوصول إلى (بوت مكتبي التعليمية)



وهي عبارة عن مكتبة إلكترونية تعليمية شاملة لغالبية ملفات المراحل الدراسية.



مدعوم بواسطة : التجمع الاتحادي لطلبة سورية

Telegram : [@Science_2022bot](https://t.me/Science_2022bot) ★

النوطة الشاملة في اللغة الانكليزية

الصف التاسع

EMAR

تشمل :

- ★ القواعد كاملة مع شرح مبسط لكل قاعدة
- ★ جميع التمارين من الكتابين حسب النموذج الحديث
- ★ تمارين اضافية من الدروس
- ★ تمارين عن الاشتقاقات و الصوتيات
- ★ تكوين سؤال
- ★ اختيار الكلمة الخاطئة
- ★ المواضيع الكاملة في الكتابين مع مواضيع موازية

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Unit 1

المضارع البسيط : Present Simple	المضارع المستمر : Present Progressive
He , She , It ➔ ies أو es أو s نضع للفعل حرف	is , am , are + Verb + ing
I , We , They , You ➔ s فعل بدون حرف	نستخدمه مع الافعال التي تحدث وقت الكلام
نستخدمه مع الحقائق العامة والعادات	نستخدمه مع خطط المستقبل والعادات المؤقتة
كلمات تدل على المضارع البسيط : always , usually , sometimes , every day / week / month / year , often , never, once a week, rarely	كلمات تدل على المضارع المستمر : now , at the moment , next , these , this , nowadays , today , look

Choose the correct answer a , b , c or d :

- 1-It rarelyin the desert.
a- rains b-rain c-is raining d- rained
- 2-Shea newspaper upstairs now.
a-reading b-read c-is reading d-reads
- 3-I'm busy, I..... my homework at the moment.
a-do b-did c-is doing d-'m doing
- 4-Youchess with 32 pieces.
a- play b-plays c-have played d-are playing
- 5-The birdsto the island every morning.
a- return b-are returning c-have returned d-were returning
- 6-Marshato a sports club every Thursday.
a- goes b-go c-went d-has gone
- 7-..... he travel every year?
a-Did b-Have c- Does d-Do
- 8-Weour cousins next week.
a-have visited b-visit c-visited d- are visiting
- 9-..... you often visit your relatives?
a-Have b-Did c-Does d-Do
- 10-He..... a lot these days.
a-eats b-eat c-'s eating d-'s eaten
- 11-Are theya good time?
a-have b-had c-has d- having
- 12-Theyusually go out in the evening.
a-does b-doesn't c- don't d-aren't
- 13-She doesn't alwaystea.

- a-drinks b- drink c-drinking d-drank
- 14-Theynowadays.
a-is working b-work c-have worked d- are not working
- 15- Every Monday, Sallyher kids to football practice.
a-drives b-is driving c-driving d-drove
- 16- Usually, Ias a secretary.
a-am working b- works c-working d-work
- 17-This summer, I French at a language school.
a-study b-studying c-studies d-am studying
- 18- Be quiet! John.....
a-is sleeping b-sleep c-sleeps d-sleeping
- 19- Don't forget to take your umbrella. It.....
a-rains b-rain c-raining d- is raining
- 20- She is fit because she alwaysas an exercise.
a-is running b- runs c-run d-running
- 21-Whatunder the table? – Is there anything wrong?
a-you are doing b-is you doing c-are you do d-are you doing
- 22-Where when you go to Homs?
a-is she usually stay b-is she usually staying
c-do she usually d-does she usually stay
- 23- What a delicious smell! What for dinner?
a-are your mother preparing b-is your mother prepare
c-is your mother prepareing d- is your mother preparing
- 24- What timeon weekdays?
a-is he wake up b- is he waking up c-do he wake up d-does he wake up
- 25- Where?
a-does you live b-do you live c-are you live d-is you living
- 26-1-They a new bridge nowadays.
a-build b-builds c-building d-are building
- 27- Sheon the phone right now.
a-are talking b-am talking c-is talking d-talking
- 28- I in the library at the moment.
a-studies b-study c-studying d-am studying
- 29- It's good news to hear that John's health
a-improve b-are improving c-improving d-is improving
- 30- Where are the children? There they are. They tennis.
a-playing b-is playing c-are playing d-play

- 31- Suspended coffee is a tradition thatfrom Naples.
a-come b-came c-comes d-was coming
- 32- if someone....., then they're in need - no CV required.
a-ask b-asked c-asks d-had asked
- 33- Wea garage next to our house.
a- build b- are building c-builds d-builed
- 34-Wesomewhere to put the car.
a- need b- have needed c- are needing d-is needing
- 35-Mrs. Jamesearly every day.
a-leaves b- will leave c-is leaving d-left
- 36-Wea technological progress every month now.
a- are experiencing b- has experiencing c- is experiencing d-experienced
- 37- Future cities cansolar power to irrigate the dry land.
a-uses b-use c-used d-are using
- 38- Future cities should beby rivers.
a- surrounded b- surround c-have surrounded d- surrounding
- 39-anyone know the answer?
a-Do b-Does c-Has d-Have
- 40- Johnhave much money.
a-don't b-haven't c- doesn't d-hasn't
- 41- Rubasome books.
a-have b-haves c-has d-doesn't has
- 42- Ia shirt. My shirt is blue.
a-had b-has c-have d-am
- 43- Earthquakes are extremely difficult.....
a-predicting b-predicted c-to predicting d- to predict
- 44-We to study English today.
a-is go b-going c-are go d-are going
- 45-What's wrong ? You on my feet.
a-stand b-are standing c-standed d-stood

