

**تم تحميل الملف بواسطة : بوت مكتبتى التعليمية**



**انقر هنا للوصول إلى بوت مكتبتى التعليمية**



📁 **بوت مكتبتى التعليمية** : عبارة عن مكتبة إلكترونية تعليمية شاملة لغالبية ملفات المراحل الدراسية على تطبيق **تيليجرام** – يمكن الوصول لها عن طريق الرابط :

**[https://t.me/Science\\_2022bot](https://t.me/Science_2022bot)**

السعر: 20.000 ليرة سورية

# قواعد اللغة الانكليزية بالطريقة اليونانية

لطلاب الثالث الثانوي بالفرعين

- كامل قواعد المنهاج بطريقة مبسطة ✓
- إرفاق أسئلة دورات القاعدة مع الحل ✓
- أسئلة مؤتمتة لفقرات المنهاج ✓

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وهدية لكل طلابنا في المحافظات.. شرح مجاني للنوطة عبر تطبيق وتنساب

تطلب النسخة الأصلية حصرياً من مكتبة السلام : حلب-نزلة أدونيس 0960918279



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ وَأَفْضَلُ الصَّلَاةِ وَأَتَمُّ التَّسْلِيمِ عَلَى  
سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ سَيِّدِ الْأَوْلِيَيْنِ وَالْآخِرِينَ وَعَلَى آلِهِ وَأَصْحَابِهِ أَجْمَعِينَ...

أحبابي وطلابي، كتبت لكم حروف هذه النوطة بعناية فائقة، عسى الله أن  
ينفعكم بها لتكون عوناً لكم خلال دراستكم لمادة اللغة الانكليزية..

شرحت لكم القواعد بكلام بسيط ومفهوم للجميع ووضعت لكم ثلاثة أسئلة  
محلولة بعد كل قاعدة ومن ثم عدة أسئلة وردت في الدورات السابقة فيها أفكاراً  
هامّة، وبعد ذلك كتبت لكم أيضاً أسئلة مؤتمتة إضافية للتدريب..

كما شرحت لكم قسماً تشكيلاً السؤال والبحث عن خطأ بالتفصيل لمعرفة الإجابة  
عنهم كونهم أفكاراً ثابتة بالورقة الامتحانية.

وبنهاية النوطة، تم وضع بنك أسئلة-أغلبه دورات- يشمل كل فقرات المنهاج من  
صوتيات ومصطلحات وحروف جر واشتقاقات..

أخيراً، دققت هذه النوطة كثيراً، لكنني بشر بنهاية الأمر ، فاعذروني إن رأيتم  
خطأ سهوت عنه، وتابعوا قناتي لتعرفوا التعديلات بحاول وجودها..

**تنويه هام:** لا أسامح من يجعل هذه النوطة تجارةً ينتفع منها مادياً باستثناء  
المكتبات المعتمدة التي أوردت أسماءها بالصفحة الأولى من النوطة.

# المحتويات

2	أزمة الحاضر	(1)
8	أزمة الماضي	(2)
13	المبني للمجهول	(3)
16	الأفعال السببية	(4)
18	الجمل الوصلية	(5)
20	المستقبل	(6)
23	أسلوب الشرط	(7)
25	التمني	(8)
27	الربط	(9)
29	الالتزام	(10)
31	الكلام المنقول	(11)
33	القلب	(12)
35	تشكيل السؤال	(13)
38	البحث عن الخطأ	(14)
41	الصوتيات	(15)
42	حروف الجر	(16)
43	المصطلحات والأفعال التركيبية	(17)
44	الإنكليزية اليومية	(18)
46	الاشتقاقات	(19)
48	خاص بالعلمي	(20)
49	خاص بالأدبي	(21)

## القواعد

أولاً: الأزمنة:

## ■ أزمنة الحاضر:

## ● الحاضر البسيط:

◀ استخدامه: حقيقة – روتين – قانون

◀ شكله: [S + V1] [أي فاعل وفعل].

التصريف الأول: نضيف s للفعل إذا كان الفاعل He, She It أو اسم مفرد غائب.

**ملاحظة:** نضيف es للفعل إذا انتهى الفعل بـ ss, x, o, ch, shEx: She likes, Sami plays, We go

## ◀ الكلمات المفتاحية:

عندما نجد أحد هذه الكلمات نختار الفعل بالتصريف الأول:

Always	Often	Every	Sometimes	Usually	Rarely
دائماً	غالباً	كل	أحياناً	عادة	نادراً

We use the Present Simple:

نستخدم المضارع البسيط :

## 1) To talk about regular habits or repeated actions

(1) التحدث عن العادات المنتظمة أو التصرفات المتكررة:

e.g. I use the Internet every day .

أستخدم الإنترنت كل يوم.

## 2) To talk about facts / truths :

(2) للحديث عن الحقائق:

e.g. If you heat water to 100 °C, it boils .

إذا قمت بتسخين الماء إلى 100 درجة مئوية، فإنه يغلي.

## 3) To give instructions or directions:

(3) لإعطاء تعليمات أو توجيهات:

e.g. To start the programme, first click on the desktop.

لبدء البرنامج، انقر أولاً على سطح المكتب.

## 4) To tell stories and talk about films, books and plays:

(4) لسرد القصص والحديث عن الأفلام والكتب والمسرحيات:

e.g. In the film, the hero saves the villagers ..

في الفيلم، البطل ينفذ القرويين..

## ● الحاضر المستمر:

◀ استخدامه: فعل حدث في وقت معين في الحاضر

◀ شكله: S + is + V(ing)  
am  
aream: I  
is: He, She, It  
are: You, We, They**ملاحظة:** إذا انتهى الفعل بـ (ساكن صوتي ساكن) نضاعف الساكن الأخير ونضيف ing: swim » swimming

الكلمات المفتاحية: نختار الفعل بالشكل السابق إذا وجدنا في الجملة أحد الكلمات الآتية:

Now	This + من.	At + زمن	Today	Tomorrow	Listen!	Look!
الآن	هذا	في تمام	اليوم	غداً	استمع	انظر

**We use the present continuous:**

نستخدم المضارع المستمر

1) To talk about temporary situations

(1) للحديث عن الحالات المؤقتة

e.g. He's studying really hard for his exams.

إنه يدرس بجد من أجل امتحاناته

2) To talk about actions happening at the moment:

(2) للحديث عن الأحداث التي تحدث في الوقت الراهن

e.g. I'm waiting for my friends.

أنا في انتظار أصدقائي

«ورد سؤال مشابه عن الحالة هذه في دورة 2024 تجدونه في الأسئلة المؤتمتة.»

3) To talk about trends or changing situations:

(3) التحدث عن الاتجاهات أو المواقف المتغيرة

e.g. The price of petrol is rising dramatically.

سعر البنزين يرتفع بشكل كبير.

4) To talk about things that happen more often than expected, often to show envy or to criticise with words like always, constantly, continually, forever:

(4) للحديث عن الأشياء التي تحدث في كثير من الأحيان، لإظهار الحسد أو الانتقاد، مع كلمات مثل دائماً، باستمرار، باستمرار، إلى الأبد:

e.g. My roommate's always throwing his cloths on the floor.

زميلي في الغرفة يرمي ملابسه دائماً على الأرض

**ملاحظة:** يوجد ملاحظة الاستمرار خاصة للبحث عن خطأ، لذا تجدها في ذلك القسم.

الإفعال الساكنة:

The Present Continuous is not normally used with state verbs because the meaning of the verb itself is a general truth rather than something temporary.

لا يستخدم المضارع المستمر عادة مع أفعال الحالة لأن معنى الفعل في حد ذاته حقيقة عامة وليس شيئاً مؤقتاً.

These verbs describe thoughts, feelings, senses, possessions and description .

تصف هذه الأفعال الأفكار والمشاعر والحواس والممتلكات والوصف.

**Thought:**

الفكر:

believe	think	agree	disagree	remember	forget	suppose	understand	know
يعتقد	يفكر	يوافق	يختلف	يتذكر	ينسى	يفترض	يفهم	يعرف

e.g. I assume he's too busy to help me.

أفترض أنه مشغول جداً بحيث لا يمكنه مساعدتي.

المشاعر:

feelings:

like	love	hate	mind	prefer	want	enjoy	feel
مثل	يحب	يكره	يعقل	يفضل	يريد	يستمتع	يشعر

e.g. I prefer coffee to tea .

أفضل القهوة على الشاي.

الحواس:

senses:

feel	hear	see	smell	taste
يشعر	يسمع	يرى	يشم	يتذوق

e.g. The pizza smells delicious.

رائحة البيتزا لذيذة

ممتلكات:

possessions:

have	own	belong
يملك	يملك	ينتمي

e.g. My uncle owns a villa in Damascus countryside.

عمي يملك فيلا في ريف دمشق

الوصف:

description:

appear	look	look like	resemble	seem	sound
كلهم بمعنى يبدو..					

e.g. He really looks like his father.

انه حقا يشبه والده.

القاعدة في الأفعال السابقة: إذا شفنا واحد من الأفعال المذكورة بالزمن المستمر منرجعو للبسيط، وإذا شفناه بالحاضر التام المستمر بيرجع للحاضر التام، يعني ما بصير يكون بنهايته. ing.

Note :

باستثناء هالملاحظة:

Some state verbs can be used in the continuous form when the meaning is temporary.

يمكن استخدام بعض أفعال الحالة في الصيغة المستمرة عندما يكون المعنى مؤقتاً.

e.g. What are you thinking about? (now)

بم تفكر؟ (الآن)

I think you should tell the truth. (my opinion, not a temporary action)

أعتقد أنك يجب أن تقول الحقيقة. (رأيي وليس إجراء مؤقت)

• الحاضر التام:

← استخدامه: فعل حدث في وقت غير محدد بالماضي

← شكله: S + have + V<sub>3</sub>  
has

نختار الفعل بالشكل السابق إذا وجدنا في الجملة أحد الكلمات:

Just	Already	So far	recently	before	Ever	Through history	Yet
للتو	مسبقاً	من الآن	مؤخراً	من قبل	في حياتك	عبر التاريخ	بعد

### We use the Present Perfect Simple

نستخدم الحاضر التام

1) When we want to show a link between the present and the past.

(1) عندما نريد أن نظهر صلة بين الحاضر والماضي.

2) To talk about something that happened in the past, but we do not say exactly when it happened

(2) للحديث عن شيء حدث في الماضي، ولكننا لا نقول متى حدث بالضبط

3) To talk about something that happened in the past with a definite result in the present:

(3) للحديث عن شيء حدث في الماضي مع نتيجة محددة في الوقت الحاضر:

e.g. I've seen this film before. I don't want to see it again now.

لقد رأيت هذا الفيلم من قبل. لا أريد رؤيته مرة أخرى الآن.

4) To talk about a present situation which started in the past, usually with for/ since:

(4) للحديث عن الوضع الحالي الذي بدأ في الماضي، عادة مع: لمدة / منذ:

e.g. He's worked for the same company for two years. (He's worked there till now)

لقد عمل في نفس الشركة لمدة عامين. (وهو يعمل هناك حتى الآن)

• الحاضر التام المستمر:

← استخدامه: فعل مستمر حدث في الماضي بوقت غير محدد

← شكله: S + have / has been + V (ing)

نختار الفعل بالشكل السابق إذا وجدنا جملة فيها فعل واحد مع أحد الدلالات التالية:

For	لمدة	Since	منذ	All + زمن	طيلة
-----	------	-------	-----	-----------	------

### We use the Present Perfect Simple Continuous

نستخدم الحاضر التام المستمر:

1) For an action over a period of time leading up to the present.

(1) لإجراء ما على مدى فترة من الزمن امتدت إلى الوقت الحاضر.

e.g. I've been waiting here for thirty minutes. (I'm still waiting.)

لقد كنت أنتظر هنا لمدة ثلاثين دقيقة. (مازلت أنتظر.)

2) To talk about repeated actions up to now.

(2) للحديث عن الإجراءات المتكررة حتى الآن.

e.g. Carol has been playing the guitar since she was six.

كانت كارول تعزف على الجيتار منذ أن كانت في السادسة من عمرها.

3) To talk about an action which ends just before the present.

(3) للحديث عن الإجراء الذي ينتهي قبل الحاضر:

e.g. He's been swimming. That's why his hair is wet.

لقد كان يسبح. ولهذا السبب شعره مبلل.

