

A

Vocabulary & Structure

Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- "An **inclusive** society accepts diversity." "**Inclusive**" here can be replaced by
a. selfish b. included c. unfair d. welcoming e. shy
- "After the match, they **quarreled over** the referee's call." "**Quarrel over**" here can be replaced by
a. argue over b. dispute c. agree on d. reconcile e. cooperate
- They had a because no one explained the instructions clearly.
a. confusion b. misunderstanding c. agreement d. friendship e. plan
- After the match, they argue over the referee's call. "**Argue over**" here can be replaced by
a. dispute b. quarreled over c. agree on d. reconcile e. cooperate
- Students should show fairness during group activities. The opposite of fairness is.....
a. treating people equally b. winning every time c. injustice
d. honesty e. unfairness
- "**Volunteers helped resolve the conflict peacefully.**" The synonym of resolve is
a. solve b. settle c. create d. ignore e. worsen
- Inclusive communities help everyone feel **valued**. The antonym of "**valued**" is
a. respected b. appreciated c. hated d. worthless e. important
- "An **inclusive** society accepts diversity." "**Inclusive**" here can be replaced by
a. selfish b. included c. unfair d. welcoming e. shy
- "They had to **delay** the match because of bad weather." "**Delay**" here is a synonym of
a. ensure b. put off c. value d. postpone e. reflect
- "The security forces decided to **separate** the two teams." "**Separate**" here is a synonym of
a. recognition d. mentorship b. enthusiasm c. divide e. split
- "After the meeting, the teacher asked students to **gather** in the school hall." "**Gather**" here is an antonym of
a. assemble b. scatter c. collect d. meet e. disperse
- "He really **respects** his teachers." "**Respects**" here is a synonym of
a. esteem b. promote c. insult d. honor e. ignore
- Teachers in primary schools often treat the children with **compassion**. The synonyms of the word "**compassion**" are
a. joy b. sorrow c. sympathy d. empathy e. stress
- We cannot see some insects; they are really **invisible**. The opposites of "**invisible**" are
a. noticeable b. visible c. clean d. hidden e. puzzling
- Our English teacher asked me to **gather** all the notebooks. Other words for the word "**gather**" are
a. assemble b. separate c. collect d. scatter e. refuse
- Many countries have different **traditions** concerning the beginning of the spring. The antonyms of the word "**tradition**" are
a. invitation b. possibility c. innovation d. modernity e. competition
- Many parents are **inspiring** to their students. The word "**inspiring**" here means
a. confusing b. motivated c. discouraging d. encouraging e. motivating

18. "Inclusive communities help everyone feel valued.." The antonym of valued is
 a. respected b. appreciated c. hated d. worthless e. important
19. "Students should show fairness during group activities." The opposite of fairness is
 a. treating people equally b. winning every time c. injustice
 d. honesty e. unfairness
20. "Volunteers helped resolve the conflict peacefully." The synonym of resolve is
 a. solve b. settle c. create d. ignore e. worsen
21. "Art can express feelings without words." The meaning of express is
 a. show b. communicate c. hide d. cover e. silence
22. "The artist s work had a powerful impact on the audience." The synonym of impact is
 a. effect b. influence c. accident d. delay e. decoration

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

23. A civilized society respects cultural and opinion
 a. cooperation b. diversity c. fairness d. empathy
24. To is to make a person or thing part of a group, list, or total.
 a. belong b. invite c. include d. wave
25. If the team leader had welcomed the members warmly, the team valued and included.
 a. felt b. have felt c. would feel d. would have felt
26. All people included; creating a friendly, welcoming place means
 a. aggressive b. progressive c. decisive d. inclusive
27. Yesterday, I watched a documentary about the of animals in the forests and how they live together in one place.
 a. version b. dimension c. diversity d. anniversary
28. After reading the recipe, Maha prepared all the ingredients needed making the chocolate cake.
 a. from b. in c. for d. out
29. We enjoy sharing in this charity as it help for many disabled people.
 a. offers b. pretends c. disappears d. disbelieves
30. Bees always with each other to present a good example of a teamwork.
 a. cooperate b. cooperative c. cooperation d. cooperatively
31. She was over the moon when she with us in the charity.
 a. affected b. participated c. deleted d. urged
32. You cannot deny that you were unhappy when you were left.....despite your mistakes.
 a. of b. in c. up d. out
33. Treating everyone justly and equally means
 a. intelligence b. fairness c. bitterness d. forgiveness
34. We all didn't expect him to be in the main team. It was surprising!
 a. included b. forgiven c. pretended d. recycled
35. By the end each chapter of the novel, we have to do a review on it.
 a. of b. on c. in d. for
36. All the candidates should be the same chance to be able to choose the best.
 a. divided b. excluded c. got d. given
37. To is to make someone or something part of a group or total.
 a. include b. explode c. fight d. operate

