

ENGLISH PLUS

G8



FINAL 2026
REVISION



Mr. Brain Academy



+20 106 975 2133

Hello plus 8 "final Revision"

1-Read and complete the following text with the words in the box:

Omar and Sara are talking about technology.

Omar: Hi Sara! Do you like using tablets at school?

Sara: Yes, I do. They help me learn faster.

Omar: 1. ?

Sara: Yes, they sometimes distract me.

Omar: 2. ?

Sara: Yes, I use my tablet to do that.

Omar: 3.

Sara: I know! I don't use it for games all the time.

Omar: 4.

Sara: That is smart. I try to balance.

Omar: 5.

Sara: Definitely. Technology is great!

Amal and Mazen are talking about life in the future.

Amal: Hi Mazen! Do you think we will have flying cars one day?

Mazen: Maybe! It could be fun.

Amal: 1. ?

Mazen: Yes, I think so. Life on other planets will be amazing.

Amal: 2. ?

Mazen: Sure! We will depend on robots.

Amal: 3.

Mazen: True, but new jobs will come.

Amal: 4.

Mazen: Yes, it will be important to study new technologies.

Amal: 5.

Mazen: I think so!



Adam asks Noor about compost.

Adam: Hi Noor! Do you know what compost is?

Noor: Yes, it is food waste that becomes soil.

Adam: 1. ?

Noor: Yes, we use it to grow plants.

Adam: 2. ?

Noor: Yes, it's very helpful.

Adam: Is it easy to get it?

Noor: 3.

Adam: 4.

Noor: Sure. It helps the planet.

Adam: 5.

Noor: I agree.

Lila and Jana are talking about poems.

Lila: Hi Jana! Do you like writing poetry?

Jana: Yes, it is very fun.

Lila: 1. ?

Jana: Yes, they can tell stories and feelings.

Lila: 2.

Jana: I love rhymes.

Lila: 3. ?

Jana: Sure. I learn good lessons from poems.

Lila: Does reading poetry improve imagination?

Jana: 4.

Lila: Can anyone write poems?

Jana: 5.



Noor and Israa are talking about saving the environment.

Noor: Hi Israa! Do you recycle at home?

Israa: Yes, we separate plastic and paper.

Noor: 1.

Israa: That is true.

Noor: 2. ?

Israa: Planting trees is a great idea.

Noor: 3. ?

Israa: People should save water and electricity.

Noor: 4.

Israa: That is sad. Pollution is very harmful.

Noor: 5.

Omar and Laila are talking about their aquarium visit.

Omar: Hi Laila! Did you enjoy the aquarium?

Laila: Yes, sure.

Omar: 1. ?

Laila: The coral reef was colorful and beautiful.

Omar: 2. ?

Laila: Yes, the dolphins were very fun.

Omar: What about the guide?

Laila: 3.

Omar: What do aquariums teach people?

Laila: 4.

Omar: 5.

Laila: Me too!



goods - Poetry - Manufacturing - technology - energy - products

Trade helps countries grow and develop. Countries sell and buy 1. _____ with each other to meet people's needs. 2. _____ turns raw materials into useful items, such as clothes, machines, and food. Modern 3. _____ makes trade and production faster and more efficient. Factories need 4. _____ to operate, including electricity, fuel, and other sources. People use many 5. _____ every day, from household items to electronics.

2-Choose the correct word between two brackets :

1. It sounds like an amazing adventure, _____?
(does it - isn't it - is it - doesn't it)
2. That isn't something you'd want to miss, _____ it?
(is - isn't - did - aren't)
3. You'd love to see colorful fish, turtles and coral reefs, _____?
(would you - wouldn't you - are you - don't you)
4. Water is always in a journey called water _____.
(wheel - melon - cycle - suit)
5. I am _____ my classmates about wild animals that they have seen.
(interviewing - feeding - playing - fishing)
6. Lake Burullus is a large coastal _____ in northern Egypt.
(desert - island - airport - lagoon)
7. Desertification can lead to _____ and poverty.
(hunger - happiness - improvement - profit)
8. Every living thing needs water to _____.
(travel - die - survive - swim)
9. Wadi El Rayan National Park is known for its amazing _____ and wildlife.
(population - charities - capitals - landscapes)



10. One of the best places to see coral reefs is Ras Mohammed _____ Park.

(National - Fictional - Virtual - Special)

11. We learned about things can be done to _____ plastic pollution.

(hide - cover - remove - float)

12. _____ means an experience that was so exciting or interesting that it is hard to forget.