- 46- Dress warmly so you don't get cold outside. It.....!
- a-snow b-snows c- 's snowing d-snowed
- 47- My feetme and my toes are bleeding.
- a-kill b-kills c-is killing d- are killing
- 48- Icurrently..... with Liam.
- a-travel b-travelled c-am travelling d-travels
- 49- He alwaysahead of me.
- a-walking b-walks c-walk d-is walking
- 50- Right now, Liamwith the owner of the inn.
- a-sits b-sat c-has sitting d- is sitting
- 51- I want to go home, but Ithe way.
- a-doesn't know b- don't know c-'m not knowing d-didn't know
- 52- She loves books Whichhappy endings.
- a- have b-has c-is d-are
- 53- Adam and his group members usually on Fridays.
- a-met b-meet c-are meeting d-meets
- 54- Nowadays theysign language.
- a-learn b-learned c-are learning d-have learnt
- 55- Parents oftenthe focus on play.
- a-refuses b-are refusing c-refused d-refuse
- 56- We first and when we play we learn.
- a-played b-play c-playing d-plays
- 57- The kids even they are learning.
- a-doesn't , realize b-don't , realize c-isn't realize d-aren't realize
- 58- Susan usuallyreading.
- a-enjoy b-is enjoying c-enjoys d-has enjoyed
- 59- **As soon as** I....., I will look for a job.
- a- graduated b-am graduating c- graduate d-have graduated
- 60- Susanto live in a mess.
- a-is liking b-likes c-like d-have liked
- 61- I don't like the table thatin my kitchen.
- a- stand b-standing c- stands d-standed

Unit 2

المضارع التام : Present Perfect

Subject + have \ has + verb3

He , She , It → → has

I , We , They , You → → have

Verb 3: * تصريف للفعل النظامي ed
* الفعل الشاذ له تصريف ثالث خاص به

نستخدم المضارع التام للحديث عن أفعال أو أحداث حدثت بوقت غير محدد بالماضي أو لفعل انتهى بالماضي ونتيجته مستمرة بالوقت الحالي

الكلمات التي تأتي مع المضارع التام :

إذا جاءت آخر الجملة already , just , yet , ever , since , for , recently , how long , so far , before

تأتي بين الفعل المساعد والتصريف الثالث للفعل ويمكن أن تأتي نهاية الجملة : Already

تأتي بين الفعل المساعد والتصريف الثالث للفعل : Just

تأتي في آخر الجملة المنفية و السؤال : Yet

منذ : Since لمدّة : For تأتي مع السؤال : Ever , How long

Choose the correct answer a , b , c or d :

1-Shealready..... this film.

a- has , seen b-have seen c-has see d-is seeing

2-Theyseveral awards.

a-has won b-have win c-have won d- are won

3- Mr. Smitha teacher for nine years.

a-have been b-is c-has been d-is being

4- Iin this city since last year.

a- have been b-has been d-was d-am

5- I have lost my pen. I am to do my exercise.

a-able b-unable c-enable d-going

6- Theya cure for the common cold yet.

a-have discovered b-discovered c-hasn't discovered d- haven't discovered

7- I am not hungry. I already

- a-haven't , eaten b-have , eaten c-hadn't , eaten d-had , eaten
- 8- We for our holiday **yet**.
a-have planed b-haven't planed c-have planned d-haven't planned
- 9-..... you any interesting books?
a-Has , read b-Have , readed c-Have , read d-Has , readed
- 10-I the cat.
a-just have fed b-have fed just c-has just fed d-have just fed
- 11-..... Amer a car yet?
a-Have , bought b-Has , bought c-Have , buy d-Hasn't , bought
- 12- Mayathe test since 2019.
a-have passed b-passed c-passes d- has passed
- 13- Imy pen. I am unable to do my exercise.
a-was losing b- haven't lost c- have lost d-had lost
- 14- Have you done your homework?
a-No, I have b-Yes, I haven't c-Yes, I has d-Yes, I have
- 15- Iyou to pay attention many times **before**.
a-has told b-hasn't told c- have told d-are telling
- 16- Theythe museum **recently**.
a-didn't visit b-haven't visited c-aren't visit d-hasn't visited
- 17- The accidentany permanent damage.
a-haven't caused b- has caused c- has not caused d-is causing
- 18- She**there for three years**.
a-have been working b- has been working c- have working d- have worked
- 19-to Mexico?
a-Has you ever been b-Have ever you been c-Have you ever been d-You have ever been
- 20- Iyou for ages.
a-have seen b-hasn't seen c- haven't seen d-am seeing
- 21- Theyeach other for four years.
a- haven't seen b-are seeing c-have seen d-has seen
- 22- Iit cut for at least three years now.
a-has had b-have had c-had have d- had has

23- She's justa baby.

- a-have b-has d-had d-having

24- Sandyalreadyher dress.

- a-have , prepared b- has , prepared c-is , having d-was , having

25- Iall the week.

- a-has been practicing b- 've been practicing c-have practicing d-had practicing

26- She's very experienced now. Shea volunteer for two years.

- a-has been b-is being c-haven't been d-hasn't been

27- Good news! Theyenough money for the charity this year.

- a-have raised b- haven't raised c-have rising d-has raised

28-Bad news! Theyenough money for the charity this year.

- a-have raised b- haven't raised c-have rising d-has raised

28- While I've been a volunteer, we a lot of young people to graduate from high school.

- a-have help b-have helped b-haven't helped d-has helped

29- He's hungry. Hefor four days.

- a- has eaten b- hasn't eaten c-had eaten d-haven't eaten

30- She misses him! She him for a long time.

- a-hasn't see b-haven't seen c-has seen d-hasn't seen

31- Have you done your homework?

- a-No, I have b-Yes, I haven't c-Yes, I has d-Yes, I have

32- She has just arrived.....

- a-since she arrived to our city b-for two months.
c-She will speak to you in a minute. d-Yes, she has

33- We have known her since sheto our city.

- a-have arrived b-arrived c-had arrived d-was arriving

34- I haven't been.....