38. He is so and ambitious that he can come first easily.
 a. intolerant b. unintelligent c. urgent d. confident
39. Winning this international championship needs to more great efforts.
 a. forget b. ignore c. conceal d. make
40. The new park was built to improve the quality of life for the of the area.
 a. criminals b. athletes c. residents d. traders
41. are people who help two sides solve a disagreement.
 a. Teachers b. Mediators c. Volunteers d. Bakers.
42. Noha couldn't the pressure of the final exam and felt very nervous.
 a. avoid b. forget c. control d. handle
43. He agreed to the responsibility of leading the school project.
 a. put off b. take on c. get over d. look for
44. Many can happen when people have different opinions and refuse to listen to each other.
 a. chances b. solutions c. conflicts d. meetings
45. Family are common during holidays and special celebrations.
 a. fights b. gatherings c. duties d. arguments
46. Our helped us carry the heavy boxes into the house.
 a. strangers b. neighbors c. teachers d. tourists
47. During the lesson, students to answer the questions.
 a. take turns b. run quickly c. wait silently d. jump together
48. Many cultural are held in the city every year to celebrate traditions.
 a. disagreements b. events c. tasks d. duties
49. Reading books and listening to experienced people can help you wisdom.
 a. lose b. gain c. forget d. waste
50. The principal will the students about the new school rules tomorrow.
 a. ignore b. address c. forget d. escape
51. During the meeting, each engineer was asked to a solution to the problem.
 a. do b. suggest c. deny d. celebrate
52. They finished the project faster because of good
 a. obstacles b. teamwork c. quarrels d. household
53. means creating new ideas or solutions.
 a. Campaign b. Innovation c. Note-taking d. Funding shout,
54. I can hear you well. You shout.
 a. are not permitted b. are prohibited c. aren't allowed d. don't have to
55. means creating new ideas or solutions.
 a. Innovation b. Determination c. Interpretation d. Operation
56. Life Initiative supports poor families.
 a. Determination b. Present c. Decent d. Presentation
57. Parents should increase their children's of the bad effects of taking drugs.
 a. case b. law c. preparation d. awareness
58. Don't let your work pile day after day. It's better to be always ready for it.
 a. into b. onto c. up d. down
59. His father often supports him when any difficulties in life.
 a. facing b. ignoring c. disappearing d. believing
60. Good always needs respect and harmony
 a. fight b. communication c. dispute d. challenge