(Forgettable - Unforgettable - Silly - Boring)

13. _____ is to swim under the water with a special tube for breathing.

(Snorkel - Die - Drown - Improve)

14. The government wants to support local _____ by giving factories lower taxes and better machines.

(industry - education - medicine - culture)

15. Our village can _____ more oranges if farmers improve the quality and packaging.

(ignore - store - borrow - export)

16. Wind power is _____ energy because it doesn't run out like oil.

(renewable - harmful - limited - expensive)

17. Many people visit Aswan for _____ and to see famous places.

(tourism - homework - punishment - silence)

18. Many people work in manufacturing - they _____ goods in factories.

(produce - introduce - fail - bake)

19. We also make and export _____ materials such as iron, steel and cement.

(finance - education - construction - tourism)

20. Many people work in manufacturing; they produce _____ in factories.

(crops - stones - goods - rocks)

21. _____ is very important because many people want to visit our beautiful country.

(Industry - Manufacturing - Fashion - Tourism)

22. Factories can make a lot of _____, which is bad for the environment.

(population - pollution - goods - fashion)



23. We should try to use _____ energy such as solar power.

(useless - ugly - renewable - recyclable)

24. What are the _____ and disadvantages of manufacturing?

(demerits - cons - advantages - defaults)

25. Think about all the clothes in your _____. What happens when you no longer need them?

(kitchen - backpack - wardrobe - cinema)

26. One major _____ of studying online is that you can learn at your own pace.

(mistake - advantage - habit - doubt)

27. After months of training, the team's _____ was clear when they won the final match.

(failure - success - danger - silence)

28. The brochure explains the _____ of the project and how it will help the community.

(background - purpose - season - journey)

29. Cory Nieves used simple recipes and _____ in his home kitchen.

(experimented - explained - sailed - grew)

30. He went to Penn State University to study for a _____ in finance.

(brick - favor - limit - degree)

31. Fruit and vegetables have a lot of vitamins and _____.

(protein - carbohydrates - minerals - fat)

32. _____ is the process of converting waste materials into new materials or objects.

(Trade - Entrepreneur - Pollution - Recycling)

33. Put _____ to using your smartphone every day.

(respondent - limits - paths - paving stones)

34. Our local factory creates _____ for many young people to work and earn money.

(employment - concrete - bricks - nutrients)

35. We need to eat different _____ to be healthy.

(labels - nutrients - goods - advantages)

36. A/An _____ is someone who answers questions in a survey.



(interviewer - respondent - employer - entrepreneur)

37. We've created computer _____ which can generate huge amounts of information.

(systems - glasses - roads - flags)

38. I think wearable technology is a useful _____.

(environment - treatment - development - entertainment)

39. Do you use the smartwatch to check your blood _____?

(pleasure - treasure - weather - pressure)

40. Scientists are looking for _____ to produce enough food.

(ways - roads - wages - stations)

41. At home, we can _____ plastic in imaginative ways.

(misuse - reuse - forget - play)

42. Some _____ use recycled plastic to make shoes, clothes, and bags.

(businesses - play stations - transportations - imagination)

43. Recycling aluminum has amazing _____ for the environment and the economy.

(disadvantages - demerits - cons - benefits)

44. Mining can damage the environment by destroying forests and wildlife _____.

(habits - hobbies - customs - habitats)

45. Lots of schools organize visits to STEAM _____ throughout the school year.

(exhibitions - families - hobbies - customs)

46. Recycling plastic can create _____ and help the economy.

(jokes - jobs - rooms - classes)

47. Fair trade means that workers get a fair _____.

(flat - blood - hock - wage)

48. Global trade is important, but it should also be _____.

(hard - funny - fake - fair)

49. The factory can _____ electricity from solar energy.

(break - reduce - generate - destroy)



50. I am _____ with doing the same homework every day.

(ready - excited - proud - fed up)