- a-to Paris. b-before to Paris. c-to Paris before. d-Paris

35- Have you tried sushi?

- a-Yes, I have b-No, I have c-Yes, he has d-No, I don't

36- Health officials haveto raise awareness.

- a-tryed b-trying c-try d- tried

37-Healready.....to France.

- a-have, travelled b-has , travelled c-is , travelled d-was , travelled

38- Has anyoneinspired you to change your life?

- a-never b-yet c-just d- ever

Unit 3

Will	Going to
* بمعنى سوف و يأتي بعدها فعل مصدر * وقبلها لا يأتي is , am , are انما فاعل او ضمير فاعل	* بمعنى سوف يأتي بعدها فعل مصدر * قبلها يأتي فعل الكون is , am , are
نستخدمها للدلالة على المستقبل والتنبؤات مع عدم وجود دليل قرارات فجائية عند وقت الكلام	نستخدمها للدلالة على المستقبل والتنبؤات مع وجود دليل قرارات مسبقة وخطط ونوايا مستقبلية

Choose the correct answer a , b , c or d :

- life probably be very different in all the fields of life.
a-is going b-is going to c-will d-is
- Scientists and researchers find cure to many diseases like Aids and cancer.
a-will b-would c-are going d-are going to
- I think that life in the future be easy and comfortable.
a-would b-going to c-will d-is going to
- World peace spread everywhere.
a-going to b-will c-are going to d-is going
- I'd love to go out, but I think itraining
a- will continued b-is going to c- will continue d-continue
- It is freezing today. It to snow soon.
a-will b-going to c- is going to d- is going
- I think our teamthe match.
a- will won b-would win c- will win d-is going to
- Tonight we have a birthday party for my mother.
a- are going to b-will c-is going to d-would
- It is a heavy box. Iit for you.
a-would lift b-will lifted c- will lift d-am going to
- Some people have imagined that life in the futureso easy and relaxing.
a-will be b-is going to be c-was being d- would be
- Ithat in the future we will have a more comfortable life.
a-thought b- think c-am thinking d-was thinking
- Some people think that autonomous vehiclesour lives for the better.
a- will change b-are going to change c-going to change d-change

13-In his opinion, Peoplein underground cities.

- a-are going to live b-will live c-going to live d-lives

14- Look at the clouds! It..... to rain.

- a-has going b-will c-'s going d-has gone

15- Ivisit Aleppo next week.

- a-would b- am going to c-going to d-am going

16- In Fatima's opinion, Schoolsreally different in the future.

- a-are going to be b-are c- will be d-would

17- In the future, all peoplein space.

- a-going to b-are going to c- will live d-will

18- Tonight Amalstay at home and start reading it.

- a-will b-would c-is going to d-going to

19- I think Brasilthe next world cup.

- a- will win b-is going to c-are going to d-would won

20- Malikhis job **as soon as** he graduates from college.

- a-is going to start b- will start c-started d-was starting

21- I've spilt coffee on my shirt. I..... change it.

- a-am going to b-am going c-'ll d-am

22- The phone is ringing. Ianswer it.

- a-am b-going to c-am going to d-will

23- I am not free tomorrow. Isee the doctor.

- a-will b-would c-am going to d- going to

24- We forgot to buy bread. We go back to buy some.

- a-are going to b- will c-is going d-am going

25- She is so tired. I think shetake a week off.

- a- is going to b-will c-would d-is

26- Do you want to go with us next Saturday? We a football match.

- a-attend b-are going to attend c-will attend d-attended

27- The weather..... dreadful tomorrow.

- a-will be b-is going to be c-is going be d-are going

28- I that heavy box for you.

- a-am going to b-am going to lift c-will lift d-will

29- Tonight wea birthday party for our mother.

- a-will b-are going c-going to have d-are going to have

30-Iour team will win the match.

a-thought b-though c-although d- think

Unit 4

Determiner : المحدد	Use : الاستخدام	Example : مثال
Indefinite articles أدوات النكرة (a/an)	They are used in front of singular countable nouns. نستخدمهم قبل الاسماء المفردة المعدودة A : نستخدمها مع الأسماء التي تبدأ بحرف ساكن An : مع الأسماء التي تبدأ بحرف صوتي الأحرف الصوتية: a , e , o , u , i ونستخدمهم عند ذكر الشيء للمرة الاولى ومع المهنة	<i>a teacher</i> : استاذ <i>an egg</i> : بيضة <i>a month</i> : شهر <i>a window</i> : نافذة <i>an apple</i> : تفاحة <i>an ant</i> : نملة
Definite article أداة التعريف (the)	The is used in front of all nouns to describe someone or something specific . تستخدم قبل كل الأسماء لتصف شخص او شيء ما محدد وتستخدم ايضا مع الأسماء التي ذكرت مسبقا والاشياء الموجودة منها شيء واحد	<i>The weather was fine yesterday.</i> الطقس <i>I read a book. The book was interesting.</i> المرة الثانية التي ذكرنا فيها الكتاب نضع the
Determiner	Use	Example
Possessive Adjectives صفات الملكية (my, your, his, her, its, our, their)	يستخدموا للدلالة على ملكية شيء ما يأتي بعدهم اسم	<i>I have a shirt. My shirt is blue.</i> لدي قميص . قميصي أزرق
Demonstratives الإشارة (this, that, those, these)	This : لتشير الى شيء مفرد قريب That : لتشير الى شيء مفرد بعيد This : جمعها → → these That : جمعها → → those	<i>This flower is beautiful.</i> هذه الزهرة جميلة <i>These flowers are beautiful.</i> <i>That house is big.</i> تلك المنزل كبير <i>Those houses are big.</i>