61. is the first step to discovery.
 a. Habit b. Gathering c. Duty d. Curiosity
62. The phrase "No mountain is too high" means..... .
 a. people can overcome challenges b. climbing is dangerous
 c. teamwork is impossible d. nature is powerful
63. The ability to continue despite difficulties is known as
 a. enthusiasm b. innovation c. persistence d. teamwork
64. Her for learning new things inspired everyone in the class.
 a. enthusiasm b. obstacles c. cooperation d. recycling
65. A is someone who works to make positive differences in society.
 a. Change Maker b. Policy Maker c. Game Changer d. Play Maker
66. What should the title of a campaign poster ideally be?
 a. Unrelated to the topic b. Long and complicated
 c. Clear and powerful d. Funny and lovely
67. Practicing different activities helps you improve your
 a. violence b. obstacles c. skills d. enthusiasm
68. Everyone faces when trying to reach their goals. They should overcome them.
 a. obstacles b. cooperation c. recycling d. awareness
69. Success often requires hard work, patience, and
 a. perseverance b. separation c. equality d. obstacles
70. It's better to work and play to stay focused.
 a. separate b. cooperate c. join d. make
71. Designing new ideas for a project needs a lot of
 a. recycling b. violence c. awareness d. creativity
72. Anything that prevents progress is a (an)
 a. teamwork b. enthusiasm c. obstacle d. change-maker
73. Group projects are easier when there is good among members.
 a. eagerness b. enthusiasm c. recognition d. cooperation
74. thinking helps people solve problems in unique and original ways.
 a. Creative b. Destructive c. Separate d. Recycling
75. means creating new ideas or solutions.
 a. Campaign b. Innovation c. Note-taking d. Funding
76. Protecting the environment starts with recycling and raising
 a. awareness b. creativity c. permission d. skill
77. They finished the project faster because of good
 a. obstacles b. teamwork c. quarrels d. household
78. means eagerness and lively interest or enjoyment in doing something.
 a. Enthusiasm b. Innovation c. Negligence d. Separation
79. Students for the morning assembly in the school yard.
 a. echo b. gather c. raise d. reflect
80. To means to appreciate or look at something with approval.
 a. inspire b. respect c. admire d. ban
81. Showing care and kindness toward others is called
 a. cruelty b. violence c. compassion d. admiration
82. Her kind made everyone feel welcome and comfortable in the classroom.
 a. noise b. gesture c. punishment d. delay

83. The teacher's story was very and motivated students to think creatively.
 a. boring b. confusing c. **inspiring** d. dull
84. It is a family to gather together for dinner every Friday.
 a. **tradition** b. costume c. argument d. accident
85. The city's looked beautiful at sunset with all the tall buildings lit up.
 a. forest b. garden c. ocean d. **skyline**
86. The outline of buildings seen against the sky is caked a/an
 a. deadline b. **skyline** c. operation d. employee
87. It was something terrible when the fans the pitch after the match yesterday.
 a. invented b. avoided c. neglected d. **invaded**
88. During the wedding, her father tried to hide his
 a. **emotions** b. victims c. diaries d. motions
89. Don't be serious all the time. Sometimes, we need some flashes of
 a. amazement b. stress c. **humor** d. sorrow
90. That big farm was passed from my grandfather to my father and my uncle.
 a. into b. **down** c. up d. about
91. A/An means movement of hands or body used to express meaning.
 a. interview b. skyline c. passion d. **gesture**
92. We will play football at tomorrow. Would you like to join ?
 a. up b. down c. **in** d. out
93. Ali used to tales to get away from his father's punishment.
 a. **invent** b. invite c. disappoint d. discourage
94. Diseases turn into pandemics when they spread many parts of the world.
 a. of b. down c. **in** d. to
95. Many great projects have more attention to Egypt recently.
 a. **attracted** b. attacked c. distracted d. compared
96. means showing care for others.
 a. Extension b. **Compassion** c. Division d. Mission
97. It's known in many countries that pigeons peace.
 a. fights b. hate c. **symbolize** d. hinder
98. She has a bad headache as she ran revising for five hours.
 a. to b. down c. **on** d. off
99. An inclusive community makes people feel
 a. excluded b. ignored c. **welcome** d. confused
100. A person who helps solve problems between others is a/an
 a. **mediator** b. competitor c. resident d. audience
101. Public art can help people important social..... issues.
 a. forget b. ignore c. **discuss** d. hide
102. Volunteers often help improve their
 a. **community** b. routine c. schedule d. argument
103. Writing thank -you notes is a way to show
 a. **gratitude** b. punishment c. routine d. habit
104. Small acts of kindness can have a positive on others.
 a. **impact** b. delay c. accident d. mistake
105. Inclusive playgrounds encourage students to with each other .
 a. **cooperate** b. compete c. complain d. argue