51. This company works in _____ like cotton and silk.

(tools - textiles - plastics - metals)

52. The play is performed on a very large _____.

(stage - playground - station - office)

53. Many animal _____ are in danger today.

(colors - places - species - foods)

54. Doctors use a _____ in some modern surgeries.

(needle - laser - rope - hammer)

55. He rarely speaks in class, _____?

(hasn't he - is he - doesn't he - does he)

56. She had to _____ a creative solution under pressure.

(take off - run across - come up with - break into)

57. The documents _____ after the manager had arrived.

(were signed - are signed - were signing - have signed)

58. I'm sure technology _____ change the way we work.

(is - will - would - has)

59. By the end of this decade, machines _____ many jobs.

(are - have been - will have replaced - will be)

60. If you follow these steps carefully, the machine _____ properly.

(works - would work - worked - will work)

61. Public _____ helps people move around cities.

(farming - pollution - transportation - education)

62. Earth is our home _____.

(cloud - planet - moon - star)



63. People _____ information on the internet.

(look for - turn off - carry on - give up)

64. Heavy _____ helps plants grow.

(heat - sunlight - snowfall - rainfall)

65. Egypt is famous _____ its ancient history.

(about - of - for - on)

66. Scientists _____ animals to study their behavior.

(sell - forget - monitor - hide)

67. Let's start the meeting now, _____?

(shall we - will we - don't we - aren't we)

68. He tried to _____ smoking several times before he succeeded.

(make up - turn into - get rid of - look at)

69. The bridge _____ built since the accident happened.

(was - has been - is - will)

70. Don't worry. I _____ finish the report tonight.

(was - have - did - will)

71. She _____ completed all the tasks by Friday.

(will have - will - has - did)

72. If people recycled more, the environment _____ cleaner.

(is - will be - would be - was)

73. She enjoys reading _____ in her free time.

(notes - emails - poetry - novels)

74. Fish live near the coral _____ in warm seas.

(deserts - riverbanks - islands - reefs)

75. Maps help sailors _____ at sea.

(navigate - escape - wait - rest)



76. Whales are _____ animals.

(farm - marine - forest - desert)

77. The _____ clapped loudly after the show.

(players - workers - audience - drivers)

78. Airports use _____ to guide planes.

(phone - camera - TV - radar)

79. Nobody called you yesterday, _____?

(didn't they - did they - does he - was it)

80. They _____ discussing the plan instead of starting work.

(got over - set off - put away - ended up)

81. The emails _____ not been checked yet.

(are - were - have - will)

82. Do you think people _____ live on Mars one day?

(will - have - did - are)

83. By the time you read this message, I _____.

(will have - leave - am leaving - left)

84. If we don't reduce pollution, life _____ harder in the future.

(would become - became - will become - becomes)

85. Stories help children learn _____.

(noise - strength - speed - empathy)

86. The lion is the king of the animal _____.

(group - field - kingdom - house)

87. Please _____ the homework in your notebook.

(write down - give away - look up - cut off)

88. Food waste can be used to make _____.

(metal - compost - glass - plastic)



89. Wind _____ produce clean energy from air.

(engines - wells - turbines - plants)

90. Police _____ stolen cars using cameras.

(hide - lose - drop - track)

91. _____ helps reduce pollution.

(Digging - Burning - Driving - Recycling)

92. Too much _____ harms the environment.

(light - air - waste - water)

93. Rubbish is buried in a _____.

(garden - landfill - lake - park)

94. Fruits and vegetables are _____ food.

(organic - canned - dry - frozen)

95. We plan a summer _____ by the sea.

(job - meeting - vacation - lesson)

96. She won a/an _____ for her hard work.

(game - break - rule - award)

97. A/An _____ moves around Earth in space.

(car - ship - satellite - ocean)

98. People _____ for their favorite candidate.

(wait - talk - look - vote)

99. Women always follow the latest _____.

(fashion - farming - mining - science)

100. Poems often _____ at the end of lines.

(explain - rhyme - shout - repeat)

101. The trip was a fun _____.

(pause - habit - adventure - routine)



102. Doctors use a _____ to see inside the body.

(scale - brush - mirror - scanner)

103. We should focus _____ our goals in class.

(off - up - away - on)

104. The doctor will _____ an operation on my ankle tomorrow morning.

(make - give - do - take)

105. Students come _____ with new ideas in the project.

(up - out - down - away)

106. Countries _____ goods with each other.

(block - trade - damage - hide)

107. Children enjoy visiting the _____ to see fish.

(library - museum - aquarium - zoo)

108. Do not _____ away plastic in the street.

(put - turn - pick - throw)

109. _____ creates jobs and products.