## أمثلة أزمة الحاضر:

- 1) I ..... everyday have here.  
 a. **write**                      b. writes                      c. wrote                      d. written
- 2) Sara ..... her mother at the moment.  
 a. help                      b. helps                      c. **is helping**                      d. helped
- 3) Fuad ..... to Russia recently.  
 a. **has travelled**                      b. travels                      c. travelles                      d. is travelling

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

- 1) Don't support someone who always .....  
 a. failing                      b. has failed                      c. fails                      d. had failed
- 2) Ali..... his house since last year  
 a. Has been decorating   b. is decorating                      c. decorated                      d. was decorating
- 3) We ..... in this queue for three hours now.  
 a. have been standing   b. stood                      c. stand                      d. had stood
- 4) The sun always ..... in the east.  
 a. has raised                      b. had risen                      c. would rise                      d. rises
- 5) Don't disturb me! I ..... my homework.  
 a. do                      b. was doing                      c. am doing                      d. have done
- 6) I ..... here all afternoon, I feel tired now.  
 a. am working                      b. have been working                      c. would work                      d. will work
- 7) Don't raise your voice! The kids.....  
 a. are sleeping                      b. have been sleeping                      c. were sleeping                      d. had been sleeping
- 8) In "The sun rises in the east.", the simple present is used to talk about a.....  
 a. routine                      b. state                      c. thought                      d. fact
- 9) Listen! Someone.....the door.  
 a. will knock at                      b. is knocking at                      c. has been knocking                      d. knocks
- 10) Jane is sweating because she.....the floors.  
 a. swept                      b. will sweep                      c. was sweeping                      d. has been sweeping

1	C	2	A	3	A	4	D	5	C	6	B	7	A	8	D	9	B	10	D
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	---

Choose the correct answer:

1. Well, we ..... about where we are going to live for weeks.

- a. would talk      b. talked      c. have been talking      d. had talked

2. How Long ..... your tab?

- a. did you have      b. have you had      c. have you been having      d. had you had

3. .... a competition?

- a. Did you ever win      b. Do you ever win      c. Are you ever win      d. Have you ever won

4. At the moment, I ..... breakfast in the kitchen.

- a. eat      b. ate      c. am eating      d. have eaten

5. We ..... at seven o'clock every day.

- a. are getting up      b. get up      c. had got up      d. got up

6. I ..... him for years.

- a. haven't seen      b. didn't see      c. am not see      d. hasn't seen

7. .... to England before, Hasan?

- a. Did you go      b. Have you been      c. Do you go      d. Are you going

8. This week, I ..... very hard for my final exam.

- a. am working      b. had worked      c. works      d. work

9. I ..... your exams start tomorrow.

- a. am knowing      b. knew      c. knows      d. know

10. We ..... friends for more than ten years.

- a. be      b. have been      c. were      d. was

11. We ..... it's great here.

- a. thought      b. are thinking      c. thinks      d. think

12. Sometimes, she watch Arabian films on You Tube, but she ..... the words.

- a. doesn't understand      b. don't understand      c. don't understanding      d. isn't understanding

13. I ..... the flat at night, and walk to the university.

- a. leaves      b. have been left      c. am leaving      d. leave

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
c	b	d	c	b	a	b	a	d	b	d	a	d

## ■ أزمنة الماضي:

## ● الماضي البسيط:

← استخدامه: فعل حدث في وقت معين في الماضي.

← شكله  $S + V_2$

يعني فعل بالتصريف الثاني (إذا نظامي نضيف ed وإذا شاذ العمود الثاني)

نختار الفعل بالشكل السابق إذا شفت:

In + زمن بالماضي Yesterday	في البارحة	زمن + Last Ago	الماضي مضت
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## We use the Past Simple:

## نستخدم الماضي البسيط:

## 1) To talk about completed actions in the past. Often the time is mentioned.

(1) للحديث عن الإجراءات المكتملة في الماضي. في كثير من الأحيان يتم ذكر الوقت .

e.g. Anna passed her exam last year.

لقد اجتازت أنا امتحانها العام الماضي.

## 2) To give a series of actions in the order that they happened:

(2) لإعطاء سلسلة من الإجراءات حسب ترتيب حدوثها:

e.g. The robber came in through the window, picked up the jewelry box, emptied it out then stole all accessories.

دخل اللص من النافذة، التقط صندوق المجوهرات وأفرغه، ثم سرق جميع الملحقات  
(We often use words like next or then to indicate the sequence of events.)

(غالبًا ما نستخدم كلمات مثل التالي أو بعد ذلك تشير إلى تسلسل الأحداث).

## 3) To talk about past repeated actions:

(3) للحديث عن الأفعال المتكررة الماضية:

e.g. When her daughter got older, she often went out to visit her friends after school.

عندما كبرت ابنتها، كانت تذهب في كثير من الأحيان للخروج لزيارة أصدقائها بعد المدرسة.

(ورد بالدورات مثال مشابه جداً للمثال السابق دورة 2023 ستجدونه في الأسئلة المؤتمتة)

## 4) To talk about long-term situations in the past which are no longer true:

(4) للحديث عن مواقف طويلة الأمد في الماضي والتي لم تعد فعالة:

e.g. My father worked for the police for over 15 years.

عمل والدي في الشرطة لأكثر من 15 عامًا.

## ● الماضي المستمر:

← استخدامه: فعلين بالماضي أحدهما قطع الآخر

← شكله:  $S + was/were + V_{(ing)}$

نختار الفعل بالشكل السابق إذا شفت:

Was: I, He, She, It

Were: we, you, they

When	عندما	While	بينما	As	عندما
------	-------	-------	-------	----	-------

← as , while , when + ماضي بسيط ← نختار ماضي مستمر

ولازم يكون بالجملة **ماضي بسيط**

ويمكن أن يكون في الجملة أحد الدلائل مع ماضي مستمر فنختار ماضي بسيط

**We use the Past Continuous:**

نستخدم الماضي المستمر:

1) To provide the background scene to an action (usually in the Past Simple).

(1) لتوفير مشهد الخلفية لإجراء ما (عادة في الماضي البسيط).

e.g. The robbery happened at four o'clock while they were sleeping.

حدثت عملية السطو في الساعة الرابعة عصرا كانوا نائمين.

2) To talk about a continuing action interrupted by a sudden past action:

(2) للحديث عن استمرار العمل الذي توقف به الفعل الماضي المفاجئ:

e.g. While we were getting ready to go out, the rain suddenly stopped.

وبينما كنا نستعد للخروج، توقف المطر فجأة.

• الماضي التام:

← استخدامه: فعل حدث قبل فعل

← شكله: S + had + V<sub>3</sub>

نختار الفعل بالشكل السابق إذا كان لدينا:

By the time

بالوقت الذي

After

بعد

Before

قبل

Because

لأن

وقت منشوف عام + by مختار ماضي تام

- كمان نفس القصة:

أحد الدلائل السابقة + ماضي بسيط ← ماضي تام ، ممكن يجيب دلالة من مع ماضي تام فنختار ماضي بسيط

**We use the Past Perfect:**

نستخدم الماضي التام:

1) When we are talking about the past and want to mention something that happened earlier:

(1) عندما نتحدث عن الماضي ونريد أن نذكر شيئاً حدث سابقاً:

e.g. His father was a composer and his grandfather had also been a musician .

كان والده ملحنًا وكان جده كان أيضًا موسيقياً

e.g. By the time he was 17, Mozart's reputation had already begun to spread through Europe .

وعندما بلغ السابعة عشرة من عمره، اكتسب موزارت شهرة كبيرة بدأت بالفعل في الانتشار عبر أوروبا.

2) With words like when, as soon as, by the time, after to show the order of events:

(2) مع كلمات مثل متى، بمجرد، بحلول الوقت، بعد لإظهار ترتيب الأحداث

e.g. When Mozart was born, five of his siblings had already died .

عندما ولد موزارت، كان خمسة من إخوته قد ماتوا بالفعل.

## 3) To report past events using reporting verbs:

(3) للإبلاغ عن الأحداث الماضية باستخدام أفعال الإبلاغ:

e.g. The man told me he had met my father a long time before.

أخبرني الرجل أنه التقى بوالدي منذ وقت طويل.

## • الماضي التام المستمر

◀ استخدامه: فعل مستمر حدث قبل فعل آخر

◀ شكله: **S + had + been + V<sub>(ing)</sub>**نختار الفعل بالشكل السابق إذا شفنا جملة فيها ماضي بسيط وأحد الدلائل التالية: **all , since , for**

## We use the Past Perfect Continuous:

نستخدم الماضي التام المستمر:

## 1) To describe an action that began and was still in progress in the past before another past action started.

(1) لوصف الإجراء الذي بدأ وما زال موجوداً في الماضي قبل بدء إجراء آخر في الماضي. (فعلين بالماضي واحد صار قبل الثاني والاول مستمر)

e.g. We had been waiting for a long time when the bus finally came.

لقد كنا ننتظر لفترة طويلة عندما جاءت الحافلة أخيراً.

- To describe an action that was in progress in the past before another action or event occurred. When the second action happens, it interrupts and marks the completion of the first one.

(2) لوصف إجراء كان جارياً في الماضي قبل إجراء أو حدث آخر حصل. عندما يحدث الإجراء الثاني، فإنه يقاطع ويمثل الانتهاء من الأول.

e.g. I had been teaching in Tokyo when the earthquake hit.

كنت أقوم بالتدريس في طوكيو عندما وقع الزلزال

- To indicate that the continuous action that finished in the past was the cause of a condition, situation or event in the past.

(3) للدلالة على أن الفعل المستمر الذي انتهى في الماضي كان سبباً في حدوث حالة أو موقف أو حدث في الماضي.

e.g. She was very sweaty because she had been running for nearly an hour

انت متعرقه جداً لأنها كانت تجري لمدة ساعة تقريباً

ماضي بسيط V <sub>2</sub>	ماضي مستمر S + <sup>was</sup> / <sub>were</sub> + V <sub>(ing)</sub>	When / While / as
ماضي بسيط V <sub>2</sub>	ماضي تام S + had + V <sub>3</sub>	By the time, because , after, before
ماضي بسيط V <sub>2</sub>	ماضي تام مستمر S + had been + V <sub>(ing)</sub>	for, since, all

وهي ملخص كل أزمنة الماضي ضلوه بسو تحفظوه (٤٤)

- 1) She ..... here in 2019.  
 a. will live                      b. has lived                      c. lived                      d. lives
- 2) While you ....., they arrived there.  
 a. are studying                      b. were studying                      c. studied                      d. study
- 3) I ..... before they saw me.  
 a. eat                      b. ate                      c. had eaten                      d. eaten

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

- 1) Lama was shopping when she ..... her friend.  
 a. will meet                      b. met                      c. meets                      d. has met
- 2) By the time they arrived home, the burglar .....  
 a. had left                      b. has left                      c. will leave                      d. is leaving
- 3) He ..... in India in 1869.  
 a. is                      b. will be                      c. was                      d. has been
- 4) I always ..... the TV news when I live abroad.  
 a. am watching                      b. watch                      c. watched                      d. have watched
- 5) The enemy retreated to the sea after the soldiers ..... they attack.  
 a. had starts                      b. have starts                      c. starts                      d. had been starting
- 6) We ..... married three years ago.  
 a. get                      b. got                      c. will get                      d. have got
- 7) The following sentence "As I was crossing the street, a car hit a boy."  
 describes.....  
 a. a series of actions  
 b. an action that interrupted another action  
 c. two actions that were in progress at the same time  
 d. one action happened before another
- 8) When we arrived home, mum..... already.  
 a. leaves                      b. has left                      c. was leaving                      d. had left
- 9) When we arrived home, my mother..... dinner  
 a. has cooked                      b. had cooked                      c. will cook                      d. cooks
- 10) I..... a shower when the phone rang. That's why I couldn't answer the call.  
 a. have                      b. was having                      c. have had                      d. am having

1	B	2	A	3	C	4	C	5	A	6	B	7	B	8	D	9	B	10	B
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	---

❖ Choose the correct answer:

1. By the time, I got to the meeting, they ..... the important issues.

- a. will discuss      b. are discussed      c. had discussed      d. have discussed

2. Hani did very well in his exams, which was shock, because he ..... an exam before

- a. hadn't been taking      b. hadn't taken      c. didn't take      d. wasn't taking

3. When she came into the room, the burglar .....

- a. will already leave      b. has already left      c. already left      d. had already left

4. I ..... lunch when my husband came.

- a. prepare      b. prepared      c. was preparing      d. had prepared

5. The scientists announced the launch of new drug last week, they ..... it for one year.

- a. had developed      b. have developed      c. had been developing      d. was developing

6. The program that was stopped ..... well since 1970

- a. had been working      b. worked      c. has worked      d. worked

7. The lecture ..... by the time they got there.

- a. started      b. has started      c. had started      d. is starting

8. I knew her because I ..... her several times.

- a. had visited      b. am visiting      c. visited      d. have visited

9. They ..... to Canada before, but they liked it so much.

- a. went      b. were going      c. had been      d. have been

10. I ..... to Jamil last day.

- a. talked      b. have talked      c. will talk      d. had talked

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
c	b	d	c	c	a	c	a	c	a

أنت بحلب وحارب تسجل خصوصي  
أو بمجموعة VIP؟  
تواصل معنا 0982717795

## 3 المبني للمجهول

شكل الجملة:

O + **be** مصرف + V<sub>3</sub> + **by + S**

يمكن نشوفا ويمكن لأ

معرفة السؤال بالامتحان:

■ وجود by في السؤال وبعدها اسم.