<p>Quantifiers الكميات</p> <p>with countable and uncountable nouns مع الأسماء المعدودة و غير المعدودة (some, any, a lot of)</p>	<p>نستخدمهم لإعطاء معلومات عن كمية شيء ما</p> <p>"some" : مع الجملة المثبتة (غير منفية)</p> <p>"any" : مع الجملة المنفية والسؤال</p> <p>"many", "a few" مع الأسماء المعدودة</p> <p>"much", "a little" مع الأسماء الغير معدودة</p>	<p><i>We have a lot of time.</i> لدينا الكثير من الوقت</p> <p><i>Ruba has some books.</i> ربما لديها بعض الكتب</p> <p><i>Do you have any children?</i> هل لديك أي أطفال؟</p> <p><i>I didn't see any friends.</i> لا أرى أي أصدقاء</p> <p><i>She doesn't have many friends.</i> ليس لديها العديد من الأصدقاء</p> <p><i>I have only a few coins in my pocket.</i> لدي فقط القليل من العملات في جيبتي</p> <p><i>John doesn't have much money.</i> جون ليس لديه كمية كبيرة من المال</p> <p><i>There is a little tea in the glass.</i> يوجد القليل من الشاي في الكأس</p>
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Choose the correct answer a , b , c or d :

- Does anyone know..... answer?
a-an b-a c-the d-some
- I haven't got pictures inbedroom.
a-my b- I c- mine d-me
- I have told you to pay attention..... times before.
a-many b-a c-any d-much
- I have onlycoins in my wallet.
a-a little b-much c-a few d-a
- There aren'tstudents in the library.
a-any b-much c-a d-some
- There is milk left in the fridge.
a-a few b-a little c-any d-many
- people drive cars nowadays.
a-A lot of b-Any c-A little d-Much
- Sami likes to eat food before he sits down to study.
a-any b-many c-an d-a few
- children will hurt themselves if they don't get off that tree!
a-A b-Any c-The d-Much
- The doctor advised me to eat apple every morning.
a-a b-an c-some d-much
- She got her license without problems.

a-some b- much c-a little d-any

12-Some people believe that autonomous vehicles will cause problems.

a-much b-a little c-a d-any

13-Thousands of drivers will lose..... jobs.

a-them b-theirs c-their d-they

14-Governments and cities won't get money from parking.

a-many b-a few c-a d-much

15-It is important that issues are addressed before autonomous vehicles are allowed on our roads.

a-this b-these c-that d-them

16-I would like to askquestions.

a-a few b-any c-a little d-much

17-She doesn't havefriends.

a-much b-many c-a d-some

18-There arebirds on the tree.

a-a lot b-some c-any d-a little

19-He doesn't havemoney.

a-much b-many c-some d-a few

20-sun rises from the East.

a-A b-An c-The d-These

21-.....flowers aren't for sale.

a-These b-This c-that d-A

22-The billionaire is art collector.

a-a b-an c-the d-this

23-Sam walked intocake shop.

a-an b-a c-these d-those

24- Have you gotemail account?

a-these b-a c-an d-a few

25-He went to apply for a job. job was a cleaner.

a-An b-A c-The d-He

26-She has already seenfilm.

a-These b-those c-a few d-this

- 27-It is normal to feel nervous beforeexam.
a-an b-a c-much d-many
- 28-Astronauts won't cook onmoon.
a-an b-the c-a d-these
- 29-My goal is to becomearchitect.
a-the b-those c-an d-a
- 30- He is going to choose mathematics,branch he likes.
a-the b-a c-an d-any
- 31- The solar power isrenewable energy.
a-an b-some c-a little d-a
- 32- We havetime.
a-a lot b-many c-a few d- a lot of
- 33-Ruba hasbooks.
a-any b- a c-much d- some
- 34-Do you have..... children?
a-a b-some c- any d-a little
- 35-I didn't seefriends.
a-some b-much c- any d-that
- 36-She doesn't havefriends.
a-a little b- many c-much d-this
- 37-I have onlycoins in my pocket.
a-a little b- a few c-any d-a
- 38-John doesn't havemoney.
a- much b-a few c-some d-a lot
- 39-There istea in the glass.
a- a few b-any c-many d- a little
- 40-..... weather was fine yesterday.
a-An b- A c- The d-these
- 41-I read a book.book was interesting.
a-An b-Many c-Those d- The
- 42-..... flower is beautiful.
a-These b-Those c-An d- This

- 43-..... flowers are beautiful.
a- These b-That c-This d-A
- 44-We plan to buy some property asinvestment.
a-Those b- a c- an d-any
- 45-Bill isbaseball player.
a-a little b- a few c-any d-a
- 46-moon has revolved around the earth.
a-An b-Many c-Those d- The
- 47- They'll waste tootime.
a-many b-a few c- much d-any
- 48- Is he learning to playinstrument ?
a- some b- a c- an d- a few
- 49- Please, haveseat!
a- an b- a c- some d- a little
- 50- Today issecond day of my trek.
a- the b- a c-an d-these
- 51- Nepal isfascinating country.
a- some b- a few c-any d-a
- 52- He is trying to teach Liamwords in Nepali.
a-any b- a little c- a d- some
- 53-The accident has not causedpermanent damage.
a- an b- some c-any d-many
- 54- She has to payfine for speeding.
a- a few b- a c- some d-many
- 55- unknown person pulled him to be safe.
a- The b-some c- Any d- An
- 56- He got on bus.bus skidded on the road.
a-An b-A c-The d-Those
- 57- Selak swam to the shore with onlycuts and bruises.
a- a little b- a few c- much d- a lot
- 58-team needs a miracle to win the match.
a-These b- Those c- This d-A lot of
- 59- Suzan is orphan.
a- any b- an c- a d- these
- 60- She studies.....
a- a lot of b- a lot c- any d- many
- 61-A person who has of friends is lucky.
a- a lot b- a lot of c- many d- a little
- 62- He metold friend.
a- an b- some c-many d-a
- 63- He stopped to watch forhour again.
a- an b- a few c-any d-many
- 64- He didn't gettreasures because he wasted time.
a- some b- any c- a little d- much