(Education - Farming - Industry - Tourism)

110. Factories make useful _____.

(lessons - rules - ideas - products)

111. The _____ temperature today is 25°C.

(final - average - maximum - total)

112. There are many _____ of renewable energy.

(advantages - mistakes - dangers - problems)

113. We visited an art _____ last week.

(office - factory - exhibition - station)

114. We need to _____ changes to improve the plan.

(do - vote - give - make)



115. We should _____ plastic bottles to help the planet.
(burn - recycle - pollute - damage)
116. _____ food is grown without harmful chemicals.
(Organic - Atomic - Plastic - Electric)
117. The new _____ on the roof will generate electricity from the sun.
(sensors - solar panels - radars - scanners)
118. The play was fantastic. The _____ clapped loudly at the end.
(poem - audience - title - verse)
119. Limiting harmful substances in manufacturing helps reduce _____.
(pollution - pace - verses - aims)
120. Things connected with the ocean are described as _____.
(historical - marine - industrial - electrical)
121. _____ is the speed something moves at.
(Emotion - Tone - Value - Pace)
122. William Shakespeare is a famous British _____.
(poetry - poet - poem - poetic)
123. The _____ in my smartwatch tells me how many steps I walk.
(satellite - hologram - sensor - laser)
124. To _____ means recognize and name an illness.
(treat - diagnose - deal - track)
125. Wind turbines _____ electricity for thousands of homes.
(generate - waste - donate - lose)
126. Cutting too many trees can _____ the land.
(protect - harm - recycle - collect)
127. Garbage trucks take rubbish to the _____ outside the city.
(landfill - airport - harbor - station)
128. _____ is a type of writing that uses rhythm and patterns.



(Poetry - Drama - Novel - Short story)

129. Athletes _____ to get medals and break records.

(appreciate - compete - value - judge)

130. Countries should _____ more money in renewable energy.

(invest - remove - boil - lend)

131. The wind _____ on the hill provide power for the village.

(sensors - scanners - turbines - panels)

132. Solar power is a type of _____ energy.

(wasteful - renewable - organic - manufacturing)

133. A good writer always uses correct _____ to make the sentences clear.

(emotions - punctuation - rhyme - scenes)

134. The _____ of the poem was about friendship.

(direction - subject - scene - pace)

135. _____ happens when too many sheep eat all the grass in one area.

(Migration - Recycling - Overgrazing - Erosion)

136. My smartwatch can _____ my blood pressure.

(invent - monitor - navigate - generate)

137. A play has different sections called _____.

(acts - poems - lines - exhibitions)

138. The exciting news _____ everyone at the party.

(celebrated - wandered - inspired - protected)

139. She dreams of studying engineering at Cairo _____.

(Exhibition - Museum - National Park - University)

140. We usually leave early to avoid heavy _____ on the main road.

(traffic - treatment - luggage - talent)

141. A short part taken from a book or poem is called a/an _____.

(extract - scene - audience - act)



142. We should _____ old bottles instead of throwing them away.

(grow - repair - recycle - dry)

143. _____ showed photo, models, and short videos about clean power.

(trap - exhibition - radar - poem)

144. The _____ of the story was to always tell the truth.

(pace - punctuation - moral - setting)

145. The _____ on the ship helps it not get lost in the ocean.

(radar - keyboard - radio - printer)

146. The possibility or chance to do something means _____.

(sum - opportunity - household - trash)

147. Some animals are in _____ because of climate change.

(danger - peace - journey - work)

148. We can save materials by _____ them.

(throwing - recycling - burning - managing)

149. The news about the forest fire _____ everyone very sad.

(made - did - led - got)

150. The _____ of the meeting was to plan the school festival.

(title - aim - tone - extract)

151. The government has a new plan to _____ waste in the city.

(pollute - manage - damage - celebrate)