■ وجود الفعل be مصرف بالأجوبة وبعده V<sub>3</sub>

■ وجود اسم جماد بأول الجملة.

مهمتنا: تصريف الفعل be بزمن الجملة وترتيبها.

تصريف الفعل be:

الزمن	الحاضر البسيط	الحاضر المستمر	الحاضر التام	الماضي البسيط	الماضي المستمر	الماضي التام
Be	am , is , are	am is + being are	have has + been	was / were	was were + being	had been

كيف نعرف زمن الجملة: من الدلالة غالباً وإذا ما كان في دلالة منترجم ومنتذكر استخدامات الأزمنة ومنشغل بالاستبعاد

- It is + V<sub>3</sub> حاضر- It + was + V<sub>3</sub> ماضيEx: It is expected that we will win.

## ملاحظات:

- لو كان عنا ماضي بالجملة كان اخترنا **was** مع فعل بالتصريف الثالث- بعد **be + V<sub>3</sub>**: can , could , will , would , shall , should , toEx: They can be cleaned next day.

- واذا ما في دلالة منترجم ومنتذكر استخدامات الأزمنة

- لازم نقرأ الأجوبة ونستبعد كل جواب ما فيه الفعل Be مصرف وبعده V<sub>3</sub> ومنعرف الجملة من بدايتها (جماد)

أمثلة محلولة:

1) My camera ..... last day.

a. had been changed      b. **was changed**      c. is changed      d. changed

2) Their food ..... by Sami every day.

a. buy      b. **is bought**      c. have bought      d. was bought

3) TV ..... by 1 million recently.

a. is watched      b. was watched      c. watched      d. **has been watched**

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

1) The match ..... by millions of people on TV.

a. is watched      b. was watched      c. will be watched      d. is being watched

2) Micky Mouse ..... by Wall Disney.

a. created      b. has created      c. is being created      d. was created

3) My car ..... at the moment.

a. is fixing      b. is being fixed      c. was fixing      d. was being fixed

4) Many offices of large companies ..... so far.

a. have built      b. were built      c. are building      d. have been built

- 5) An email ..... to them confirming your purchase.  
 a. is sent                      b. sent                      c. will sent                      d. has sent
- 6) These clothes ..... a month ago for daily use.  
 a. was designed              b. were designing              c. have been designed              d. were designed
- 7) Last month, my car..... to the mechanic after it broke down.  
 a. will send                      b. will be sent                      c. sent                      d. was sent
- 8) A local jewelry shop..... last night.  
 a. is broken into              b. broke into                      c. was broken into              d. breaks into

1	A	2	D	3	B	4	D	5	A	6	D	7	D	8	C
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

❖ Choose the correct answer:

1. Some bad words ..... to the manager by the secretary about his charity.  
 a. tells                      b. will tell                      c. has been told                      d. have been told
2. .... Tom Cruise is the riches movie star.  
 a. it is said                      b. it was said                      c. it said                      d. it is saying
3. In the past, traditional methods ..... by people.  
 a. will use                      b. were used                      c. are using                      d. have used
4. Taxes are going to be ..... soon.  
 a. paid                      b. pay                      c. pays                      d. have paid
5. My friend ..... for three days.  
 a. hasn't seen                      b. hasn't been seen                      c. hadn't been seen                      d. isn't seen
6. Methods would ..... out in modern forms.  
 a. been                      b. being                      c. were                      d. be
7. Many offices ..... by large companies in the town center so fat (2022)  
 a. have been built                      b. are being built                      c. were being built                      d. had been built
8. A local jewelry shop ..... into last day.  
 a. is broken                      b. has been broken                      c. was broken                      d. were broken
9. Bridges were ..... built by the government of the river  
 a. been                      b. being                      c. be                      d. being
10. The paintings ..... by the organizers till the end of the month.  
 a. will exhibited                      b. will be exhibit                      c. will be exhibited                      d. will exhibit
11. These clothes ..... for daily use.  
 a. were designed                      b. have been designed                      c. designed                      d. are designed

12. A search ..... by the police for the robber.

- a. has organized      b. is being organized      c. has been organized      d. organized

13. This office ..... cleaned in this day,

- a. can't be      b. couldn't be      c. can't being      d. couldn't being

14. Many projects ..... in Aleppo citadel, about it in particular last year.

- a. were being developed      b. were developed      c. have been developed      d. developed

15. Ali ..... a position by the boss, he is very hard in the work before.

- a. has given      b. has been given      c. had given      d. gave

16. I think that all people ..... their mobiles in particular in 2029.

- a. will be imprisoned      b. will be imprison      c. will imprisoned      d. are imprison

17. The evidence ..... examined by police officers when the lights went off.

- a. were being      b. is being      c. has been      d. is being

18. Food ..... by farmers all over the country.

- a. grows      b. is grown      c. has grown      d. are growing

19. I ..... by the committee some difficult questions yesterday.

- a. was being asked      b. was asked      c. is asked      d. asked

20. All the goods that were purched yesterday ..... back to manufacturer right now.

- a. was sent      b. have been sent      c. are being sent      d. is being

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
d	a	b	a	b	d	a	c	b	c	d	c	a	b	b	a	a	b	b	c

طلابنا في المحافظات...  
انتظرونا بأقوى الجلسات والمكثفات  
للعام 2025

## 4 الأفعال السببية

شكل الجملة:

O + V3 + have + من حصل له الفعل

معرفة السؤال بالامتحان:

- وجود كلمة self بالسؤال
  - وجود الفعل have مصرف بالجملة
  - الفراغ في الجملة الثانية
- مهمتنا: تصريف الفعل have بزمن الجملة وترتيبها.  
كيف نعرف زمن الجملة: من فعل الجملة الأولى.

تصريف الفعل Have:

الماضي التام	الماضي المستمر	الماضي البسيط	الحاضر التام	الحاضر المستمر	الحاضر البسيط
had had	was + having were	had / didn't have	have + had has	am + having is are	have / has don't / doesn't have

## ملاحظات:

- نفس الشخص عم نحكي عنه بالجملتين: الأولى نفي الثانية إثبات أو العكس

She cleans the dishes herself, she doesn't have them cleaned

يمكن استخدام الفعل get بدل الفعل have:

I mended my car, I didn't get my car mended

أمثلة محلولة:

- 1) I don't clean my car myself, I .....  
a. **have it cleaned**      b. have cleaned it      c. had it cleaned      d. had cleaned it
- 2) My mother checked her eyes herself, she .....  
a. has them checked      b. had them checked      c. doesn't have them checked      d. **didn't have them checked**
- 3) My father didn't mend his car himself, He .....  
a. had mended it      b. has mended it      c. **had it mended**      d. didn't have it mended

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

- 1) Ali didn't repair the computer himself. He .....  
a. doesn't have it repaired      c. has repaired it  
b. had it repaired      d. didn't have it repaired
- 2) We didn't repaint the house ourselves, we .....  
a. repainted it      c. had it repainted  
b. have repainted it      d. have it repainted
- 3) I will open the gate myself, I ..... it opened.  
a. won't have      c. wouldn't have  
b. will have      d. have
- 4) I redecorated the house myself, I .....  
a. didn't have it redecorated      c. haven't redecorates it  
b. didn't redecorate it      d. had it redecorated
- 5) Sarah doesn't tidy the room herself, she .....  
a. didn't have it tidied      c. has tidied it  
b. had it tidied      d. has it tidied



## 5 الجمل الوصلية:

”هذه القاعدة سهلة وتحتاج لترجمة بسيطة جداً“

ملاحظة:

تجد شرح القاعدة والنموذج على قناة  
" انكليزي بكالوريا مع محمد اليونس "

«لمزيد من الشروحات والملفات المجانية اشترك  
بِقنواتنا وادخل الي بوت @EN\_YOUNESBOT»

(1) **Whose**: للملكية (قبلها اسم وبعدها اسم)

**Ex:** Ahmad, whose father is doctor

(2) **Who**: للعاقل، بعدها فعل **Ex:** Ahmad who works her

(3) **Whom**: للعاقل، بعدها فاعل

**Ex:** Ahmad whom I gave him a gift

(4) **Which**: غير عاقل- مكان وبعده حرف جر مثل **in/on/at/from**

(5) **That**: للعاقل ولغير العاقل يعني بصير نخطها بدال **who/whom/which** واطمن ما بيحي جوابين صح

**Ex:** Ahmad that I gave him a gift

(6) **When**: للزمان

Sep2022 when I started with my students on Telegram

**Ex:** Aleppo where I live

(7) **Where**: للمكان

أسئلة محلولة:

1) Ahmad ..... visited me.

a. where                      b. which                      c. whom                      d. who

2) Sami ..... I gave him a book.

a. who                              b. whom                      c. which                      d. when

3) Aleppo ..... they live.

a. who                              b. where                      c. which                      d. who

أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

1) The information ..... the teacher gave is bad.

a. who                              b. whose                      c. where                      d. which

2) This is the city in ..... Shakespeare was born.

a. where                              b. that                              c. which                      d. when

3) Sami ..... father is a doctor.

a. who                              b. whose                      c. which                      d. whom

4) Damascus is the city ..... I was born.

a. who                              b. which                              c. when                              d. where

5) Tom....., car was broken down.

a. that                              b. whom                              c. who                              d. whose

6) This is the school .....

a. which I graduated from                      c. whose I graduated  
b. which I graduated                              d. that I graduated

7) This is the man..... I met in the party.

a. where                              b. whose                              c. whom                              d. when

8) I go to the post office..... I can send my friend a letter.

a. which                              b. whose                              c. when                              d. where

1    D    2    C    3    B    4    D    5    D    6    A    7    C    8    D

❓ Choose the correct answer:

1. A bodyguard is a person ..... protects important people.

- a. whom                      b. when                      c. who                      d. where

2. A launderette is a place with washing machines ..... you can wash your clothes.

- a. which                      b. when                      c. who                      d. where

3. The woman ..... bus was stolen called the police.

- a. which                      b. whose                      c. who                      d. where

4. Kamishlle, ..... I spent my last holiday.

- a. which                      b. when                      c. who                      d. where

5. I don't know most of people ..... you invited to the party.

- a. whom                      b. who                      c. where                      d. when

6. 4 September 2022 ..... Mohammed Alyounes created his channel on Telegram.

- a. who                      b. when                      c. whose                      d. when

7. The manger ..... daughter is my friend spoke to us last day.

- a. whom                      b. where                      c. whose                      d. when

8. This is the city in ..... Adonis was born.

- a. who                      b. when                      c. were                      d. that

9. Yaser turned up late ..... wasn't unusual.

- a. who                      b. whom                      c. which                      d. when

10. Mrs. Hakim ..... plays videogames always.

- a. who                      b. whom                      c. when                      d. where

11. 1/6/2023 ..... we will start our exams, I'm excited

- a. who                      b. when                      c. whose                      d. where

12. Hani is doctor ..... patients like his instructions.

- a. who                      b. where                      c. whose                      d. whom

13. California ..... we visited it three months ago.

- a. that                      b. when                      c. whose                      d. where

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
c	d	b	d	a	b	c	d	c	a	b	c	d

## 6 المستقبل:

أشكال المستقبل سبعة، كل شكل الو استخدام ودلالة، غالباً بيحبنا جملة فيها دلالة او بيحي من الملاحظة اللي رح ناخذها بالخير واللي كثير كثير مهمة ولازم نركز عليها..

1. **Will+V0**: تستخدم للتحدث عن تنبؤ والقرارات اللحظية.

**one day**: ذات يوم **probably**: من الممكن **weather**: طقس **match**: مباراة

**Ex:** One day, they will be generous .

2. **Am/is/are + going to**: للتحدث عن فعل مستقبلي مع نية مسبقة.

3. **Am/is/are + V(ing)**: للتحدث عن فعل مستقبلي مع إعداد وتخطيط مسبق.

**Party**: حفلة **meeting**: لقاء **trip**: رحلة

**Ex:** Our boss is holding a party on our return .

4. **Will have V3**: فعل سيحدث قبل فعل معين (باستخدام **in time /by the time**) أو قبل زمن معين (باستخدام **By**)

◆ بس شفنا **By/in time** مع فعل واحد « نختار **would have V3**

◆ بس شفناهن مع فعلين، واحد منن يكون حاضر بسيط والثاني **would have v3**.

**Ex:** By the time you arrive, I will have worked alone.

By the end of 2027, I will have graduated .

5. **Will be V(ing)**: فعل مستقبلي مستمر.

**all next .....** **this time next ...**

**Ex:** This time next day, I will be studying .

6. **V1**: يستخدم الحاضر البسيط هنا للتحدث عن المواعيد الثابتة. **Ex:** The train arrives at 7 o'clock

7. **Am/is/are + about to**: تستخدم هذه الصيغة للتحدث عن فعل على وشك الحدوث.