النوطة الشاملة في اللغة الانكليزية

الصف التاسع

EMAR

تشمل :

- ★ القواعد كاملة مع شرح مبسط لكل قاعدة
- ★ جميع التمارين من الكتابين حسب النموذج الحديث
- ★ تمارين اضافية من الدروس
- ★ تمارين عن الاشتقاقات والصوتيات وأحرف الجر
- ★ تكوين سؤال
- ★ اختيار الكلمة الخاطئة
- ★ المواضيع الكاملة في الكتابين مع مواضيع موازية

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Unit 5

The Past Simple Tense	The Past Progressive Tense
Subject + Verb 2 (ed) + Complement لتحويل الأفعال النظامية الى الماضي فقط نضيف ed أما الأفعال الشاذة لها تصريف خاص بها في الماضي	Subject + was / were + Verb + ing
* فعل حدث وانتهى بالماضي	* نستخدمه لـفعل حدث في وقت محدد بالماضي
* أفعال متتالية بالماضي	* فعلين حدثا في الماضي بنفس الوقت لم يؤثروا على بعض
* مع الماضي المستمر	* فعلين حدثا بالماضي الفعل الذي حدث اولا نضعه ماضي مستمر والفعل الذي حصل ثانيا نضعه ماضي بسيط
الكلمات التي تأتي مع الماضي البسيط : yesterday, last month, last year, two weeks ago, in 1999'	الكلمات التي تأتي مع الماضي المستمر : When غالباً (ليس دائما) يأتي بعدها ماضي بسيط while - As : يأتي بعدهم ماضي مستمر

Choose the correct answer a , b , c or d :

- 1- Hefootball at 10 am yesterday.
a-plays b-is playing c-playing d- was playing
- 2- Annea letter while Steve was reading the newspaper.
a-wrote b-writes c-is writing d- was writing
- 3- When Ibreakfast, the phone suddenly rang.
a-has b- was having c-have d-is having
- 4- I was walking down the street when itto rain.
a-begin b-begins c-begans d- began
- 5- Ia new car two months ago.
a-buy b-was buying c- bought d-buying
- 6- We were walking down the street when the accident.....
a- happen b- happened c-was happening d-were happening
- 7- When Mrs. Brown arrived the girls.....
a-was studying b- were study. c- were studying. d-study.
- 8- When Donny entered the room, everyone
- a-talk. b-talking. c-were talking. d-was talking.
- 9- I in the sales department when I first Sofie.
a-works, meet b-working, met c-were working, met d-was working, met
- 10- Sue bought a book, home and started to read it.
a-go b-was going c-went d-goes
- 11- Hean e-mail when the phone rang.
a-was writing b- writes c-were writing d-write

12-I dinner while Melanie was working upstairs.

- a-prepare b-was preparing c - were preparing d-prepared

13- I wasn't sleeping when you home last night.

- a-came b- come c-coming d-were coming

14- When Mrs. Brown....., the girls were studying.

- a-arrived b- arrives c-has arrived d-is arriving

15-I lost my keys while I to school.

- a-was walking b- walked c-walk d-will walk

16- Tomthe gift when I walked in the room.

- a-has wrapped b-is wrapping c- was wrapping d-is going to wrap

17-What the manager at 7:00 pm yesterday?

- a-did , do b-was, do c-have, done d- was doing

18-Tina and Shelly were walking to the hotel when it to rain.

- a- started b-starts c-is starting d-has started

19- When Donny entered the room, everyone.....

- a- will talk b-has talked c-talks d- were talking

20- I was working in the sales department when I first Sofie.

- a-meet b-met c-meeted d-have met

21- My brother the computer while I was packing for my trip.

- a-was using b-uses c-has used d-is using

22- This morning, while I breakfast, someone knocked at the door.

- a-haved b- was having c-am having d- having

23-I to spend my holiday in Wales last year.

- a-was deciding b-deciding c-decided d-decide

24- I visited the villages on the way and to people.

- a-talking b-was talking c-talk d-talked

25-While I was cycling, my friends on the beach.

- a-sitting b- were siting c-are sitting d-were sitting

26- when I to someone in the street, my mobile rang.

- a-am talking b-have talked c-was talking d-will talk

27- My friends were calling to tell me that they at the bus stop.

- a-waited b-were waited c-were waiting d-wait

28-When I opened my eyes, I a strange sight.

- a-saw b-was seeing c-have seen d-see

29-Joe.....in London in 2000.

- a-live b-lives c-lived d-has lived

30- Tala didn't miss the way. She the way to the doctors'.

- a-know b-was knowing c-knew d-has known

31- While we were watching TV, the lights..... out.

- a-go b-goes c-have gone d-went

32-Jane was sitting in the chair while her mother

- a-has cooked b-is cooking c-cooks d-was cooking

33-Theyback yesterday at 12 o'clock mid night.

- a-come b-came c-are coming d-have come

34-The phonewhen they were having lunch.

- a-rings b-will ring c-rang d-was ranging

35-Hein a small office when he lived in Aleppo.

- a-works b-were working c-was working d-is working

36- Hehim and asked him if he were happy.

- a- approached b- was approaching c- approaches d- approach

37- In 2003, Selakthe lottery in Croatia.

- a-wins b-win c- won d-is winning

38- While he on the shore he heard a fisherman singing.

- a-was being b-was c-were d-is

39- The fisherman laughed and told the king willingly he

- a-will b-can c-would d-should

40- The kingthat wealth wouldn't bring happiness.

- a-realizes b- realized c-is realizing d-realize

41- we lunch and the food was wonderful.

- a-have b-have had c-had d-are having

42- As shethe letter, his mother's eyes were tearful.