106. Conflicts often happen because of
 a. agreement **b. misunderstanding** c. cooperation d. fairness
107. Our school tries to create an environment where all students feel respected.
 a. careless b. narrow c. **inclusive** d. selfish
108. The wise manager treats all employees with and respect.
 a. cruelty b. **fairness** c. laziness d. pride
109. Learning a new language requires time and
 a. **persistence** b. boredom c. translation d. negligence
110. means caring about others and wanting to help them.
 a. Jealousy b. **Compassion** c. Fear d. Laziness
111. What helps a poster look organized and easy to read?
 a. No spaces at all b. **Bullet points and clear spacing**
 c. Many different fonts in one line d. Very small writing
112. In a problem-solution paragraph, the first step is to
 a. give personal opinions b. **introduce the problem clearly**
 c. list many solutions d. end with a conclusion
113. What helps a poster look organized and easy to read ?
 a. No spaces at all b. **Bullet points and clear spacing**
 c. Many different fonts in one line d. Very small writing
114. Which linking word is best used to show a result in problem-solution writing ?
 a. because b. although c. **as a result** d. meanwhile
115. When designing a campaign poster, the writer should
 a. use long paragraphs with many details
 b. **focus on a clear message and a strong call to action**
 c. avoid using colors and images d. include unrelated information

B **Structure**

116. If I lived in Alexandria, I a walk along the sea every night.
 a. have b. will have c. **would have** d. would have had
117. If you have a cold,
 a. should see a doctor b. **see a doctor**
 c. don't see a doctor d. didn't see a doctor
118. enough time, I'd help you with my homework.
 a. Have I b. **Had I** c. Have I had d. Had I had
119. If it weren't for his father, he that job.
 a. will get b. won't get c. **wouldn't get** d. would have got
120. enough time, I'd have helped you with my homework yesterday.
 a. Have I b. Had I c. Have I had d. **Had I had**
121. she to come, she would enjoy nice time.
 a. **Were** b. Had c. Should d. Could
122. Take your lunch box with you to the club you are hungry.
 a. unless b. without c. **in case** d. should
123. Would you join that club if you enough time?
 a. have b. **had** c. had had d. were having
124. If he hadn't done his homework on time, he would
 a. be punished b. have punished
 c. punish d. **have been punished**

125. If you enough time, would you like to come to the cinema with us?
 a. have b. had c. had had d. were having
126. they finish their task, they won't call you.
 a. Were b. Unless c. Could d. Had
127. If the team leader had welcomed the members warmly, the team would have felt valued and included, but he
 a. hadn't b. doesn't c. didn't d. had
128. If I read in bed, I asleep. It's my habit.
 a. should fall b. fall c. will fall d. would fail
129. Iron if you leave it in the open air.
 a. rust b. will rust c. rusts d. would rust
130. If Egypt had a lot of rain, it a lot more trees.
 a. would have b. will have c. had had d. may have
131. I would have that mobile if I enough money.
 a. had had b. had c. have had d. would have
132. Adel that phone if it hadn't been so expensive.
 a. might buy b. might have bought c. will have bought d. had bought
133. If you red and green paint, you get brown paint.
 a. mixed b. will mix c. had mixed d. mix
134. You buy any bread, Hamza. I have bought it.
 a. mustn't b. needn't c. should d. have to
135. Friends help each other in need.
 a. needn't b. have c. don't have to d. should
136. My mother is preparing lunch. You join her.
 a. don't need to b. shouldn't c. must d. had to
137. It's illegal to park here. You park here.
 a. mustn't b. needn't c. have to d. should
138. She leave her work early as her husband was ill.
 a. had to b. must c. shouldn't d. needn't
139. I can hear you well. You shout.
 a. are not permitted b. are prohibited c. aren't allowed d. don't have to
140. Students work together to achieve common goals.
 a. must b. shouldn't c. can't d. don't have to
141. Students respect others to build a caring community.
 a. can't b. shouldn't c. must d. don't have to
142. Sara work very hard at university to achieve her goals.
 a. might b. must c. can d. had to
143. They test the app carefully before releasing it to users.
 a. must b. can c. might d. should
144. We wait for permission to start a good project - just begin!
 a. must b. don't have to c. might d. should
145. My uncle has stayed with me for a month, but now he to leave.
 a. is wanting b. wants c. wanted d. will want
146. I enjoy hearing Arabic music, and most of the food here really good!
 a. is tasted b. is tasting c. tasting d. tastes.
147. Most scientists that the world is getting hotter.
 a. are thinking b. are thought c. think d. thinks