152. The _____ of his voice showed that he was angry.

(pace - tone - rhyme - aim)

153. To _____ means to show kindness and consideration.

(harm - protect - balance - respect)

154. Climbing the mountain was an exciting _____ for us.

(adventure - invention - experiment - fuel)

155. Weather _____ warn that it will be stormy tomorrow.



(writers - experts - leaders - inventors)

156. The name for a group of sentences in a poem is called a _____.

(rhyme - poetry - poet - verse)

157. To _____ means to swim under the water with special equipment for breathing.

(wave - snorkel - run - climb)

158. The _____ of a play are like the chapters of a story.

(directions - levels - acts - morals)

159. _____ groups work hard to protect endangered animals.

(Conversation - Conservation - Wasting - Cycling)

160. The poems of William Wordsworth have been _____ into many languages.

(done - detected - translated - drawn)

161. The company will _____ its new product at the big exhibition.

(monitor - launch - navigate - limit)

162. The main _____ in the story was a brave young woman.

(audience - character - poet - verse)

163. The little bird was in _____ after it fell from its nest.

(fact - danger - balance - control)

164. The _____ of the movie was very fast; a lot of events happened in a short time.

(emotion - tone - pace - aim)

165. A _____ is a large area of land with very little rain.

(valley - geyser - desert - forest)

166. The _____ from the survey showed that 80% of people recycle.

(results - goods - scenes - exports)

167. A/An _____ is an amount of money.

(pillow - issue - sum - proposal)

168. The water _____ is how water moves around our planet.

(recycling - cycle - pollution - upcycling)



15. If we don't stop pollution, the climate _____ (get) warmer.
16. By 2040, most cars _____ (become) electric.
17. The new play _____ (perform) for the first time next Friday.
18. You enjoyed snorkeling in the Red Sea, _____ (do) you?
19. I was very happy when my team _____ (win) the match.
20. If you study hard, you _____ (pass) the exam.
21. She was _____ (give) some medicine by the doctor.
22. Workers' skills will _____ (improve) through training.
23. He never arrives late, _____ (do) he?
24. He _____ (answer) the question correctly. Good job!
25. If I _____ (be) you, I would study for the test.
26. The museum _____ (build) in 1920.
27. By the end of the year, I _____ (finish) writing my first novel.
28. It is possible to travel to Mars in the future, _____ (be) it?
29. This poem _____ (write) by a French poet in the twentieth century.
30. If I found a treasure, I _____ (hide) it.
31. By 2050, many new marine species will _____ (discover).
32. She _____ (send) me a box of chocolate yesterday.
33. You eat vegetables every day, _____ (do) you?
34. She can speak French, _____ (doesn't) she?
35. The nurse will _____ (take part in) the patients tonight.
36. The homework _____ (is) not finished yet.
37. They _____ (have) visit us next week.
38. He _____ (will be) completed the course by next year.
39. We should leave now, _____ (didn't) we?
40. Who will _____ (look like) the children during the holiday?
41. The results _____ (haven't) announced yet.
42. I think technology _____ (has) change the way we work.
43. If we don't hurry, we _____ (were) late.



44. She hasn't seen the movie, _____ (does) she?
45. He _____ (wants) me to help him with the homework, but I forgot.
46. The homework _____ (are) submitted before the teacher arrived.
47. If you hurry, you _____ (has) catch the train.
48. If he were rich, he _____ (will) help the poor.
49. Belal never comes late to school, _____ (doesn't) he?
50. The roads _____ (have) repaired last month.
51. By the end of this month, she _____ (is) finished all her assignments.
52. If I knew the answer, I _____ (will) tell you.
53. _____ (Does) you visit your grandparents last weekend?

4- Read the text and answer the questions:

Future technology will change how people live, work, and communicate. Robots, artificial intelligence, and smart machines will help in hospitals, schools, offices, and factories. Technology will make work faster, improve productivity, and make communication easier between people around the world. In the past, many tasks required human effort, but machines now complete them quickly and efficiently. However, future technology may also cause challenges, such as job loss, overuse of devices, or privacy concerns. Education, training, and careful planning are important to help people adapt to these changes. Technology should be used wisely to support people, improve life, and protect the environment. When used responsibly, future technology can create a better, safer, and more connected world for everyone.