- a-were reading b-was read c-reads d-read

43- Thomas Edison's teacher wrote that Edisonmentally ill.

- a-was being b-was c-is d- has

- 44- He up and set up a laboratory at home.
a-grow b-grows c-grew d-growed
- 45- In 1912, the "Titanic"an iceberg on its first trip.
a-was hitting b-hits c-hit d-hited
- 46- His dream was that heto fly.
a-wants b-wanted c-was wanting d-want
- 47- While the geese were flying, the selfish turtlehelp keeping silent.
a-can b-will c-can't d-couldn't
- 48- The moment hehis mouth he would fall down.
a-opened b-opens c-open d-opening
- 49- Mariama teacher who wanted to motivate her students.
a-was being b-were c-was d-has been
- 50- shethem that she will give a simple and symbolic gift.
a-tells b-telled c-told d-has told
- 51- She nominated for the best actor award.
a-was b-were c-is d-have
- 52- The doctormonths treating her until she was finally cured.
a-spend b-spends c-has spent d-spent
- 53- While we were preparing her room, sheus through the window.
a-was seeing b-saw c-sees d-see
- 54- The woodcutterand looked here and there.
a-stoped b-stops c-stop d- stopped
- 55- He accepted the fairy's offer andto his house.
a-runs b-run c-ran d-rans
- 56- As soon as hethese words, a plate of hot pudding came before him.
a-utter b-utters c-uttering d- uttered
- 57- Shea problem in the bank, so she asked to meet the manager.
a-have b-has c-had d-having
- 58- I didn't see your bike, so Iyou had gone out.
a- assumed b- assumes c- assume d- assuming
- 59- Saminto a cake shop, after he'd finished his work.
a-walks b-walked c-walk d-will walk

60- Sam did what we alldo in life.

- a-may b-can c-might d-are

61- Springmuhl her first big showcase in 2015.

- a-has b-is c-had d-have

62- In 2009, hethe Silver Shell Award.

- a-wins b-won c-win d-has won

63- Sarah hurt her ankle while she

- a- run b-runed c- was running d-runs

64- Leilalunch when her friends came.

- a-had b- was having c-has d-has had

65- This time last year, sheat university.

- a-is studying b-studied c-was studying d-studies

66-Iyour call because I was working.

- a-missed b-will miss c-am going to miss d-miss

67-When we saw the accident, we the police.

- a- are calling b-called c-was calling d-have called

68- Two men wanted to go swimming. Theydown to a lake.

- a-drive b-was driving c-drove d-has driven

69- Frane Selakborn in Croatia in 1929.

- a-is b-was c-had d-has

70- Selak's near-death experiencesin January 1962.

- a-begin b-begins c-begans d-began

71- The trainits railway tracks and ended up in a river.

- a-leaves b-leaved c-left d-had

72- In 1966, he got on bus. The bus skidded on the road andinto a river.

- a-fall b-fell c-fells d-falls

73- The final famous disaster was in 1996 when a truckbarreling towards his car.

- a-come b-comes c-came d-was coming

74- A poor familyhappily until the son felt severely ill.

- a-lives b-is living c-was living d-live

75- Last Monday Susanto work by train.

- a-go b-went c-goed d-is going

76- Last Monday a terrible day for Susan.

a-was being b-is c-was d-were

77- I told you about the woman whoher bag.

a-lose b-lost c-losed d-loses

78- My sister a mask which made her look like Mickey Mouse.

a-wear b-wore c-wears d-has worn

79- He at the traffic light which was red.

a-doesn't wait b-don't wait c- didn't wait d-hasn't waited

80- Hesome bags and went to the palace.

a-pick b-picks c- picking d- picked

81- Hehot so he sat under a tree to rest and drink some water.

a-feel b-feeled c- felt d-feels

82- When he wanted to move on, he a man showing some magic tricks.

a-was being b-was c-had d-is

83- He met an old friend andwith him.

a- chatted b- chated c- chat d-chats

84- Hani watched a man whosome magical tricks.

a-is showing b- was showing c-show d-shows

85- He any treasures because he wasted time.

a- didn't got b- didn't get c-got d-get

86- In 1901, Nicola Teslathe astonishing claim.

a- made b-make c-maked d-is making

89- Newtonlaws of motion.

a- discover b- discovers c- discovered d-is discovering

90- Someonea package to our apartment yesterday.

a- deliver b- delivered c-was delivered d-delivering

91- Jouri her friend a present when she retired.

a- was given b- gave c-gives d-is given

92- The government a final solution to the problem.

a- was reached b-reached c- is reached d-reaching

93- Theya new school last year.

a-build b-have built c-will build d- built

94-while I out, something hit me on the back of the head.

- a-am going b-was going c-go d-have gone

95-The childrenthe bell a few minutes ago.

- a-sing b-sings c- rang d-had ringing

96- The wild animalstwo men yesterday.

- a- killed b-kill c-killing d-have killed

Unit 6

1- نستخدم الأمر (imperative) : نخبر الشخص بعمل شيء ما (tell someone to do something)

2- إعطاء تعليمات (give instructions)

3- أوامر (orders)

4- تحذيرات (warnings)

5- طلبات (requests)

يوجد نوعان من الأمر :

Positive Imperatives إيجابى	Negative Imperatives منفي
نستخدم الفعل المصدر	نستخدم النفي (Don't) بعدها الفعل بالمصدر
- <i>Raise your hand!</i> ارفع يدك	- <i>Don't come here!</i> لا تأتي
- <i>Speak English!</i> تكلم الانكليزية	- <i>Don't speak Arabic in class!</i> لا تتكلم العربية بالصف

Choose the correct answer a , b , c or d :

1-Be This is a library. People are studying.

- a- Don't b-quiet c-wake d-smoke

2- When you get to the corner, right.