148. Nada's little sister very helpful today. That's nice!
 a. is b. is being c. had been d. will be
149. We are having lunch now. The verb "have" here is a / an verb.
 a. order b. sense c. action d. command
150. I a little boy in the room. He is sleeping on the sofa.
 a. am seeing b. saw c. can see d. had seen
151. I was thirsty, so my mother gave me a glass cold water.
 a. is containing b. contains c. contain d. containing
152. The old man 3 kilos of rice now.
 a. weigh b. weighs c. is weighing d. weighing
153. What of the English novel this year?
 a. are you thinking b. you are thinking c. do you think d. were you thinking
154. My father has bought a new blanket. It really soft.
 a. feels b. feel c. is feeling d. are feeling
155. Sameh used to have a small house, but now he a bigger one.
 a. had b. is having c. having d. has
156. The bag of rice in the kitchen 5 kilograms.
 a. weigh b. weighs c. is weighing d. weighing
157. What about now?
 a. are you thinking b. you are thinking c. do you think d. you think
158. We should help him as he difficulties with his project now.
 a. is having b. has c. has had d. was having
159. Sameh lunch with his family now.
 a. have b. has c. is having d. have had
160. This documentary exciting! You should watch it!
 a. is sounding b. sounds c. sound d. is sound
161. This juice nice. Would you like some?
 a. taste b. tastes c. is tasting d. is being tasted
162. The flower you gave ten minutes ago very good.
 a. smells b. is smelling c. was smelling d. isn't smelling
163. If people treat each other with respect, communities stronger.
 a. become b. became c. will become d. would become
164. Students work together to achieve common goals.
 a. must b. shouldn't c. can't d. don't have to
165. If he read the newspaper, he all the current news.
 a. would know b. will know c. knows d. 'd have known
166. He had to come early because it necessary.
 a. is b. was c. will be d. had
167. Most scientists that the world is getting hotter.
 a. believes b. are believing c. believe d. has believed
168. I a little boy in the room. He is sleeping on the sofa.
 a. am seeing b. saw c. can see d. had seen
169. Students respect others to build a caring community.
 a. must b. shouldn't c. can't d. don't have to
170. If everyone follows the rules, activities fair.
 a. will remain b. remained c. would remain d. had remained

171. You believe in yourself if you want to make a difference in technology.
 a. don't have to b. mustn't c. **must** d. need
172. I a little boy in the room. He is sleeping on the sofa.
 a. am seeing b. saw c. **can see** d. had seen
173. If he read the questions well, he them correctly.
 a. **would answer** b. will answer c. answers d. 'd have answered
174. Children climb trees in a public park.
 a. **mustn't** b. must c. should d. don't have to
175. If the money he had enough, he would have bought the car.
 a. had b. been c. **had been** d. were

C Writing

Rewrite the sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Water won't boil unless it is heated. (If)
 - If water is heated, it boils.
2. If I get up early, I will catch the 6:00 o'clock bus. (unless)
 - I won't catch the 6:00 o'clock bus unless I get up early.
3. It's necessary to renew your passport. (have to)
 - You have to renew your passport.
4. You mustn't ignore school rules. (forbidden)
 - It is forbidden to ignore school rules.
5. Is it necessary for them to come at 5 o'clock? (Do....?)
 - Do they have to come at 5 o'clock?
6. You had to attend the meeting yesterday. (necessary)
 - It was necessary for you to attend the meeting yesterday.
7. She regretted refusing the new job. (should)
 - She should not have refused the new job.
8. They needn't wash their car again. (don't)
 - They don't need to wash their car again.
9. It's necessary for me to come on time. (must)
 - I must come on time.
10. You mustn't drive without fastening your seatbelt. (forbidden)
 - It is forbidden to drive without fastening your seatbelt.
11. You should have a healthy diet. (If)
 - If you want to stay healthy, you should have a healthy diet.
12. It's necessary for students not to waste their time. (mustn't)
 - Students mustn't waste their time.
13. It's forbidden to drive a car without a driving licence. (must)
 - You must not drive a car without a driving licence.
14. Drivers must follow traffic rules. (necessity)
 - It is a necessity for drivers to follow traffic rules.
15. It's a good idea to help with the housework. (should)
 - You should help with the housework.
16. You shouldn't stay up late. (inadvisable)
 - It is inadvisable to stay up late.
17. It's a must for Adham to take the medicine on time. (has to)
 - Adham has to take the medicine on time.