A) Choose the correct answer:

1. Future technology will make work more _____.

(dangerous - slow - efficient - difficult)



2. People should use technology _____.

(loudly - rarely - carelessly - wisely)

B) Answer the questions:

3. What is the general idea of the text?

4. Name one benefit of future technology.

5. What challenge is mentioned?

6. What lesson does the text give?

Our Earth has many amazing places but some are in danger because of climate change. Climate change is when the Earth's temperature rises, causing big changes in the weather. Climate change is happening because of human activity, and it is harming forests, oceans, and even countries. The Amazon Rainforest is important because it helps to clean the air we breathe. It is home to animals and plants that are found nowhere else in the world. Because of climate change, the forest is becoming hotter and drier, so it is harder for trees to grow. People are also cutting down trees for farming and building. The Great Barrier Reef is home to thousands of sea creatures like fish, turtles, and coral. Climate change is making oceans warmer. Because of this, the coral turns white and dies. Many creatures need the coral to live.

A) Choose the correct answer:

1. The Great Barrier Reef is home to thousands of sea creatures like _____.

(foxes - parrots - fish - hippos)

2. People are cutting down trees for _____ and building.

(hunting - farming - catching - cooking)



B) Answer the questions:

3. Why is climate change happening?
4. Why is Amazon Rainforest important?
5. What is the general idea of the text?
6. What effect does climate change have on the coral?

Long ago, a small village was surrounded by a beautiful green forest full of trees, grass, and animals. The villagers depended on the forest for their daily needs. They cut down many trees to build houses and to use as firewood. They also allowed their animals to eat all the grass, which caused overgrazing. Slowly, the soil became weak and started to wash away because there were no roots to hold it together. Rainwater did not stay in the ground anymore. Over time, the land became dry and empty, and the village turned into a desert with only one tree left standing. An old woman sitting under the tree said that people had taken from nature without giving back and had forgotten to live in balance with it. The villagers finally understood their mistake and decided to change. They began planting new trees to restore the land.

A) Choose the correct answer:

1. The main lesson of this story is _____.

(Forests are dangerous places - Animals should live alone - People must live in balance with nature - Cutting trees solves problems)

2. The villagers depended on the _____.

(desert - forest - valley - lake)

B) Answer the questions:

3. What happened to the soil in the village?
4. Why did the villagers cut down many trees?



5. What will the villagers probably do after learning the lesson?
6. What did the old woman say about people?

5- Write of (100-110) words using the following elements:

Write an essay " Saving water and energy"

.....
.....
.....
.....

Write an essay " Manufacturing in Egypt "

.....
.....
.....
.....

Write A biography " about your grandfather"

.....
.....
.....
.....

Write A proposal to " make our town green "

.....
.....
.....
.....



Write An essay " the contents of healthy food**"**

.....
.....
.....
.....

Write An essay " A day without using plastic**"**

.....
.....
.....
.....

Write a paragraph " Keeping your home clean**"**

.....
.....
.....
.....

Write a paragraph " Animals you like in the sea**"**

.....
.....
.....
.....



Model Answer – the Dialogues

Omar & Sara (Technology)

1. Do they distract you?
2. Do you use your tablet to study?
3. You shouldn't use it for games too much.
4. That's a good idea.
5. Do you think technology is useful?

Amal & Mazen (Future)

1. Do you think people will live on other planets?
2. Will we use robots in the future?
3. That might be a problem.
4. Should we study technology?
5. Do you agree?

Adam & Noor (Compost)

1. Do you use compost?
2. Is it useful?
3. Yes, it is easy to make at home.
4. Is it good for the environment?
5. We should use it more.

Lila & Jana (Poems)

1. Do poems tell stories?
2. What do you like about poems?
3. Do poems teach lessons?
4. Yes, it does.
5. Yes, anyone can write poems.

Noor & Israa (Environment)

1. Recycling is important.
2. What else can we do?



3. What should people do?
4. That's terrible.
5. We should protect the environment.

Omar & Laila (Aquarium)

1. What did you like there?
2. Did you see the dolphins?
3. He was very helpful.
4. They teach people about sea animals.
5. I enjoyed it a lot.