- a- turn b-Please c-Don't d- wake

3- wear a helmet when you ride your bike.

- a-Do b-Please c-Don't d- wake

- 4- warmly so you don't get cold outside. It's snowing!
a- Dress b- Dressing c-Don't d-Be
- 5- after you eat a big meal. It's not a good idea.
a- Don't exercise b- Exercise c-Doesn't exercise d-Doesn't eat
- 6- careful! You almost spilled your coffee.
a- You be b- Be c-To be d-being
- 7-.....your name.
a-writing b-To write c-Wrote d-Write
- 8-.....a deep breath.
a-Taken b-Took c-Take d-To take
- 9-.....some tea.
a-Has b-Have c-Had d-To have
- 10-.....quite, please.
a-To be b-Are c-Is d-Be
- 11-.....in the class.
a-Eat b-Doesn't eat c-Don't eat d-Ate
- 12-.....! Could you take me to the station, please?
a-Stopped b-Stoped c-Stop d-To stop
- 13- Get in andyour seatbelt!
a-fast b-fasten c-fasting d-fasted
- 14-too fast, please!
a-Doesn't drive b- Don't drive c-Drive d-Driving
- 15- The bus leaves on time every day. late.
a-Doesn't be b- Be c-Don't be d-Being
- 16- Don't in your room.
a-smoked b-smoking c-be smoke d-smoke
- 17- Mum is taking a nap. Please don't her up.
a-woke b-wakes c-wake d-wokes
- 18- in the corridors.
a-Don't run b-Run not c-Run d-Doesn't run
- 19-careful not to spoil this art.
a-Being b-Be c-Are d-Was
- 20-care of yourselves.
a-Took b-Taken c-Take d-Taking

- 21- Don'tyour time.
a-wasted b-wasting c-be d-waste
- 22-what you have to do.
a-Dividing b-To divide c- Divide d- Divided
- 23-your materials.
a- Organize b- Organizing c- Organized d-To Organize
- 24-interruption.
a-Don't b- Ignore c-To ignore d- Ignoring
- 25-out for time stealers.
a-Be b-Take c- Watch d-Divide
- 26-how much time you spend on the Internet.
a-Increase b- Control c-Don't Control d-Be
- 27- Please do notthis tree.
a-cuts b-cuting c-cutting d-cut
- 28-destroy my home.
a-Didn't b-Doesn't c-Aren't d- Do not
- 29-your parents what's going on in your life
a-Don't tell b- Tell c- Ignore d-Take
- 30-afraid to ask for their advice.
a-Be b-To be c-Being d- Don't be
- 31-kind to your siblings.
a-Doesn't be b- Be c-Don't be d-Being
- 32-as well in school as you can.
a-Did b-Does c-Do d-To do
- 33- Always your documents as soon as you finish writing them.
a- don't save b-be c-save d-saving
- 34- me when I am speaking.
a- Please, don't interrupt b- Please, interrupt c- interrupt d- interrupting
- 35- Please sit down andyour books.
a-opened b-opening c-open d- To open
- 36-play a game!
a-Let b-Let's c-Letting d-Be
- 37- So the dishes now.
a-does b-do c-did d-don't

38-make the same mistake twice.

- a-Do b-Does c-Be d- Don't

39-out! You are driving very fast.

- a- Watch b- Watching c- Watched d-To Watch

40-me a miracle, please

- a-Gave b- Give c-Take d-Watch

41-me, sweetie, why do you need a miracle?

- a-Told b-Take c-Give d-Tell

42-.....respectful to others.

- a-To be b-Being c-Be d-Take

43- Go andthe gold coins and gems now.

- a-got b-get c-give d-watch

Unit 7

The Past Perfect Tense الماضي التام

Had + Past Participle (v3)

فعلين او نشاطين حصلوا في الماضي الفعل الذي حصل **أولا** نضعه بالماضي التام و الفعل الذي حصل **ثانيا** نضعه بالماضي بسيط.

* When I **arrived** home, my son **had** already **made** an enormous carrot cake.

في هذه الجملة حصل فعلين: الفعل الأول ابني عمل كاتو الجزر الهائل وبعد ذلك انا وصلت للمنزل

* Karen **had** already **left** **by the time** Sally **got** there.

كارين غادرت (الفعل الذي حدث أولا) بالوقت الذي سالي وصلت هناك (الحدث الثاني)

* **After** the guests **had left**, I **went** to bed.

بعد مغادرة الضيوف (الحدث الأول) انا ذهبت للنوم (الحدث الثاني)

Choose the correct answer a , b , c or d :

1- **When** I arrived home, my sonan enormous carrot cake.

- a-makes b-has already made c- had already made d-is making

2- Karen had already left **by the time** Sally there.

- a-got b-get c-gets d-were getting

3- **After** the guests....., I went to bed.

- a-leave b-are leaving c- had left d-has left

4- Iat the station **before** the train left.

- a- had arrived b-have arrived c-arrive d-arriving

5- Ithe matter with my teacher **before** I told my father.

- a-discuss b-had discussed c-have discussed d-has dicussed

6-The lessonwhen we arrived.

- a-have already begun b-had already begun c-has already begun d-is beginning

7-Isnow **until** I went to Canada.

- a- had never seen b-have never seen c-have seen d-never seen

8- **By the time** mom....., I had prepared dinner.

- a- has come b-is coming c- came d-comes

9- I a little better **after** I the medicine

- a-feel, taken b-felt, taken c-felt, have taken d-felt, had taken

10- The teacher a test **when** she to class last Monday.

- a-has already given, got b-have already given, got
c-had already given, get d-had already given, got

11-Maram a newspaper reporter **before** she an ambassador.