18. **My father doesn't like eating pizza.** (enjoys)
 - My father never enjoys eating pizza.
19. **Zeinab thinks the homework is difficult.** (seems)
 - Zeinab thinks the homework seems difficult.
20. **Amal doesn't own this tablet.** (belong)
 - This tablet doesn't belong to Amal.
21. **He is behaving strangely today.** (being)
 - He is being strange today.
22. **Fresh food is delicious** (tastes)
 - Fresh food tastes delicious.
23. **My bag has five books.** (There...)
 - There are five books in my bag.
24. **The red bag is Nada's** (owns)
 - Nada owns the red bag.
25. **My father doesn't like eating pizza.** (enjoys)
 - My father never enjoys eating pizza.
26. **Ola is the owner of the house.** (belongs)
 - The house belongs to Ola.
27. **Ali's car has a nice smell.** (smells)
 - Ali's car smells nice.
28. **Ali likes playing football better than watching it.** (prefers)
 - Ali prefers playing football to watching it.
29. **I think this answer is correct.** (seems)
 - This answer seems correct to me.
30. **Zeinab thinks the homework is difficult.** (seems)
 - The homework seems difficult to Zeinab.
31. **He is nervous these days.** (being)
 - He is being nervous these days.
32. **The box weighs five kilograms.** (weight)
 - The weight of the box is five kilograms.
33. **There are two rooms in Ali's house.** (contains)
 - Ali's house contains two rooms.
34. **I prefer drinking tea to coffee.** (better than)
 - I like drinking tea better than coffee.
35. **Amal doesn't own this tablet.** (belong)
 - This tablet doesn't belong to Amal.
36. **You have to follow the rules, otherwise you will be punished.** (If)
 - If you don't follow the rules, you will be punished.
37. **You needn't finish the report today.** (be)
 - The report needn't be finished today
38. **He doesn't help others, so people don't trust him.** (If)
 - If he helped others, people would trust him

D Translation

Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d.

٣٩. تسهم المشروعات القومية الكبرى التي يجري تنفيذها في كل أنحاء مصر في حل الكثير من المشكلات الاقتصادية. وتوفير فرص عمل للشباب الطامح إلى حياة أفضل.

- a. The major international projects that are being implanted throughout Egypt contribute to solving many economic problems and providing job opportunities for youth aspiring to a better life.
- b. The major national projects that are being implemented throughout Egypt contribute to solve many economic problems and provide job opportunities for youth aspiring to a better life.
- c. The major national projects that are being implemented throughout Egypt contribute to solving many economic problems and providing job opportunities for youth aspiring to a better life.
- d. The major global projects that are being implemented throughout Egypt contribute to solving many economical problems and providing job opportunities for youth aspiring to a better life.

٤٠. الماء أصل الحياة لذا يجب أن نحافظ على كل قطرة ماء. فلا تفسد البيئة بتلويث مياه النيل.

- a. Life is the source of water. We should save every drop of it; so don't spoil the environment by polluting the water of the Nile.
- b. Water is the origin of life. We should keep water and protect the environment by not polluting the water of Nile.
- c. Water is the source of life. We must keep every drop of it; so we should protect environment by not polluting the water of the Nile.
- d. Water is the origin of life. We should keep every drop of it; so don't spoil the environment by polluting the water of the Nile.

٤١. الاحتباس الحراري هو الزيادة في درجة الحرارة في النظام المناخي للأرض. فهو مظهر رئيسي للتغير المناخي.

- a. Global warming is the long-term rise in the average heat of the Earth's climate system. It is a major aspect of climate change.
- b. Global warming is the long-term rise in the average temperature of the Earth's climate system. It is a major aspect of climate change.
- c. Global warming is the long-term rise in the average heat of the Earth's climate system. It is a minor aspect of climate change.
- d. Global warming is the long-term rise in the average heat of the Earth's weather system. It is a major aspect of climate change.

Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d:

42. It has always been said that failure is instructive. The person who is really intelligent learns much more from his failures than from his successes.