Complete the Text - Answer Key

Text 1

1. throw
2. landfill
3. recycling
4. organic
5. planet

Text 2

1. textiles
2. look
3. trade
4. fashion
5. products

Text 3

1. up
2. laser
3. radar
4. satellite
5. navigate



Text 4

1. pollution
2. burn
3. waste
4. reuse
5. climate

Text 5

1. goods
2. Manufacturing
3. technology
4. energy
5. products

2. Choose the Correct Word

1. isn't it	2. is	3. wouldn't you	4. cycle
5. interviewing	6. lagoon	7. hunger	8. survive
9. landscapes	10. National	11. remove	12. Unforgettable
13. Snorkel	14. industry	15. export	16. renewable
17. tourism	18. produce	19. construction	20. goods
21. Tourism	22. pollution	23. renewable	24. advantages
25. wardrobe	26. advantage	27. success	28. purpose
29. experimented	30. degree	31. minerals	32. Recycling
33. limits	34. employment	35. nutrients	36. respondent
37. systems	38. development	39. pressure	40. ways
41. reuse	42. businesses	43. benefits	44. habitats
45. exhibitions	46. jobs	47. wage	48. fair
49. generate	50. fed up	51. textiles	52. stage



53. species	54. laser	55. doesn't he	56. come up with
57. were signed	58. will	59. will have replaced	60. will work
61. transportation	62. planet	63. look for	64. rainfall
65. for	66. monitor	67. shall we	68. get rid of
69. has been	70. will	71. will have	72. would be
73. poetry	74. reefs	75. navigate	76. marine
77. audience	78. radar	79. did they	80. ended up
81. have	82. will	83. will have	84. will become
85. empathy	86. kingdom	87. write down	88. compost
89. turbines	90. track	91. Recycling	92. waste
93. landfill	94. organic	95. vacation	96. award
97. satellite	98. vote	99. fashion	100. rhyme
101. adventure	102. scanner	103. on	104. do
105. up	106. trade	107. aquarium	108. throw
109. Industry	110. products	111. average	112. advantages
113. exhibition	114. make	115. recycle	116. Organic
117. solar panels	118. audience	119. pollution	120. marine
121. Pace	122. poet	123. sensor	124. diagnose
125. generate	126. harm	127. landfill	128. Poetry
129. compete	130. invest	131. turbines	132. renewable
133. punctuation	134. subject	135. Overgrazing	136. monitor
137. acts	138. inspired	139. University	140. traffic
141. extract	142. recycle	143. exhibition	144. moral
145. radar	146. opportunity	147. danger	148. recycling
149. made	150. aim	151. manage	152. tone



153. respect	154. adventure	155. experts	156. verse
157. snorkel	158. acts	159. Conservation	160. translated
161. launch	162. character	163. danger	164. pace
165. desert	166. results	167. sum	168. cycle
169. radar	170. imagination	171. creature	172. fed up
173. hologram	174. donate		

Correct the sentences

1. didn't	2. aren't	3. isn't	4. don't
5. will modernize	6. would continue	7. built	8. lived
9. studies	10. will travel	11. won't find	12. will learn
13. will discover	14. awarded	15. will get	16. will become
17. will be performed	18. didn't	19. won	20. will pass
21. given	22. be improved	23. does	24. answered
25. were	26. was built	27. will have finished	28. isn't
29. was written	30. would hide	31. be discovered	32. sent
33. don't	34. can't	35. take part in	36. is
37. will	38. will have	39. shall we	40. look after
41. haven't been	42. has	43. will be	44. has she
45. wanted	46. was	47. will	48. would
49. does he	50. were	51. will have	52. would
53. Did			



Reading Comprehension

Text 1 Answers

1. efficient
2. wisely
3. The text explains how future technology will affect life, work, and communication.
4. It makes work faster / improves productivity / makes communication easier.
5. Job loss / overuse of devices / privacy concerns.
6. We should use technology wisely and responsibly.

Text 2 Answers

1. fish
2. farming
3. Because of human activity.
4. It helps clean the air and is home to many animals and plants.
5. Climate change is harming the Earth and nature.
6. The coral turns white and dies.