- a-has been, become b-had be, became c-had been, become d-had been, became

12-It was raining heavily, but **by the time** class was over, the rain

- a-had stoped b-has stoped c-had stopped d-has stopped

13-Dinosaurs extinct **by the time** humankind first appeared

- a-have become b-has become c-had become d-become

14-They any of his paintings **before** they visited the Art Museum yesterday.

- a-had never see b-has never seen c-have never seen d-had never seen

15-She was late. The teacher**already**..... a test when she got to class last Monday.

- a-has given b-have given c-is giving d-had given

16-The Titanic was the largest ship that **ever**..... on the sea.

- a-has travelled b-have travelled c-had travelled d-is travelling

17- They in the icy water **for** hours when they were saved.

- a-have been b-has been c-is being d-had been

- 18- Nobody that the Titanic could sink.
a- had believed b-has believed c-will believe d-is believing
- 19- The steamship company had thought that its shipbe completely safe.
a- would b-will c-is d-had
- 20- The passengers **had not yet received** their lifeboats numbers, northey practiced lifeboat drill before the accident.
a-has b-had c-have d-was
- 21- The ship had **already** received 6 ice warnings on its radio when itthe iceberg.
a-strike b-striked c- struck d-had
- 22- The teacher **returned** home crying and **told** her husband what.....
a-has happened b-have happened c-was happen d- had happened
- 23- I **found** that all the studentsthe same name [Nada].
a- had writen b-have written c- had written d- was written
- 24- They could never get back the time they.....
a-had spend b-had spent c-has spent d-has spend
- 25- **After** she had heard the doctor's words the little daughterto the nearest pharmacy.
a-rushes b-has rushed c-rushed d-rushing
- 26- **By the time** Susan arrived at work, the meeting had already
a- started b- finishes c-delay d-began
- 27- she **realized** that she her purse at home.
a- had forgotten b-has forgotten c-have forgotten d-had forgotten
- 28- she **didn't** complete the report her bossfor.
a-asks b-has asked c- had asked d-is asking
- 29- **By the time she**at the wedding party, the party had **already** finished.
a- arrived b- arrive c- arrives d-has arrived
- 30- Hani lost a golden chance because hethe value of time.
a- had learnt b-has learnt c- had not learnt d-is not learning
- 31- I went into the house, Everything and it was terribly hot.
a-had burn b-has burn c-had burnt d-have burnt
- 32- I that I had risked my life for a cat.
a-realise b-realised c-realises d-has realised

Unit 8

التمني : Wish

- * كلمة wish تأتي بالمضارع البسيط فقط (wishes , wish)
- * بعد كلمة التمني تكون الجملة بالماضي بشكل عام (ماضي بسيط ، ماضي مستمر أو ماضي تام)
- * نستخدم wish + simple past للحديث عن أمنيات بالحاضر أو المستقبل
- * نستخدم wish + past perfect للحديث عن أمنيات بالماضي
- * نستخدم were مع جميع الضمائر (بالإضافة الى تغيير الجملة المعطاة من مثبتة إلى منفية وبالعكس)

Choose the correct answer a , b , c or d :

- 1- I wish I languages.
a- had learnt b- have learnt c- has learnt d- am learning
- 2- I wish I too much time watching TV.
a- had wasted b- haven't wasted c- hasn't wasted d- hadn't wasted
- 3- I wish I enough time for sport.
a- have had b- had have c- had had d- hasn't had
- 4- I wish I Australia.
a- visiting b- visit c- visits d- visited
- 5- I wish I Australia when I was younger.
a- had visit b- had visited c- was d- were
- 6- I wish I from university.
a- have graduated b- haven't graduated c- graduate d- had graduated
- 7- I wish I a boring desk job.
a- had had b- hadn't had c- haven't had d- have had
- 8- I wish our classroom crowded.
a- is b- has c- aren't d- weren't
- 9- I wish I the way home.
a- know b- have known c- knew d- known
- 10- I wish Rita.....
a- has come b- comes c- come d- had come
- 11- I wish I to my father.
a- had listen b- have listened c- had listened d- has listened
- 12- I wish it snowing.
a- will stop b- would stop c- stop d- am going
- 13- He wishes he so old.
a- isn't b- can c- weren't d- is

- 14- She wishes she the train.
a-had taken b-has taken c-have taken d-takes
- 15- I wish the prices so expensive.
a- weren't b-wasn't c-haven't d- aren't
- 16- I wake up so late every morning. I wish Iup earlier.
a-wake b-have woken c-woke d-didn't wake
- 17- She did not study hard in school. She wishes shehard.
a-hadn't study b-had have c- studied d-had studied
- 18- Noel wishes he the Sorbonne when he was in Paris.
a-had visited b-visits c-visit d-were
- 19- I am not tall enough. I wish I tall enough.
a-am b-have c-weren't d-were
- 20-They wish they so much money on their shopping trip.
a-spend b-have spent c-hadn't spend d-hadn't spent
- 21- I wish they old to play football.
a-were too b-weren't so c-aren't d-are
- 22- They are too old to play football. I wish they
a-were old b-were younger c-are old d-are younger
- 23- We weren't kind to her before she got sick. We wish we kind to her.
a-weren't b-were c-have been d-had been
- 24- I don't have a car. I wish I a car.
a-have b-has c-had d-had had
- 25- I can't play the piano. I wish I play the piano.
a-can b-could c-couldn't d-can't
- 26- I'm at work. I wish Iat work.
a-were b-was c-weren't d-am not
- 27- It's winter. I wish it winter.
a-is b-isn't c-was d-weren't
- 28- I'm ill. I wish I ill.
a-was b-were c-weren't d-am
- 29- I don't have new shoes. I wish I new shoes.
a-did have b-were c-had d-was
- 30- I can't afford to go on holiday. I wish I to go on holiday.
a-could afford b-couldn't c-can't d-can afford
- 31- I don't have time to read lots of books. I wish I time to read lots of books.
a-was b-were c-hadn't d-had