**Ex:** In a few minutes, I am about to arrive .

### الملاحظة المهمة والخطيرة:

### **Before, after, when, as soon as, as long as**

1. مع دلالة استمرار (مثل **now /today /tomorrow/next**) طرف حاضر بسيط والطرف الثاني will be V(ing)

**Ex:** When you arrive tomorrow, I will be making a dinner

2. بدون دلالة استمرار: طرف حاضر بسيط والطرف الثاني **will +V0**

**Ex:** After you arrive, I will make a cake .

- 1) One day, I..... my study .  
 a. am finishing      b. will finish      c. am about to finish      d. finish
- 2) They..... all next day .  
 a. will work      b. will be working      c. are working      d. work
- 3) Before you come today, I .....  
 a. will work      b. work      c. will have worked      d. will be working

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

- 1) My brother..... a new villa next month .  
 a. will buy      b. bought      c. was buying      d. has bought
- 2) When you visit me tomorrow, I..... coffe .  
 a. have made      b. make      c. am working      d. will be making
- 3) I will call you when I..... home .  
 a. arrive      b. arrived      c. will arrive      d. was arriving
- 4) One day people..... to Mars .  
 a. will travel      b. travelled      c. was travelling      d. had travelled
- 5) I can't call you at this time tomorrow, I .....  
 a. would work      b. will be working      c. was working      d. have worked
- 6) I will call you as soon as I..... home .  
 a. arrive      b. am arriving      c. was arriving      d. will arrive
- 7) I..... on the report all next week. I don't have time.  
 a. work      b. am working      c. will be working      d. will have worked
- 8) Suzan..... an exciting programme at this time yesterday.  
 a. had been watching      b. has been watching      c. will be watching      d. was watching

1	A	2	D	3	A	4	A	5	B	6	A	7	C	8	D
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ورد هذا السؤال في الدورة الثانية للعام 2024  
 اخترنا ماضي مستمر لأنه يوجد زمن ماضي + this time  
 لو كان الزمن حاضر اخترنا Will be V<sub>ing</sub>

❖ Choose the correct answer:

1. .... the report by Friday night.  
 a. will finished      b. am finish      c. was going to finish      d. will have finished
2. .... on the channel all next day.  
 a. have worked      b. work      c. will be working      d. had worked
3. I think that in the future people ..... travelling in electric.  
 a. are      b. will be      c. have      d. were
4. I think they ..... in the same city in about tow years.  
 a. will still be living      b. live      c. lived      d. would live

5. I've got my schedule for Japan trip, we ..... to Tokyo at 10:30 am on Monday.

- a. will flew      b. fly      c. had flown      d. have flown

6. The team manager ..... a party on our return.

- a. is holding      b. was holding      c. held      d. holds

7. Younes ..... a meeting tomorrow.

- a. holds      b. has held      c. is going to held      d. has held

8. One day, people ..... to Mars.

- a. are going to travel      b. are travelling      c. were travelling      d. will travel

9. Mohammad's train ..... at 11:30 PM.

- a. leaves      b. is going to leave      c. will leave      d. left

10. Mrs. Hakim ..... tea.

- a. wouldn't need      b. isn't needing      c. won't needed      d. won't need

11. I hope that by the time, I am sixty, scientists ..... pollution problems.

- a. will solve      b. had solve      c. will have solved      d. are solving

12. He ..... up early tomorrow.

- a. Held      b. is going to hold      c. holds      d. has held

13. Real Madrid ..... their next game.

- a. won't win      b. doesn't win      c. wouldn't win      d. isn't winning

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
d	c	b	a	b	a	c	d	a	d	c	b	a

## 7 أسلوب الشرط:

لدينا ثلاثة أشكال:

(1) حاضر بسيط V<sub>1</sub> ← حاضر بسيط V<sub>1</sub> او will+V<sub>0</sub>

Ex: I go there, I see you  
If I see you, I will give you a gift .

(2) ماضي بسيط ← Would +V<sub>0</sub>

Ex: Unless I went there, I would see them .

(3) ماضي تام ← Had +V<sub>3</sub> would have V<sub>3</sub>

Ex: If I had been there,  
I would have started my lesson .

بجلب طرف وانا بختار الطرف الثاني ويمكن يجلب اختيار طرفين مع بعض..

## ملاحظات:

Unless تعامل معاملة .if - Were تعامل معاملة .was

1) Unless they had been there, you .....

a. would go      b. will go      c. would have gone      d. go

2) If you played with me, you..... here

a. will be      b. would be      c. were      d. would have been

3) If you came, I..... you .

b. will see      b. saw      c. would see      d. would have seen

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

1) If you had come in time, you..... the lesson .

a. wouldn't miss      b. wouldn't have missed      c. won't miss      d. will miss

2) If the police had seen the thief, they..... him .

a. would have arrested      b. arrested      c. had arrested      d. would arrest

3) You wouldn't miss the lesson if you..... in time .

a. come      b. came      c. have come      d. had come

4) If the streets were not crowded, I..... my car .

a. would drive      b. will drive      c. will have driven      d. drove

5) You..... the Net if you have a computer .

a. could have surfed      b. can surf      c. would have surfed      d. would be surfed

6) If my sister did something wrong, I'm sure she..... me .

a. will tell      b. would tell      c. tells      d. told

7) The driver..... fined if he hadn't broken the law.

a. won't be      b. wouldn't be      c. wouldn't have been      d. wasn't

8) If I..... your phone number, I'd ring you.

a. know      b. knew      c. had known      d. would know

1	B	2	A	3	B	4	A	5	B	6	B	7	C	8	B
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Choose the correct answer:

1. If I had your address, I ..... you postcard.

- a. would write      b. wrote      c. would have written      d. had written

2. I would build a huge house by the beach if I ..... the lottery.

- a. won      b. had won      c. would have won      d. will win

3. If you practice more, your Arabic .....

- a. had improved      b. would have improved      c. will improve      d. will improved

4. If I ..... a millionaire, I ..... people.

- a. were/would helped      b. was / will helped      c. were / will help      d. were/ would help

5. If I had a free ticket to the U.K, I ..... immediately.

- a. would left      b. leave      c. would have left      d. would leave

6. People would read my words, if I ..... a famous writer.

- a. were      b. would have been      c. would be      d. had been

7. Younes will delete his channel on YouTube if he ..... a new work.

- a. get      b. would have got      c. got      d. gets

8. Your friend would have helped you, if you ..... a problem.

- a. had have      b. have had      c. would have had      d. had had

9. If you started with me in channel, you ..... a clever student.

- a. would been      b. would be      c. would have been      d. would been

10. If you send me on my new bot "for advice" I ..... a good advice.

- a. would give      b. will give      c. would have given      d. gives

11. I hope you be fine if I ..... many years in Makkah.

- a. stayed      b. had stayed      c. would have stayed      d. stay

12. If I had been many hours, you ..... a message.

- a. will send      b. would have sent      c. will have sent      d. had sent

13. Real Madrid won't win next game, if they ..... well.

- a. hadn't played      b. didn't play      c. doesn't play      d. don't play

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
c	a	c	d	d	a	d	d	b	b	d	b	d

جرعة تحفيز

" كلما زادت الصدقة زاد الرزق ، كلما زاد الخشوع في الصلاة زادت السعادة ، كلما زاد بر الوالدين زاد التوفيق بحياتك .. "

## 8 التعبير عن الأمنيات:

لازم نعرف أنو التمني هو شئ عكس الواقع..

- تحويلات الزمن بالتمني :
- كل زمن حاضر بصير ماضي بنفس الزمرة يعني حاضر بسيط بصير ماضي بسيط وهيك..
- الماضي البسيط V2 بصير ماضي تام **had + V3**.
- « نفس تحويلات قاعدة الكلام المنقول.

أشكال التمني:

(1) wish + V (حاضر) ← ماضي

**Ex:** He is here". He wishes he was here"

(2) wish+ (V2) ← (had + V3) ماضي تام

**Ex:** He didn't mend his car. He wishes he had mended his car

(3) انزعاج « would + V0

**Ex:** If only our neighbours would stop their sounds

كلمات تدل على الانزعاج: طفل Children | جار neighbour | يزعج Annonny

ملاحظات:

Were تعامل معاملة was.

If only تعامل معاملة wish

- I don't have a car, I wish I..... a car .  
a. have                      b. had                      c. didn't have                      d. had had
- She wishes that she..... in China .  
a. be                      b. is                      c. were                      d. had been
- I didn't give him any thing, I wish I.....  
a. give                      b. gave                      c. had given                      d. would give

أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

- The lawyer is unable to help the man. He wishes he .....  
a. was unable                      b. had been unable                      c. has been able                      d. will be able
- I didn't find my keys anywhere, I wish I..... them .  
a. found                      b. find                      c. have found                      d. had found
- Suha didn't come to the party, I wish she..... to the party  
a. came                      b. comes                      c. will come                      d. had come
- I don't know how to make a cake, I wish I .....  
a. know                      b. have known                      c. will know                      d. knew
- I am very tired today. I wish I..... so tired .  
a. weren't                      b. am not                      c. can be                      d. will be
- Our falt is small, I wish it..... a bit bigger .  
a. is                      b. isn't                      c. was                      d. wasn't
- I couldn't pass my driving test. I wish I.....  
a. can                      b. would                      c. did                      d. had
- I didn't study well. I wish I.....  
a. studied                      b. have studied                      c. was studying                      d. had studied

1 A 2 D 3 D 4 D 5 A 6 C 7 D 8 D

❓ Choose the correct answer:

1. I regret that I started smoking, I wish I ..... smoking.

- a. haven't started      b. would start      c. hadn't started      d. hadn't start

2. I am not in Aleppo nowadays, I wish I .....

- a. had      b. was      c. been      d. am

3. If only the children ..... their books on the floor, I am falling over them.

- a. will leave      b. would left      c. had left      d. would leave

4. The sun isn't shining now. I wish it ..... shining.

- a. is      b. are      c. was      d. were

5. Our house doesn't have good lights. I wish our house ..... them.

- a. had have      b. would have      c. had      d. will have

6. People went to new world by their mobiles. I wish people ..... to it.

- a. haven't gone      b. hadn't gone      c. doesn't go      d. would go

7. I can't watch the match tonight, I wish I ..... it.

- a. could watch      b. had watched      c. watch      d. have watched

8. If only they ..... you for help before they started.

- a. asked      b. ask      c. had asked      d. were asking

9. If only you didn't start with me in my channel, I wish you ..... a top.

- a. would have      b. had had      c. hadn't had      d. have

10. You send me on my new bot "for advice" I wish I ..... a good advice.

- a. had given      b. gives      c. would give      d. gave

11. Barcelona doesn't lose any match, I wish Barcelona ..... the top.

- a. would reach      b. had reached      c. will reach      d. reached

12. I didn't use all my time, if only I ..... my last days.

- a. would use      b. will use      c. had spent      d. didn't spend

13. Real Madrid is playing in Spain often, I wish it ..... in Spain right now.

- a. didn't play      b. won't play      c. doesn't play      d. wouldn't play

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
c	b	d	c	c	b	a	c	b	d	d	c	d

مهم جداً

للاشتراك بالدورات الالكترونية الشاملة  
والجزئية ودورة الاختبارات تواصل معنا  
عبر الواتساب

☎ 0957562550

## 9 أدوات الربط:

Both..... and..... V	Neither..... nor..... V	Either..... or.....V	Not only..... but also..... V
كلا ..... و .....	لا..... ولا.....	إما ..... أو .....	ليس فقط ..... ولكن .....

- إذا حفظنا الأشكال نكون ضمننا نص العلامة.. وبدنا نحفظ الملاحظة حتى نضمن باقي العلامة.

- الفعل دائماً نطابقه مع الاسم الثاني بالجملة.. ما عدا فعل **both /and** دائماً يعامل معاملة الجمع (معاملة they).

**ملاحظة:** في دورة 2024 الاولى والثانية أتى سؤال هذه القاعدة بقسم البحث عن خطأ.

- Both Sami and Rami..... here  
a. is                      b. have                      c. has                      d. are
- Neither Sami..... Hans is here.  
b. nor                      b. or                      c. and                      d. but also
- ..... Ahmad..... Sami are here.  
c. Neither/no              b. Either /or              c. Both/and              d. Not only/but also

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

- ..... the teacher..... the students are here.  
a. Not only/or              b. Both/nor              c. Not only/but also              d. and/both
- Either the student or the teacher..... planned.  
a. did                      b. are                      c. have                      d. has
- ..... my brother..... my sister is going to tutor me.  
a. Both/and              b. Either /no              c. Either /or              d. Neither /or
- Not only Sami but also Hani..... here.  
a. is                      b. were                      c. had been                      d. be
- ..... Fadia..... her friends are studying Bac.  
a. Not only /but also              b. Both/or                      c. Neither/no                      d. Either /nor
- Either Sam or Nour..... playing there.  
a. has                      b. have                      c. are                      d. is

1	D	2	D	3	C	4	A	5	A	6	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

❖ Choose the correct answer:

1. The research project will take both time ..... money.

- a. or                      b. and                      c. nor                      d. but also

2. Neither Younes or Hamza ..... where Nadeem is.

- a. knows                      b. know                      c. don't know                      d. doesn't known

3. Both Hani and Godi ..... playing football.

- a. like                      b. likes                      c. has like                      d. was liking

4. .... my dad ..... my friends love me.