Text 3 Answers

1. People must live in balance with nature
2. forest
3. The soil became weak and washed away.
4. To build houses and use wood as firewood.
5. They will plant trees and protect the environment.



7- Write of (100-110) words using the following elements:

1) Saving water and energy

Saving water and energy is very important for our future. Water is a limited resource, so we should not waste it. We can save water by turning off the tap while brushing our teeth and fixing leaks quickly. Energy is also important because we use it in our daily lives. We should turn off lights and electrical devices when we do not need them. Using renewable energy like solar power can help protect the environment. If everyone follows these simple steps, we can save natural resources and protect our planet. It is our responsibility to care about water and energy for future generations.

2) Manufacturing in Egypt

Manufacturing is very important in Egypt because it helps the economy grow. Many people work in factories and produce goods such as clothes, food, and machines. Egypt has many industries like textiles, food production, and construction materials. Manufacturing also creates job opportunities for young people. The government supports factories by providing better machines and training workers. Exporting products to other countries helps Egypt earn money. However, factories should reduce pollution to protect the environment. In the future, using modern technology will make manufacturing faster and more efficient. Manufacturing plays a big role in improving people's lives in Egypt.

3) A biography about your grandfather

My grandfather is a very kind and hardworking man. He was born in a small village and worked as a farmer for many years. He helped his family and taught them the value of honesty and patience. He always tells us interesting stories about his life. My grandfather believes in education and encouraged his children and grandchildren to study well. In his free time, he enjoys reading and spending time with us. I love him very much because he is wise and caring. He is a great example for our family, and I hope to be like him in the future.

4) A proposal to make our town green

I am writing to suggest some ideas to make our town greener. First, we should plant more trees in streets and parks because they help clean the air. Second, people should recycle plastic, paper, and glass instead of throwing them away. We can also use renewable energy like solar power in



buildings. In addition, the government should create more green spaces for people to enjoy. Schools can teach students about protecting the environment. If we work together, we can reduce pollution and make our town a better place to live. I hope these ideas will be considered.

5) Healthy food

Healthy food is very important for our bodies. It gives us energy and helps us grow strong. Healthy food includes fruits, vegetables, proteins, and dairy products. These foods contain vitamins and minerals that keep us healthy. We should avoid eating too much fast food because it is harmful. Drinking water is also important for our health. A balanced diet helps us stay active and prevents diseases. Parents and schools should teach children about healthy eating habits. If we eat healthy food every day, we will have a better and healthier life.

6) A day without using plastic

A day without using plastic can help protect the environment. Plastic is harmful because it pollutes the land and oceans. On this day, we can use paper bags instead of plastic bags. We can also use reusable bottles and containers. Avoiding plastic helps reduce waste and protect animals. It may be difficult at first, but it is a good habit. People should try to reduce plastic use every day, not only for one day. If everyone helps, we can make the world cleaner and safer for future generations.

7) Keeping your home clean

Keeping your home clean is very important for a healthy life. A clean home protects us from diseases and makes us feel comfortable. We should clean rooms regularly and throw rubbish in bins. It is also important to keep the kitchen and bathroom clean. Everyone in the family should help with cleaning. Opening windows helps bring fresh air into the house. A clean home also improves our mood and makes us happy. By keeping our home clean, we create a better place to live.

8) Animals you like in the sea

I like many sea animals, but my favorite is the dolphin. Dolphins are very intelligent and friendly animals. They live in the ocean and swim in groups. Dolphins can communicate with each other and help humans sometimes. I also like turtles because they are calm and live for many years. Sea animals are very important for the environment. We should protect them by keeping the



oceans clean. Pollution can harm these animals. I enjoy learning about sea animals because they are amazing and beautiful.



تطبيق



مذكرات جاهزة للطباعة

لتحميل الملفات التعليمية مجاناً للمعلم والطالب

مذكرات وملازم / مراجعات وملخصات / امتحانات / كتب الوزارة /
أدلة المعلم / دفاتر التحضير / سجلات مدرسية / أوراق تأسيس

امسح الكود بموبايلك علشان تقدر تثبت التطبيق

وتقدر ف أي وقت تحمّل ال نفسك فيه ببلاش

هيغنيك عن البحث والجروبات والقنوات الكثيرة