- أ- يقال دائما أن الفشل مفيد، فالشخص الذكي فعلا يتعلم من إخفاقاته أكثر بكثير من نجاحاته.
- ب- يقال دائما أن الفشل مر، فالشخص الذكي فعلا يتعلم من إخفاقاته أكثر بكثير من نجاحاته.
- ج- يقال دائما أن الفشل مستفيد، فالشخص الذكي فعلا يتعلم من إخفاقاته أكثر بكثير من نجاحاته.
- د- يقال دائما أن الفشل مفيد، فالشخص الذكي فعلا يتعلم من إخفاقاته أقل بكثير من نجاحاته.

43. We should bring up children in good manners to be good citizens So they will be able to achieve progress and development.

- أ- يجب علينا أن نربي الأطفال على الأخلاق الجيدة ليكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتى يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتعليم
- ب- ينبغي علينا أن لا نربي الأطفال على الأخلاق الجيدة ليكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتى يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتنمية
- ج- يجب علينا أن نربي الأطفال على الأخلاق الجيدة حتى لا يكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتى يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتنمية
- د- ينبغي علينا أن نربي أطفالنا على الأخلاق الجيدة ليكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتى يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتنمية

44. Traveling abroad is not an aim in itself but it helps us communicate with other countries and peoples.

- أ. إن السفر للخارج ليس هدفا في حد ذاته، ولكنه يساعدنا على التواصل مع الشعوب الأخرى.
- ب. إن السفر للخارج ليس هدفا في حد ذاته، ولكنه يساعدنا على التواصل مع الدول الأخرى.
- ج. إن السفر للخارج يعتبر هدفا في حد ذاته، وقد يساعدنا على التواصل مع الدول والشعوب الأخرى.
- د. إن السفر للخارج ليس هدفا في حد ذاته، ولكنه يساعدنا على التواصل مع الدول والشعوب الأخرى.

45. Most people agree that there is no place like home. It is more than just a place to stay in, it is part one's life and personality.

- أ. يتفق معظم الناس أنه لا يوجد مكان مثل الوطن. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.
- ب. يتفق معظم الناس أنه لا يوجد مكان مثل المنزل. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.
- ج. يتفق معظم الناس أنه يوجد مكان مثل المنزل. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.
- د. اتفق معظم الناس أنه لا يوجد مكان مثل المنزل. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.

Write an essay of about (180) words on the following topic:

How can we be beneficial to our community?

.....

.....

.....

Write your own campaign poster about

"recycling".

.....

.....

.....

F **The Novel**

Around the World in Eighty Days

Answer the following questions:

1. Why do you think Passepartout joined the acrobats?
- Passepartout joined the acrobats to survive and earn money.
2. Why was missing the Carantic a serious problem?
- Because it delayed their journey to Yokohama.
3. Why did Phileas Fogg reward John Bunsby generously?
- For helping them reach Shanghai quickly.
4. Do you think the storm was both a danger and a hope? Why / Why not?
- Yes, because it could sink the boat, but a hope because surviving it would help them continue.
5. Why did Phileas Fogg feel responsible for Aouda?
- She was alone and he promised to protect her.
6. Why is Fogg's moral decision to care for Aouda significant for the story's message?
- Fogg's decision to care for Aouda shows that kindness and humanity are more important than money or time.
7. What does Fix's deception tell us about the role of law and morality in the story?
- Fix's deception shows that following the law is not always the same as doing what is right.

8. **How does Aouda's inclusion in the journey challenge Fogg's original plan?**
- Aouda's presence changes Fogg's plan because he starts to care about someone, not just his journey.
9. **Why do you think Fogg remains calm even when the journey faces delays?**
- Because he is patient and believes he can solve problems step by step.
10. **In what way does the inclusion of Fix on the journey create tension and suspense?**
- Fix's presence creates tension because he secretly tries to stop Fogg while pretending to be friendly.
11. **Why do you think Phileas Fogg stayed calm during the arrest instead of arguing?**
- Because he was calm, disciplined, and knew arguing would waste time.
12. **In your opinion, why did Phileas Fogg stay calm despite losing time ?**
- Because he trusted his plan and believed staying calm was better than panic.
13. **Why was the whale incident especially stressful for Fix?**
- Because any delay might prevent him from arresting Fogg in time.