- a. Both / but also                      b. Neither / and                      c. Not only / but no                      d. Either / or

5. .... my car or my phone will be lost.

- a. Both                      b. Not only                      c. Either                      d. Neither

6. Not only my father advices me but also Mohammed Alyounes ..... me

- a. advice                      b. advices                      c. has advice                      d. have adviced

7. Neither Sajam nor Hala ..... on YouTube.

- a. teaching                      b. teached                      c. teaches                      d. teaches

8. .... Kamal ..... Layal are brothers.

- a. Both / or                      b. Both / and                      c. Neither / and                      d. Either / nor

9. Not only Sama needs money, ..... Yara ..... it.

- a. or / needs                      b. nor / needs                      c. but also / needs                      d. either / or

10. Both @Advice\_Younesbot ..... @En\_younesbot ..... my personal bots on Telegram.

- a. and / are                      b. or / is                      c. nor / are                      d. but also / are

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
b	a	a	d	c	b	c	b	c	a

مهم جداً

للاشتراك بالدورات الالكترونية الشاملة  
والجزئية ودورة الاختبارات تواصل معنا  
عبر الواتساب

📞 0957562550

## 10 الالتزام وعدمه

■ **Must**: الزام شخصي- مكان معين

**Ex:** In our club, you must respect the players

■ **Have to**: قانون بلد- to+V0

**Ex:** In Qatar, you ..... drive slowly in city center

■ **Should**: نصيحة بفعل شيء

**Ex:** You should visit your doctor.

■ **Mustn't**: شيء ممنوع ولا يمكن القيام به

**Ex:** You mustn't take photos here

■ **Don't /Doesn't have to**: شيء إذا عملناه رح يضحكوا علينا.

**Ex:** We don't have to arrive early tomorrow

■ **Shouldn't**: نصيحة بترك شيء

إذا بدو يجيب نكتة من هالقاعدة بجيب جملة فيها فعل ماضي وبالتالي رح يكون الجواب اما (V3 should have اذا كانت الجملة فيها بهدلة يعني اذا كانت مبلشة الجملة ب you أو V3 must have اذا كانت الجملة فيها حديث عن مشكلة يعني فيها واحد عم يذكر شخص ثاني).

- 1) In this place, you..... smoke .  
 d. don't have to      b. mustn't      c. shouldn't      d. should
- 2) In Syria, you..... respect the laws .  
 e. must      b. have to      c. don't have to      d. should
- 3) You..... me last year .  
 a. must see      b. should see      c. should have seen      d. must have seen

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

- 1) You..... use your mobile phone in a gas station  
 a. should      b. must not      c. have to      d. must
- 2) If you feel ill, you..... visit your doctor.  
 a. must      b. should      c. have to      d. should have
- 3) My car is dirty, I..... clean it.  
 a. should      b. must      c. should have      d. must have
- 4) You..... a new light.  
 a. shouldn't put      b. should put      c. must put      d. must have put
- 5) In our club, you..... a shower after you finish.  
 a. must have      b. must have had      c. should have      d. shouldn't have
- 6) I didn't see Mousa, he..... early.  
 a. must leave      b. must have left      c. should leave      d. has to leave

1	B	2	B	3	B	4	A	5	A	6	B
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

❓ Choose the correct answer:

1. You ..... see a doctor for that cut on your arm.

- a. have to                      b. must have                      c. shouldn't                      d. must

2. You ..... harder for the last term, your results are too bad now.

- a. should study                      b. must study                      c. should have studied                      d. have to study

3. Each student ..... health insurance, it is obligatory in our school.

- a. must have                      b. should have                      c. should have studied                      d. had to have

4. There are plenty of time, we ..... be at the meeting until 12:00.

- a. shouldn't                      b. don't have to                      c. mustn't                      d. had to

5. Your house doesn't have good lights. You ..... put a new lights.

- a. must                      b. have to                      c. should                      d. had to

6. We ..... have a shower after you finish. It is rule in the club.

- a. have to                      b. must have                      c. should                      d. must

7. I can't watch the match tonight, I ..... watch a film about Omar Bin Alkhattab.

- a. should                      b. must                      c. should have                      d. have to

8. You ..... smoke. Smoking is forbidden in this place.

- a. mustn't                      b. don't have to                      c. had                      d. shouldn't

9. You look very hungry. You ..... eat sandwich Shawermah from Serjeh.

- a. must                      b. had to                      c. should                      d. mustn't

10. If you send me on my new bot "for advice" I ..... talk to you.

- a. have to                      b. must                      c. should have                      d. had to

11. If he has a credit card, he ..... pay for something in cash. He can use the card.

- a. would have                      b. shouldn't                      c. mustn't                      d. doesn't have to

12. You didn't use all your time. You ..... spent all it on YouTube.

- a. shouldn't have                      b. mustn't                      c. doesn't have to                      d. hadn't to

13. Real Madrid is playing in Syria. They ..... play in Spain only.

- a. should have                      b. must have                      c. should                      d. have to

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
d	c	a	b	c	d	b	a	c	b	d	a	c

## 11 الكلام المنقول:

(1) نقل الكلام العادي: نحول الزمن فقط.

تحويل الزمن بالكلام المنقول:

كل زمن حاضر بصير ماضي بنفس الزمرة يعني حاضر بسيط بصير ماضي بسيط وهيك..

الماضي البسيط V2 بصير ماضي تام **had +V3**.

(2) نقل السؤال: وهنا يوجد لدينا حالتين:

a. سؤال له كلمة سؤال: يصبح ترتيب الجملة: 1.كلمة سؤال 2.فاعل 3.فعل مصرف

b. سؤال ليس له كلمة سؤال: يصبح ترتيب الجملة: 1.if 2.فاعل 3.فعل مصرف

## تحويلات قد تلزمنا:

Today → that day tomorrow → the next/following day last → previous

**الفكرة الأهم:** عندما نجد جملة كلام منقول (اي بوجود احد الكلمات *said, told, asked, wanted to know*)

الجواب **حصراً ماضي**.

1) I asked him where..... the paintaings .

a. **he exhibited** b. did he exhibit c. he is exhibiting d. is he exhibiting

2) He asked Mary .....

a. where she lives b. where did she live c. **where she lived** d. where was she living

3) She asked me if I .....

a. know b. **knew** c. have known d. will know

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

1) She asked him why .....

a. he wants b. he wanted c. did he want d. does he want

2) She asked him how much .....

a. he expects b. did he expects c. is he expecting d. he expected

3) She asked him where .....

a. is the key b. the key is c. the key was d. was the key

4) He asked her where .....

a. she lives b. she lived c. does she live d. did she live

5) Can you play here ". He asked him..... here .

a. if he could play b. if he can play c. can he play d. could he play

6) He asked me if .....

a. I can b. I could c. can I d. could I

7) My brother asked me if..... his keys the night before.

a. did I see b. have I see c. I saw d. I had seen

8) Maya asked me when.....

a. was the meeting b. would be the meeting c. the meeting will be d. the meeting was

1 B 2 D 3 C 4 B 5 A 6 B 7 D 8 D

❖ Choose the correct answer:

1. How was your exam. Khaled asked Sami .....  
a. how his exam was    b. if his exam had been    c. how his exam had been    d. how was his exam
2. Did someone ring me an hour ago? Yassir wanted to know if ..... her an hour  
a. anyone had rung    b. anyone rang    c. had anyone rung    d. did anyone ring
3. The teachers are working on the exam results. He said the teachers ..... on the exam results.  
a. was working    b. are working    c. had been working    d. were working
4. I have to finish my work today. Tarek said that he ..... his work that day.  
a. had to finish    b. had to finished    c. had finished    d. finished
5. Can you work seven days a week? She asked him ..... seven days a week.  
a. if he can work    b. if could he work    c. if he could work    d. if he worked
6. She said that the train ..... the following day.  
a. would arrive    b. will arrive    c. had arrived    d. arrives
7. Where do you live? He asked them where .....  
a. they lived    b. did they live    c. do they live    d. they lived
8. I saw her they day before yesterday. He said he ..... her two days before.  
a. seen    b. saw    c. had seen    d. were seeing
9. He told them that he ..... the day before.  
a. arrives    b. has arrived    c. had arrived    d. arrived
10. I've read that book. She said that ..... that book.  
a. she has read    b. she reads    c. she read`    d. shea had read
11. The bus arrives on time. She said that the bus ..... on time.  
a. arrives    b. had arrived    c. will arrive    d. arrived
12. I didn't use all my time. She said that she ..... used ..... time.  
a. hadn't / his    b. hasn't / her    c. haven't / her    d. hadn't / her
13. I saw all my photos yesterday. He said that he ..... seen all his photos .....  
a. had / the following day    b. has seen / the day before    c. saw / the day after    d. had seen / the day before

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
c	a	d	a	c	a	a	c	c	d	d	d	d

مهم جداً

لاشتراك بالدورات الالكترونية الشاملة  
والجزئية ودورة الاختبارات تواصل معنا  
عبر الواتساب

☎ 0957562550

## 12 القلب بين الفاعل والفعل

1) قلب في الحالات الاربعة التالية:

A. بعد الكلمات التسعة (مثل **neither..only**..)

Neither	لا	Seldom	نادراً	Rarely	نادراً
Hardly	بالكاد	Never	قط	Not only	ليس فقط
Only	فقط	No longer	ليس أطول	No sooner	ليس عاجلاً

يصبح شكل الجملة: 1- كلمة من الجدول 2- فعل مساعد 3- فاعل

Ex: Only does she speak

ملاحظة: في دورة 2024 الاولى ورد سؤال مشابه للمثال السابق بقسم البحث عن خطأ

في السؤال التوكيدي:

Ex: She has one deam, doesn't she?

B. مع here, there شرط وجود اسم (اي شي ماعدا الضمير)

Ex: Here comes the teacher (اسم.. قلبنا)

Ex: Here he comes (ضمير.. ما قلبنا)

C. عند خروج if الشرطية من الجملة:

Ex: If I were you, I would work more.

هي جملة اصلية.. اذا طلعت if منارج تصير بهالشكل:

Ex: Were I you, I would work more.

2) لا نقلب في حالات السؤال التالية:

A. في سؤال الكلام المنقول: بوجود كلمة **asked** أو **wanted to know**

Ex: She asked me what the time was

(لا تنسى انو فعل الكلام المنقول دائماً ماضي).

B. عند وجود أحد الكلمتين: **wonder / I have no idea**

Ex: I have no idea where she was

C. السؤال الثاني بالجملة

Ex: Have you any idea where they were

## الأسئلة المحلولة:

1) Here .....

a. comes the teacher      b. the teacher comes      c. does the teacher come      d. did the teacher come

2) He asked him .....

a. where is she      b. where she is      c. where was she      d. where she was

3) Rarely.....milk .

a. did she drink      b. she drank      c. does she drink      d. she drinks

## أسئلة الدورات للقاعدة:

- 1) Have you any idea where ..... Jamil?  
a. can I meet                      b. I can meet                      c. Do I meet                      d. have I met
- 2) Here .....  
a. comes the professor                      b. comes does the professor  
c. the professor comes does                      d. the professor comes
- 3) Rarely ..... anyone using carriages nowadays.  
a. you see                      b. will you see                      c. you will see                      d. you have seen
- 4) We have to wear formal clothes, ..... ?  
a. haven't we                      b. we don't                      c. we haven't                      d. don't we
- 5) Not only ..... English, he speaks French.  
a. does he speak                      b. did he speak                      c. he does speak                      d. speak he does
- 6) There ..... to hold a meeting.  
a. goes he                      b. he goes                      c. went he                      d. he went

1	B	2	A	3	B	4	D	5	A	6	B
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Choose the correct answer:

1. Have you any idea where ..... Jamil?  
a. can I meet                      b. I can meet                      c. do I meet                      d. have I met
2. Here .....  
a. comes the professor                      b. comes does the professor  
c. the professor comes does                      d. the professor comes
3. Rarely ..... anyone using carriages nowadays.  
a. you see                      b. will you see                      c. you will see                      d. you have seen
4. We have to wear formal clothes ..... ?  
a. haven't we                      b. we don't                      c. we haven't                      d. don't we
5. Not only ..... English. He speaks French.  
a. does he speak                      b. did he speak                      c. he does speak                      d. speak he does
6. There ..... to hold a meeting  
a. goes he                      b. he goes                      c. went he                      d. he went
7. Where do you live? He asked them where .....  
a. they lived                      b. did they live                      c. do they live                      d. they live
8. Have you any idea .....  
a. where Reem is                      b. where is Reem                      c. where Reem are                      d. where are Reem
9. I wonder when .....  
a. he came                      b. came he                      c. he comes                      d. comes he
10. No sooner ..... dinner than the ceiling crashed onto the dining table  
a. they had eaten                      b. have they eaten                      c. have eaten they                      d. they had eaten

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
b	a	b	d	a	b	a	a	c	b

## تشكيل السؤال

- 1 Who:** للسؤال عن الفاعل  
**Ex:** Ahmad is working here now . → Who is working here now ?  
 حل سريع للسؤال عن الفاعل:  
 نحذف الفاعل ونضع بداله who ولكن شرط أن يكون الفعل معاملاً معاملة المفرد.
- 2 Whom:** للسؤال عن المفعول به  
**Ex:** I saw Ahmad last day . → Whom did you see last day
- 3 When:** للسؤال عن زمن حدوث الفعل  
**Ex:** I lived here in 2022 → When did you live here ?
- 4 What time:** للسؤال عن الساعة.  
**Ex:** I wake up every day at 7 o'clock → What time do you wake up every day.
- 5 How long:** للسؤال عن المدة الزمنية  
**Ex:** I have been working here for three days . → How long have you been working here?
- 6 Where:** للسؤال عن المكان  
**Ex:** I lived here in 2022 → Where did you live in 2022?
- 7 How:** للسؤال عن الحال (by bus/train-quickly-slowly)  
**Ex:** I go there every month by bus . → How do you go there every month ?
- 8 What:** لها استخدامات كثيرة منها:  
 a. للسؤال عن الفعل:  
**Ex:** I am studying English at the moment . → What are you doing at the moment ?  
 b. للسؤال عن الأشياء:  
**Ex:** I have discussed the problem with my father .  
 → What have you discussed with your father ?  
 c. للسؤال عن الفاعل الغير عاقل.  
**Ex:** Future careers are very important. → What is very important ?  
 d. للسؤال عن الصفة النفسية ( التي لا ترى بالعين مثل cute, friendly, shy, clever )  
**Ex:** She is cute and shy → What is she like ?  
 e. للسؤال عن الصفات الجسمية ( ترى بالعين مثل tall, short, fat, slim )  
**Ex:** Ahmad is tall → What is Ahmad look like ?  
 f. للسؤال عن الطقس (hot,cold,cloudy,sunny,rainy):  
**Ex:** The weather was cloudy last day . → What was the weather like ?  
 g. للسؤال عن المهنة:  
**Ex:** Ibrahim is engineer . → What is his job?
- 9 Why:** للسؤال عن السبب (to+Vo,because,for)  
**Ex:** The airline company apologized to the passengers for the delay  
 → Why did the airline company did apologize to the passengers?
- 10 How much:** للسؤال عن غير المعدود والاسعار  
**Ex:** My mobile costs 100\$ → How much does your mobile cost?
- 11 How many:** للسؤال عن المعدود ونضع بعدها اسم المعدود.  
**Ex:** I have 30 friend in my life . → How many friends do you have ?

**Which(12)**: للتخيير أو النوع

**Ex:** I like red cars

→ Which cars do you like ?

**Whose(13)**: للسؤال عن الملكية: نضع بعدها الاسم اللي بعد 's الملكية

**Ex:** It is Rida's Birthday.

→ Whose birthday is it ?

**How often(14)**: للسؤال عن عدد مرات تكرار الفعل (three times-twice, once)

**Ex:** I go there once a day .

→ How often does you go there ?

**How old(15)**: للسؤال عن العمر

**Ex:** She is 17 years old .

→ How old is she ?

**How far(16)**: للسؤال عن المسافة.

**Ex:** The museum is about 2 kilo metres .

→ How far is the museum?

1. The sport programme often starts at 9 o'clock.
2. Last week we went to Lama's birthday.
3. He has been running for 2 hours.
4. I have discussed the problem with my father.
5. She has been discussing the problems for two hours
6. The weather was terrible last day .
7. I was late for school because my car was broken down .
8. Tom goes to Paris every day.
9. Rama cuts her hair twice a month.
10. Ali will leave early to catch the train
11. The flight to London costs 200\$.
12. Hani has planted trees in his garden
13. My father's company is in the city centre .
14. Omar has travelled to Cairo to study medicine
15. I go to the gym twice a month
16. My mother prepared a delicious meal
17. I met Maya at the cinema
18. We have been waiting for two hours .
19. Nour phoned me last night.
20. They will leave after dinner.
21. He met his friend at the library
22. Anas can't sleep because he is worried
23. He drives to work in the morning
24. Ahmad has read three novels so far.
25. My father is a professor
26. We have been learning English since 2010
27. Salem invited Jude to his party .
28. It's lama's book

طلابنا في المحافظات...  
انتظرونا بأقوى الجلسات والمكثفات  
للعام 2025

1. *When/What time* does the sport programme (often) start?
2. Whose birthday did you go to last week?
3. How long has he been running?  
For how many hours has he been running?  
For how long has he been running?  
For how much time has he been running?
4. What/Which thing have you discussed with your father?
5. How long has she been discussing the problem?
6. What was the weather like last night ?
7. Why were you late for school ?
8. How often does Tom/he go to Paris ?
9. How often / How many times does Rana cut her hair (a month)?
10. Why will Ali leave early?  
What will make Ali leave early for?
11. How much does the flight cost ?
12. What has Hani planted in his garden?
13. Where is your father's company? /In what/which place is your father's company?
14. Why has Omar travelled to Cairo?  
For what reason has Omar travelled to Cairo?  
What has made Omar travel to Cairo?
15. How often do you go to the gym?/ How many times do you go to the gym a month?
16. What did your mother prepare?
17. Where did you meet Maya?  
What place / In which place did you meet Maya?
18. How long have you been waiting?
19. Who phoned you last night?  
Who did phone you?
20. When will they leave?
21. Where did he meet his friend? - In what/ which place did he meet his friend?
22. Why can't Anas sleep?
23. When does he drive to work?
24. How many novels has Ahmad read
25. What does your father do?  
What's your father's job/profession? /  
What is the job of your father?  
What job/work does your father do?
26. How long have you been learning English?
27. Who/Whom did Salem invite to his party?
28. Whose book is it/this?

## البحث عن الخطأ:

عنا حوالي 10 افكار رئيسية، رح تعرفوهن وتشوفوا مثال على كل فكرة منهن:

(1) إضافة s للفعل بالحاضر البسيط وتصبح es إذا انتهى الفعل ب(ss, x, o, sh, ch)

**Ex:** she say that it's very important

(2) بعد **don't, doesn't, didn't, would, will, can, could, to** منحت الفعل بالمصدر (بدون أي إضافة)

**Ex:** She didn't saw any one yesterday

(3) نضع حرف كبير بداية الجملة وبعد النقطة وللأسماء والبلدان والمدن.

**Ex:** They lived in aleppo 2006

(4) قاعدة الوحدة الخامسة، بحط أحد ضمائر الوصل بشكل خاطئ.

**Ex:** I saw Ahmad whom works here

(5) قاعدة الوحدة التاسعة ممكن يجيب خطأ في الصيغة أو الفعل.

**Ex:** Both sami and Rami is playing there

(6) قابلية الإستمرار: في عنا افعال جامدة: لا ترسم مثل: **know, understand, prefer, see, hear, love, like, want**

وكل أفعال المشاعر والأحاسيس 😊 ، وأفعال قصيرة الأمد مثل: **open, start, finish, start, leave, win** .. بس شفنا هيك أفعال وحاطين لالها ing فبتكون خطأ، لأنو هذول غير قابلات للإستمرار.. ، إذا كان السؤال أعد كتابة لازم نصح الفعل، فالقاعدة بتقلي:  
إذا كان عندي فعل من الأفعال قصيرة الأمد او الجامدة:  
- تام مستمر بصير تام.. مستمر بصير بسيط

**Ex1:** I have been starting my course

التصحيح رح يكون: I have started my course

**Ex2:** I am wanting my work

التصحيح رح يكون: I want my work

(7) صوتيات الوحدة الأولى كتير مهمات، للأتمتة ولإيجاد الخطأ: **We need some flower to make a cake**

(8) الانتباه إلى شكل الأفعال التركيبية لأن مرة جاب فعل تركيبى بس بغير حرف جر. **She put off several kilos**

(9) كلمة بسيطة ببدل بين حرفين منها أو يزيد حرف (خاصة بسؤال أعد كتابة) **/freind /laeve /ecxactly**

(10) الضمائر وخاصة صفات الملكية والمفعول به. **them children /invited she**

(11) لا يجوز أن يكون في الجملة فعلين ب **will**.

When I will see you, I'll go there

(12) نتأكد من مطابقة الفاعل مع الفعل، مفرد له فعل مساعد مفرد والعكس. **The rich has to help the poor**

(13) إضافة **ing**: إذا انتهى الفعل بساكن صوتي ساكن نضاعف الساكن الاخير ونضيف **ing**.

She was running there

(14) جملة السؤال تحتاج ? بالنهاية.

How many cats do you have.

(15) الساعة نضع قبلها **at** السنة نضع قبلها **in** اسماء الاشهر والأيام و كلمة **holdiy** نضع **on**.

(16) قبل **years days -hours** نضع **for** والتاريخ **since**

- 1) The (rich)(has) to reach (out) to (the) poor .
- 2) (I)'ll (call) you as (soon) as (I will) arrive
- 3) Plenty (of) time (were) given (to) the studen (for) the exam .
- 4) I'(m) about (too) going to Rome for (a) meeting (conference)
- 5) You will need (some)(flower) to (bake)(a) cake .
- 6) The (electricity) was (cut off) because we didn't (pay) the (bell) .
- 7) Parents (misguided)(them) children (into) choosing a wrong (career)
- 8) I (am wanting) a complete (silence) while I (try) this (test)
- 9) My mother,(that) works as (a nurse) does everything (to) make (us) happy .
- 10)I (have) come to (the) conclusion (that) nobody (care) about anything .
- 11)He (likes) to spend (his) time (with)his youngest (sun) .
- 12)(What time)(did) you (arrive) yesterday(.)
- 13)Shabab is (a) non-profit (syrian) project that (work)on rehabilitating (the skills) of young people .
- 14)I (watch) British films (on) TV, but (I'm not understanding)(the words)
- 15)He (was) (swiming ) in (the) sea when he (saw) a dolphin .
- 16)(How) is Ahmad? I (haven't)(seen)him (since) months .
- 17)She (earn)(twenty) Syrian (pounds)(a)month .
- 18)(Have) you (ever)(been) to (aleppo) before ?
- 19)Bilal should (improves )(his) computer (skills) .
- 20)The girl (who) toy (is)(broken) is (my) sister .
- 21)Sami (is)(grateful)(for)(me) help .
- 22)We (visited) the (nesting)(site) of the green (see) turtles .
- 23)(Either) the teacher (or) the (students)(are) hear .
- 24)You should put (off) your coat (as) it (is) raining .
- 25)Al-Ain (is)(a) second biggest city (in) Abu Dhabi .
- 26)A (plumber) is a person (who) job (is) to (mend) taps.
- 27)(The) (wether) (will) be fine (tomorrow) .
- 28)Either (the) teacher (nor) the (students)(are) here .
- 29)He (began)(a) new (mission) (at) 1946.
- 30)Everybody (have)(the)(right) to use (public) facilities.

- 1) The rich (have) to reach out to the poor.
- 2) I'll call you as soon as I (arrive)
- 3) Plenty of time (was) given (to) the student for the exam.
- 4) I'm about (to) going to Rome for a meeting conference.
- 5) You will need some flour to bake a cake.
- 6) The electricity was cut off because we didn't pay the( bill.)
- 7) Parents misguided (their) children into choosing a wrong career.
- 8) I (want) a complete silence while I try this test
- 9) My mother, who works as a nurse does everything to make us happy.
- 10)I have come to the conclusion that nobody (cares) about anything.
- 11)He likes to spend his time with his youngest (son)
- 12)What time did you arrive yesterday (?)
- 13)Shabab is a non-profit Syrian project that (works) on rehabilitating the skills of young people.
- 14)I watch British films on TV, but (I don't understand) (the words)
- 15)He was (swimming) in the sea when he saw a dolphin.
- 16)How is Ahmad? I haven't seen him (for) months.
- 17)She (earns) twenty Syrian pounds a month.
- 18)Have you ever been to (Aleppo) before?
- 19)Bilal should (improve) his computer skills.
- 20)The girl (whose) toy is broken is (my) sister.
- 21)Sami is grateful for (my) help.
- 22)We visited the nesting site) of the green (sea) turtles.
- 23)Either the teacher or the students are (here)
- 24)You should put (on) your coat as it is raining.
- 25)Al-Ain is (the) second biggest city in Abu Dhabi.
- 26)A plumber is a person (whose) job is to (mend) taps.
- 27)The (weather) will be fine tomorrow.
- 28)Either the teacher (or) the students are here
- 29)He began a new mission (in) 1946
- 30)Everybody (has) the right to use public facilities.

الصوتيات:

- 1) Which word is not stressed: We need to be at a four o'clock.
  - a. Need
  - b. Meeting
  - c. At
  - d. Four
- 2) If you ..... rotten food, you will get arrested.
  - a. Sale
  - b. Cell
  - c. Sell
  - d. Sold
- 3) Which word starts with a voiced sound .....
  - a. See
  - b. Sister
  - c. Church
  - d. Run
- 4) Which word ends in a /t/ sound:
  - a. Believed
  - b. Ended
  - c. Helped
  - d. Ordered
- 5) "We need to be at the meeting at four o'clock" the meaning of the sentence according to the underlined stressed word is:
  - a. The meeting is at four, not five.
  - b. You and I have to be there at four
  - c. We need to be at the meeting, so we must arrive earlier.
  - d. The meeting is at four not the match.
- 6) The (ed) in all these verbs is pronounced as /d/ except in:
  - a. phoned
  - b. talked
  - c. ordered
  - d. improved
- 7) The sound /t / is pronounced in the word:
  - a. Sister
  - b. Shirt
  - c. Zoo
  - d. Child
- 8) The (ed) in the word (dressed) is pronounced:
  - a. /t/
  - b. /d/
  - c. /id/
  - d. /dʒ/
- 9) The word which has a voiced letter in the end:
  - a. welcome
  - b. laugh
  - c. south
  - d. finish
- 10) I only ..... a sandwich .
  - a. ate
  - b. eight
  - c. eaten
  - d. at
- 11) The cyclist set off quickly on the .....
  - a. road
  - b. ride
  - c. rode
  - d. ridden
- 12) Traveling at ..... is very dangerous.
  - a. night
  - b. neat
  - c. knight
  - d. not
- 13) We have to be there at four, but the others don't. The stress is on:
  - a. We
  - b. four
  - c. there
  - d. don't
- 14) Specify when the sounds /t/ or /d/ may disappear: I watch TV most evenings; in fact I watched it for five hours last night.
  - a. fact
  - b. night
  - c. watched
  - d. evenings
- 15) He rejected her advice. The word (rejects) has stress on:
  - a. the first syllable
  - b. no syllable
  - c. the second syllable
  - d. both a and b
- 16) The sound /w/ is silent in all of the following except:
  - a. what
  - b. whole
  - c. wrong
  - d. write
- 17) The stressed syllable in (unsafe) is
  - a. un
  - b. none
  - c. safe
  - d. both a and b
- 18) The word that has a silent letter is:.....
  - a. heart
  - b. hot
  - c. hour
  - d. downhill
- 19) The verb that has the final /id/sound is:.....
  - a. painted
  - b. asked
  - c. talked
  - d. phoned
- 20) The word that has a silent letter is:
  - a. kindy
  - b. kid
  - c. kind
  - d. knee
- 21) The verb that has a final /t/sound is.....
  - a. asked
  - b. connected
  - c. ordered
  - d. painted
- 22) The word that has a final voiceless sound is:
  - a. bed
  - b. order
  - c. bet
  - d. sing
- 23) The verb that has the final /t/sound is.....
  - a. screamed
  - b. finished
  - c. believed
  - d. remind
- 24) To bake a..... shaped cake, you need some.....
  - a. flour/flower
  - b. floor /flower
  - c. flower/flour
  - d. flower/floor
- 25) The word which has a silent letter is.....
  - a. hear
  - b. tap
  - c. hour
  - d. feel
- 26) The word which has a final /id/sound is.....
  - a. wanted
  - b. washed
  - c. helped
  - d. loved
- 27) The word which has a silent letter is.....
  - a. sat
  - b. sand
  - c. direct
  - d. listen
- 28) The word that has a silent letter is.....
  - a. sheep
  - b. open
  - c. paint
  - d. psychology
- 29) The word that has the final /t/sound is:
  - a. started
  - b. asked
  - c. ordered
  - d. improved
- 30) The word that has a final voiceless sound is.....
  - a. answer
  - b. young
  - c. sick
  - d. judge
- 31) The verb that has the final /id/ sound is.....
  - a. screamed
  - b. asked
  - c. believed
  - d. reminded
- 32) The word that has a final voiced sound is:
  - a. Judge
  - b. mistake
  - c. Crash
  - d. path
- 33) We usually ... our food from a shop ... the corner.
  - a. bye/buy
  - b. by/buy
  - c. buy/by
  - d. buy/bye
- 34) The word that has a final /id/ sound is:
  - a. wanted
  - b. missed
  - c. showed
  - d. laughed
- 35) The word that has a final voiceless sound is:
  - a. ring
  - b. sister
  - c. cough
  - d. maze

1	C	2	C	3	D	4	C	5	C	6	B	7	D	8	A	9	A	10	A	11	A	12	A
13	A	14	C	15	c	16	A	17	C	18	C	19	A	20	D	21	A	22	C	23	B	24	C
25	C	26	A	27	D	28	D	29	A	30	C	31	D	32	A	33	C	34	A	35	C		

## حروف الجر

- 1) She watched him walk ..... the platform.  
a. at      b. onto      c. in      d. into
- 2) He got into his car and drove ..... Hama to Homs.  
a. off      b. out of      c. into      d. from
- 3) The monkey escaped from its cage and jumped ..... the lake.  
a. onto      b. into      c. on      d. off
- 4) It took a long time to get the monkey ..... the lake.  
a. onto      b. into      c. from      d. out of
- 5) They took the monkey back ..... its cage.  
a. onto      b. from      c. into      d. out of
- 6) Henry drove his car ..... the beach and then he couldn't move it.  
a. onto      b. from      c. of      d. about
- 7) He couldn't move the car because the wheels sank ..... the sand.  
a. for      b. onto      c. to      d. into
- 8) In the end he needed eight people to push the car ..... the beach.  
a. off      b. onto      c. about      d. for
- 9) In the end he needed eight people to push the car back ..... the road.  
a. of      b. onto      c. into      d. for
- 10) We thought we should walk ... the bakery for breakfast because it is such a beautiful day.  
a. on      b. onto      c. to      d. from
- 11) The actor ran ..... the stage.  
a. in      b. during      c. of      d. onto
- 12) The actor ran ..... the stage.  
a. off      b. of      c. out in      d. for
- 13) They walked ..... the next town.  
a. too      b. to      c. on      d. down
- 14) We drove ..... London to Edinburgh  
a. to      b. from      c. on      d. into
- 15) My brother drove ..... Homs in one hour  
a. of      b. to      c. down      d. up
- 16) The vase fell ..... the table and shattered on the floor.  
a. off      b. to      c. into      d. for
- 17) She suddenly turned and crashed ..... the fence  
a. next      b. onto      c. too      d. into
- 18) What time does the flight ..... Cairo arrive?  
a. on      b. into      c. to      d. from
- 19) I slipped as I stepped ..... the platform.  
a. onto      b. into      c. to      d. on
- 20) Take your hands ..... your pockets and help me.  
a. from      b. to      c. for      d. out of
- 21) We moved the chairs ..... my bedroom  
a. with      b. into      c. onto      d. about
- 22) I'm afraid ..... spiders.  
a. of      b. at      c. in      d. with
- 23) Laila is angry ..... her little brother.  
a. of      b. at      c. in      d. with
- 24) Mike is brilliant ..... maths.  
a. of      b. at      c. in      d. with
- 25) She was sick ..... cleaning dishes.  
a. Of      b. at      c. in      d. with
- 26) My brother is used ..... working at night.  
a. of      b. at      c. in      d. to
- 27) Are you pleased ..... Anna's exam result?  
a. of      b. at      c. about      d. with
- 28) Mike is good ..... maths.  
a. of      b. at      c. in      d. with
- 29) He's very keen ..... chess. (2022)  
a. of      b. at      c. on      d. with
- 30) Tom was busy ..... his work.  
a. of      b. at      c. in      d. with
- 31) My grandfather is careless ..... his money.  
a. of      b. at      c. in      d. with
- 32) The people were grateful ..... our help  
a. of      b. for      c. in      d. with
- 33) The parents were proud ..... their child's achievement.  
a. of      b. at      c. in      d. with
- 34) Are you sure ..... the information he just given you?  
a. of      b. at      c. about      d. with
- 35) He will stay ..... home.  
a. with      b. to      c. in      d. about
- 36) Don't worry ..... your life problem.  
a. on      b. with      c. in      d. about
- 37) Mohammed head ..... the citadel.  
a. to      b. in      c. about      d. one
- 38) Samih moved ..... new house.  
a. on      b. to      c. about      d. in

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
B	D	B	D	C	A	D	A	B	C	D	A	B
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
B	B	A	D	D	A	D	B	A	D	B	A	d
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	
C	B	C	D	D	B	A	C	C	D	A	B	

المصطلحات والأفعال التركيبية:

1. He needed her help but she.....  
a. gave him pumpkins      c. had a wide face  
b. assembled the case      d. was on roll
2. The young people ..... the employed when they graduate.  
a. take a turn for the worse of      c. ace a test with  
b. are dead in. the water of      d. join the ranks of
3. They need to ..... the roof before it falls down  
(خاص بالعلمي)  
a. eat away      c. fence off  
b. shore up      d. pick. up
4. She didn't..... with her workmates.  
a. fit in      c. get into  
b. run into      d. follow through
5. Our friend almost.....when she knew her daughter was having triplets.  
a. backed the wrong horse      c. assembled the ease  
b. jumped out of her skin      d. had a wide face
6. The police have .....the crime theatre in order to start investigation. (خاص بالعلمي)  
a. fenced      c. knocked at  
b. eaten away      d. shored up
7. If you .....any trouble, just give me a call.  
a. run into      c. fit in with  
b. reach out to      d. keep up with
8. The lawyers were unable to ... against the man.  
a. beat around the bush      c. break the law  
b. assemble the case      d. be an act of God
9. You can ask for a raise directly. Don't....  
a. go under the knife      c. have a wide face  
b. ace a test      d. beat about the bush
10. Mike is.....;he's won ten tennis matches.  
a. on a roll      c. backing the wrong horse  
b. on the mend      d. at death's door
11. The roof is very old; it needs to be..... (خاص بالعلمي)  
a. got into      c. shored up  
b. fit in      d. looked up
12. You should..... what you promised to do.  
a. break down      c. run off  
b. follow through      d. came in
13. She looks like she has..... several kilos.  
a. come across      c. run into  
b. put on      d. got out
14. The towel is on the floor. Please.....  
a. pick it up      c. fit it in  
b. get it through      d. keep up with it
15. It was proved that the fire was.....  
a. assembling the case      c. an act of God  
b. on a roll      d. acing a test
16. If you support a failure, you will.....  
a. beat around the bush      c. break the law  
b. back the wrong horse      d. speak your mind
17. I think we'll be good friends. We both.....  
a. give him pumpkins      c. have a wide face  
b. assemble the case      d. are on a roll
18. There is some chocolate in the fridge. Could you..... it..... please?  
a. come-back      c. put-on  
b. set-off      d. get-out
19. He thinks he would ..... if he admitted the mistake  
a. save his face      c. have a wide face  
b. break bread with      d. flash a light
20. The doorbell made him.....  
a. jump out his skin      c. speak his mind  
b. follow his heart      d. a pain in the neck
21. She..... at the speaker with some sharp words.  
a. came back      c. picked up  
b. got out      d. put on
22. Why should I change my habits to..... their way of life?  
a. follow through      c. fit it with  
b. read out      d. drive off
23. My car is broken down. Could you..... me a lift.  
a. meet      b. give      c. take      d. push
24. Don't ..... I think he will lose the match.  
a. back the wrong horse      c. work by the book  
b. ace a test      d. be on a roll
25. Sami and I are very close. We ..... together.  
a. go under the knife      c. lose face  
b. break bread      d. assemble the case
26. The engineer ..... the machines ..... before he left.  
a. ran / into      c. followed / through  
b. got / into      d. checked / over
27. I can always ..... you if you have a problem at work.  
a. look up      c. drive into  
b. reach out to      d. put on
28. We are close friends. We ..... together.  
a. break bread      c. back the wrong horse  
b. give pumpkins      d. beat around the bush
29. Laila has ..... yoga recently.  
a. run into      c. driven into  
b. reached out to      d. got into
30. Can you ..... me a lift to the nearest garage?  
a. take      b. give      c. run      d. meet
31. Our neighbours were grateful ..... our help.  
a. for      b. onto      c. from      d. into

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
A	D	B	C	B	A	A	B	D	A	C	B	B	A	C	B
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	
C	D	A	A	A	C	B	A	B	D	B	A	D	B	A	

## الإنكليزية اليومية:

- 1) Your little brother has got low marks in the exam  
 a. I am sorry about that      c. Well done.  
 b. I'm proud of him .      d. Congratulations
- 2) Robert: I'd like to speak to Mr. George please.  
 Receptionist: Certainly..... ,  
 a. I'll put you through.  
 b. can I take a message?  
 c. could you repeat the number?  
 d. Hello, Tawfeeq Ahmad is talking.
- 3) Ali: My team has won the final in a football competition. Bashar..... :  
 a. I'm sorry about what happened  
 b. We are proud of you.  
 c. You mustn't let this depress you  
 d. I've no doubt you'll do much better next time
- 4) To give advice to your friend for being a heavy smoker, you say.....  
 a. OK. I can't stop smoking  
 b. Yes, you are right, I'll do that.  
 c. You had better quit smoking.  
 d. I'm not sure. May be I could
- 5) You are in a railway carriage. It's crowded and hot. All the windows are closed. What do you say?  
 a. Help yourself  
 b. Would you mind if I open the window?  
 c. If I were you, I would open the window  
 d. You must open the window
- 6) "A friend tells you she's going to have her hair dyed orange" what is the possible response?  
 a. You're going to do what?  
 b. If you wouldn't mind  
 c. Ok. I can do that  
 d. The line is engaged
- 7) You are at a café. A waiter comes and offers you some tea. Choose the best answer:  
 a. Yes, please some more tea  
 b. Would you like some more tea?  
 c. It's Ok some more tea  
 d. No, thank you some more tea
- 8) You are in a launderette the instructions on the washing machine are not clear. Ask for being:  
 a. I'm sorry about what happened  
 b. Please forgive me  
 c. Can you explain the instructions for me?  
 d. I'm proud of you
- 9) Mr. Khaled. After such a certificate, you must feel on top of the world. Choose the best answer which express modesty:  
 a. Oh, it was nothing really, nothing at all  
 b. I'm sorry about what happened  
 c. OK, I can do that  
 d. I'm sure this won't happen again
- 10) Your friend is a heavy smoker, choose the best answer which refers to giving advice:  
 a. You should quit smoking because it harms your health.  
 b. Yes, you're right. I'll do that.  
 c. If I were you, I would start playing sport.  
 d. You shouldn't quit smoking.
- 11) Your school team has won the final in football competition in your area. Choose the best answer which expresses congratulation:  
 a. Congratulation  
 b. I'm sorry about what happened  
 c. I'm sure this won't happen again  
 d. I've a doubt that you'll do much better next time.
- 12) A: I can honestly say that it was a great job what you have done so far.  
 B:.....  
 a. I am afraid I have complaint to make  
 b. I am sorry I can't decide yet  
 c. that's very kind of you  
 d. try to practice more
- 13) A: What about joining our new project, Tareq?  
 B:.....  
 a. You mustn't let this depress you  
 b. I'm sorry to bother you  
 c. I will, with pleasure  
 d. sorry if will be fixed
- 14) A: I Will the team win the match.  
 B:.....  
 a. I'm not sure      c. well done!  
 b. I'm sorry about it      d. keep it up
- 15) A: Do you mind if I take a day off?  
 B:.....  
 a. You're right      c. Congratulations  
 b. It's OK      d. You are exaggerating
- 16) A: I've got low marks in the exam  
 B:.....  
 a. We are proud of you  
 b. you can't decide yet  
 c. You mustn't let this depress you  
 d. well down!

17) A: My brother has won the prize.

B:.....

- a. I'm sorry                      c. It's inconvenient  
b. How amazing!                d. this won't happen again

18) A: I don't speak English well.

B:.....

- a. How amazing!                c. Well down  
b. May be you are right        d. Try to practice more

19) A: Would you mind if I borrow your ruler?

B:.....

- a. Honestly, you are right      c. Good news  
b. No problem                    d. How amazing!

20) A: The bill you sent me is incorrect!

B:.....

- a. well down!                    c. you deserve this honour  
b. sorry, it will be fitted        d. congratulations

21) A: I'm going to have my hair dyed orange.

B:.....

- a. You're going to do what?  
b. You could have fooled me  
c. I've seen better designs  
d. Try to attend a course

22) A: I passed my driving test!

B:.....

- a. I'm sorry                      c. Don't be depressed  
b. Congratulations              d. You can make it later

23) A: The bath in your hotel is full of spiders.

B:.....

- a. I'm awfully sorry              c. I deserve this honour  
b. Well down!                    d. Not just at the moment

24) A: Would you like some more tea?

B:.....

- a. We are proud of you        c. Congratulations  
b. I'm sorry about that        d. I'd love some

25) Ali: I won the competition

Rami:.....

- a. We are proud of you        c. It's a good idea  
b. I can't decide yet            d. I'm sorry for that

26) A: Does this dress look OK?

B: .....

- a. You deserve this honour  
b. Keep it up!  
c. Well, I think darker colours suit you better  
d. No, thanks!

27) A: Could you read the instructions for me?

B: .....

- a. I'll put you through  
b. Nothing at all  
c. That's very kind of you!  
d. Yes, of course.

28) A: My sister had a new baby last week

B: .....

- a. You deserve this honour  
b. No problem  
c. Maybe you're right  
d. Congratulations!

29) A: Our team couldn't win the match without you

B: .....

- a. I can't decide yet  
b. OK. I can do that  
c. Oh, you're exaggerating  
d. It might work

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
A	A	C	C	B	A	C	C	A	A	A	C	C	D	B
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
C	B	D	B	B	A	B	A	D	A	C	D	D	C	



- 22) Hama, being an ancient city, ..... the past and present everywhere you walk there.  
 a. combination                      c. combinable  
 b. combinational                    d. combines
- 23) Both Ali and Mary are ..... today.  
 a. absence                              c. absently  
 b. absent                                d. absences
- 24) In economics, voluntary ..... is unpaid.  
 a. employed                            c. employment  
 b. employer                            d. employ
- 25) What are your classmates' .....?  
 a. national                              c. nationality  
 b. nation                                d. nationally
- 26) Citizenship is ..... in a political community.  
 a. member                              c. members  
 b. membership                        d. memberships
- 27) Civic ..... is what citizens are expected to demonstrate in their daily lives.  
 a. Behave                                c. behavior  
 b. Behaved                              d. misbehave
- 28) She was too young to vote in the national .....  
 a. elect                                    c. elected  
 b. electing                                d. election
- 29) Patriotism is love of and ..... to one's country.  
 a. devotion                              c. devote  
 b. devoted                                d. devoting
- 30) ..... is an essential factor for making any success in life.  
 a. motivate                              c. motivated  
 b. motivation                            d. motivational
- 31) He should be able to solve the problem. He's reasonably .....  
 a. Intelligence                        c. intelligent  
 b. Intelligently                        d. unintelligent
- 32) Before going to the airport, you should check your travel .....  
 a. required                                c. require  
 b. requires                                d. requirements
- 33) Many colors are used in the national flag. Each has a specific .....  
 a. symbol                                 c. symbolic  
 b. symbolise                            d. symbolically
- 34) The necklace would be worth over SYP 500,000 at ..... prices.  
 a. current                                 c. currently  
 b. currents                                d. currency
- 35) After finishing secondary school, he's going to ..... in medicine.  
 a. specialty                              c. specialization  
 b. specialist                              d. specialize

1	C	2	A	3	A	4	D	5	C
6	C	7	B	8	A	9	B	10	D
11	A	12	D	13	A	14	B	15	B
16	B	17	A	18	B	19	C	20	B
21	D	22	D	23	B	24	C	25	C
26		27	C	28	D	29	A	30	B
31	C	32	D	33	A	34	A	35	D





- 27) His plan seemed very good ..... but it didn't work out the way we wanted it to  
**a-** in theory                      **c-** in the long run  
**b-** between the lines            **d-** on and off
- 28) They used to have ..... relationships, but at the moment they're seeing each other quite often  
**a-** in the long run                **c.** on and off  
**b-** in theory                        **d.** in advance
- 29) Many tropical plants and animals are ..... of becoming extinct over the next few decades  
**a-** in advance                      **c.** in the long run  
**b-** at risk                            **d.** between the lines
- 30) if you read ..... you will clearly see what he means.  
**a-** in the long run                **c.** between the lines  
**b-** at risk                            **d.** in theory
- 31) it will take some time, but ..... all schools will be equipped with modern technology.  
**a-** in the long run                **b.** between the lines  
**b-** at risk                            **d.** in theory
- 32) He was as brave as a lion  
**a-** simile  
**b-** metaphor  
**c-** personification
- 33) "All the world's a stage and all the men and women merely players: they have their exits and their entrances"  
**a-** simile  
**b-** metaphor  
**c-** personification
- 34) "Death lays its icy hands – on king"  
**a-** simile  
**b-** metaphor  
**c-** personification
- 35) "My love is like a red rose"  
**a-** simile  
**b-** metaphor  
**c-** personification
- 36) He is a lion  
**a-** simile  
**b-** metaphor  
**c-** personification

1	A	2	D	3	B	4	A	5	D	6	B	7	C	8	A	9	A	10	D	11	B	12	A
13	B	14	A	15	D	16	C	17	C	18	A	19	B	20	A	21	B	22	C	23	A	24	D
25	A	26	A	27	A	28	C	29	B	30	A	31	A	32	A	33	C	34	C	35	A	36	B



انكليزي بكالوريا مع محمد اليونس

A

C

B



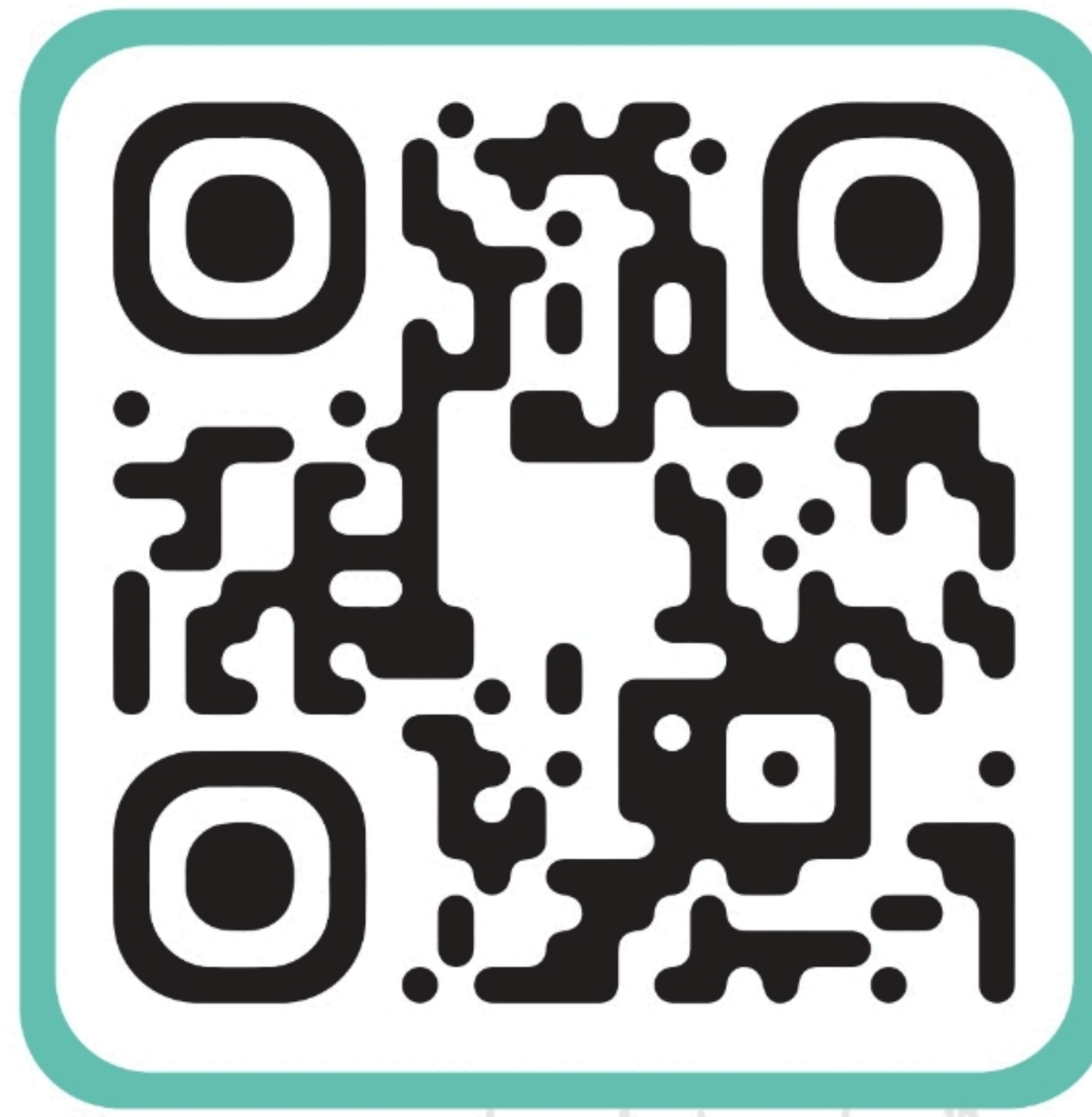
# MOHAMMED

ENGLISH TEACHER

# ALYOUNES



امسح الباركود للانضمام لقناتنا عبر التيليجرام



S

ملاحظة: هذه النسخة غير قابلة للطباعة **اطلب النوطة ورقياً** ..  
من المكتبات المذكورة في الصفحة الأولى